ROWNANIA RÓZNICZKOWE ZWYCZAJNE

$$y'(x) = f(x, y(x)) + np. \frac{d(yx)}{d(x)} = 5x + 3$$
  
 $y(x_0) = a$   $y(x_0) = -3$ 

$$\frac{dyx}{dx} = 5x + 3$$
 $y(0) = -3$ 

Rozvigzgeranie metods Enlera y (xo+h) = y(xo) + hy'(xo) = = y (x0) + 4 f (x0, y (x0))

Yi+1 = yi + h f (xi, yi) ( morta metoda Centera) Rówhania drugiego rzedu

(y"(x)= f(x, g(x), g(x)) y(x)-yo y'(x)-yo

NP.

(y'(x)= ay(x) y(0)=0 y'(0)=1

Rémanie véznichowe chaqueço

rzech sprowadzany do uhrachu

dwóch vównań pierwzago rzech.

Stosujemy podstaczenie

y'(x) = t(x), (y'(x)=t'(x))

$$\begin{cases} y'(x) = t & (x) \\ t'(x) = f(x, y(x), t(x)) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y(x) = y_0 \\ t & (x_0) = y_0 \end{cases}$$

$$Zapa's welltaroug$$

$$\begin{cases} y'(x) \\ t'(x) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t(x) \\ f(x, y(x), t(x)) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y'(x) \\ t'(x) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t(x) \\ f(x, y(x), t(x)) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y'(x) \\ t'(x) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} f(x) \\ f(x, y(x), t(x)) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y'(x) \\ t'(x) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} f(x) \\ f(x) \end{cases} - rdunam'r ndz'niczk.$$

$$\begin{cases} y'(x) \\ f(x) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} y_0 \\ y'(x) \end{cases} - rdunam'r ndz'niczk.$$

w-k pougathoug

Rozwigzamie up. metoda Eulera

yi+n = yi + hfi

y1 = y0 + h fo

 $\frac{y_2}{x} = \frac{y_1}{x} + h f_1$ ital

Progletaed.

$$y''(x) = ay(x) + 6y'(x)$$
,  $y(x) = y_0, y'(x) = y_0'$ 
 $y''(x) = t(x)$ 
 $\{y'(x) = t(x)\}$ 
 $\{y'(x) = t(x)\}$ 

Analogicune metody Rungego - Mutty

Paylated Rome esqlations harmonicmego  $\chi(t) = -\omega^2 \chi(t)$ X(to) = x(0) = 0 = xo (m) X(to) = N(to) = N = 10 ( 1/5) ultrad - - " PX(+1=N(+) 1 N(+1=-02x(+) Xo = 0 No=10 2 metody Galers Xita = Xi + TNi Nith = Ni + T(-w2xi) = Ni - Twox; Noch w= 10 ( = ), ~ = 0,1(s) 1X, = Xo+ TNO westawie XN=No-Tw2Xo i polveny c 1 X2 = X1 + 7 N1 1 N2 = N1 - 7002 X1