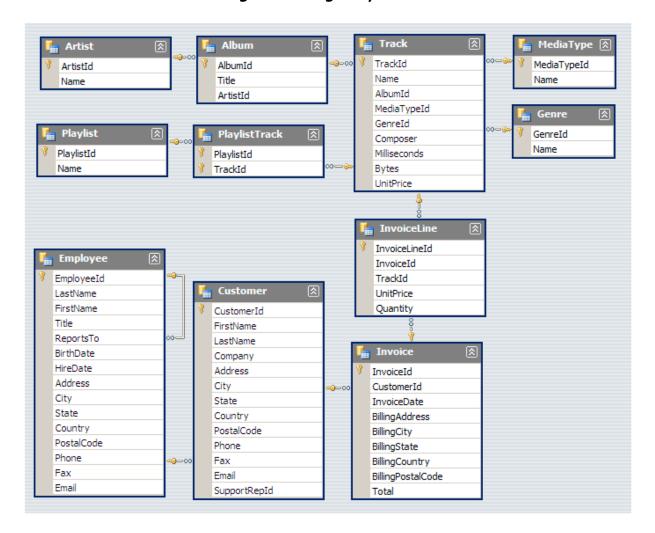
DIGITAL MUSIC STORE ANALYSIS PROJECT USING PostgreSQL

OBJECTIVE: Analyze the music store database and answer certain questions to help the store understand its business growth.

SCHEMA DIAGRAM: Below figure explains the connections between different tables of the databases using the foreign key.



Queries answered:

Q-1: Senior most employee on basis of job title?

SELECT first_name, last_name, title FROM employee WHERE title='Senior General Manager';

Q-2: Country having the most invoices? SELECT billing_country, COUNT(invoice_id) FROM invoice GROUP BY billing_country ORDER BY COUNT(invoice_id) DESC LIMIT 1; Q-3: Top 3 values of total invoice? SELECT total FROM invoice

Q-4: City having highest sum of invoice totals?

SELECT billing_city, SUM(total) FROM invoice

GROUP BY billing_city

ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC

LIMIT 1;

ORDER BY total DESC

LIMIT 3:

Q-5: Customer spending the most money?

SELECT first_name,last_name,customer_id FROM customer

WHERE customer_id IN (SELECT customer_id FROM invoice

GROUP BY customer_id

ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC

LIMIT 1)

Q-6: Customers listening to rock music?

SELECT DISTINCT first_name, last_name, email, genre.name FROM invoice INNER JOIN customer

ON customer_id=invoice.customer_id

INNER JOIN invoice_line

ON invoice_line.invoice_id=invoice.invoice_id

INNER JOIN track

ON invoice_line.track_id=track.track_id

INNER JOIN genre

ON genre_genre_id=track.genre_id

WHERE genre.name='Rock'

ORDER BY email

Q-7: Artist with most rock music?

SELECT DISTINCT artist.name, COUNT(genre.genre_id) FROM artist

JOIN album ON

 $artist_id=album.artist_id$

JOIN track ON

album.album_id=track.album_id

JOIN genre ON

track.genre_id=genre.genre_id

WHERE genre.name='Rock'

GROUP BY artist.name

ORDER BY COUNT(genre.genre_id)DESC

LIMIT 10

Q-8: Track having length greater than average length?

SELECT name, milliseconds FROM track

WHERE milliseconds > (SELECT AVG(milliseconds) FROM track)

ORDER BY milliseconds DESC:

Q-9: Query to return amount spent by each customer on artists?

```
SELECT
first_name,last_name,artist.name,SUM(quantity*invoice_line.unit_Price) FROM
customer

JOIN invoice ON
```

customer.customer_id=invoice.customer_id

JOIN invoice_line ON

invoice_line.invoice_id=invoice.invoice_id

JOIN track ON

track.track_id=invoice_line.track_id

JOIN album ON

album.album id=track.album id

JOIN artist ON

album.artist_id=artist.artist_id

GROUP BY first_name, last_name, artist.name

HAVING artist.name='Queen'

ORDER BY SUM(quantity*invoice_line.unit_Price)DESC

Q-10: Countries with their top genre (having highest amount of purchases)?

WITH temp AS (SELECT country, genre.name, COUNT(*), ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY country ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC)

```
AS r FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON
customer_id=invoice.customer_id
JOIN invoice_line ON
invoice_line.invoice_id=invoice.invoice_id
JOIN track ON
track.track_id=invoice_line.track_id
JOIN genre ON
genre.genre_id=track.genre_id
GROUP BY country, genre.name
ORDER BY country, count DESC
)
SELECT * FROM temp
WHERE r=1;
Q-11: Customer that has spent the most on music in each country?
WITH c as (
```

```
SELECT first_name, last_name, country,
```

```
SUM(total), RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY country ORDER BY SUM(total) desc)
FROM customer

INNER JOIN invoice on customer_customer_id=invoice.customer_id

GROUP BY first_name, last_name, country

ORDER BY country

)

SELECT first_name, last_name, country FROM c
where rank=1;
```

CONCLUSION: Through the above different queries we have understood different scenarios like the regions where the sales are maximum, country wise favorite genre, categories of customers spending the most money in their country to better understand the customer preferences and focusing more on areas where sale is maximum and also on areas where sale is not so good so that focus can be made on those areas.