

### **151. What does scaling mean in microservices?**

Scaling means handling more load by adding resources.

- Vertical: Add RAM/CPU to one instance
- Horizontal: Add more instances

### **152. Why is scaling important in microservices?**

To maintain performance, ensure high availability, and independently scale services based on demand.

### **153. What is containerization?**

Packaging an app and its dependencies into a single unit called a container using tools like Docker.

### **154. What is Docker?**

A container platform to run and manage applications with all their dependencies, ensuring consistency across environments.

### **155. What are the benefits of using containers in microservices?**

- Portability
- Isolation
- Fast deployment
- Efficient resource usage
- Easy scaling

### **156. What is a Dockerfile?**

A file with instructions to build a Docker image. Example:

```
FROM openjdk:17
COPY target/app.jar app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "app.jar"]
```

### **157. What is Kubernetes?**

An open-source system to automate deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications.

### **158. Key components of Kubernetes:**

- Pod: Smallest unit with 1+ containers
- Service: Exposes pods
- Deployment: Rollouts
- ReplicaSet: Pod count

- ConfigMap/Secret: External config

### **159. How does Kubernetes help in microservices?**

Manages scaling, healing, networking, and updates for containers automatically.

### **160. What is Helm in Kubernetes?**

A package manager for Kubernetes used to define, install, and upgrade K8s apps using charts.

### **161. What is CI/CD in microservices?**

CI = Continuously test and integrate code

CD = Automatically deploy changes to staging/production environments

### **162. Benefits of CI/CD in microservices:**

- Faster delivery
- Fewer bugs
- Automated builds/tests/deployments
- Shorter feedback loop

### **163. Tools for CI/CD in microservices?**

- Jenkins, GitHub Actions, GitLab CI
- ArgoCD, Spinnaker
- CircleCI, AWS CodePipeline

### **164. What is a blue-green deployment?**

Switch between two environments (Blue: live, Green: new). Swap traffic after validation for zero downtime.

### **165. What is a canary deployment?**

Roll out new version to a small subset of users. If stable, roll out to all. Reduces blast radius of bugs.