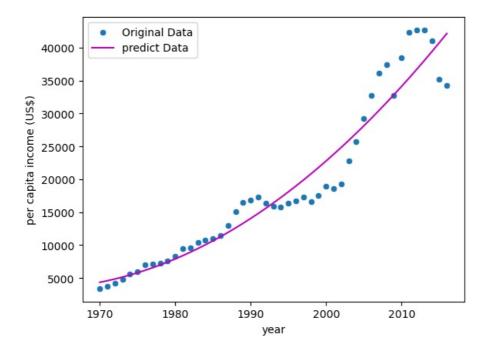
```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
         import numpy as np
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("canada_per_capita_income.csv")
         df.head()
            year per capita income (US$)
         0 1970
                          3399.299037
                          3768.297935
         1 1971
         2 1972
                          4251.175484
         3 1973
                          4804.463248
         4 1974
                          5576.514583
In [3]: # check linear relationship between Year and per capita income (US$) column
         sns.scatterplot(data=df,x="year",y="per capita income (US$)")
         plt.show()
            40000
            35000
         per capita income (US$)
            30000
            25000
            20000
            15000
            10000
              5000
                     1970
                                   1980
                                                1990
                                                              2000
                                                                            2010
                                                     vear
In [4]: # extract dependent and independent variable
         x=df[["year"]]
y=df[["per capita income (US$)"]]
In [5]:
         plf=PolynomialFeatures(degree=2)
         plf.fit(x)
         x=plf.transform(x)
In [6]:
         # split data into training data and testing data
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=30)
In [7]: # create object of LinearRegression and fit model
         lr=LinearRegression()
         lr.fit(x train,y train)
Out[7]: ▼ LinearRegression
         LinearRegression()
In [8]: y_pred=lr.predict(x)
         sns.scatterplot(data=df,x="year",y="per capita income (US$)",label="Original Data")
plt.plot(df["year"],y_pred,c="m",label="predict Data")
In [9]:
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: t=plf.transform([[1970]])

C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature name s, but PolynomialFeatures was fitted with feature names warnings.warn(

In [11]: lr.predict(t)

Out[11]: array([[4349.12297122]])

In [12]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)

Out[12]: 0.8774412967514764

In []:
```

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