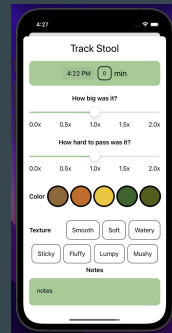
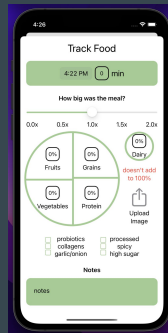


# Digestive System App



Katy Stuparu  
Friday, April 22, 2022  
SISP Final Presentation



```
ZStack {
    if grains != 0 {
        PieSliceView(pieSliceData: PieSliceData(
            startAngle: Angle(degrees: 0.0),
            endAngle: Angle(degrees: grains / sum * 360.0),
            text1: String(Int(grains)) + "%",
            text2: "Grains")
    )
    }

    if protein != 0 {
        PieSliceView(pieSliceData: PieSliceData(
            startAngle: Angle(degrees: grains / sum * 360.0),
            endAngle: Angle(degrees: (protein + grains) / sum * 360.0),
            text1: String(Int(protein)) + "%",
            text2: "Protein")
    )
    }

    if vegetables != 0 {
        PieSliceView(pieSliceData: PieSliceData(
            startAngle: Angle(degrees: (protein + grains) / sum * 360.0),
            endAngle: Angle(degrees: (vegetables + protein + grains) / sum * 360.0),
            text1: String(Int(vegetables)) + "%",
            text2: "Vegetables")
    )
    }

    if fruits != 0 {
        PieSliceView(pieSliceData: PieSliceData(
            startAngle: Angle(degrees: (vegetables + protein + grains) / sum * 360.0),
            endAngle: Angle(degrees: 360.0),
            text1: String(Int(fruits)) + "%",
            text2: "Fruits")
    )
    }
}
```

# Tracking Digestive System - iOS App

## Stage One: Basic Tracking App (SISP)

- Tracks food eaten
- Tracks gastrointestinal symptoms
- Tracks other health habits
- Displays entries

## Stage Two: Adding Food/Stool Analysis

- Educates users about digestive system
- Finds patterns in digestion

## Stage Three: Optimization

- Code efficiency
- UI design
- Functionality: does app meet goal?

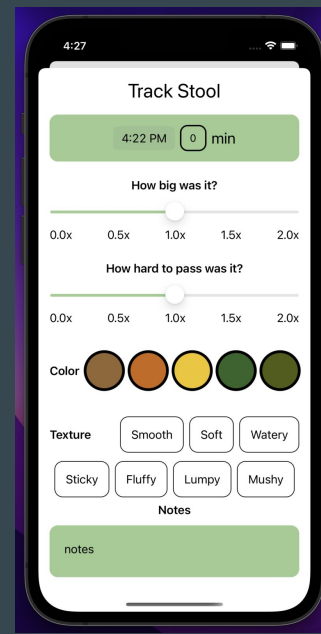
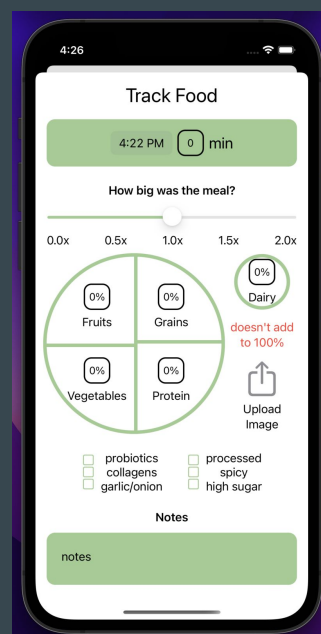
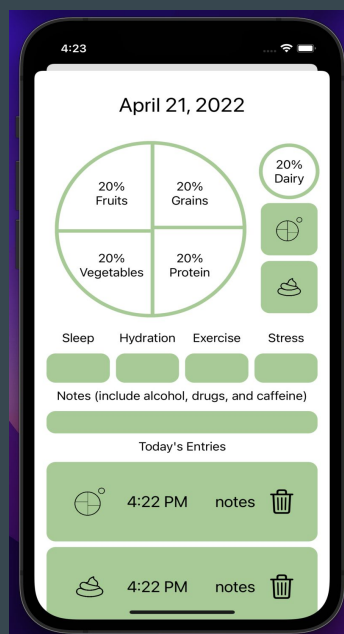
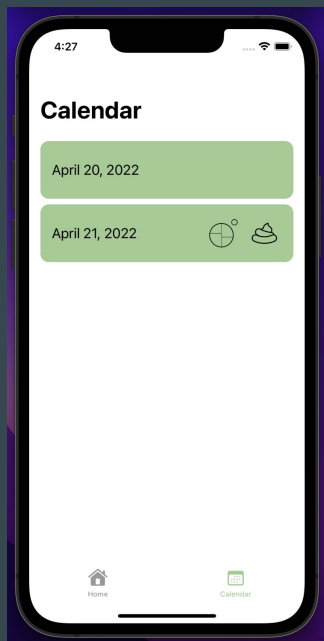
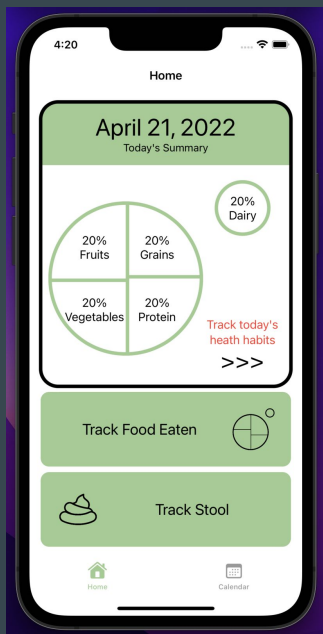
## Stage Four: Testing and Publishing App

- Testing with simulators and iPhones
- Apple Developer membership
- TestFlight
- Publishing to App Store

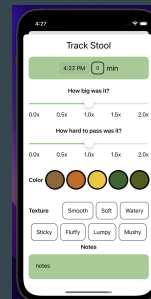
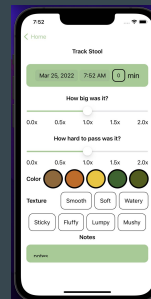
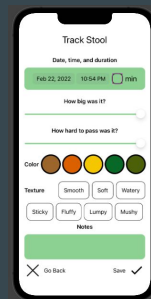
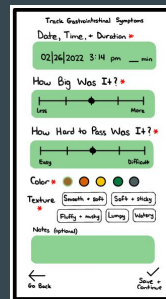
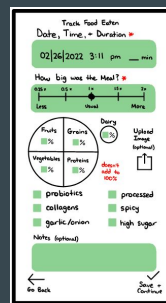
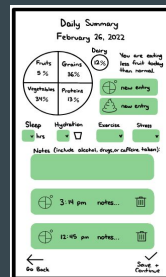
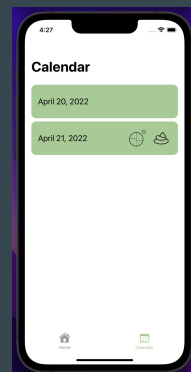
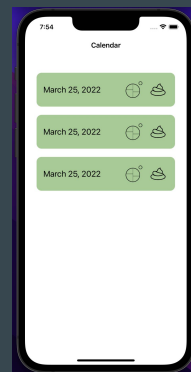
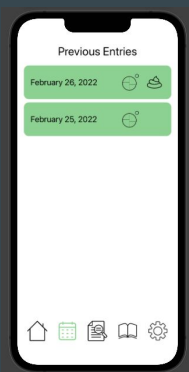
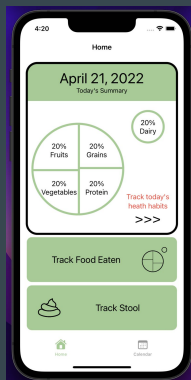
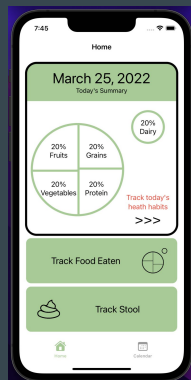
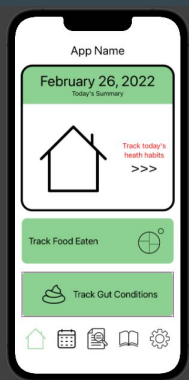
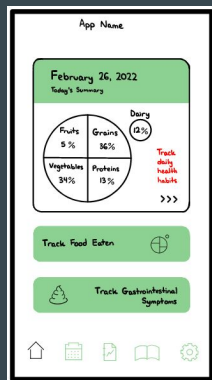
# Why I Chose this Project

- Personal: trouble explaining my digestive health to my doctor
- Digestive health is a huge factor in mental health and overall ability
- Current apps on the market are not helpful for me
  - Don't track food and stool and other factors (exercise, hydration, sleep, stress)
    - Don't make analysis/connections between food and stool
  - Asking to track too many things (calories, exact amounts of foods eaten, etc.)
  - Are for users with a specific medical condition
- App is targeted towards everyone looking to improve their gut health

# User Interface



# Progression of User Interface



# Summary of Progress - 33-Hour Checkpoint

- Watched and worked along with Xcode tutorials
  - Code with Chris: 14-Day Challenge
- Designed first 5 screens
  - Drawn in Notability app on iPad
- Created basic layout for the 5 screens
- Began to add functionality to the screens



Track Food Eaten

Date, Time, + Duration \*

02/26/2022 3:11 pm \_\_\_ min

How big was the Meal? \*

0.25 = 0.5 = 1 = 1.5 = 2 =

Less Usual More

Fruits 5% Grains 36% Dairy 12%

Vegetables 34% Proteins 13%

Upload Image (optional)

doesn't add to 100%

probiotics processed

collagens spicy

garlic/onion high sugar

Notes (optional)

Go Back Save + Continue

App Name

February 26, 2022

Today's Summary

Fruits 5% Grains 36% Dairy 12%

Vegetables 34% Proteins 13%

Track daily health habits

>>>

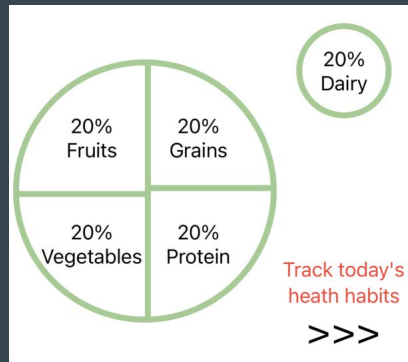
Track Food Eaten

Track Gastrointestinal Symptoms

Home Calendar Graphs Bookmarks Settings

# Summary of Progress - 66-Hour Checkpoint

- Created data classes
- Created a food plate
  - Dynamic pie chart
  - Static pie chart with pickers
- Created navigation between screens
- Made data persist between screens
- Began creating dynamic lists



```
struct ContentView: View {  
  
    @StateObject var dayList = DayList()  
  
    var body: some View {
```

```
@Published var grains: Double  
@Published var protein: Double  
@Published var vegetables: Double  
@Published var fruits: Double  
@Published var dairy: Double  
  
@Published var sleep: String  
@Published var hydration: String  
@Published var exercise: String  
@Published var stress: String  
  
@Published var notes: String  
  
var entries: [Entry] {  
  
    let unsortedEntries = foodEntries + stoolEntries  
  
    return unsortedEntries.sorted(by: {  
        $0.date.compare($1.date) == .orderedAscending  
    })  
}  
  
func getIndex(uuid: UUID, typeFood: Bool) -> Int {  
  
    if typeFood {  
        for i in 0...foodEntries.count - 1 {  
            if uuid == self.foodEntries[i].uuid {  
                return i  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    else {  
        for i in 0...stoolEntries.count - 1 {  
            if uuid == self.stoolEntries[i].uuid {  
                return i  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    return -1  
}
```

# Summary of Progress - 100-Hour Checkpoint

- Added modal navigation
- Added clicking and delete function to lists
- Began implementing local storage
  - Researched SQL and SQLite implementation for Swift
  - Went through SQLite Swift tutorials
  - Started using a wrapper SQLite class for Swift in my project

```
func insertDay(day: Day) throws {  
  
    let insertSql = "INSERT INTO Day (Id, Date, Grains, Protein, Vegetables,  
        Fruits, Dairy, Sleep, Hydration, Exercise, Stress, Notes) VALUES (?, ?, ?,  
        ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?);"  
  
    let insertStatement = try prepareStatement(sql: insertSql)  
  
    defer {  
        sqlite3_finalize(insertStatement)  
    }  
  
    guard sqlite3_bind_text(insertStatement, 1, nil, nil) == SQLITE_OK &&  
        sqlite3_bind_text(insertStatement, 2, day.dateString, -1, SQLITE_OK &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 3, day.grains) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 4, day.protein) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 5, day.vegetables) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 6, day.fruits) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 7, day.dairy) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 8, day.sleep) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 9, day.hydration) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 10, day.exercise) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_double(insertStatement, 11, day.stress) &&  
            sqlite3_bind_text(insertStatement, 12, day.notes, -1, SQLITE_OK) ==  
                SQLITE_OK else {  
        throw SQLiteError.Bind(message: errorMessage)  
    }  
  
    guard sqlite3_step(insertStatement) == SQLITE_DONE else {  
        throw SQLiteError.Step(message: errorMessage)  
    }  
  
    print("Successfully inserted row for day: " + day.dateString)  
}
```

```
func openTable() {  
    try! db.run(days.create(ifNotExists: true) { t in  
        t.column(id, primaryKey: true)  
        t.column(date)  
        t.column(grains)  
        t.column(protein)  
        t.column(vegetables)  
        t.column(fruits)  
        t.column(dairy)  
        t.column(sleep)  
        t.column(hydration)  
        t.column(exercise)  
        t.column(stress)  
        t.column(notes)  
    })  
}
```

```
func addDay(day: Day) {  
    try! db.run(days.insert(id: Int64(day.id), date: day.dateString, grains: day.grains,  
        protein: day.protein, vegetables: day.vegetables, fruits: day.fruits,  
        dairy: day.dairy, sleep: day.sleep, hydration: day.hydration, exercise: day.exercise,  
        stress: day.stress, notes: day.notes))  
}
```

```
func fillDayList() {  
    for day in try! db.prepare(days) {  
        list.append(Day(id: Int(day[id]), date: stringToDate(stringDate: day[date]),  
            grains: day[grains], protein: day[protein], vegetables: day[vegetables],  
            fruits: day[fruits], dairy: day[dairy], sleep: day[sleep], hydration: day[hydration],  
            exercise: day[exercise], stress: day[stress], notes: day[notes]))  
    }  
}
```



# What I Learned and Challenges

- Swift
  - Already knew Java, Python, and some C++/C#
  - Swift has a lot of unique syntax that I wasn't familiar with
- Swift UIKit
  - I already had the knowledge for Android app development
  - UIKit doesn't have separate controller and view classes (instead: one class for all)
  - UIKit-specific developer tools and framework
    - Data persistence is unique
- SQL and SQLite
  - Fundamentals of SQL
  - Wrapper class for Swift

```
@Published var date = Date()

var timeStamp: String {
    let dateFormatter = DateFormatter()
    dateFormatter.dateFormat = "h:mm a"
    return dateFormatter.string(from : date)
}
```

```
struct CheckBoxView: View {
    @Binding var checked: Bool

    var body: some View {

        Image(systemName: checked ? "checkmark.square.fill" : "square")
            .foregroundColor(Color("AccentColor"))
            .onTapGesture {
                self.checked.toggle()
            }
    }
}
```

```
@EnvironmentObject private var dayList: DayList
```

# What I Learned and Challenges: Time Management

- Started working on the project very late (early February)
- Task-oriented vs. hours-oriented
- Helped to plan out each day in advance
  - Planning out hours and tasks
  - Underestimation of how much rest and sleep I need
- Working under a lot of stress
  - I felt like I didn't have the time I needed
  - Difficulty focusing
  - To-do lists help

# What's Next

## Stage One: Basic Tracking App (SISP)

- Tracks food eaten
- Tracks gastrointestinal symptoms
- Tracks other health habits
- Displays entries

## Stage Three: Optimization

- Code efficiency
- UI design
- Functionality: does app meet goal?

## Stage Two: Adding Food/Stool Analysis

- Educates users about digestive system
- Finds patterns in digestion

## Stage Four: Testing and Publishing App

- Testing with simulators and iPhones
- Apple Developer membership
- TestFlight
- Publishing to App Store

# Reflection and Summary

- What I learned:
  - Technical skills
    - Swift and UIKit
    - App development
    - SQL
    - Project and time management
  - Problem-solving skills for CS
  - A lot about myself and my working habits
    - Planning is helpful
    - How to handle hours-oriented tasks
- Recommendations and advice for SISP



```

class FoodEntry: Entry {

    @Published var duration = 0
    @Published var size = 1.0

    @Published var probiotics = false
    @Published var collagens = false
    @Published var garlic/onion = false
    @Published var processed = false
    @Published var spicy = false
    @Published var highsugar = false

    @Published var grains = "0%"
    @Published var protein = "0%"
    @Published var vegetables = "0%"
    @Published var fruits = "0%"
    @Published var dairy = "0%"

    func foodToInt(food: String) -> Int {
        return Int(food.dropLast()) ?? -1
    }

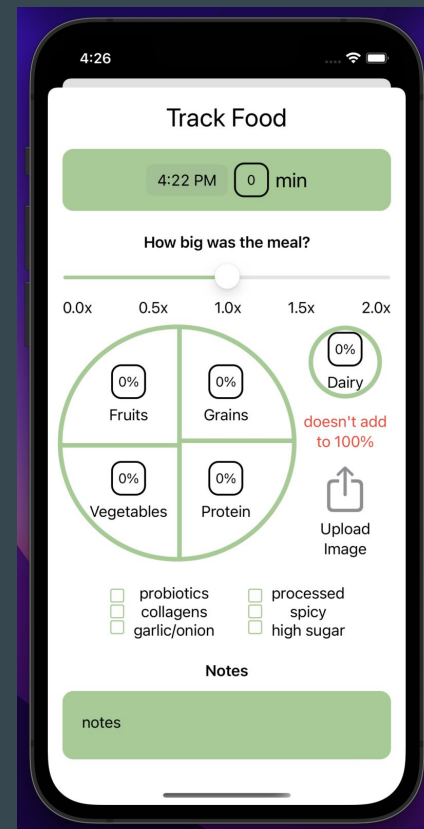
    func foodSum() -> Int {
        return foodToInt(food: grains) +
            foodToInt(food: protein) +
            foodToInt(food: vegetables) +
            foodToInt(food: fruits) +
            foodToInt(food: dairy)
    }
}

```

# Thank You



## Questions? Suggestions?



# Installing App on iPhone

## Instructions:

1. Plug in your iPhone to my laptop
2. Click “Trust” and enter your passcode
3. After I initiate the installation from my laptop, you can unplug your iPhone
4. In Settings, navigate to General -> VPN & Device Management
5. Click on “Apple Development: [katystuparu@icloud.com](mailto:katystuparu@icloud.com)” and then click “Trust”
6. Open the new app on your Home Screen titled “digestivesystem”
  - a. Feel free to let me know of any bugs you find or any suggestions you have!
  - b. SQLite local storage is not working yet, so data you enter will not be saved when you close the app
  - c. I have not done much testing yet, so the app won't look as intended in Dark Mode and on some iPhones

