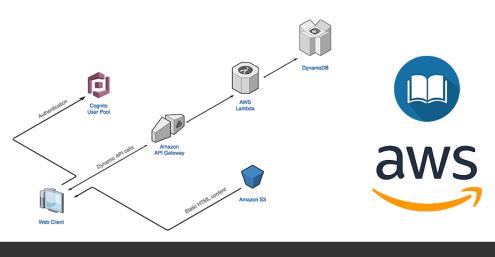
# **DEV-OPS-NOTES.COM**

Dev & Ops tech blog

SERVERLESS FRAMEWORK – BUILDING WEB APP USING AWS LAMBDA, AMAZON API GATEWAY, S3, DYNAMODB AND COGNITO – PART 2

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SERVERLESS FRAMEWORK - BUILDING WEB APP USING AWS LAMBDA, AMAZON API GATEWAY, S3, DYNAMODB AND COGNITO

(https://i1.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-framework-Building-Web-App-using-AWS-Lambda-Amazon-API-Gateway-S3-DynamoDB-and-Cognito.png?ssl=1)

In previous article we've created and deployed a simple web application using which architecture consists of AWS Lambda, Amazon API Gateway, S3, DynamoDB and Cognito using Serverless framework (https://devops-notes.com/cloud/serverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3-dynamodb-and-cognito/). That and this articles are based on original AWS hands-on tutorial (https://aws.amazon.com/getting-started/projects/build-serverless-web-app-lambda-apigateway-s3-dynamodbcognito/), which we slightly automated.

I did not like the result we've got in first article. And decided to make it more simpler and clear. How? We can replace API Gateway resources with the events: which are available on <u>Serverless framework</u> (<a href="https://serverless.com/">https://serverless.com/</a>).

You may find the final result, which we got at the end of the previous post at my GitHub repository (https://github.com/andreivmaksimov/serverless-framework-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3-dynamodb-and-cognito). Please, use tag v1.0 as a starting point. Final result is available at tag v2.0.

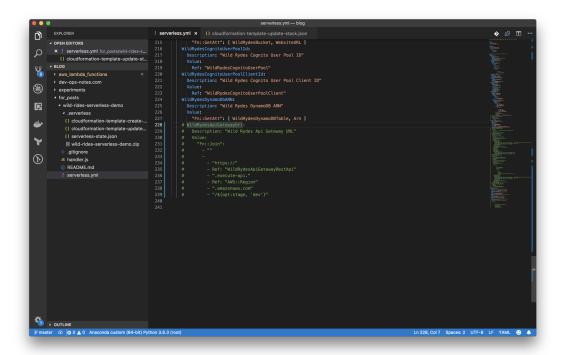
### **REPLACING API GATEWAY RESOURCES**

First thing we need to do is to comment all resources, which has Type: AWS::ApiGateway::\* in

```
| Note |
```

(https://i0.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Commenting-API-Gateway-Resources.png?ssl=1)

Also, you'll need to comment wildRydesApiGatewayUrl in the Outputs: section, because we're removed API Gateway declaration:



(https://i0.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Commenting-API-Gateway-Resources-Outputs.png?ssl=1)Now we can start adding the same configuration by using events: declaration in functions: section. Let's publish our existing function RequestUnicorn using

```
RequestUnicorn:
handler: handler.handler
role: WildRydesLambdaRole
events:
- http:
    path: ride
    method: post
    cors: true
```

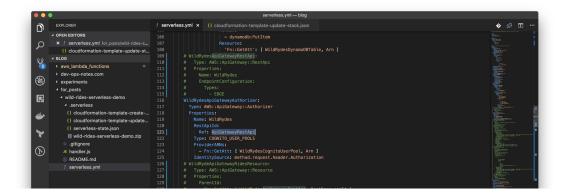
(https://io.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Publish-API-Gateway-Resources-Events.png?ssl=1)

I removed all not necessary comments from the file to make the file more readable.

Let's deploy our infrastructure using the following command:

```
sls deploy
```

Now we need to implement API Gateway Authorizer. I think, we can uncomment one of the previously commented resources and modify it's reference to the API Gateway.



```
# PRINTENT NI STANDAY OF THE STANDAY
```

(https://i1.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Commenting-API-Gateway-Midified-Authorizer.png?ssl=1)

You may be interested, where I got ApiGatewayRestApi as a reference to the API Gateway, which we never declared. The reason is the Serverless framework which converts serverless.yaml file to the CloudFormation template which we deploying each time we're calling sls deploy command. You may find it's content in .serverless/cloudformation-template-update-stack.json file inside our project structure after the first deploy.

All we need to do is to find Aws::ApiGateway::RestApi (API Gateway itself) resource declaration and take it's name as a reference.

(https://i1.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Generated-CloudFormation-Template.png?ssl=1)Let's redeploy our stack to make sure everything's working:

again. Getting web application sources:

```
git clone https://github.com/awslabs/aws-serverless-workshops/
```

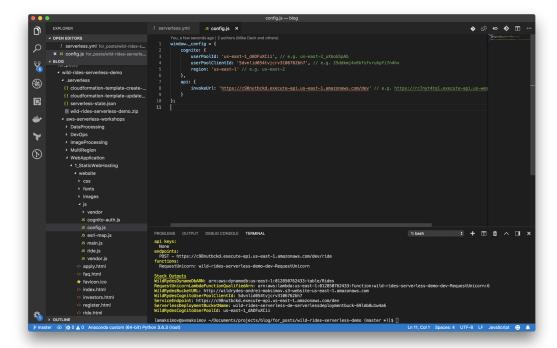
As you remember, we already described all needed outputs: in resources: section of our serverless.yaml file. So, all we need to do is to execute the following command to get it:

```
sls info --verbose
```

Now we're ready to edit the config.js file:

```
window._config = {
    cognito: {
        userPoolId: 'us-east-1_dADFuXCii', // e.g. us-east-2_uXboG5pAb
        userPoolClientId: '5dvnlid054tvjcrv3106762bh7', // e.g.

25ddkmj4v6hfsfvruhpfi7n4hv
        region: 'us-east-1' // e.g. us-east-2
    },
    api: {
        invokeUrl: 'https://c98nutbckd.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/dev' //
e.g. https://rc7nyt4tql.execute-api.us-west-2.amazonaws.com/prod',
    }
};
```



(https://i0.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Static-Web-Application-Configuration.png?ssl=1)

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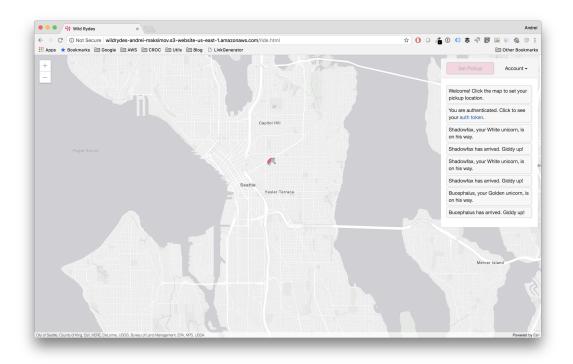
```
s3://wildrydes-firstname-lastname
rm -rf ./aws-serverless-workshops
```

Redeploy the stack, if you did not do it earlier:

```
sls deploy
```

#### **TESTING**

Now our application is up and running. All we need to do is to verify its functionality by opening the <code>wildRydesBucketURL</code>, registering new user using <code>/register.html</code> URL, verifying user manually using Cognito web interface and logging in using <code>/ride.html</code> URL. The whole testing process is described in my first post (<a href="https://dev-ops-notes.com/cloud/serverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3-dynamodb-and-cognito/">https://dev-ops-notes.com/cloud/serverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3-dynamodb-and-cognito/</a>) and <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/getting-started/projects/build-serverless-web-app-lambda-apigateway-s3-dynamodb-cognito/">https://aws.amazon.com/getting-started/projects/build-serverless-web-app-lambda-apigateway-s3-dynamodb-cognito/</a>) tutorial.



(https://i1.wp.com/dev-ops-notes.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/09/Serverless-Framework-Deployed-Web-Application-End-Result.png?ssl=1)

# **RESULT**

Let remove all commented sections and take a look under the final result:

```
runtime: nodejs8.10
 stage: ${opt:stage, 'dev'}
functions:
 RequestUnicorn:
   handler: handler.handler
   role: WildRydesLambdaRole
    events:
     - http:
          path: ride
          method: post
          cors: true
          authorizer:
            type: COGNITO_USER_POOLS
            authorizerId:
              Ref: WildRydesApiGatewayAuthorizer
# you can add CloudFormation resource templates here
resources:
 Resources:
   WildRydesBucket:
     Type: AWS::S3::Bucket
     Properties:
        BucketName: wildrydes-andrei-maksimov
        WebsiteConfiguration:
          IndexDocument: index.html
   WildRydesBucketPolicy:
     Type: AWS::S3::BucketPolicy
     Properties:
        Bucket:
          Ref: "WildRydesBucket"
        PolicyDocument:
          Statement:
              Effect: "Allow"
              Principal: "*"
              Action:
                - "s3:GetObject"
              Resource:
                Fn::Join:
                  _ ""
                    - "arn:aws:s3:::"
                      Ref: "WildRydesBucket"
                    - "/*"
   WildRydesCognitoUserPool:
     Type: AWS::Cognito::UserPool
     Properties:
        UserPoolName: WildRydes
```

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```
GenerateSecret: Iaise
    UserPoolId:
      Ref: "WildRydesCognitoUserPool"
WildRydesDynamoDBTable:
  Type: AWS::DynamoDB::Table
  Properties:
    TableName: Rides
    AttributeDefinitions:
      - AttributeName: RideId
        AttributeType: S
    KeySchema:
      - AttributeName: RideId
        KeyType: HASH
    ProvisionedThroughput:
      ReadCapacityUnits: 5
      WriteCapacityUnits: 5
WildRydesLambdaRole:
  Type: AWS::IAM::Role
  Properties:
    RoleName: WildRydesLambda
    AssumeRolePolicyDocument:
      Version: '2012-10-17'
      Statement:
        - Effect: Allow
          Principal:
            Service:
              - lambda.amazonaws.com
          Action: sts:AssumeRole
    Policies:
      - PolicyName: DynamoDBWriteAccess
        PolicyDocument:
          Version: '2012-10-17'
          Statement:
            - Effect: Allow
              Action:
                - logs:CreateLogGroup
                - logs:CreateLogStream
                - logs:PutLogEvents
              Resource:
                - 'Fn::Join':
                  - ':'
                    - 'arn:aws:logs'
                    - Ref: 'AWS::Region'
                    - Ref: 'AWS::AccountId'
                    - 'log-group:/aws/lambda/*:*:*'
            - Effect: Allow
              Action:
                - dynamodb:PutItem
              Resource:
                'Fn::GetAtt': [ WildRydesDynamoDBTable, Arn ]
```

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```
kestapiia:
        Ref: ApiGatewayRestApi
      Type: COGNITO USER POOLS
      ProviderARNs:
        - Fn::GetAtt: [ WildRydesCognitoUserPool, Arn ]
      IdentitySource: method.request.header.Authorization
Outputs:
 WildRydesBucketURL:
   Description: "Wild Rydes Bucket Website URL"
   Value:
      "Fn::GetAtt": [ WildRydesBucket, WebsiteURL ]
 {\tt WildRydesCognitoUserPoolId:}
   Description: "Wild Rydes Cognito User Pool ID"
   Value:
      Ref: "WildRydesCognitoUserPool"
 WildRydesCognitoUserPoolClientId:
   Description: "Wild Rydes Cognito User Pool Client ID"
   Value:
     Ref: "WildRydesCognitoUserPoolClient"
 WildRydesDynamoDbARN:
   Description: "Wild Rydes DynamoDB ARN"
   Value:
      "Fn::GetAtt": [ WildRydesDynamoDBTable, Arn ]
```

As you can see, now we have much less code.

#### **RESOURCE CLEANUP**

To cleanup everything you need to call

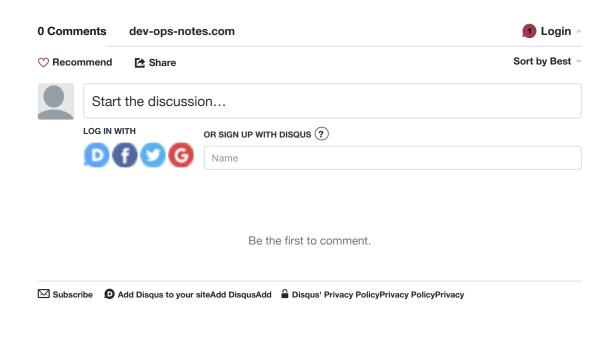
```
aws s3 rm s3://wildrydes-firstname-lastname --recursive sls remove
```

## **FINAL WORDS**

Hope, you've found this article helpful. If you have any questions, please, feel free to ask them in comments section. Also, you may find additional example of API Gateway integrations using Serverless framework in it's Events documentation (https://serverless.com/framework/docs/providers/aws/events/apigateway/#share-authorizer).







(https://www.addtoany.com/add\_to/facebook?linkurl=https%3A%2F%2Fdev-opsnotes.com%2Fcloud%2Fserverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3dynamodb-and-cognito-part-2%2F&linkname=Serverless%20framework%20%E2%80%93 %20Building%20Web%20App%20using%20AWS%20Lambda%2C%20Amazon%20API%20Gateway %2C%20S3%2C%20DynamoDB%20and%20Cognito%20-%20Part%202%20-%20Dev-Ops-Notes.com) (https://www.addtoany.com/add\_to/twitter?linkurl=https%3A%2F%2Fdev-opsnotes.com%2Fcloud%2Fserverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3dynamodb-and-cognito-part-2%2F&linkname=Serverless%20framework%20%E2%80%93 %20Building%20Web%20App%20using%20AWS%20Lambda%2C%20Amazon%20API%20Gateway %2C%20S3%2C%20DynamoDB%20and%20Cognito%20-%20Part%202%20-%20Dev-Ops-Notes.com) (https://www.addtoany.com/add to/linkedin?linkurl=https%3A%2F%2Fdev-opsnotes.com%2Fcloud%2Fserverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3dynamodb-and-cognito-part-2%2F&linkname=Serverless%20framework%20%E2%80%93 %20Building%20Web%20App%20using%20AWS%20Lambda%2C%20Amazon%20API%20Gateway %2C%20S3%2C%20DynamoDB%20and%20Cognito%20-%20Part%202%20-%20Dev-Ops-Notes.com) (https://www.addtoany.com/add\_to/google\_plus?linkurl=https%3A%2F%2Fdev-opsnotes.com%2Fcloud%2Fserverless-framework-building-web-app-using-aws-lambda-amazon-api-gateway-s3dynamodb-and-cognito-part-2%2F&linkname=Serverless%20framework%20%E2%80%93 %20Building%20Web%20App%20using%20AWS%20Lambda%2C%20Amazon%20API%20Gateway

%2C%20S3%2C%20DynamoDB%20and%20Cognito%20-%20Part%202%20-%20Dev-Ops-Notes.com) (https://www.addtoany.com/share)