

XII

EXAM No: 9

TIME: 2 hr & 30 Min (150) Min  
Marks 80

(1)

CHAPTERS : A.O.D & Relation Functions

Q. SECTION: A (TWO MARKS EACH)

Q. 1 Given examples so that the relation  $R$  defined on Real numbers  $R = \{(a, b) : a \leq b^3\}$  is neither symmetric, nor reflexive nor transitive.

Q. 2 → Write the domain of function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 2}$  and  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}}$

Q. 3 → Find the range of  $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 5$

Q. 4 Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, n\}$  and  $B = \{a, b\}$  and  $f$  is a function  $f: A \rightarrow B$ . Find number of Injections and Number of Surjections.

Q. 5 → Find the maximum number of equivalence relations on the set  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$

Q. 6 → Find the Domain and Range of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2 - \cos x}$

Q. 7 The tangent to the curve given by  $x = e^t \cos t$  ;  $y = e^t \sin t$  at  $t = \pi/4$  makes <sup>angle</sup>  $\theta$  with  $x$ -axis. Find angle  $\theta$

Q. 8 → Find the equation of the normal to the curve  $y = \sin x$  at  $(0, 0)$



(2)

Qn. 9 → Find the stationary point of the function  
 $f(x) = x^x$

Qn. 10 → Find the Minimum value of  $x^2 - 8x + 17$

**SECTION: B** (FOUR MARKS EACH)

Qn. 11 Let  $A$  and  $B$  are two sets. Show that  
 $f: A \times B \rightarrow B \times A$  such that  $f(a, b) = (b, a)$  is  
a bijective function

Qn. 12 → Consider  $f: \mathbb{R}_+ \rightarrow (-5, \infty)$  given by  
 $f(x) = 9x^2 + 6x - 5$  Show that  $f$  is a  
bijective function

Qn. 13 → If  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are equivalence relations  
show that  $R_1 \cap R_2$  is also equivalence relation

Qn. 14 Find the condition for the curves  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$   
and  $xy = c^2$  to intersect orthogonally

Qn. 15 → Show that the local Maximum value of  
function  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$  is less than local  
minimum value

Qn. 16 → Find the difference between the greatest and  
least value of the function  $f(x) = \sin(2x) - x$   
where  $x \in [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$



Q<sub>17</sub> Find the points on the curve  $9y = x^3$ , where the normal to the curve makes equal intercepts with the axes

Q<sub>18</sub> Find the intervals in which the function  $f(x) = \frac{4\sin x - 2x - x\cos x}{2 + \cos x}$  is strictly increasing

and strictly decreasing.  
Q<sub>19</sub> Find the equation of tangent to the curve  $y(1+x^2) = 2-x$  where it crosses the x-axis

**SECTION: C** (SIX MARKS EACH)

Q<sub>20</sub> If the sum of the lengths of the hypotenuse and a side of a right angle triangle is given, show that the area of the triangle is maximum when the angle between them is  $\pi/3$

Q<sub>21</sub> An open box with square base is to be made of a given quantity of cardboard of area  $c^2$  square units. Show that the maximum volume of the box is  $\frac{c^3}{6\sqrt{3}}$  cubic units

Q<sub>22</sub> Find the dimensions of the rectangle of perimeter 36 cm which will sweep out a volume as large as possible, when revolved about one of its sides. Also find the maximum volume



Q. 28

Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 9\}$  and  $R$  be a relation in  $A \times A$  defined by  $(\alpha, \beta) R (\gamma, \delta)$  if  $\alpha + \delta = \beta + \gamma$ . ~~Prove~~ Prove that  $R$  is an equivalence relation.

Also find equivalence class  $[(3, 6)]$

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