

MATHEMATICAL REPORT

MATH SOFTWARE

Installation of GSL

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1 功能分析

该代码计算了 $f(x) = x^2 - 5$ 的根。

首先,代码设置了最大迭代次数 $max_i ter = 100$.

其次, struct quadratic_params params = {1.0, 0.0, -5.0}建立了一个多项式 $f(x)=x^2-5$ 。

Listing 1: roots.c

```
do{
           iter++;
           status = gsl_root_fsolver_iterate (s);
           r = gsl_root_fsolver_root (s);
           x_lo = gsl_root_fsolver_x_lower (s);
           x_hi = gsl_root_fsolver_x_upper (s);
           status = gsl_root_test_interval (x_lo, x_hi,
                                              0, 0.001);
           if (status == GSL_SUCCESS)
             printf ("Converged:\n");
10
           printf ("%5d [%.7f, %.7f] %.7f %+.7f %.7f\n",
11
                   iter, x_lo, x_hi,
12
                   r, r - r_expected,
13
                   x_hi - x_lo);
         }
       while (status == GSL_CONTINUE && iter < max_iter);</pre>
```

这一段代码利用了近似二分法的迭代求解根,其中gsl_root_fsolver_x_lower返回了迭代的下界,gsl_root_fsolver_x_upper返回了迭代的上界,gsl_root_fsolver_root返回了迭代预计的根。不断的缩小迭代区间,直到最后求解得到根或者迭代次数到达上限。

输出如下:

using brent method

```
iter [ lower, upper] root err err(est)
1 [1.0000000, 5.0000000] 1.0000000 -1.2360680 4.0000000
2 [1.0000000, 3.0000000] 3.0000000 +0.7639320 2.0000000
3 [2.0000000, 3.0000000] 2.0000000 -0.2360680 1.0000000
4 [2.2000000, 3.0000000] 2.2000000 -0.0360680 0.8000000
5 [2.2000000, 2.2366300] 2.2366300 +0.0005621 0.0366300
Converged:
```

6 [2.2360634, 2.2366300] 2.2360634 -0.0000046 0.0005666