

Linux Basic Commands Assignment

Assignment Part-3

Playing with files

- 1. Createafilelikenanofile1.txt
- o Edit some data and then save the file
- 2. Nowwewillcopydatefromfile1tonewfile2

o cp file1.txt file2.txt

o Then see the output of file2.txt, cat file2.txt o Give screenshot

```
vagrant@vagrant:~$ nano file1.txt
vagrant@vagrant:~$ cat file1.txt
1
2
3
4
hello
vagrant@vagrant:~$ cp file1.txt file2.txt
vagrant@vagrant:~$ cat file2.txt
1
2
3
4
hello
vagrant@vagrant:~$ cat file2.txt
```

- 3. Now we will move the file2.txt to new folder /home o my file2.txt /home
- o Then go to **home** directory and check **ls**, file exits or not?
- o Given screenshot

```
root@vagrant:/home/vagrant# mv file2.txt /home
root@vagrant:/home/vagrant# cd /home
root@vagrant:/home# ls -ltr
total 8
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vagrant vagrant 14 Nov 20 13:24 file2.txt
drwxr-xr-x 5 vagrant vagrant 4096 Nov 20 13:25 vagrant
root@vagrant:/home#
```

4.

Thenwecreateanewfile3.txtandfile4.txtinhomedirectoryandadd content in it.

o Now do **echo "Hello I am newline" > file3.txt** and provide the output of file3.txt

```
vagrant@vagrant:~$ cat file3.txt
Hello I'm newline
```

o Now do **echo "Hello I am newline" >> file4.txt** and provide the **output of file4.txt**

```
vagrant@vagrant:~$ cat file4.txt
Hello I'm newline
Hello I'm newline
vagrant@vagrant:~$
```

o Tell the different between both step you follow and the reason behind it

>> will append the data to file & > will overwite existing data to file.

5. For remove a file or directory you can use the below two commands

- o To delete a file rm <any_filename>
- o To delete a directory rmdir <any_directoryname>