Reactive Form Basic

initializing a basic form with controls:

syncing html and our form created in TS:

we use form group directive-it tells angular use my form group and don't set up on your own we use property binding because we are passing our form controls here.

now we tell angular which control should be assigned to what input we use formcontrolname directive

submitting the form:

use Ng Submit

```
ngOnInit(){
    this.signupForm = new FormGroup({
        'username' : new FormControl(null),
        'email' : new FormControl(null),
        'gender' : new FormControl('male')
    });
}
onSubmit(){
    console.log(this.signupForm);
}
```

validation:

we can pass one validators or array of validators as seen in the pictures

```
ngOnInit(){
    this.signupForm = new FormGroup({
        'username' : new FormControl(null, Validators.required),
        'email' : new FormControl(null, [Validators.required, Validators.email]),
        'gender' : new FormControl('male')
    });
}
```

getting access to controls:

here the username inside the get method is the control name in the TS file

Grouping controls:

get also takes a path. we might specify the path because we might have nested form.

```
ngOnInit(){{
    this.signupForm = new FormGroup({
        'userData': new FormGroup({
            'username' : new FormControl(null, Validators.required),
            'email' : new FormControl(null, [Validators.required, Validators.email]),
            }),
            'username' : new FormControl(null, Validators.required),
            'email' : new FormControl(null, [Validators.required, Validators.email]), */
            'gender' : new FormControl('male')
        });
            You, 2 minutes ago * Uncommitted changes
```

Form Array:

dynamically item add Garna kam lagcha ,suppose yo case ma hamilai euta hobby vanne button banayera add garepaxi

dynamically add hudai jancha.

creating custom validators:

suppose we don't want some username that we will allow the users to use

```
})
export class AppComponent implements OnInit {
  genders = ['male', 'female'];
  signupForm: FormGroup;
  forbiddenUsernames = ['Chris', 'Anna'];
```

```
forbiddenNames(control: FormControl):{[s:string]:boolean}{
    if(this.forbiddenUsernames.indexOf(control.value) !== -1){
        return{'nameIsForbidden': true};

    } You, 1 second ago * Uncommitted changes
    return null;

/* if validation is successful always pass null or nothing like above we should not pass
    like above with true */
}
}
```

```
ngOnInit()[]
    this.signupForm = new FormGroup({
        'userData': new FormGroup({
            'username' : new FormControl(null,[Validators.required,this.forbiddenNames.bind(this)]),
            'email' : new FormControl(null, [Validators.required,Validators.email]),
            '),
            'username' : new FormControl(null,Validators.required),
            'email' : new FormControl(null, [Validators.required,Validators.email]), */
            'gender' : new FormControl('male'),
            'hobbies': new FormArray([])
            ');
```

using error codes:

using error codes provided by angular to show invalid username or username is required:

here the property nameIsforbidden and required are seen in the console by searching.

```
<span *ngIf ="signupForm.get('userData.username').errors['nameIsForbidden']">
    This name is invalid
    </span>
    <span *ngIf ="signupForm.get('userData.username').errors['required']">
    this field is required
    </span>
```

creating custom async validators:

for checking the usernames validation, we need to check in the webserver unlike in our own local host, that is asynchronous operation because response is not coming instantly it needs couples of sec.

so, we use async to return response

setting up async validator:

implementing it: