

१ जय श्री राधे कृष्ण॥ जय श्री गिरिराज जी महाराज !! (1)

ULTIMATE MATHEMATICS: BY AJAY MITTAL

PROBABILITY

CLASS NO: 3

(11th class)

Ques 1 Show that

$$P(A \cup B \cup C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(A \cap B) - P(B \cap C) - P(C \cap A) + P(A \cap B \cap C)$$

Sol ~~we~~ Let $P(A \cup B \cup C)$

$$= P((A \cup B) \cup C)$$

$$= P(A \cup B) + P(C) - P((A \cup B) \cap C)$$

$$= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) + P(C) - P((A \cap C) \cup (B \cap C))$$

--- { distributive proply

$$= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) + P(C) - \{ P(A \cap C) + P(B \cap C) - P((A \cap C) \cap (B \cap C)) \}$$

$$= P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(A \cap B) - P(B \cap C) - P(A \cap C) + P(A \cap B \cap C)$$

found

Ques 2 →

2nd

Two students Anil and Ashima appeared in an examination. The probability that Anil will qualify the examination is 0.05 and that Ashima will qualify the examination is 0.10.

The probability that both will qualify the examination

is 0.02. Find the prob that

(2)

- (a) Both Anil and Ashwina will not qualify the examination
- (b) Atleast one of them will not qualify the examination
- (c) only one of them will qualify the examination

Soln
let $A \rightarrow$ Anil will qualify the examination
 $B \rightarrow$ Ashwina " " " "

$$P(A) = 0.05 \quad ; \quad P(B) = 0.10 \quad ; \quad P(A \cap B) = 0.02$$

(a) Req prob $P(A' \cap B') = 1 - P(A \cup B)$

$$= 1 - [P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)]$$
$$= 1 - [0.05 + 0.10 - 0.02]$$
$$= 1 - [0.13] = 0.87 \text{ Ans}$$

(b) $P(A' \cup B') = P(A \cap B)'$ = De Morgan's law $= 1 - P(A \cap B)$

$$= 1 - 0.02$$
$$= 0.98$$

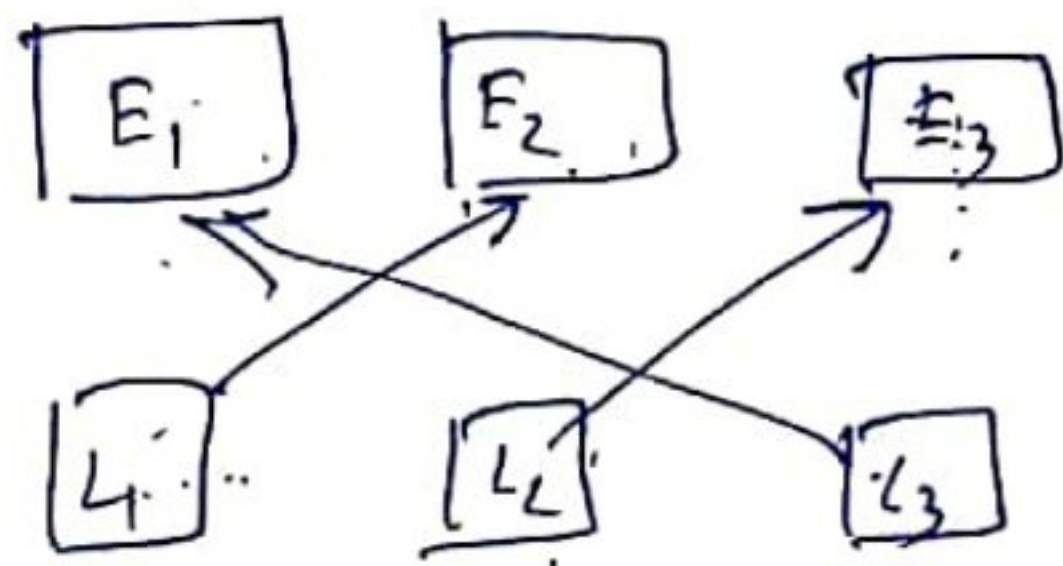
(c) $P(A \cap B') + P(B \cap A') = P(A) - P(A \cap B) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$

$$= P(A) + P(B) - 2P(A \cap B)$$
$$= 0.05 + 0.10 - 0.04$$
$$= 0.11 \text{ Ans}$$

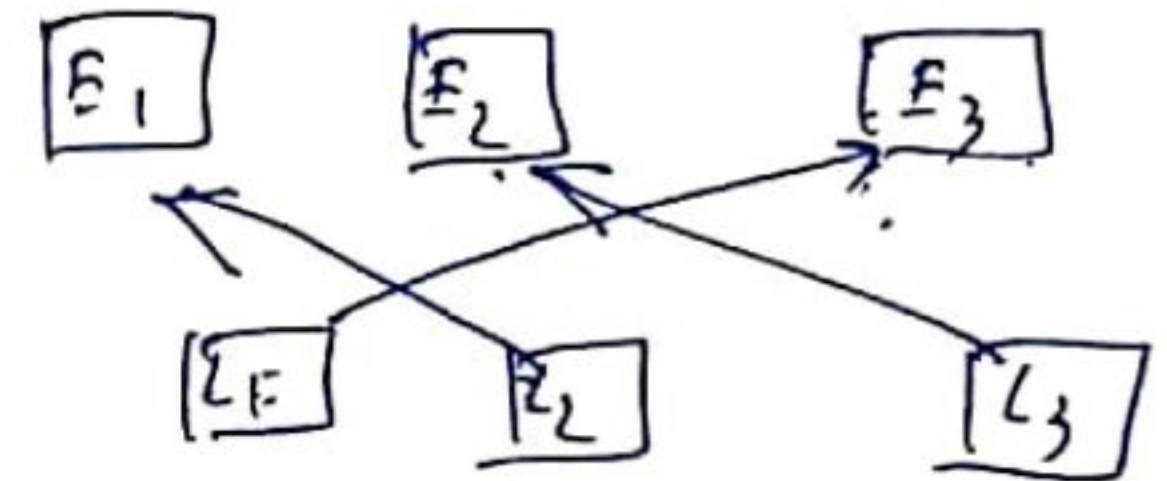
(3)

Ques 3 * Three letters are dictated to three persons and an envelope is addressed to each of them, the letters are inserted in to the envelope at random so that each envelope contains exactly one letter. Find the probability that at least one letter is in its proper envelope.

Sol
Case I



Case II



$A \rightarrow$ at least one letter in its proper envelope

$A' \rightarrow$ none of the letters in its proper envelope

$$P(A') = P(\text{Case I}) + P(\text{Case II})$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{1} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

By prob

$$P(A) = 1 - P(A')$$

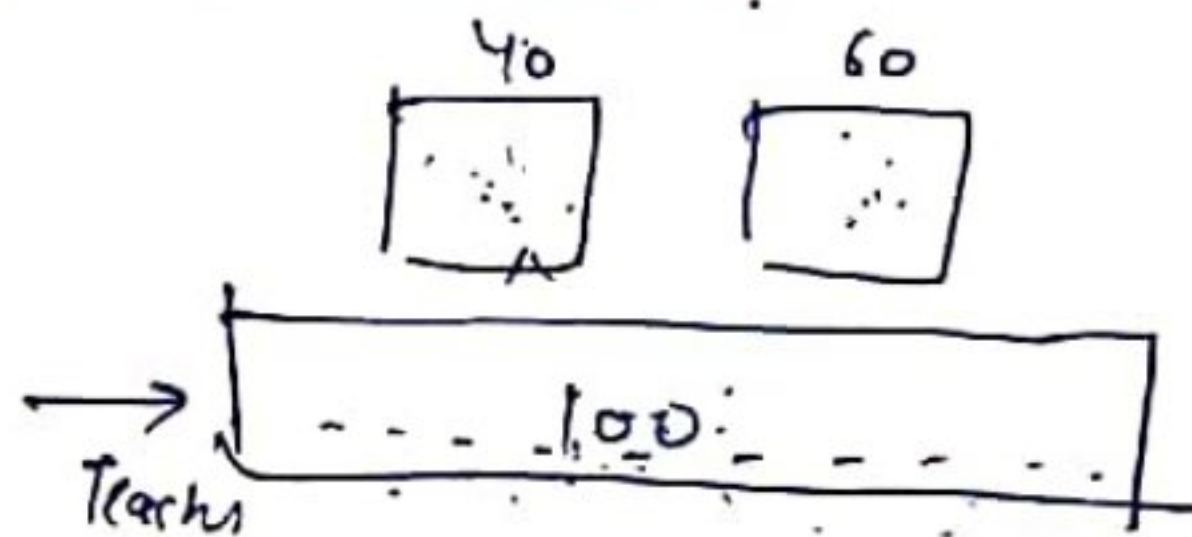
$$= 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{Ans}}}$$

Qm 4 → out of 100 students, two sections of 40 & 60 are formed. If you and your friend are among the 100 students, what is the probability that

(a) You both enter the same section?

(b) You both enter the different sections?

Soln
 (a) total No of ways
 $= {}^{100}C_{40} \times {}^{60}C_{60}$



$({}^{100}C_{60} = {}^{100}C_{40})$

fav ways = $({}^2C_2 \times {}^{98}C_{38} \times {}^{60}C_{60}) + ({}^2C_2 \times {}^{98}C_{58} \times {}^{40}C_{40})$

Pr. (a)

$$= \frac{{}^{98}C_{38} + {}^{98}C_{58}}{{}^{100}C_{40}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{98!}{38!60!} + \frac{98!}{58!40!}}{{}^{100}C_{40}}$$

$$= \frac{98!}{40!60!}$$

$$= \frac{98! \left(\frac{40!60!}{38!60!} + \frac{40! \times 60!}{58! \times 40!} \right)}{100!}$$

$$= \frac{40 \times 39 + 60 \times 59}{99 \times 99} = \frac{51d}{99d} = \frac{17}{33}$$

(b) P(different section) = $1 - P(\text{same section}) = \frac{16}{33}$ Ans

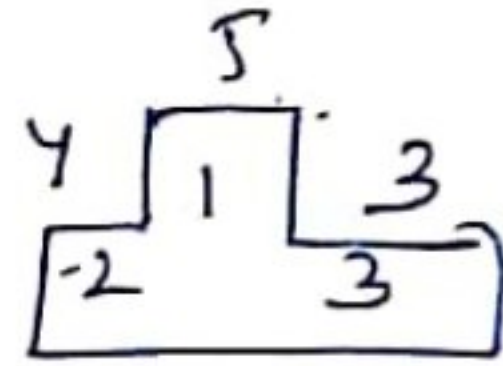
(5)

Ques 5 → In a relay race, there are five teams A, B, C, D, E
 (a) what is the probability that A, B & C finish first, second and third respectively.

(b) what is the probability that A, B & C are first three to finish.

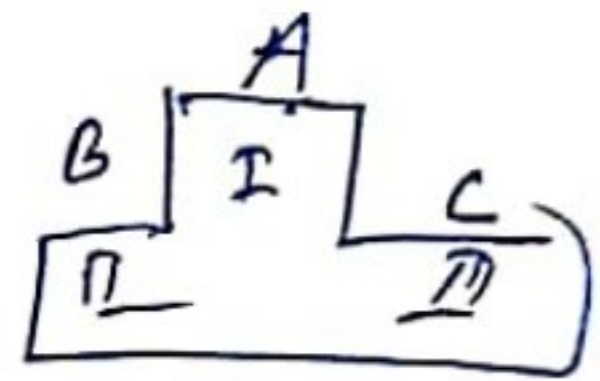
Sol:

(a) total No of ways = $5 \times 4 \times 3$
 $= 60$



fav. no of ways = $1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1$

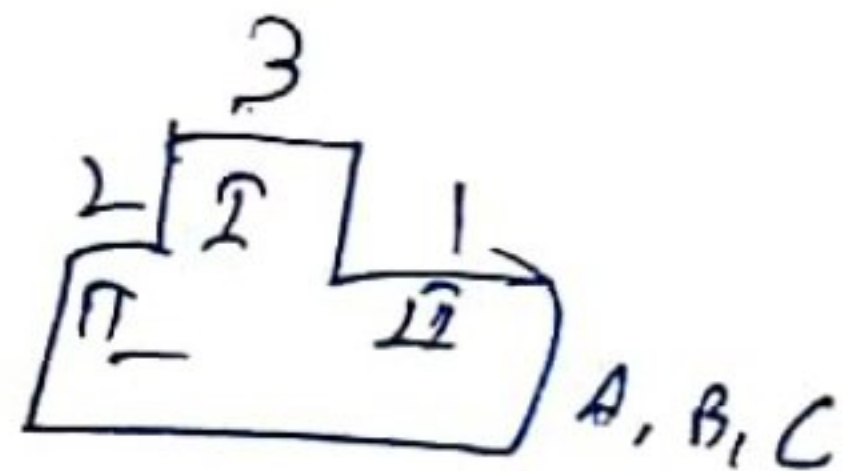
Req prob = $\frac{1}{60}$



(b) total No of ways = $5 \times 4 \times 3 = 60$

fav. ways = $3 \times 2 \times 1 = 6$

Req prob = $\frac{6}{60} = \frac{1}{10}$ Ans



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