## Question Set 1 - Easy

Q1: Who is the senior most employee based on job title?

SELECT title, last\_name, first\_name
FROM employee
ORDER BY levels DESC
LIMIT 1

O2: Which countries have the most Invoices?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS c, billing\_country FROM invoice GROUP BY billing\_country ORDER BY c DESC

Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice?

SELECT total FROM invoice ORDER BY total DESC

Q4: Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money.

Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals.

Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals

SELECT billing\_city,SUM(total) AS InvoiceTotal
FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing\_city
ORDER BY InvoiceTotal DESC
LIMIT 1;

Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

SELECT customer.customer\_id, first\_name, last\_name, SUM(total)
AS total\_spending
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id
GROUP BY customer.customer\_id
ORDER BY total\_spending DESC
LIMIT 1;

Question Set 2 - Moderate

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Q1: Write query to return the email, first name, last name, &
Genre of all Rock Music listeners.
Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with
/*Method 1
SELECT DISTINCT email, first name, last name
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
JOIN invoiceline ON invoice.invoice id =
invoiceline.invoice id
WHERE track_id IN(
     SELECT track id FROM track
     JOIN genre ON track.genre id = genre.genre id
     WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
ORDER BY email;
Method 2
SELECT DISTINCT email AS Email, first name AS FirstName,
last name AS LastName, genre.name AS Name
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON invoice.customer id = customer.customer id
JOIN invoiceline ON invoiceline.invoice id =
invoice.invoice id
JOIN track ON track.track id = invoiceline.track id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
ORDER BY email:
Q2: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock
music in our dataset.
Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track
count of the top 10 rock bands.
SELECT artist.artist id, artist.name, COUNT (artist.artist id)
AS number of songs
FROM track
JOIN album ON album.album id = track.album id
JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
GROUP BY artist.artist id
ORDER BY number of songs DESC
LIMIT 10;
Q3: Return all the track names that have a song length longer
than the average song length.
Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the
song length with the longest songs listed first.
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SELECT name, miliseconds

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FROM track
WHERE miliseconds > (
     SELECT AVG(miliseconds) AS avg track length
     FROM track )
ORDER BY miliseconds DESC;
 Question Set 3 - Advance
 Q1: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists?
Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total
spent
 Steps to Solve: First, find which artist has earned the most
according to the InvoiceLines. Now use this artist to find
which customer spent the most on this artist. For this query,
you will need to use the Invoice, InvoiceLine, Track,
Customer,
Album, and Artist tables. Note, this one is tricky because the
Total spent in the Invoice table might not be on a single
product,
so you need to use the InvoiceLine table to find out how many
of each product was purchased, and then multiply this by the
price
for each artist.
WITH best selling artist AS (
     SELECT artist.artist id AS artist id, artist.name AS
artist name,
SUM(invoice line.unit price*invoice line.quantity) AS
total sales
     FROM invoice line
     JOIN track O\overline{N} track.track id = invoice line.track id
     JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
     JOIN artist ON artist.artist id = album.artist id
     GROUP BY 1
     ORDER BY 3 DESC
     LIMIT 1
SELECT c.customer id, c.first name, c.last name,
bsa.artist name, SUM(il.unit price*il.quantity) AS
amount spent
FROM invoice i
JOIN customer c ON c.customer id = i.customer id
JOIN invoice line il ON il.invoice id = i.invoice id
JOIN track t ON t.track id = il.track id
JOIN album alb ON alb.album id = t.album id
JOIN best selling artist bsa ON bsa.artist id = alb.artist id
GROUP BY \overline{1}, 2, 3, 4
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
```

Q2: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that

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the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres.
 Steps to Solve: There are two parts in question- first most
popular music genre and second need data at country level.
Method 1: Using CTE
WITH popular genre AS
    SELECT COUNT (invoice line.quantity) AS purchases,
customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre id,
     ROW NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY
COUNT (invoice line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo
    FROM invoice line
     JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice id =
invoice line.invoice id
     JOIN customer ON customer.customer id =
invoice.customer id
     JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
     JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
     GROUP BY 2,3,4
     ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC
SELECT * FROM popular genre WHERE RowNo <= 1
Method 2: : Using Recursive
WITH RECURSIVE
     sales per country AS(
           SELECT COUNT(*) AS purchases per genre,
customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre id
           FROM invoice line
           JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice id =
invoice line.invoice id
           JOIN customer ON customer.customer id =
invoice.customer id
           JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
           JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
           GROUP BY 2,3,4
           ORDER BY 2
     ),
     max genre per country AS (SELECT MAX(purchases per genre)
AS max genre number, country
          FROM sales_per_country
           GROUP BY 2
           ORDER BY 2)
SELECT sales per country.*
FROM sales per country
JOIN max genre per country ON sales per country.country =
max_genre_per_country.country
WHERE sales per country.purchases per genre =
max genre per country.max genre number;
```

returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries

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Q3: Write a query that determines the customer that has spent
the most on music for each country.
Write a query that returns the country along with the top
customer and how much they spent.
For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide
all customers who spent this amount.
 Steps to Solve: Similar to the above question. There are two
parts in question-
first find the most spent on music for each country and second
filter the data for respective customers.
Method 1: using CTE
WITH Customter with country AS (
           SELECT
customer.customer id, first name, last name, billing country, SUM(
total) AS total spending,
         ROW NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY billing country ORDER
BY SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo
           FROM invoice
           JOIN customer ON customer.customer id =
invoice.customer id
           GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
           ORDER BY 4 ASC, 5 DESC)
SELECT * FROM Customter with country WHERE RowNo <= 1
Method 2: Using Recursive
WITH RECURSIVE
     customter with country AS (
           SELECT
customer.customer id, first name, last name, billing country, SUM(
total) AS total_spending
           FROM invoice
           JOIN customer ON customer.customer id =
invoice.customer id
           GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
           ORDER BY 2,3 DESC),
     country max spending AS(
           SELECT billing country, MAX (total spending) AS
max spending
           FROM customter with country
           GROUP BY billing country)
SELECT cc.billing country, cc.total spending, cc.first name,
cc.last_name, cc.customer_id
FROM customter_with_country cc
JOIN country max spending ms
ON cc.billing country = ms.billing country
WHERE cc.total spending = ms.max spending
```

ORDER BY 1;