

PS II

2.1. (X, d) m.s. with more than one point. Find subsets A & B of X s.t. $\text{diam}(A \cup B) \geq \text{diam}(A) + \text{diam}(B)$

Take $(X, d) = (\mathbb{R}, \text{Eucl.})$, $A = (0, 1)$ & $B = \{2\}$ then $\text{diam}(A \cup B) = 2$, $\text{diam}(A) = 1$, $\text{diam}(B) = 0$. Here $\text{diam}(S) = \sup \{d(r, t) : r, t \in S\}$.

2.2 Remember: Thm 2.13: X m.s. $A, B \subseteq X$ for which $A \subseteq B$, Then $\text{diam}(A) \leq \text{diam}(B)$.

What condition on (X, d) can be put to ensure that $\exists A, B \subseteq X$ with $A \subset B$ s.t. $\text{diam}(A) = \text{diam}(B)$.

Take $A = \{x_1, x_2\}$ and let $d(x_1, x_2) = \sup \{d(x_i, x_j) : x_i, x_j \in B\}$.

2.3 $X = I \cup J$ m.s. where $I = (0, 1)$, $J = [4, 7]$.

WTS: $\text{dist}(\sup_X I, I) \neq 0$.

recall: $\text{dist}(x, A) = \inf \{d(x, a) : a \in A\}$

$\sup_X I = \inf J = 4$, as J is the upper bound for I in X .

therefore $\text{dist}(\sup_X I, I) = \text{dist}(4, I) = \inf \{d(4, a) : a \in I\} = 3$

2.4 Recall: X m.s. $A, B \subseteq X$ for which $A \subseteq B$. Then

$\text{dist}(x, B) \leq \text{dist}(x, A) \leq \text{dist}(x, B) + \text{diam}(B)$.

want to find a m.s. X , $x \in X$, nonempty $A, B \subseteq X$ with $A \subseteq B$ s.t. $\text{dist}(x, A) > \text{dist}(x, B) + \text{diam}(B \setminus A)$

$\text{dist}(x, A) = \inf \{d(x, a) : a \in A\}$

$\text{diam}(A) = \sup \{d(r, s) : r, s \in A\}$ Take $A = [0, 5]$

$B = [0, 5] \cup [6, 7]$, also pick $x = 7$. Then

$$\text{dist}(x, A) = 2, \quad \text{dist}(x, B) = 0 \quad \text{and}$$

$$\text{diam}(B \setminus A) = \text{diam}([6, 7]) = 1. \quad \text{Thus}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{dist}(x, A) & > & \text{diam}(B \setminus A) & + & \text{dist}(x, B) \\ = 2 & & = 1 & & = 0 \end{array}.$$