

Vishay Siliconix

# P-Channel 2.5 V (G-S) MOSFET

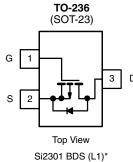
PRODUCT SUMMARY				
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>b</sup>		
- 20	0.100 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V	- 2.4		
	0.150 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V	- 2.0		

#### **FEATURES**

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> Tested
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC



HALOGEN FREE



\* Marking Code

Ordering Information: Si2301BDS-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)

Si2301BDS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> (T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)						
Parameter		Symbol	5 s	Steady State	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	- 20		V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 8			
Continuous Drain Current (T, I = 150 °C) <sup>b</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- I <sub>D</sub>	- 2.4	- 2.2		
Continuous Drain Current (1 <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C)	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		- 1.9	- 1.8		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	- 10		Α	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction) <sup>b</sup>		I <sub>S</sub>	- 0.72	- 0.6		
Danier Diagram h	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- P <sub>D</sub>	0.9	0.7	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>b</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C	] 'D	0.57	0.45		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150		°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b</sup>	- R <sub>thJA</sub>	120	145	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>c</sup>	' 'thJA	140	175	C/VV		

- a. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- b. Surface mounted on FR4 board,  $t \le 5$  s.
- c. Surface mounted on FR4 board.

<sup>\*</sup> Pb containing terminations are not RoHS compliant, exemptions may apply.

## **Si2301BDS**

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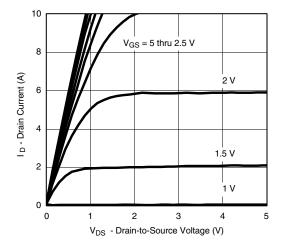
<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b> (T <sub>J</sub> = 25	°C, unless	otherwise noted)					
			Limits				
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$	- 20			V	
Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = -250 \mu A$	- 0.45		- 0.95	V	
Gate-Body Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 8 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
Zoro Cota Valtaga Drain Current	1	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			- 1	μА	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			- 10		
	1	$V_{DS} \le -5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	- 6				
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \le -5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -2.5 \text{ V}$	- 3			Α	
D : 0	В	$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = -2.8 \text{ A}$		0.080	0.100		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 2 A		0.110	0.150	Ω	
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	g <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 2.8 A		6.5		S	
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	I <sub>S</sub> = - 0.75 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		- 0.80	- 1.2	V	
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>							
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	V CVV 45V		4.5	10		
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS} = -6 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{D} \cong -2.8 \text{ A}$		0.7		nC	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$	1D = 2.071		1.1		1	
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	f = 1 MHz	2	8	16	Ω	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			375			
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = -6 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		95		pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			65			
Switching <sup>c</sup>	<u> </u>		•				
Turn On Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V 2V 5 22		20	30		
Turn-On Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = -6 \text{ V}, R_L = 6 \Omega$ $I_D \cong -1 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		40	60	- ns	
Turn-Off Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$R_a = 6 \Omega$		30	45		
ium-on time	t <sub>f</sub>	. ·g		20	30		

- a. Pulse test: pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.
- b. For DESIGN AID ONLY, not subject to production testing.
- c. Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature.

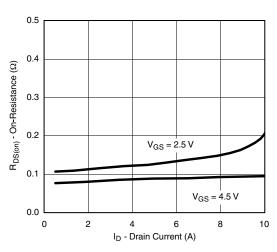
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



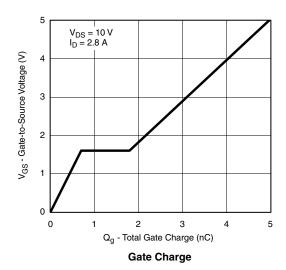
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

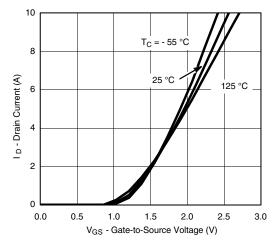


### **Output Characteristics**

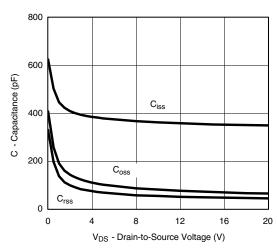


On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

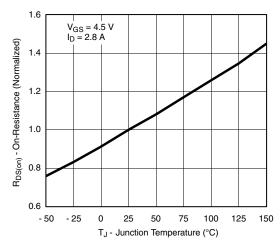




**Transfer Characteristics** 



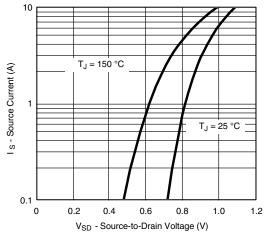
Capacitance



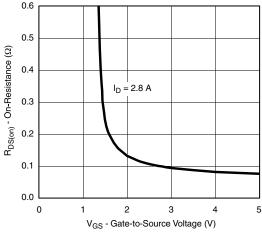
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

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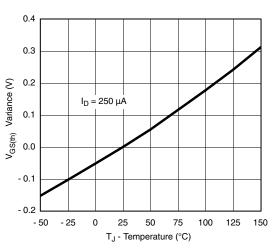
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



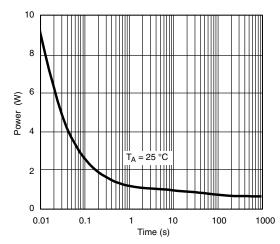
#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



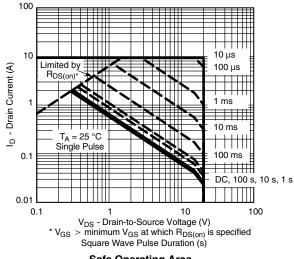
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



**Threshold Voltage** 

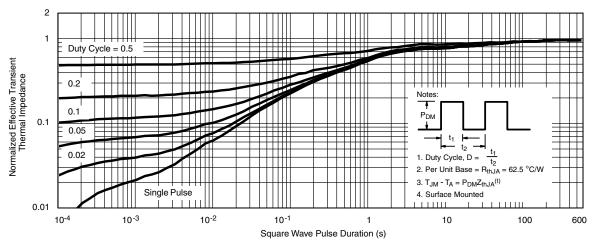


Single Pulse Power



Vishay Siliconix

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?72066.



## SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD







Dim	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES			
	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044		
A <sub>1</sub>	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004		
A <sub>2</sub>	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040		
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020		
С	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007		
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120		
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104		
E <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055		
е	0.95	0.95 BSC		0.0374 Ref		
e <sub>1</sub>	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref			
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024		
L <sub>1</sub>	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref			
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref			
q	3°	8°	3°	8°		
ECN: S-03946-Rev. K. 09-	Jul-01					

DWG: 5479

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# **Mounting LITTLE FOOT® SOT-23 Power MOSFETs**

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint. In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.



FIGURE 1. Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

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### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23**



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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APPLICATION NOTE



## **Legal Disclaimer Notice**

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Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as RoHS-Compliant fulfill the definitions and restrictions defined under Directive 2011/65/EU of The European Parliament and of the Council of June 8, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - recast, unless otherwise specified as non-compliant.

Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.

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