Configuration

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Configuration



Database

- JPA is an abstraction layer for our database
- We can use almost any Relational Database that we have a Dialect for
 - More about dialects later
- For our class we are going to use MySQL
 - http://www.mysql.com/downloads/installer/5.6.html
- For development:
 - □ Username = root
 - Password = password



Maven

Jars required for JPA

```
<dependency>
   <groupId>mysql</groupId>
   <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
   <version>5.1.21
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.hibernate
   <artifactId>hibernate-entitymanager</artifactId>
   <version>4.1.9.Final
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>javax.transaction</groupId>
   <artifactId>jta</artifactId>
   <version>1.1</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-jdbc</artifactId>
   <version>3.2.0.RELEASE
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-orm</artifactId>
    <version>3.2.0.RELEASE
</dependency>
```









Plain Java Code

• All of this code can be configured using Java:

```
public static void main(String args []) {
    Car car = new Car();
    Engine engine = new Engine();
    engine.setNumOfCylinders(6);
    car.setEngine(engine);
}
```

Spring XML Config Setter Injection

The same code configured using XML and Spring:

Autowiring Setters

Instead of using XML, we can also Autowire using Annotations:

```
@Component
                                               @Component
                                               public class Engine {
public class Car {
                                                   private int numOfCylinders;
    @Autowired
    private Engine engine;
                                                   //public no args constructor
                                                   public Engine() {
    //public no args constructor
    public Car() {
                                                   public int getNumOfCylinders() {
                                                       return numOfCylinders;
    public Engine getEngine() {
                                                   }
        return engine;
                                                   public void setNumOfCylinders(int numOfCylinders) {
                                                       this.numOfCylinders = numOfCylinders;
    //setter used for injection
    public void setEngine(Engine engine) {
        this.engine = engine;
```

Constructor Injection

Constructor with args in order that you want

```
public class Engine {
public class Car {
                                               private int numOfCylinders;
    private Engine engine;
                                               //public no args constructor
    //constructor injection
                                               public Engine() {
    public Car(Engine engine) {
        this.engine = engine;
                                               public int getNumOfCylinders() {
    public Engine getEngine() {
                                                   return numOfCylinders;
        return engine;
                                               public void setNumOfCylinders(int numOfCylinders) {
    public void setEngine(Engine engine) {
                                                   this.numOfCylinders = numOfCylinders;
        this.engine = engine;
```

Spring XML Config Constructor Injection

The same code configured using XML and Spring:

Autowiring Constructors

Instead of using XML, we can also Autowire using Annotations:

```
@Component
                                           @Component
public class Car {
                                           public class Engine {
   private Engine engine;
                                               private int numOfCylinders;
                                               //public no args constructors
   // constructor injection
   @Autowired
                                               public Engine() {
    public Car(Engine engine) {
        this.engine = engine;
                                               public int getNumOfCylinders() {
    public Engine getEngine() {
                                                   return numOfCylinders;
        return engine;
                                               public void setNumOfCylinders(int numOfCylinders) {
    public void setEngine(Engine engine) {
                                                   this.numOfCylinders = numOfCylinders;
        this.engine = engine;
```

Context Files

- Spring configuration can be done multiple ways:
 - □ XML
 - Annotations
 - Java Config
- Using annotations there is still some XML config
- Context files are loaded multiple ways:
 - Dispatcher Servlet
 - Loader Listener
 - Import

Summary

Setter Injection

