

Scrum





in February 2001
17 software guys
met at Snowbird
to ski and talk shop

the result = Agile Manifesto



Kent Beck Mike Beedle

Arie van Bennekum Alistair Cockburn Ward Cunningham Martin Fowler James Grenning Jim Highsmith **Andrew Hunt**

Ron Jeffries

Jon Kern

Brian Marick

Robert C. Martin

Stephen J. Mellor

Ken Schwaber

Jeff Sutherland

Dave Thomas



individuals & interactions over processes & tools

responding to change over following a plan

customer collaboration over contract negotiation

working software
over comprehensive documentation



Enter Scrum



Scrum = lightweight technique to bring new products to market in iterative, rapid cycles



Scrum =

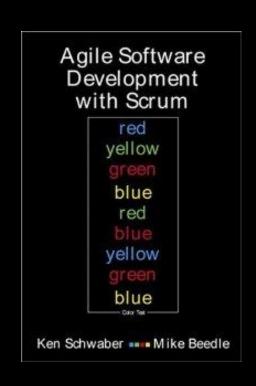


Ken Schwaber

+



Jeff Sutherland





Culture eats process for breakfast



Ken Schwaber



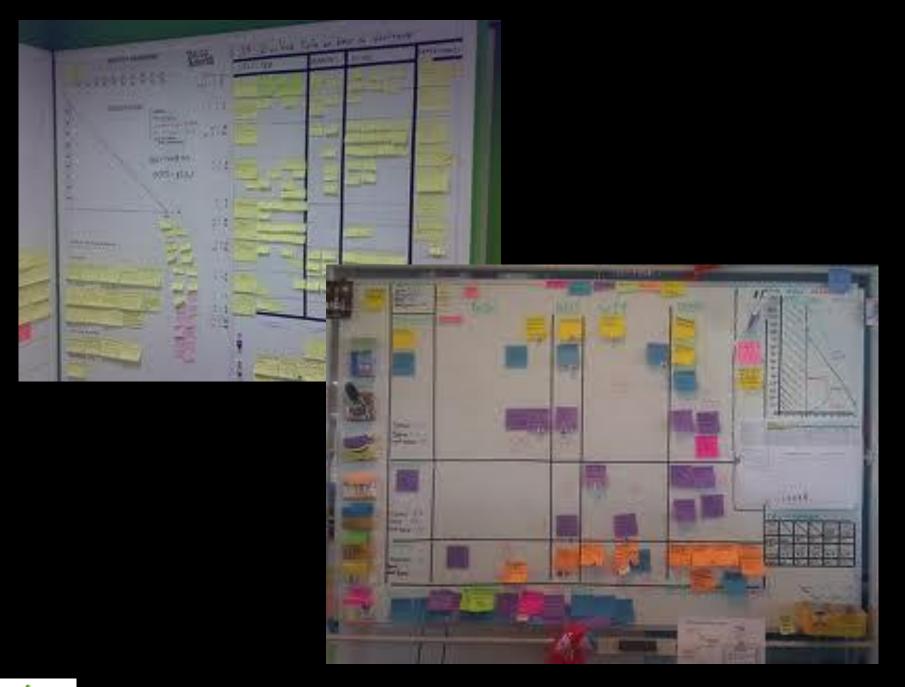
Scrum Roles, Artifacts, Tools

- Roles: Product Owner, Team, ScrumMaster
- Tools: Breaking the sprint work, complexity & time estimating, estimation poker, daily Scrum meeting
- Artifacts: Product backlog, Sprint backlog, burndown



PBI	Todo	In Progress	Done









https://github.com/ti-dev/Scrum-it



product backlog = prioritized list of features, tasks, bugs and other stuff that make a demand on team's time



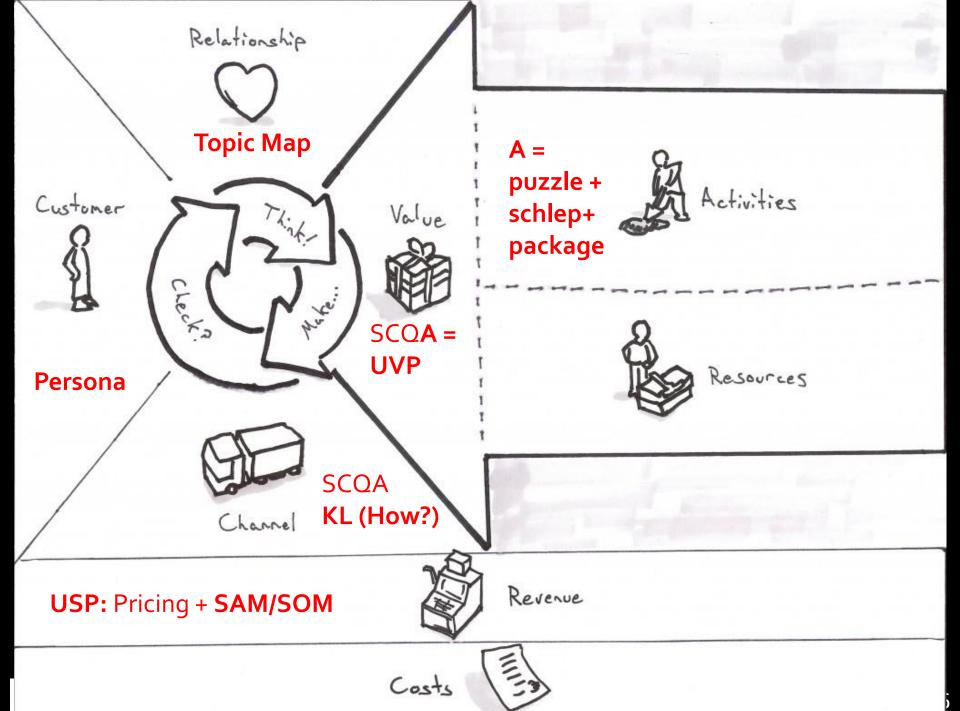
Keep Product Backlog less than team's 3 sprint capacity



sprint = one iteration

a quantum amount of work time where scope won't change so team can focus to get stuff done





Set One Sprint = One Week



sprint backlog = tasks broken down, estimated from features

start: Team x Weekly Hrs

add: buffers, debug, vacations

fill the rest with taks



add buffer to sprint backlog

things tend to run over, people get sick, things are overlooked. there will be slips. work expands to fill the time available for its completion (=Parkinson's Law)



use two kinds of buffer

- 1. tasks that took longer than originally estimated
- 2. tasks that you didn't know you would have to do



add debugging to sprint backlog

- 1. easier to fix bugs the same day you wrote the code
- 2. fixing bugs is like doing science If bug count is low => easy to estimate when you will release



add vacations, holidays and other projects to sprint backlog

if timeline = a year, each person will probably take 10 to 15 days of vacation



break down features to fine-grained tasks

this is how you force yourself to actually figure out what to do



only the person(s) who performs that task type can estimate

pigs and chickens



estimate backlog tasks in days, not weeks

each task <= 8 days else, else you're not breaking it down enough. use estimation poker.

tasks measured in weeks are lies



estimate current sprint tasks in hours, not days

each task <= 8 hrs else, else you're not breaking it down enough. use estimation poker.



track the basic stuff

Feature: Description or intention-revealing name

Task: Description or intention-revealing name

Team Member: doh

(Original Estimate: Initially estimated work)

Current Estimate: Today's estimate, given what you

learned so far

Elapsed: Cumulative time spent working on this task

Remaining: Today's estimate of remaining work



use stickies on the wall for co-located teams

keep it simple

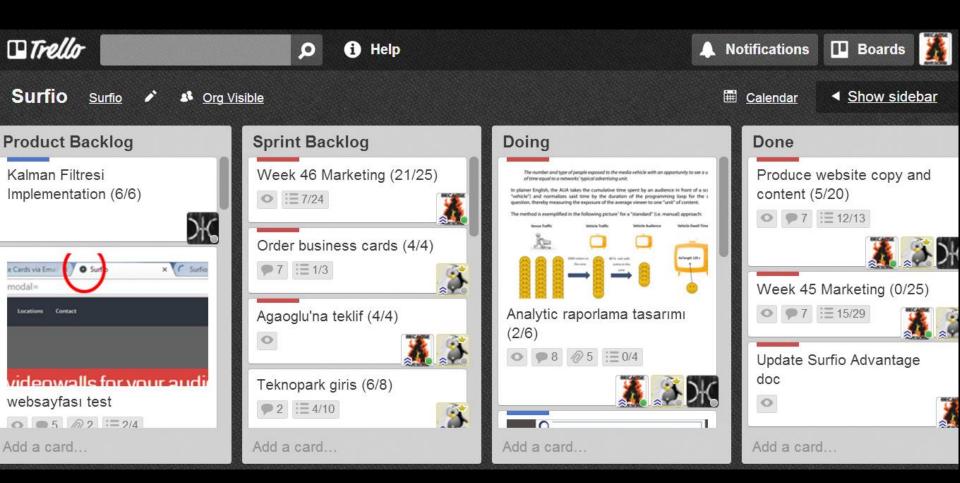


Pull. Don't Push



Pull UX first at early stage





use Trello to keep it simple www.trello.com





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