

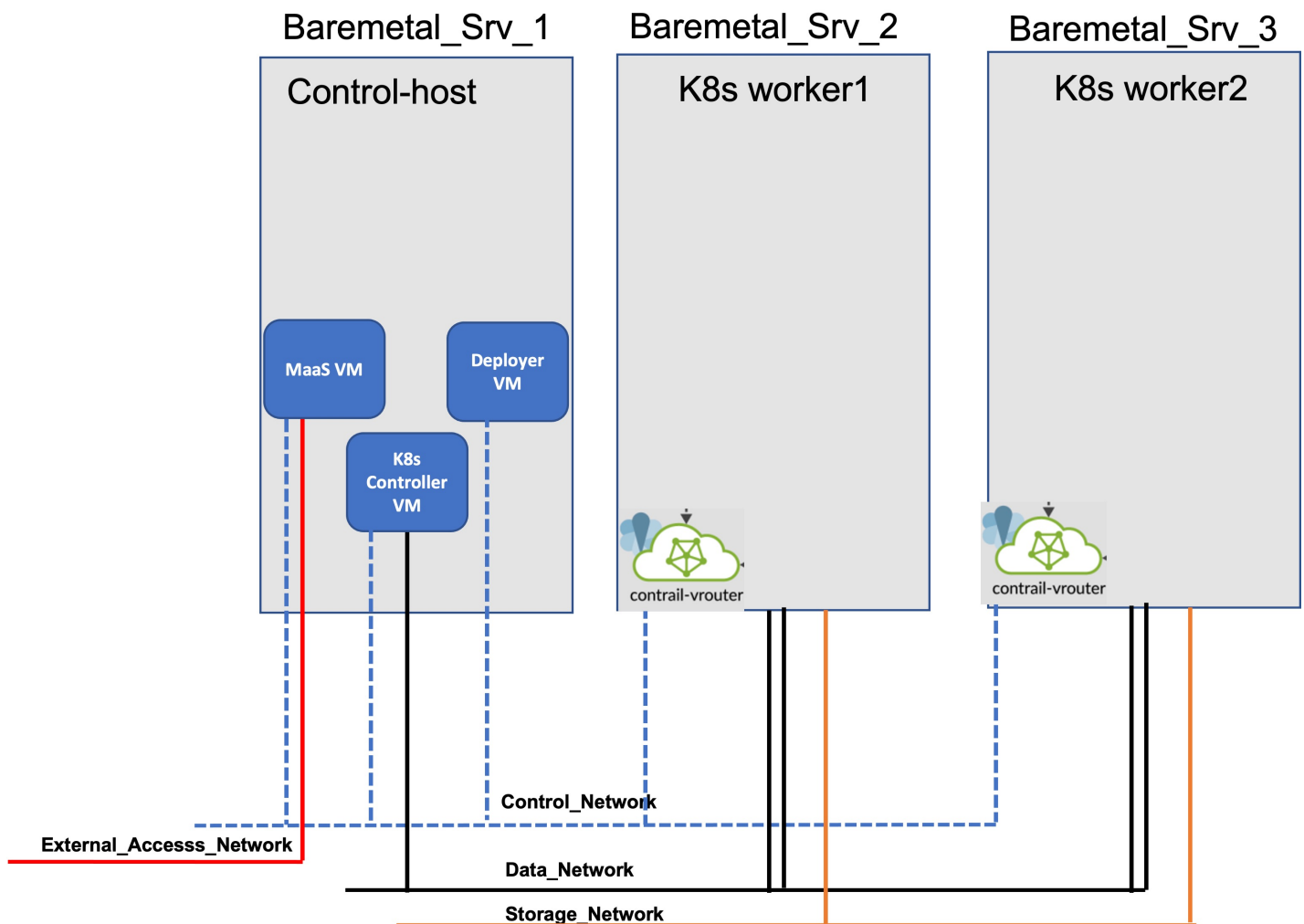
# Juniper CN2 K8s Over MAAS Managed Infrastructure

## Problem Statement

- Communication service providers have already started adapting Containerized Network Function (CNF).
- CNF (K8s cluster) can be spawned over Openstack VMs or over bare metal servers as both approaches have their own inherited benefits / advantages.
- E.g., If CNFs (k8s cluster) are spawned over IaaS (Openstack) VMs then life cycle Mgmt of VMs (hosting K8s cluster) is very easy due to heat / Ansible automation of Openstack resources but it also introduces performance overhead and complexities on the networking side of Openstack.
- There is a strong advocacy from a school of thought to run CNF over bare metals due to performance considerations and also to reduce networking complexities (discussed in the above point) but life cycle management of bare metal server is again challenging task (as BMS should be managed truly in Infrastructure as Code (IAC) style i.e. with minimal manual intervention).

## Proposed Solution

- Canonical MAAS (Metal as a Service) offers infrastructure as Code way for life cycle management of bare metals and virtual infrastructure.
  - For GUI lover, MAAS provides a nice and easy to use GUI and for terminal lovers MAAS offers feature set rich cli commands and API calls.
- Juniper Networks have recently released Cloud native SDN Controller (CN2) which can be integrated with k8s cluster (as CNI) and it offers rich features set which are considered essentials for Telco cloud solutions.
- In this wiki, I will discuss how to prepare MAAS managed infrastructure (bare metal and virtual) to host a k8s cluster and then bring up K8s cluster along with CN2 (Juniper Cloud native SDN Controller).



## Implementation Details

- It is assumed that Control-host is already bootstrapped with your favorite Linux distro and necessary setup is done to host MAAS VM.
- Creating MAAS VM

```
wget 'http://cloud-images-archive.ubuntu.com/releases/focal/release-20210921/ubuntu-20.04-server-cloudimg-amd64-disk-kvm.img'
qemu-img create -b ubuntu-20.04-server-cloudimg-amd64-disk-kvm.img -f qcow2 -F qcow2 /var/lib/libvirt/images/maas.qcow2 200G
```

```
cat << EOF > maas_cloud_init.cfg
#cloud-config
package_upgrade: true
hostname: maas
fqdn: mass.knawaz.lab.jnpr
manage_etc_hosts: true
users:
```

```

- name: ubuntu
  lock_passwd: false
  shell: /bin/bash
  ssh_pwauth: true
  home: /home/ubuntu
  sudo: ['ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL']
  ssh-authorized-keys:
    - ssh-rsa "key"
- name: contrail
  lock_passwd: false
  shell: /bin/bash
  home: /home/contrail
  ssh_pwauth: true
  sudo: ['ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL']
  ssh-authorized-keys:
    - ssh-rsa "key"

chpasswd:
  list: |
    ubuntu:password786
  expire: False

chpasswd:
  list: |
    contrail:password786
  expire: False

write_files:
- path: /etc/netplan/50-cloud-init.yaml
  permissions: '0644'
  content: |
    network:
      version: 2
      renderer: networkd
      ethernets:
        ens3:
          addresses: [192.168.24.40/24]
        ens4:
          addresses: [192.168.8.40/24]
          gateway4: 192.168.8.1
          nameservers:
            addresses: [8.8.8.8]

runcmd:
- [sudo, ifconfig, IFNAME, up]
- [sudo, ifconfig, IFNAME, up]
- [sudo, netplan, generate]
- [sudo, netplan, apply]
- [sudo, sed ,-i, 's/PasswordAuthentication no/PasswordAuthentication yes/g', /etc/ssh/sshd_config]
- [sudo, systemctl, restart, sshd]
EOF

```

```
cloud-localds -v mass_cloud_init.img maas_cloud_init.cfg
```

```

virt-install --name maas \
  --virt-type kvm --memory 4096 --vcpus 4 \
  --boot hd,menu=on \
  --disk path=maas_cloud_init.img,device=cdrom \
  --disk path=/var/lib/libvirt/images/maas.qcow2,device=disk \
  --graphics vnc \
  --os-type=Linux \
  --os-variant=ubuntu20.04 \
  --network bridge:br-ctrplane \
  --network bridge:br-external \
  --console pty,target_type=serial

```

- Wait till MAAS VM is getting prepared.
- Set up MAAS.

```

sudo snap switch --channel=latest/stable lxd
sudo snap install lxd
sudo snap refresh lxd
sudo snap install jq

```

```

sudo snap install --channel=3.2/edge maas
sudo snap install --channel=3.2/edge maas-test-db

export INTERFACE=$(ip route | grep default | cut -d ' ' -f 5)
export IP_ADDRESS=$(ip -4 addr show dev $INTERFACE | grep -oP '(?<=inet\s)\d+(\.\d+){3}')
sudo maas init region+rack --database-uri maas-test-db:/// --maas-url http://${IP_ADDRESS}:5240/MAAS
MAAS has been set up.

```

If you want to configure external authentication or use MAAS with Canonical RBAC, please run

```
sudo maas configauth
```

To create admins when not using external authentication, run

```
sudo maas createadmin
```

```

sudo maas createadmin --username admin --password admin --email admin
export APIKEY=$(sudo maas apikey --username admin)
# MAAS admin login
maas login admin 'http://localhost:5240/MAAS/' $APIKEY
echo $IP_ADDRESS
ssh-keygen
maas admin sshkeys create key="$(cat /home/contrail/.ssh/id_rsa.pub)"

```

- Open MAAS GUI and do initial setup (OS image synch up etc.)
  - Ubuntu-20.4 latest stable release will be automatically synced.
  - Make sure to select and synch Centos70.
- Setup MAA Networks

```

FABRIC_ID=$(maas admin subnet read "$SUBNET" | jq -r ".vlan.fabric_id")
VLAN_TAG=$(maas admin subnet read "$SUBNET" | jq -r ".vlan.vid")
PRIMARY_RACK=$(maas admin rack-controllers read | jq -r ".[] | .system_id")
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.24.0/24") | .["id"]')
maas admin subnet update $SUBNET gateway_ip=192.168.24.1
maas admin subnet update $SUBNET dns=1.1.1.1
maas admin ipranges create type=reserved start_ip=192.168.24.1 end_ip=192.168.24.50
maas admin ipranges create type=dynamic start_ip=192.168.24.150 end_ip=192.168.24.200
maas admin vlan update $FABRIC_ID $VLAN_TAG dhcp_on=True primary_rack=$PRIMARY_RACK
maas admin spaces create name=oam-space
maas admin vlan update $FABRIC_ID $VLAN_TAG space=oam-space

maas admin fabrics create name=vrouter-transport-fabric
maas admin spaces create name=vrouter-transport-space
FABRIC_ID=$(maas admin fabrics read | jq '.[] | select(.name=="vrouter-transport-fabric") | .["id"]')
maas admin vlan update $FABRIC_ID 0 name=vrouter-transport-vlan mtu=9000 space=vrouter-transport-space
maas admin subnets create name=vrouter-transsport-subnet cidr=192.168.5.0/24 fabric=$FABRIC_ID
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.5.0/24") | .["id"]')
maas admin ipranges create type=reserved start_ip=192.168.5.100 end_ip=192.168.5.200 subnet=$SUBNET_ID
maas admin subnet update $SUBNET_ID rdns_mode=0
maas admin subnets update name=vrouter-transsport-subnet fabric=$FABRIC_ID

```

```

maas admin fabrics create name=storage-fabric
maas admin spaces create name=storage-space
FABRIC_ID=$(maas admin fabrics read | jq '.[] | select(.name=="storage-fabric") | .["id"]')
maas admin vlan update $FABRIC_ID 0 name=storage-vlan mtu=9000 space=storage-space
maas admin subnets create name=storage-subnet cidr=192.168.3.0/24 fabric=$FABRIC_ID managed=false
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.3.0/24") | .["id"]')
maas admin ipranges create type=reserved start_ip=192.168.3.100 end_ip=192.168.3.200 subnet=$SUBNET_ID
maas admin subnet update $SUBNET_ID rdns_mode=0
maas admin subnets update name=storage-subnet fabric=$FABRIC_ID

```

- Prepare Ubuntu-20.4.3 Image with kernel 5. 4.0-97-generic [CN2 22.1 is qualified with this particular release](#)

```

sudo su -
wget http://cloud-images-archive.ubuntu.com/releases/focal/release-20210819/ubuntu-20.04-server-cloudimg-amd64-root.tar.xz
mkdir /tmp/work && cd /tmp/work
tar xfv /root/ubuntu-20.04-server-cloudimg-amd64-root.tar.xz
cat etc/os-release
mount -o bind /proc /tmp/work/proc
mount -o bind /dev /tmp/work/dev
mount -o bind /sys /tmp/work/sys
mv /tmp/work/etc/resolv.conf /tmp/work/etc/resolv.conf.bak

```

```

cp /etc/resolv.conf /tmp/work/etc/
chroot /tmp/work /bin/bash
ls boot/
apt update -y
apt install linux-image-5.4.0-97-generic -y
#apt install docker.io -y #Only if you are planning to use as container manager in your k8s cluster
sudo sed -i "s/GRUB_DEFAULT=0/GRUB_DEFAULT='Advanced options for Ubuntu>Ubuntu, with Linux 5.4.0-97-generic'/" /etc/default/grub
echo ubuntu 'ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL' > /etc/sudoers.d/ubuntu
ls boot/
exit

umount /tmp/work/proc
umount /tmp/work/dev
umount /tmp/work/sys
mv /tmp/work/etc/resolv.conf.bak /tmp/work/etc/resolv.conf
tar -czf /tmp/focal-20.04.3.tgz -C /tmp/work .
mv /tmp/focal-20.04.3.tgz /home/contrail/
exit
cd /home/contrail/
sudo chown contrail:contrail focal-20.04.3.tgz
maas admin boot-resources create name='custom/focal-20.04.3' title='Ubuntu-20.04.3' architecture='amd64/generic' filetype='tgz' cont

```

- Prepare deployer VM on control-host

```

qemu-img create -f qcow2 /var/lib/libvirt/images/deployer-node.qcow2 100G
virt-install --ram 4096 --vcpus 4 --os-variant centos7.0 --disk path=/var/lib/libvirt/images/deployer-node.qcow2,device=disk,bus=vir

```

```

virsh domiflist deployer-node

```

Interface	Type	Source	Model	MAC
-	bridge	br-ctrplane	virtio	52:54:00:20:25:16

- Commission the deployer VM on MAAS.
- Make sure Cent70 image is already synched in MAAS.

```

maas admin machines create \
hostname=deployer-node \
tag_names=deployer-node \
architecture="amd64/generic" \
mac_addresses=52:54:00:20:25:16 \
power_type=virsh \
power_parameters_power_id=deployer-node \
power_parameters_power_address=qemu+ssh://contrail@192.168.24.10/system \
power_parameters_power_pass=contrail123 \
osystem=centos distro_series=centos7.0
maas admin tags create name=deployer-node comment='deployer-node'
NODE_SYSID=$(maas admin machines read | jq '.[0] | select(.hostname=="deployer-node") | .["system_id"]' | tr -d '"')
maas admin tag update-nodes "deployer-node" add=$NODE_SYSID
maas admin machine deploy $NODE_SYSID osystem=centos distro_series='centos70'

```

(wait until deployer VM is deployed)

- Install Required Packages on deployer VM.

```

from MaaS VM
ssh centos@192.168.24.97 (check IP of your deployer VM)
sudo su -
sudo yum update -y
sudo reboot
LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
export LC_CTYPE
sudo yum install -y git net-tools sshpass wget python3-pip python36 epel-release
sudo pip3 install --upgrade pip
sudo pip3 install ansible
exit
pwd
/home/contrail
ssh-keygen

```

- Copy deployer VM ssh pubkey into MAAS VM /home/contrail/deployer-node-id\_rsa.pub
- Upload deployer VM ssh pubkey into MAAS

```

maas admin sshkeys create key="$(cat /home/contrail/deployer-node-id_rsa.pub)"

```

- Prepare K8s Controller VM on Control-host

```
for node in controller1
do
qemu-img create -f qcow2 /var/lib/libvirt/images/${node}.qcow2 200G
virt-install --ram 16384 --vcpus 8 --os-variant centos7.0 --disk path=/var/lib/libvirt/images/${node}.qcow2,device=disk,bus=virtio,f
done
```

```
virsh domiflist controller1
Interface  Type      Source      Model      MAC
-----
-          bridge   br-ctrplane virtio      52:54:00:fb:b4:ce
-          bridge   br-Tenant   virtio      52:54:00:90:b4:bf
```

- Commission controller1 VM into MAAS.

```
maas admin machines create \
hostname=controller1 \
tag_names=controller1 \
architecture="amd64/generic" \
mac_addresses=52:54:00:fb:b4:ce \
power_type=virsh \
power_parameters_power_id=controller1 \
power_parameters_power_address=qemu+ssh://contrail@192.168.24.10/system \
power_parameters_power_pass=contrail123 \
osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3
```

- Wait until controller1 commissioning is completed.
- Update controller1 VM settings in MAAS.

```
maas admin tags create name=controller1 comment='controller1'
NODE_SYSID=$(maas admin machines read | jq '[] | select(.hostname=="controller1") | .["system_id"]' | tr -d ' ')
maas admin tag update-nodes "controller1" add=$NODE_SYSID
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --com
{"id":32,"name":"ens3","mac":"52:54:00:fb:b4:ce","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-0"}
{"id":42,"name":"ens4","mac":"52:54:00:90:b4:bf","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-32"}
maas admin fabrics read | jq ".[] | {name:.name, vlans:.vlans[] | {id:.id, vid:.vid}}" --compact-output
{"name":"fabric-0","vlans":{"id":5001,"vid":0}}
{"name":"fabric-1","vlans":{"id":5002,"vid":0}}
{"name":"vrouter-transport-fabric","vlans":{"id":5012,"vid":0}}
{"name":"storage-fabric","vlans":{"id":5013,"vid":0}}
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 42 vlan=5012 >/dev/null
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.5.0/24") | .["id"]')
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '[] | select(.name=="ens4") | .["id"]')
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto
```

- Deploy controller1 VM.

```
maas admin machine deploy $NODE_SYSID osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3
```

- Commission the worker1 into MaaS

```
maas admin machines create \
hostname=worker1 \
fqdn=worker1.maas \
mac_addresses=BC:30:5B:F2:87:55 \
architecture=amd64 \
power_type=ipmi \
power_parameters_power_driver=LAN_2_0 \
power_parameters_power_user=root \
power_parameters_power_pass=calvin \
power_parameters_power_address=192.168.100.121
```

- Wait until worker1 commissioning is completed.
- Update worker1 settings in MAAS.

```
maas admin tags create name=worker1 comment='worker1'
NODE_SYSID=$(maas admin machines read | jq '[] | select(.hostname=="worker1") | .["system_id"]' | tr -d ' ')
maas admin tag update-nodes "worker1" add=$NODE_SYSID
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --com
{"id":29,"name":"eno4","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:55","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-0"}
{"id":36,"name":"eno1","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:50","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-26"}
{"id":37,"name":"eno2","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:52","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-27"}
{"id":38,"name":"eno3","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:54","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-28"}
maas admin fabrics read | jq ".[] | {name:.name, vlans:.vlans[] | {id:.id, vid:.vid}}" --compact-output
```

```

{"name":"fabric-0","vlans":{"id":5001,"vid":0}}
{"name":"fabric-1","vlans":{"id":5002,"vid":0}}
{"name":"vrouter-transport-fabric","vlans":{"id":5012,"vid":0}}
{"name":"storage-fabric","vlans":{"id":5013,"vid":0}}
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 36 vlan=5012 >/dev/null
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 37 vlan=5012 >/dev/null
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 38 vlan=5013 >/dev/null
maas admin interfaces create-bond $NODE_SYSID name=bond0 parents=36 parents=37 bond_mode=802.3ad mtu=9000
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --com
{"id":29,"name":"eno4","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:55","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-0"}
{"id":36,"name":"eno1","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:50","vid":0,"fabric":"vrouter-transport-fabric"}
{"id":37,"name":"eno2","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:52","vid":0,"fabric":"vrouter-transport-fabric"}
{"id":38,"name":"eno3","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:54","vid":0,"fabric":"storage-fabric"}
{"id":43,"name":"bond0","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:87:50","vid":0,"fabric":"vrouter-transport-fabric"}
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.5.0/24") | .["id"]')
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '.[] | select(.name=="bond0") | .["id"]')
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.3.0/24") | .["id"]')
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '.[] | select(.name=="eno3") | .["id"]')
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto

```

- Deploy worker1.

```
maas admin machine deploy $NODE_SYSID osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3
```

- Commission worker2 into MAAS.

```

maas admin machines create \
  hostname=worker2 \
  fqdn=worker2.maas \
  mac_addresses=BC:30:5B:F2:3F:75 \
  architecture=amd64 \
  power_type=ipmi \
  power_parameters_power_driver=LAN_2_0 \
  power_parameters_power_user=root \
  power_parameters_power_pass=calvin \
  power_parameters_power_address=192.168.100.122 \
  osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3

```

- Wait until worker2 commissioning is completed.
- Update worker1 settings in MAAS.

```

maas admin tags create name=worker2 comment='worker2'
NODE_SYSID=$(maas admin machines read | jq '.[] | select(.hostname=="worker2") | .["system_id"]' | tr -d ' ')
maas admin tag update-nodes "worker2" add=$NODE_SYSID
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --com
{"id":30,"name":"eno4","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:75","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-0"}
{"id":33,"name":"eno1","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:70","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-23"}
{"id":34,"name":"eno2","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:72","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-24"}
{"id":35,"name":"eno3","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:74","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-25"}
maas admin fabrics read | jq ".[] | {name:.name, vlans:.vlans[] | {id:.id, vid:.vid}}" --compact-output
{"name":"fabric-0","vlans":{"id":5001,"vid":0}}
{"name":"fabric-1","vlans":{"id":5002,"vid":0}}
{"name":"vrouter-transport-fabric","vlans":{"id":5012,"vid":0}}
{"name":"storage-fabric","vlans":{"id":5013,"vid":0}}
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 33 vlan=5012 >/dev/null
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 34 vlan=5012 >/dev/null
maas admin interfaces create-bond $NODE_SYSID name=bond0 parents=33 parents=34 bond_mode=802.3ad mtu=9000
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 35 vlan=5013 >/dev/null
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --com
{"id":30,"name":"eno4","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:75","vid":0,"fabric":"fabric-0"}
{"id":33,"name":"eno1","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:70","vid":0,"fabric":"vrouter-transport-fabric"}
{"id":34,"name":"eno2","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:72","vid":0,"fabric":"vrouter-transport-fabric"}
{"id":35,"name":"eno3","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:74","vid":0,"fabric":"storage-fabric"}
{"id":44,"name":"bond0","mac":"bc:30:5b:f2:3f:70","vid":0,"fabric":"vrouter-transport-fabric"}
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.5.0/24") | .["id"]')
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '.[] | select(.name=="bond0") | .["id"]')
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.3.0/24") | .["id"]')
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '.[] | select(.name=="eno3") | .["id"]')
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto

```

- Deploy worker2

```
maas admin machine deploy $NODE_SYSID osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3
```

- Commission worker3 into MAAS

```
maas admin machines create \  
  hostname=worker3 \  
  fqdn=worker3.maas \  
  mac_addresses=BC:30:5B:F1:C2:05 \  
  architecture=amd64 \  
  power_type=ipmi \  
  power_parameters_power_driver=LAN_2_0 \  
  power_parameters_power_user=root \  
  power_parameters_power_pass=calvin \  
  power_parameters_power_address=192.168.100.123 \  
  osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3
```

- Wait until worker2 commissioning is completed.
- Update worker1 settings in MAAS.

```
maas admin tags create name=worker3 comment='worker3'  
NODE_SYSID=$(maas admin machines read | jq '.[] | select(.hostname=="worker3") | .["system_id"]' | tr -d ' ')  
maas admin tag update-nodes "worker3" add=$NODE_SYSID  
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --compact-output  
{ "id": 31, "name": "eno4", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:05", "vid": 0, "fabric": "fabric-0" }  
{ "id": 39, "name": "eno1", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:00", "vid": 0, "fabric": "fabric-29" }  
{ "id": 40, "name": "eno2", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:02", "vid": 0, "fabric": "fabric-30" }  
{ "id": 41, "name": "eno3", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:04", "vid": 0, "fabric": "fabric-31" }  
maas admin fabrics read | jq ".[] | {name:.name, vlans:.vlans[] | {id:.id, vid:.vid}}" --compact-output  
{ "name": "fabric-0", "vlans": { "id": 5001, "vid": 0 } }  
{ "name": "fabric-1", "vlans": { "id": 5002, "vid": 0 } }  
{ "name": "vrouter-transport-fabric", "vlans": { "id": 5012, "vid": 0 } }  
{ "name": "storage-fabric", "vlans": { "id": 5013, "vid": 0 } }  
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 39 vlan=5012 >/dev/null  
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 40 vlan=5012 >/dev/null  
maas admin interfaces create-bond $NODE_SYSID name=bond0 parents=39 parents=40 bond_mode=802.3ad mtu=9000  
maas admin interface update $NODE_SYSID 41 vlan=5013 >/dev/null  
maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq ".[] | {id:.id, name:.name, mac:.mac_address, vid:.vlan.vid, fabric:.vlan.fabric}" --compact-output  
{ "id": 31, "name": "eno4", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:05", "vid": 0, "fabric": "fabric-0" }  
{ "id": 39, "name": "eno1", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:00", "vid": 0, "fabric": "vrouter-transport-fabric" }  
{ "id": 40, "name": "eno2", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:02", "vid": 0, "fabric": "vrouter-transport-fabric" }  
{ "id": 41, "name": "eno3", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:04", "vid": 0, "fabric": "storage-fabric" }  
{ "id": 45, "name": "bond0", "mac": "bc:30:5b:f1:c2:00", "vid": 0, "fabric": "vrouter-transport-fabric" }  
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.5.0/24") | .["id"]')  
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '.[] | select(.name=="bond0") | .["id"]')  
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto  
SUBNET_ID=$(maas admin subnets read | jq '.[] | select(.cidr=="192.168.3.0/24") | .["id"]')  
IFD_ID=$(maas admin interfaces read $NODE_SYSID | jq '.[] | select(.name=="eno3") | .["id"]')  
maas admin interface link-subnet $NODE_SYSID ${IFD_ID} subnet=${SUBNET_ID} mode=auto
```

- Deploy worker3.

```
maas admin machine deploy $NODE_SYSID osystem=custom distro_series=focal-20.04.3
```

- Prepare k8s deployment in deployer VM
- Reference guide can be found on [Create a Kubernetes Cluster](#)

```
cd $HOME  
git clone https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/kubespray.git  
cd kubespray  
sed -i '/ansible==5.7.1/#ansible==5.7.1/ requirements.txt  
sed -i '/ansible-core==2.12.5/#ansible-core==2.12.5/ requirements.txt  
sudo pip3 install -r requirements.txt  
cp -rfp inventory/sample inventory/testcluster  
cd inventory/testcluster  
cp inventory.ini hosts.ini  
vim host.ini (adjust as your deployment, host.ini from my setup is available with this wiki)
```

- Review the k8s-cluster.yml file and amend it if any changes required.

```
cd $HOME/kubespray/inventory/testcluster/group_vars/k8s_cluster  
vim k8s-cluster.yml
```

- Sample k8s-cluster.yml file from my setup is available with this wiki.
- Initiate the k8s cluster deployment.

```
export ANSIBLE_HOST_KEY_CHECKING=False
cd $HOME/kubespray
ansible -i inventory/testcluster/hosts.ini -m ping all
ansible-playbook -i inventory/testcluster/hosts.ini cluster.yml -u ubuntu --become
```

- Monitor the Deployment

```
kubectl get nodes
kubectl get pods -A -o wide
```

- All pods should have a STATUS of Running except for the DNS pods. The DNS pods do not come up because there is no networking. This is what we expect.
- Prepare CN2 deployer.
- I have executed following sequence from controller1 node as root user, but it is doable from deployer node as well provided kubectl is installed and credentials are imported.
- Download CN2 [manifest](#)

```
from controller1 node
sudo su -
tar -zxvf contrail-manifests-k8s-22.1.0.93.tgz
cd /root/contrail-manifests-k8s/single_cluster/
```

- Ammend the deployer.yml as per [reference guide](#)
- Sample deployer.yaml from my setup is available with this wiki.
- Kicking off CN2 deployment.

```
from controller1 node
sudo su -

echo 'password for Juniper container images repo' > /root/password.txt
cat /root/password.txt | nerdctl login hub.juniper.net/contrail -u $USER --password-stdin
cd /root/contrail-manifests-k8s/single_cluster/
kubectl apply -f deployer.yml
```

Verification

- All nodes should be in ready state, and all pods should be in running status

```
kubectl get nodes -o wide
```

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION	INTERNAL-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	OS-IMAGE	KERNEL-VERSION
controller1	Ready	control-plane,master	15h	v1.23.5	192.168.24.97	<none>	Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS	5.4.0-97-generic
worker1	Ready	<none>	15h	v1.23.5	192.168.24.107	<none>	Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS	5.4.0-97-generic
worker2	Ready	<none>	15h	v1.23.5	192.168.24.108	<none>	Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS	5.4.0-97-generic

```
kubectl get pods -o wide --all-namespaces
```

NAMESPACE	NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMI
contrail-deploy	contrail-k8s-deployer-858bb45dd7-nxwrk	1/1	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
contrail-system	contrail-k8s-apiserver-745c6c7977-thg9b	1/1	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
contrail-system	contrail-k8s-controller-7777877b44-c2ln4	1/1	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
contrail	contrail-control-0	2/2	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
contrail	contrail-k8s-kubemanager-869dc9c546-sq86j	1/1	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
contrail	contrail-vrouter-masters-f6qxs	3/3	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
contrail	contrail-vrouter-nodes-szdc6	3/3	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.107	worker1	<non
contrail	contrail-vrouter-nodes-z65hr	3/3	Running	0	14h	192.168.24.108	worker2	<non
kube-system	coredns-59d6b54d97-h56lp	1/1	Running	0	14h	10.233.64.2	controller1	<non
kube-system	coredns-59d6b54d97-vwrnv	1/1	Running	0	15h	10.233.66.0	worker2	<non
kube-system	dns-autoscaler-78676459f6-kn8mx	1/1	Running	0	15h	10.233.66.1	worker2	<non
kube-system	kube-apiserver-controller1	1/1	Running	1	15h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
kube-system	kube-controller-manager-controller1	1/1	Running	1	15h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
kube-system	kube-proxy-brm4j	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
kube-system	kube-proxy-pdn7w	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.108	worker2	<non
kube-system	kube-proxy-rf5qr	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.107	worker1	<non
kube-system	kube-scheduler-controller1	1/1	Running	1	15h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
kube-system	nginx-proxy-worker1	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.107	worker1	<non
kube-system	nginx-proxy-worker2	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.108	worker2	<non
kube-system	nodelocaldns-cflck	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.97	controller1	<non
kube-system	nodelocaldns-pm5bw	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.108	worker2	<non
kube-system	nodelocaldns-v98vj	1/1	Running	0	15h	192.168.24.107	worker1	<non

What's Next

- If you look at my lab diagram it shows multiple NICs for worker nodes, but I have used single NIC for K8s deployment i.e Shared network deployment (using same NIC for Data and Control plane traffic).
- In next go I will deploy CN2 DPDK vrouter while using separate NICs for Control and Data Plane Network.
- I also have added Storage Network and will deliberate how to integrate Ceph storage in this solution and to use the dedicated storage network for Ceph access from



Controller and worker nodes.

## Conclusion

- Multiple options are available for life cycle management of k8s cluster.
- Life cycle management for bare metal infrastructure hosting k8s cluster is an important factor and should follow Infrastructure as Code (IAAC) model.

## References

<https://github.com/kashif-nawaz/charmed-kubernetes-on-bare-metals>

<https://github.com/antongisl/maas-baremetal-k8s-tutorial/blob/main/README.md>