MATH 338 – Complex Analysis I $${\rm Quiz}\ 2$$

- 1. Let f be an entire function such that $f(z)=f(z+\sqrt{2})=f(z+i\sqrt{5})$ for all $z\in\mathbb{C}$. Show that f is constant.
- 2. Let $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2-1}$ for $z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{-1,1\}$. Can f have an anti-derivative on $\mathbb{C} \setminus \{-1,1\}$? Explain your answer.