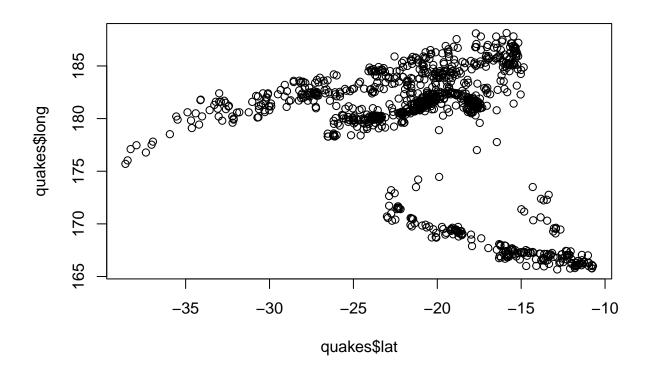
regression

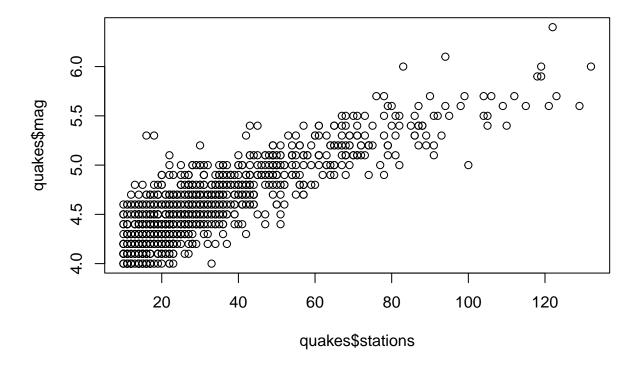
Katarzyna Tokarczuk

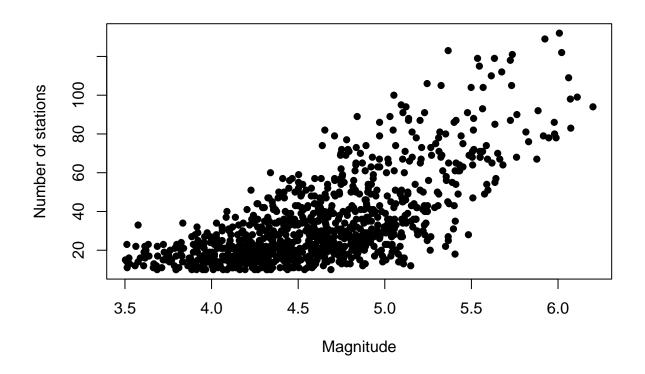
2024-12-28

```
data(quakes)
# task 1
plot(quakes$lat, quakes$long)
```



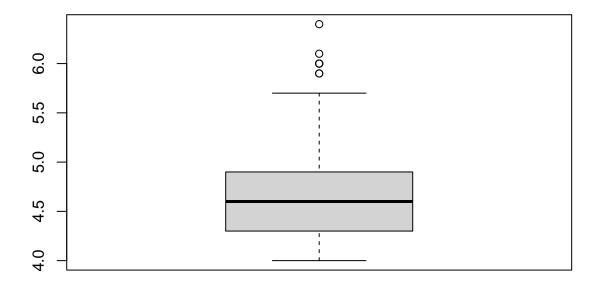
task 2
plot(quakes\$stations, quakes\$mag)



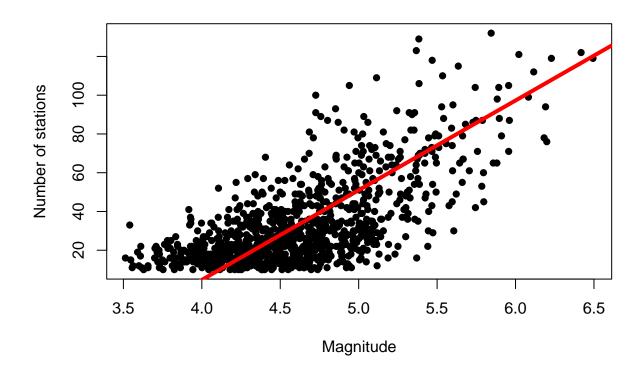


```
# task 4
new_mag <- jitter(quakes$mag, amount = 0.05)
statystyki <- c(sum(new_mag), mean(new_mag), median(new_mag), var(new_mag), sd(new_mag), min(new_mag), max(new)
# task 5
kwartyle <- quantile(new_mag, c(0.25, 0.50, 0.75))
rozstep_miedzykwartylowy <- IQR(new_mag)
# task 6
boxplot(quakes$mag,main = "Wykres pudełkowy dla magnitudy trzęsień ziemi")</pre>
```

Wykres pudelkowy dla magnitudy trzesien ziemi



```
# task 7
kowariancja <- cov(quakes$mag, quakes$stations)</pre>
korelacja <- cor(quakes$mag, quakes$stations)</pre>
# task 8
model = lm(quakes$stations~quakes$mag)
model
##
## lm(formula = quakes$stations ~ quakes$mag)
## Coefficients:
                 quakes$mag
## (Intercept)
                      46.28
##
       -180.42
# task 9
plot(jitter(quakes$mag,amount = 0.5), quakes$stations, pch = 16, col= "black",xlab = "Magnitude",
     ylab = "Number of stations")
abline(model, col = "red", lwd=4)
```



```
# task 10
resztki <- residuals(model)
RSS <- sum(resztki^2)

RSE = sqrt(RSS/(length(resztki)-2))
FVU = RSS/ sum((quakes$stations-mean(quakes$stations))^2)

R_kw = 1-FVU
sqrt(R_kw)

## [1] 0.8511824

RSS

## [1] 131999.6

RSE

## [1] 11.50061
FVU

## [1] 0.2754885</pre>
```

R_kw

[1] 0.7245115