A boring (academic) title or a clever title? A secondary title

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In this article we compare the *empirical characteristic function* (Tukey 1977; Becker et al. 1988) to a *moment-generating-functional form* to compute the proportion of hypotheses m that are rejected under the null hypothesis.

Here is a second paragraph of the abstract (if necessary), and with the pipe notation it doesn't break. Notice it still needs to be indented.

Generally, we write this abstract last. Often it is called the executive summary. It should succinctly summarize the entire document. You can include references such as this one to the Appendices section ?? if necessary.

Keywords: multiple comparisons to control; multivariate chi-square distribution; nonlinear growth curves; Richard's curve; simulated critical points

November 08, 2020

```
library(devtools);
                       # required for source url
library(dplyr)
path.humanVerseWSU = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/MonteShaffer/humanVerseWSU/"
source url( paste0(path.humanVerseWSU, "master/misc/functions-project-measure.R") );
## Warning: package 'Hmisc' was built under R version 4.0.3
path.project = "C:/Users/Dorbs of Doom/_git_/WSU_STATS419_FALL2020/project-measure/";
path.tables = paste0(path.project, "tables/");
 createDirRecursive(path.tables);
file.correlation = paste0(path.tables, "my-correlation-table.tex");
path.project = "C:/_git_/WSU_STATS419_FALL2020/project-measure/";
path.github = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kat-rivas/WSU_STATS419_FALL2020/";
source_url( paste0(path.github, "master/functions/functions-project-measure.R") );
measure = readRDS("C:/Users/Dorbs of Doom/Documents/WSU/Fall 2020/STAT 419 Intro to Multivariate/final.
measure.df = prepareMeasureData(measure)
measure.df2 = select(measure.df, head.to.height, ethnicity.groups, age, my.gender)
myData = as.matrix(measure.df2); # numeric values only, only what will appear in table
# https://www.overleaf.com/read/srzhrcryjpwn
# keepaspectratio of include graphics
# could scale \input if still too big ...
```

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics and Correlation Analysis

		M	SD	1	2	3
1	Head to Height	6.7	.87	1		
2	Ethnicity	1.5	1.02	16*	1	
3		34.4	17.68	02	12^{\dagger}	1
4	Gender	1.5	.51	.07	01	08
-	Gender	1.0	.01	.01	01	00

Notes: Pearson pairwise correlations are reported;

a two-side test was performed to report correlation significance.

 $^{\dagger}p < .10$ $^{*}p < .05$ $^{**}p < .01$ $^{***}p < .001$

```
# build a second table, with more data ...

file.correlation = pasteO(path.tables, "tree-correlation-table2.tex");

myData = as.matrix(trees);  # numeric values only, only what will appear in table

myData = cbind(myData, myData);
  # https://www.overleaf.com/read/srzhrcryjpwn
  # keepaspectratio of include graphics
  # could scale \input if still too big ...
  # https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/13460/scalebox-knowing-how-much-it-scales#13487

buildLatexCorrelationTable(myData,
  rotateTable = TRUE,
  width.table = 0.95,
  myFile = file.correlation,
  myNames = c("Diameter (in)", "Height (ft)", "Volume (ft$^3$)", "Diameter (in)", "Height (ft)", "Volume

Sys.sleep(2); # in case Knit-PDF doesn't like that I just created the file...
```

Table 2: Descriptive Statistics and Correlation Analysis

1 Diameter (in) 13.2 3.14 1 2 3 4 5 2 Height (ft) 76.0 6.37 52** 1 52** 1 3 Volume (ft) 30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** 1 7 4 Diameter (in) 76.0 6.37 .52** 1.00*** .97*** 1 5 Height (ft) 76.0 6.37 .52** 1.00*** .60*** .52** 1 6 Volume (ft)3 30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** .97*** .60*** .97*** .60***									
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76.0 6.37 .52** 1 30.2 16.44 .97** .60*** 1 13.2 3.14 1.00** .52** .97** 1 76.0 6.37 .52** 1.00** .60** .52** 1 30.2 16.44 .97** .97*** .60*** 1.00*** .97***	-	Diameter (in)	13.2	3.14	1				
30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** 1 13.2 3.14 1.00*** .52** .97*** 1 76.0 6.37 .52** 1.00*** .60*** .52** 1 30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** 1.00*** .97*** .97***	7	Height (ft)	0.92	6.37	.52**	1			
13.2 3.14 1.00*** .52** .97*** 1 76.0 6.37 .52** 1.00*** .60*** .52** 1 30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** 1.00*** .97***	က	${\rm Volume}~({\rm ft}^3)$	30.2	16.44	***26.	***09	1		
76.0 6.37 .52** 1.00*** .60*** .52** 1 30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** 1.00*** .97***	4	Diameter (in)	13.2	3.14	1.00***	.52**	***26.	П	
30.2 16.44 .97*** .60*** 1.00*** .97***	70	Height (ft)	76.0	6.37	.52**	1.00***	***09	.52**	1
	9	$ \text{Volume (ft}^3)$	30.2	16.44	***26.	***09	1.00***	***26.	***09.
	ž	otes: Pearson pairwise corr	elations are	reported:					
Notes: Pearson pairwise correlations are reported:		a two-side test w	as performe	d to report corre	lation significan	nce.			
Notes: Pearson pairwise correlations are reported; a two-side test was performed to report correlation significance.			-	4	D				

 $^{***}_{p} < .001$

 $^{**}p < .01$

 $^*p < .05$

 $^{\dagger}p < .10$

ENDNOTES

REFERENCES

& Brooks.

Becker, Richard A, John M Chambers, Allan R Tukey, John W. 1977. Exploratory data analysis. 1st Wilks. 1988. The New S Language. Wadsworth ed. Reading, MA.

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