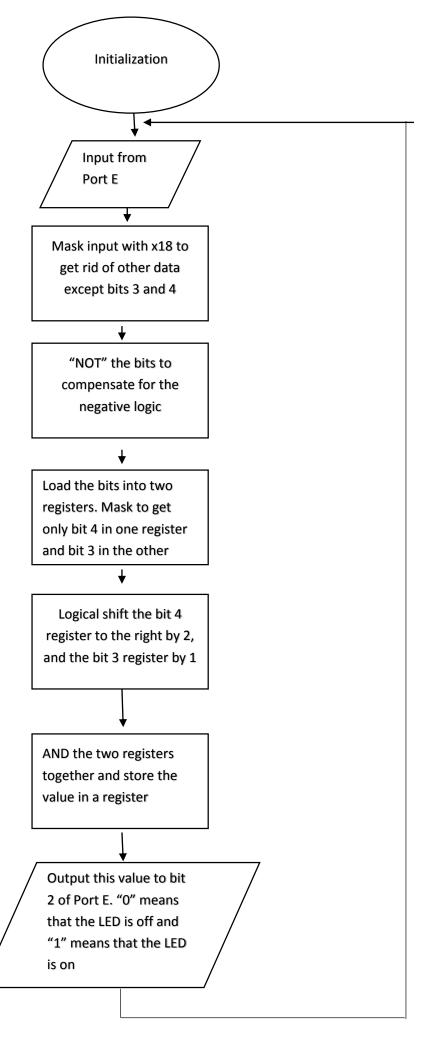
Lab 1 Flowchart



```
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Psuedo Code
start
      Initialize the clock
      Set Digital E port (DEN) so that all bits are 1, aka useable
      Set all bits in the Direction Register (DIR) to 0 except for the LED
bit (bit 3)
      Set special funtions to 0
      Disable analog functionality
      Configure Port E as GPIO
while (true)
      Read the switch data
     Not the switch data
      Get the two switch bits (3&4) individually
      Shift the bits so that their data are both in bit 2
     AND the two bits
      Put the result into the LED bit
           }
```

```
A C version of the code within the while loop

while (true)

{
    int *portDataPointer = GPIO_PORTE_DATA_R;
    int portData = *portDataPointer;
    int Data= portData & 0x18; //mask
    int NotData= ~(Data)
    int BitFour = NotData & 0x10
    int BitThree = NotData & 0x08
    int ThreeShifted = BitThree >>1
    int FourShifted = BitFour >> 2
    int LedState = ThreeShifted & FourShifted
    int newData = (portData & mask) | LedState
    *portDataPointer = newData
    }
```

```
;************* main.s **********
; Program written by: Kassandra Smith and Madhumitha Venkataraman
; Date Created: 1/24/2015
; Last Modified: 1/31/2015
                  TA: Wooseok Lee
; Section 4-5pm
; Lab number: 1
; Brief description of the program
; The overall objective of this system is a digital lock
; Hardware connections
;PE3 is switch input (1 means switch is not pressed, 0 means switch is
pressed)
;PE4 is switch input (1 means switch is not pressed, 0 means switch is
pressed)
; PE2 is LED output (0 means door is locked, 1 means door is unlocked)
; The specific operation of this system is to
;unlock if both switches are pressed
;EQU "#", "#" is the location where the GPIO stuff is located
GPIO PORTE DATA R EQU 0x400243FC
GPIO_PORTE_DIR_R
                     EQU 0x40024400
GPIO PORTE AFSEL R
                        EQU 0x40024420
GPIO PORTE DEN R
                      EQU 0x4002451C
GPIO PORTE AMSEL R
                        EQU 0x40024528
GPIO PORTE PCTL R EQU 0x4002452C
SYSCTL RCGCGPIO R EQU 0x400FE608
;LEDBit=0x04
;SwitchBits=0x18
; An AREA statement defines ARM-compatible segment
;ALIGN=2, 2^2=4, 4bytes=32 bits, makes the code word-aligned
;Thumb is the instruction set being used
                 |.text|, CODE, READONLY, ALIGN=2
       AREA
       THUMB
       EXPORT Start
```

```
Start
     ; Initialize the clock,
     LDR R1, =SYSCTL_RCGCGPIO_R ;activate clock
     LDR R0, [R1]
                           ; set bit 5 to turn on clock
     ORR R0, R0, #0x10
     STR R0, [R1]
                                              ; put it back
     NOP
     NOP
                                               ;stabilize
     ; configure the rest of the port
     ;p. 354
     ;Set DEN so that the bits are useable
     LDR R1, =GPIO_PORTE_DEN_R ; Port E digital port
     MOV RO, #0xFF
                                      ; 1 enables digital I/O
     STR R0, [R1]
     ; since we want the two switches to be inputs and the led to be an
output we make all bits 0 except the LEDbit
     LDR R1, =GPIO_PORTE_DIR_R ;direction register
     MOV R0, \#0x04
                                              ; PortE bit 2 is set to 1
     STR RO, [R1]
     ;We don't need the pins' special funtions so we set it to 0
     LDR R1, =GPIO PORTE AFSEL R ; alternate function select
     MOV RO, #0
                                         ; 0, alternate function is off
     STR R0, [R1]
     ; We want to disable analog functionality
     LDR R1, =GPIO PORTE AMSEL R ; analog functionality
     MOV R0, #0
                                         ; 0, analog is off
     STR R0, [R1]
     ; none of the pins (p.146 Table 4.5) need to be turned on
     LDR R1, =GPIO PORTE PCTL R ; configure as GPIO
                        ; 0 means configure Port E as GPIO
     MOV R0, #0
     STR RO, [R1]
```

```
loop
AND R1, #0x0
LDR R1, =GPIO_PORTE_DATA_R ; pointer to Port E data
LDR R3, [R1] ; loads the on bits into R3
AND R3, #0x18 ; masks the on bits so that only the two switches show
EOR R3, #0x18 ; exlusive or compensates for negative logic
ADD R4, R3 ; puts the on bits into R4 and R5 for mask
ADD R5, R3
AND R4, #0x10 ; masks for 4th bit
AND R5, \#0x8; masks for 3rd bit
LSR R4, \#2; Shifts right to get on/off bits in the same place as the LED bit
LSR R5, #1
 AND R4, R5 ; Ands, will be 1 if both switches are on, 0 in any other instance
 ;stores whatever the result is 1 or 0 LED bit into the machine
     LDR R1, =GPIO PORTE DATA R
     STR R4, [R1]
     B loop
     ALIGN
                ; make sure the end of this section is aligned
      END
                   ; end of file
```

