# geofabric\_analysis

April 5, 2023

# 1 Analyzing TGF, HUC12, MERIT-Basins, and PFRA geofabric for the St. Mary & Milk River Basins

Here, the mentioned geofabrics for the upcoming St. Mary & Milk River Basins (hereinafter SMM) study are analyzed and their applicability is tested. Note that PFRA dataset in this Notebook corresponds to the AAFC Watershed Project - 2013 dataset.

# 1.1 Importing necessary libraries

```
[1]: import geopandas as gpd # version 0.12.2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # version 3.7.0
import fiona # version 1.9.2
import pandas as pd # version 1.5.3
import contextily as cx # version 1.3.0

from itertools import permutations # Python 3.11 (built-in function)
from matplotlib.patches import Patch # version 3.7.0

# Also:
# * jupyterlab-markup v2.0.0 (for printing data in Markdown)
# * Python >3.11
```

# 1.2 Reading files

#### 1.2.1 Path defintions

```
[2]: # defining the path to TGF downloaded from https://www.sciencebase.gov/catalog/

item/5d967365e4b0c4f70d113923

tgf_path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/StMary-Milk/TGF/TGF.

igdb'

# define the path to HUC12 retreived from ECCC, at jamie.kolodinsky@eccc.ca
huc12_path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/StMary-Milk/HUC/

iHUC12/SMM_HUC12.shp'
```

```
# define the path for processed MERIT-Basins dataset. Original retreived from
      https://www.reachhydro.org/home/params/merit-basins []MERIT-Basins
      →hydrography (based on MERIT-Hydro v0.7/v1.0, minor bug fix for coastline
      \rightarrow pixels)
     mrb_basin_path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/StMary-Milk/
      →MERIT-Basins/SMM updown select/smm catchments.shp' # sub-basin layer
     mrb_river_path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/StMary-Milk/
      →MERIT-Basins/SMM_updown_select/smm_rivers.shp' # river layer
     # define the paths for PFRA areas retireived from https://open.canada.ca/data/
      \Rightarrow en/dataset/c20d97e7-60d8-4df8-8611-4d499a796493
     pfra_gross path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/PFRA/fgdb/
      ofgdb/HYD_AAFC_INCRML_GROSS_DRAIN.gdb/' # 'Incremental Gross Drainage Area' | |
      ⇔sub-basin layer
     pfra_nca_path
                     = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/PFRA/fgdb/
      ⇒fgdb/HYD_AAFC_INCRML_NON_CTRB_DRAIN.gdb/' # 'Non-contributing Areas' within
      → 'Incremental Gross Drainage Areas' layer
     # read pfaf74 from MERIT-Basins to add the non-contributing areas manually
     # retreived from https://www.reachhydro.org/home/params/merit-basins_
      \hookrightarrow [] MERIT-Basins hydrography (based on MERIT-Hydro v0.7/v1.0, minor bug fix_
      ⇔for coastline pixels)
     mrb 74 cat path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/MERIT-Basins/

→MERIT_Hydro_v07_Basins_v01_bugfix1/pfaf_level_02/
      ⇔cat_pfaf_74_MERIT_Hydro_v07_Basins_v01_bugfix1.shp'
     mrb_74_riv_path = '/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/geospatial-data/MERIT-Basins/

→MERIT_Hydro_v07_Basins_v01_bugfix1/pfaf_level_02/
      Griv_pfaf_74_MERIT_Hydro_v07_Basins_v01_bugfix1.shp
                  Transboundary
                                     Geospatial
                                                   Fabric
                                                             (Retreived
                                                                           from
                                                                                   DOI
    1.2.2 TGF,
          10.5066/P971JAGF)
     fiona.listlayers(tgf_path)
[3]: ['POIs', 'waterbodies', 'nhru', 'nsegment']
```

```
[3]: # Getting a list of all layers available in TGF
```

```
[4]: # reading different layers of interest
     tgf_basin = gpd.read_file(filename=tgf_path, driver='FileGDB', layer='nhru') #_J
     ⇔sub-basin layer
     tgf_river = gpd.read_file(filename=tgf_path, driver='FileGDB',__
      ⇒layer='nsegment') # river network layer
```

1.2.3 HUC12 Geofabric for the SMM Area (Retrieved from ECCC, Jamie Kolodinsky)

```
[5]: # Reading the layer
huc12_basin = gpd.read_file(filename=huc12_path) # sub-basin layer
```

**Note**: For the HUC12 layer, only the sub-basin layer is provided.

1.2.4 MERIT-Basins Geofabric Subset for the SMM Area (Retrieved from DOI 10.1029/2019WR025287

```
[6]: # read the layers
mrb_basin = gpd.read_file(filename=mrb_basin_path) # sub-basin layer
mrb_river = gpd.read_file(filename=mrb_river_path) # river network layer
```

1.2.5 PFRA Geofabric for the Canadian Prairies (Retrieved from Canada Open Data)

Based on PFRA layer's manual, the 'Incremental Gross Drainage Areas' and 'Non-contributing Areas with Incremental Gross Drainage Areas' are defined as following:

- The "Incremental Gross Drainage Areas of the AAFC Watersheds Project 2013" dataset is a geospatial data layer containing polygon features representing the incremental gross drainage areas of the Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC) Watersheds Project. The Project area is subdivided by hydrometric gauging station. The maximum area that could contribute runoff to each station, less that of its upstream neighbour(s) is called an 'incremental gross drainage area'. [pp. 13]
- The "Non-contributing Portions of the Incremental Gross Drainage Areas of the AAFC Watersheds Project 2013" dataset is a geospatial data layer containing polygon features representing the areas within each incremental gross drainage area of the Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC) Watersheds Project that DO NOT contribute to average runoff. The Project is subdivided by hydrometric gauging station. The maximum area that could contribute runoff to each gauging station, less that of its upstream neighbour(s) is called an "incremental gross drainage area". The "incremental gross drainage" areas can be subdivided into portions that either supply surface runoff to an average runoff, or do not. Those portions that are NOT part of the effective drainage area are called 'non-contributing'. [pp. 13]

```
[7]: # print the layers within each File GeoDataBase
print('Gross layer includes: ', fiona.listlayers(pfra_gross_path))
print('Non-contributing layer includes: ', fiona.listlayers(pfra_nca_path))
```

Gross layer includes: ['HYD\_AAFC\_INCRML\_GROSS\_DRAIN']
Non-contributing layer includes: ['HYD AAFC INCRML NON CTRB DRAIN']

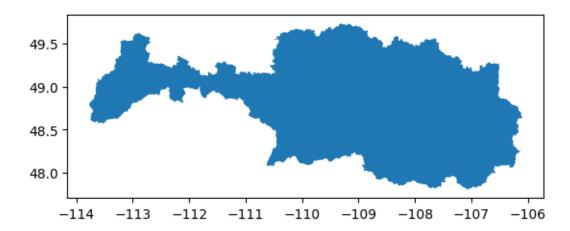
# 1.3 Necessary Pre-processings and Definitions

# 1.3.1 Boundary Layer

The HUC12 layer is chosen to extract the boundary layer of the SMM system:

```
[9]: smm_boundary = huc12_basin.dissolve()
smm_boundary.plot()
```

#### [9]: <Axes: >



## 1.3.2 Modifying MERIT-Basins to include its non-contributing areas

The MERIT-Basins layer extracted for the SMM area, is based on the get\_all\_upstream of the EASYMORE package version 0.0.4. However, this function does not consider the non-contributing areas, as technically, these areas are not connected to the network extracted given the up-/downstream connectivity.

```
[10]: ## read pfaf 74 into GeoPandas DataFrames
mrb_74_cat = gpd.read_file(mrb_74_cat_path)
mrb_74_riv = gpd.read_file(mrb_74_riv_path)

## non-contributing (nca, or missing) COMIDs - extracted manually by looking at___
the map on QGIS [FIXME later for automation]
nca_comids = [74000629, 74000612]
```

/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Documents/virtualenvs/jupyter/lib/python3.11/site-packages/geopandas/array.py:1406: UserWarning: CRS not set for some of the concatenation inputs. Setting output's CRS as WGS 84 (the single non-null crs provided).

warnings.warn(

```
[12]: # resetting index
mrb_basin.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
mrb_river.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
```

# 1.3.3 Intersection/Overlap Extraction for TGF and PFRA

# 1.4 Analysis

# 1.4.1 Non-contributing Areas of each Geofabric Dataset

The smm\_boundary is used as defined in 1.3. as the boundary layer:

For HUC12, the tohuc column contains values as CLOSED BASIN where it indicates the basin does not contribute to the overall flow of the system. Furthermore, the areasqkm columns shows the area of each sub-basin in  $km^2$ .

```
[15]: # HUC12's non-contributing areas in km2
huc12_nca_smm = huc12_basin.loc[huc12_basin.tohuc == 'CLOSED BASIN', :]
```

For MERIT-Basins, the non-contributing areas are those that have a non-valid value assigned to their corresponding NextDownID in the mrb\_river GeoDataFrame. Furthermore, the unitarea column of the mrb\_basin GeoDataFrame (or uparea of mrb\_river) shows the area of each non-contributing sub-basin in  $km^2$ .

```
[16]: # MERIT-Basins's non-contributing areas in km2
mrb_nca_smm = mrb_basin.loc[mrb_river.NextDownID == 0, :]
```

For TGF, first, the layer is checked to see which polygons overlaps with the SMM area. Second, the overlaped areas are taken into account to calculate the non-contributing areas. The non-contributing areas are those sub-basin features with Type\_NCA column values of 1 based on the metadata of the dataset. Moreover, the area of each sub-basin is printed under Shape\_Area column of the tgf\_basin GeoDataFrame in the unit of  $m^2$ .

```
[17]: # TGF's non-contributing areas in km2
tgf_nca_smm = tgf_overlapping_smm.loc[tgf_overlapping_smm.Type_NCA==1, :]
```

For PFRA's non-contributing areas, first the 'Non-contributing Areas within Incremental Gross Drainage Areas' layer is checked to see which polygons intersect with the SMM area. Second, the area of the **clipped** polygons are calculated after transforming their Coordinate Reference System (CRS) to EPSG value of 6931 based on Brodzik et al. (2023). The CRS transformation is done to get the best estimate of the areas (see the reference for more details.)

## 1.4.2 Summary of Non-Contributing Areas of each Geofabric Dataset

```
[19]: # Summary of the 4 geofabric layers
huc12_nca_area = huc12_nca_smm.loc[:, 'areasqkm'].sum() # in sqkm
tgf_nca_area = tgf_nca_smm.loc[:, 'Shape_Area'].sum()/1e6 # in sqkm
mrb_nca_area = mrb_nca_smm.loc[:, 'unitarea'].sum() # in sqkm
pfra_nca_area = pfra_nca_clip_smm.loc[:, 'areasqkm'].sum() # in sqkm
```

Non-Contributing Areas of each Geofabric Datasets (in sqkm):

```
[20]: Geofabric Non-Contributing Areas (km2)

1 HUC12 2496.44
2 TGF 4706.36
3 MERIT-Basins 110.19
4 PFRA 6743.34
```

**NOTE**: Since there is hole in the MERIT-Basins sub-basin polygons that was not delineated, an area of  $\pm 20 \ km^2$  should be considered for the MERIT-Basins Non-contributing Areas.

#### 1.4.3 Shared Non-Contributing Areas between Pairs of Geofabric Datasets

```
[21]: # `common_area` intersects two layers and calculates total area (km2) in
       ⇔EPSG=6931 projection
      common_area = lambda gdf1, gdf2 : gpd.overlay(gdf1.to_crs(epsg=4326), gdf2.
       -to_crs(epsg=4326), how='intersection').to_crs(epsg=6931).area.sum()/1e6
      # dictionary of geofabrics for SMM
      geo_dict = {'HUC12':huc12_nca_smm,
                  'TGF':tgf_nca_smm,
                  'MERIT-Basins':mrb_nca_smm,
                  'PFRA':pfra_nca_clip_smm,
                 }
      # Pre-allocating a Pandas DataFrame to store the common NCAs between pairs of I
       \rightarrow datasets
      common_nca = pd.DataFrame([], index=geo_dict.keys(), columns=geo_dict.keys())
      # Calculating common NCAs between datasets
      for perm in permutations(geo_dict, 2):
          common nca.loc[perm] = common area(geo dict[perm[0]], geo dict[perm[1]])
```

Shared Non-Contributing Areas between Pairs of Geofabric Datasets (in sqkm):

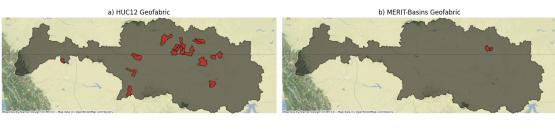
```
[22]:
                       HUC12
                                   TGF MERIT-Basins
                                                          PFRA
      HUC12
                         NaN 2244.07
                                                 0.0 1227.98
      TGF
                     2244.07
                                   {\tt NaN}
                                                0.73 2129.43
      MERIT-Basins
                         0.0
                                  0.73
                                                 {\tt NaN}
                                                        109.01
                     1227.98 2129.43
                                              109.01
      PFRA
                                                           NaN
```

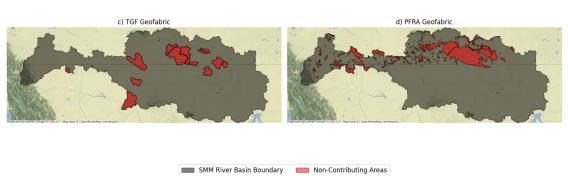
# 1.4.4 Visual Overview of Non-Contributing Areas of each Geofabric Dataset

```
nca_color: str = 'red',
           boundary_color: str = 'black',
           kwargs: dict = {},
):
   # plot boundary layer
   boundary.to_crs(epsg=3857).plot(figsize=fig_size, alpha=0.5,_
 # plot NCA polygons
   nca_polys.to_crs(epsg=3857).plot(alpha=0.5, facecolor=nca_color,__
 ⇔edgecolor='black', ax=ax)
   # plot a basemap
   cx.add basemap(ax, source=cx.providers.Stamen.Terrain, attribution size=5)
   # setting the title
   if title:
       ax.set_title(title)
   # remove margins
   ax.margins(0)
   # adjust basemap
   basemap_pos = ax.get_position()
   ax.set_position([basemap_pos.x0, basemap_pos.y0, basemap_pos.width, 0.425])
   return ax
```

```
[24]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15,10))
      for a in axes.flatten():
          a.axis('off')
          a.margins(y=0)
      # HUC12 dataset
      plot_nca(ax=axes[0,0],
               boundary=smm_boundary,
               nca_polys=huc12_nca_smm,
               fig_size=(15,10),
               title='a) HUC12 Geofabric')
      # MERIT-Basins dataset
      plot_nca(ax=axes[0,1],
               boundary=smm_boundary,
               nca_polys=mrb_nca_smm,
               fig_size=(15,10),
               title='b) MERIT-Basins Geofabric')
      # TGF dataset
      plot_nca(ax=axes[1,0],
```

```
boundary=smm_boundary,
         nca_polys=tgf_nca_smm,
         fig_size=(15,10),
         title='c) TGF Geofabric')
# PFRA dataset
plot_nca(ax=axes[1,1],
         boundary=smm_boundary,
         nca_polys=pfra_nca_clip_smm,
         fig_size=(15,10),
         title='d) PFRA Geofabric')
# set legend items (common for all geofabric datasets)
legend_elements = [Patch(facecolor='black', edgecolor='black', alpha=0.5,__
 ⇒label='SMM River Basin Boundary'),
                   Patch(facecolor='red', edgecolor='black', alpha=0.5, u
 ⇔label='Non-Contributing Areas'),]
# set legend for the figure
fig.legend(handles=legend_elements, loc='lower center', fontsize=12,__
 ⇔frameon=True, ncols=2)
fig.tight_layout()
# plt.savefig("/Users/kasrakeshavarz/Desktop/test.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```





```
[25]: fig.savefig("./NCA.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```