

Spiral Display

Array Difference

# Matrix Multiplication (16 July)

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

1. You are given a number  $n_1$ , representing the number of rows of 1st matrix.
2. You are given a number  $m_1$ , representing the number of columns of 1st matrix.
3. You are given  $n_1 \times m_1$  numbers, representing elements of 2d array a1.
4. You are given a number  $n_2$ , representing the number of rows of 2nd matrix.
5. You are given a number  $m_2$ , representing the number of columns of 2nd matrix.
6. You are given  $n_2 \times m_2$  numbers, representing elements of 2d array a2.
7. If the two arrays representing two matrices of dimensions  $n_1 \times m_1$  and  $n_2 \times m_2$  can be multiplied, display the contents of prd array as specified in output Format.
8. If the two arrays can't be multiplied, print "Invalid input".

$$\begin{array}{l} n_1 = 2 \\ m_1 = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} n_2 = 2 \\ m_2 = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc|c} 0 & 1 & 2 & \\ \hline 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{array}$$

$$n_2 = m_1$$

no. of rows of matrix 2 ! = no. of cols of matrix 1  $\rightarrow X$

if ( $n_2 = m_1$ )  
 $\rightarrow$  sys ("Invalid Input")

$$a[i][j] * b[j][k]$$

$$1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 = 1 + 6 = 7$$

$m_1 * m_2$   
 $m_1 = 2$   
 $m_2 = 3$   
matrix 1 → rowise  
and matrix 2 → columnise

$m_1, m_2$

$a[i][?] * b[?][j]$

| $a[i][j]$ | $a[i][j] * b[j][0]$                   | $a[i][j] * b[j][1]$                   | $a[i][j] * b[j][2]$                   |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0         | $1 \times 1 + 2 \times 3 = 1 + 6 = 7$ | $1 \times 2 + 2 \times 2 = 2 + 4 = 6$ | $1 \times 3 + 2 \times 1 = 3 + 2 = 5$ |
| 1         | $2 \times 1 + 1 \times 3 = 2 + 3 = 5$ | $2 \times 2 + 1 \times 2 = 4 + 2 = 6$ | $2 \times 3 + 1 \times 1 = 6 + 1 = 7$ |

$$1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 = 1 + 6 = 7$$

→ i → Considering a particular row.

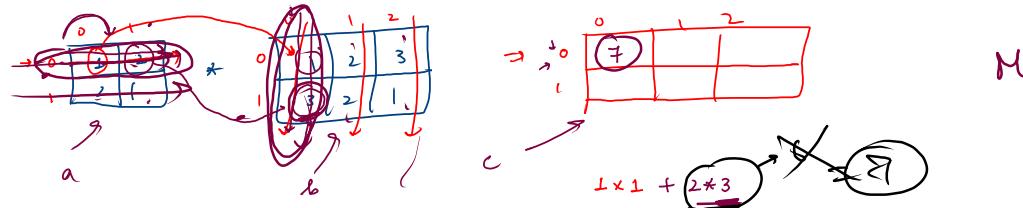
→ j → Considering a particular col.

→ k → traversing over the  $i^{th}$  row  
 $j^{th}$  col.

```

for (int i=0; i<m1; i++)
{
    for (int j=0; j<m2; j++)
    {
        for (int k=0; k<m1; k++)
        {
            c[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
        }
    }
}

```



Multiply for row writer  
in col.

$$C[0][0] = \cancel{a[0][0]} * b[0][0]$$

$$C[0][0] = \cancel{a[0][1]} * b[0][1]$$

$$i=0 < 2$$

$$j=0 < 3$$

$$k=j < 2$$

$$k=0 < 1$$

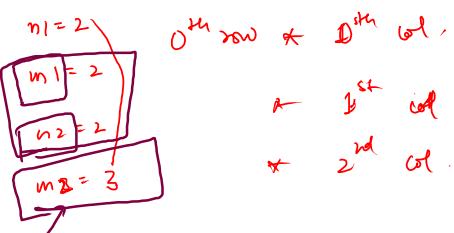
$$C[0][0] = a[0][0] * \cancel{a[0][0]}$$

$$a[0][0]$$

$$C[0][0] = 1 \times 1 +$$

$$= a[0][1] * b[0][0]$$

$$C[0][0] = 1 \times 1 + 2 \times 3$$



$$0^{\text{th}} \text{ row} * 0^{\text{th}} \text{ col.} \rightarrow a[0][0] \leftarrow b[0][0] *$$

$\downarrow$

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ col}$$

$$* 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ col.}$$

$$(C[\text{row}][\text{col}]) = a[\text{row}][k] * b[k][\text{col}]$$

$\downarrow$

Traversing a particular  
row & a particular col.

```

for (int i=0; i<n1; i++) {
    for (int j=0; j<m2; j++) {
        for (int k=0; k<n2/m1; k++) {
            C[i][j] = a[i][k] * b[k][j];
        }
    }
}

```

complete the code

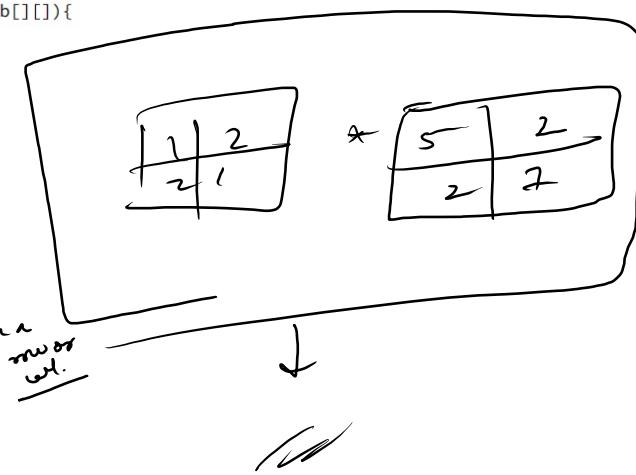
Do it from

10 min

```
public static void matrixMultiplication(int a[][], int b[][]){  
    int n1 = a.length; → no. of rows  
    int m1 = a[0].length; → no. of cols  
  
    int n2 = b.length; → no. of rows  
    int m2 = b[0].length; → no. of cols  
  
    if(m1 != n2){  
        System.out.println("Invalid input");  
    }else{  
        int c[][] = new int[n1][m2];  
  
        for(int i=0;i<n1;i++){ → row  
            for(int j=0;j<m2;j++){ → col  
                for(int k=0;k<n2;k++){ → traversing on a  
                    c[i][j] += a[i][k]*b[k][j];  
                }  
            }  
        }  
  
        for(int i=0;i<n1;i++){  
            for(int j=0;j<m2;j++){  
                System.out.print(c[i][j] + " ");  
            }  
            System.out.println();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

|   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 1 |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| 5 | 2 |
| 2 | 7 |



# Convert 1-D Array to 2-D Array (16 July)

Problem

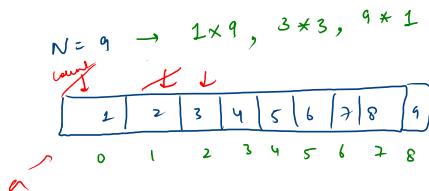
Submissions

Leaderboard

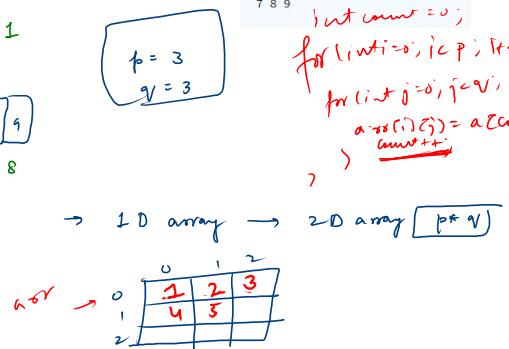
Discussions

Take an array of size N as input, representing a 1-D array. There are many possible factors of N, for eg:-  $p * q = N$ . Now take p and q as input and print the 2-D array with dimensions as  $p * q$ .

Note: It is guaranteed that a 2-D array will be formed.



|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 8 | 9 |   |   |



Sample Input 0

```
9  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
3 3
```

Sample Output 0

```
1 2 3  
4 5 6  
7 8 9
```

```
int count = 0;  
for (int i=0; i<p; i++) {  
    for (int j=0; j<q; j++) {  
        arr[i][j] = arr[count];  
        count++;  
    }  
}
```

~~count = 0 + 2 \* 3~~

$i = 0 \rightarrow 2 \times 3$  (T) ~~X~~

$j = 0 \rightarrow 3$  (T)

$arr[0][0] = arr[0]$

$arr[0][1] = arr[1]$

$arr[0][2] = arr[2]$

$i = 1 < 3$  (T)

$j = 0 \rightarrow 3$  (T)

$arr[1][0] = arr[3]$

$arr[1][1] = arr[4]$

```
public class Solution {  
    public static void convert1DTo2D(int a[], int N, int p, int q){  
        int arr[][] = new int[p][q];  
  
        int count = 0;  
        for(int i=0; i<p; i++){  
            for(int j=0; j<q; j++){  
                arr[i][j] = a[count];  
                count++;  
            }  
        }  
  
        for(int i=0; i<p; i++){  
            for(int j=0; j<q; j++){  
                System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");  
            }  
            System.out.println();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

→ 5 min

+

5 min → Shift Matrix Rowise  
~~Shift Matrix Rowise~~

## Shift Matrix Row-Wise (21 July)

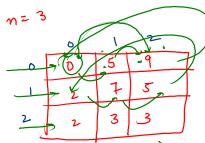
Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

Given a  $n \times n$  matrix and an integer  $k$ . Shift the matrix elements row-wise by  $k$ . Print the final matrix such that all elements of the row in one line.



|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 9 | 0 | 5 |
| 5 | 2 | 7 |

Sample Input 0

```
3
0 5 9
2 7 5
2 3 3
2
```

Sample Output 0

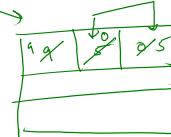
```
9 0 5
5 2 7
3 2 3
```



Steps:-  
reverse the given row

$k=5$

|   | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  |
| 1 | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 |
| 2 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 3 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 4 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |



$(0, n-1)$   
 $(0, k-2)$   
 $(k-1, n-1)$   
 $k=2-1=1$

$k=2-2=0$

$(1, 4)$

$k$

In general

reverse the array  
 $(0, k-1)$   
 $(k, n-1)$

|   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| ; | ; | ; | ; | ; |
| ; | ; | ; | ; | ; |
| ; | ; | ; | ; | ; |
| ; | ; | ; | ; | ; |

$k=2-1 \Rightarrow k=k-1$

|    |    |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| 5  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  |
| 10 | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  |
| 15 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 20 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 25 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |

*S x S*

```
public static void reverse(int arr[][], int row, int left, int right){  
    while(left<right){  
        int temp = arr[row][left];  
        arr[row][left] = arr[row][right];  
        arr[row][right] = temp;  
  
        left++;  
        right--;  
    }  
}  
  
public static void shiftRowwise(int arr[][], int n, int k){  
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
        reverse(arr,i,0,n-1);  
        reverse(arr,i,0,k-1);  
        reverse(arr,i,k,n-1);  
    }  
  
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++){  
            System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");  
        }  
        System.out.println();  
    }  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN.  
     * Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
     * int n = scn.nextInt();  
     * int arr[][] = new int[n][n];  
     * for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
     *     for(int j=0;j<n;j++){  
     *         arr[i][j] = scn.nextInt();  
     *     }  
     * }  
  
    int k = scn.nextInt();  
    k = k-1;  
  
    shiftRowwise(arr,n,k);  
}
```

## Modify The Matrix (21 july)

[Problem](#)   [Submissions](#)   [Leaderboard](#)   [Discussions](#)

Given a boolean matrix mat[M][N] of size M X N, modify it such that if a matrix cell mat[i][j] is 1 (or true) then make all the cells of ith row and jth column as 1.

$$\arcsin(i)(j) = l$$

arr[ $i$ ][ $k$ ] = 1  
arr[ $k$ ][ $j$ ] = 1

directly  
replacing  
with  
(1)

$\text{sum} \rightarrow 0$

### Sample Input 0

```

3
4
1 0 0 1
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0

```

## Sample Output C

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

| 0  | 1            | 2  | 3  |
|----|--------------|----|----|
| 1  | $\downarrow$ | -1 | 1  |
| -1 | 0            | 1  | -1 |
| -1 | 0            | 1  | -1 |
| -1 | 0            | 1  | -1 |

11

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

$$i=0, j=1$$

```
public static void fillRowAndColWithMinusOne(int arr[][],int row,int col){  
    for(int j=0;j<arr[0].length;j++){ // For filling row with value -1  
        if(arr[row][j] !=1){  
            arr[row][j] = -1;  
        }  
    }  
  
    for(int i =0;i<arr.length;i++){ // For filling column with value -1  
        if(arr[i][col] !=1){  
            arr[i][col] = -1;  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
public static void modifyTheMatrix(int arr[][]){  
    int m = arr.length;  
    int n =arr[0].length;  
  
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++){  
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++){  
            if(arr[i][j] == 1){  
                fillRowAndColWithMinusOne(arr,i,j);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++){  
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++){  
            if(arr[i][j] == -1){  
                arr[i][j]=1;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++){  
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++){  
            System.out.print(arr[i][j]+ " ");  
        }  
        System.out.println();  
    }  
}
```