# Package CSU.CSCi325

# csu.csci325 Class CircularArrayQueue

**All Implemented Interfaces:** 

Queue

public class **CircularArrayQueue** extends java.lang.Object implements **Queue** 

# **Constructor Summary**

# Method Summary java.lang.Object dequeue() void enqueue(java.lang.Object element) java.lang.Object first() boolean isEmpty() int size()

#### Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object

clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait,
wait

Methods inherited from interface csu.csci325.Queue

dequeue, enqueue, first, isEmpty, size, toString

# Constructors

# CircularArrayQueue

public CircularArrayQueue()

# Methods

(continued on next page)

# enqueue

public void enqueue(java.lang.Object element)

# dequeue

public java.lang.Object dequeue()

#### first

public java.lang.Object first()

# isEmpty

public boolean isEmpty()

#### size

public int size()

# csu.csci325 Class LinkedListQueue

**All Implemented Interfaces:** 

Queue

public class **LinkedListQueue** extends java.lang.Object implements **Queue** 

# **Constructor Summary**

public LinkedListQueue()

# Method Summary java.lang.Object dequeue() void enqueue(java.lang.Object element) java.lang.Object first() boolean isEmpty() int size()

#### Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object

clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait,
wait

Methods inherited from interface csu.csci325.Queue

dequeue, enqueue, first, isEmpty, size, toString

# Constructors

#### LinkedListQueue

public LinkedListQueue()

# Methods

# enqueue

public void enqueue(java.lang.Object element)

# dequeue

public java.lang.Object dequeue()

#### first

public java.lang.Object first()

# isEmpty

public boolean isEmpty()

#### size

public int size()

# csu.csci325 Class LinkedListStack

**All Implemented Interfaces:** 

Stack

public class **LinkedListStack** extends java.lang.Object implements **Stack** 

# **Constructor Summary**

public LinkedListStack()

Method Summary		
boolean	<pre>isEmpty()</pre>	
static void	<pre>main(java.lang.String[] args)</pre>	
java.lang.Object	peek()	
java.lang.Object	<u>pop</u> ()	
void	<pre>push(java.lang.Object element)</pre>	
int	<u>size()</u>	
java.lang.String	toString()	

#### Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object

clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait,
wait

Methods inherited from interface csu.csci325.Stack

isEmpty, peek, pop, push, size, toString

# Constructors

#### LinkedListStack

public LinkedListStack()

# Methods

#### push

public void push(java.lang.Object element)

#### pop

public java.lang.Object pop()

# peek

public java.lang.Object peek()

# isEmpty

public boolean isEmpty()

#### size

public int size()

# toString

public java.lang.String toString()

#### main

public static void main(java.lang.String[] args)

# csu.csci325 Class Maze

public class **Maze** extends java.lang.Object

# **Constructor Summary**

public

Maze()

# Method Summary boolean canTraverse(int cxPos, int cyPos, int exPos, int eyPos) char[][] canTraverseSLL(char[][] maze, int cxPos, int cyPos, int exPos, int eyPos) Discovers a path from (cxPos, cyPos) to (exPos, eyPos) and marks the path with 'p'. boolean canTraverseSLL(int cxPos, int cyPos, int exPos, int eyPos) static void main(java.lang.String[] args) void printMaze()

#### Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object

clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait,
wait

# Constructors

#### Maze

public Maze()

# Methods

#### canTraverse

# canTraverseSLL

Discovers a path from (cxPos, cyPos) to (exPos, eyPos) and marks the path with 'p'. This algorithm uses the iterative singly linked list stack implementation.

#### **Parameters:**

```
maze - the maze to search
cxPos - starting x coordinate
cyPos - starting y coordinate
exPos - ending x coordinate
eyPos - ending y coordinate
```

#### **Returns:**

true if a path exists, false otherwise.

# canTraverseSLL

# printMaze

```
public void printMaze()
```

#### main

```
public static void main(java.lang.String[] args)
```

# csu.csci325 Class Palindrome

public class **Palindrome** extends java.lang.Object

# **Constructor Summary**

public

Palindrome()

# **Method Summary**

boolean

isPalindrome(java.lang.String str)

Returns if str is a palindrome (a sequence of characters that reads the same backward as forward) EX: isPalindrome("madam") -> true EX: isPalindrome("hello") -> false NOTE: You must use a queue and/or stack in your implementation!

#### Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object

clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait,
wait

# Constructors

#### **Palindrome**

public Palindrome()

# Methods

#### **isPalindrome**

public boolean isPalindrome(java.lang.String str)

Returns if str is a palindrome (a sequence of characters that reads the same backward as forward) EX: isPalindrome("madam") -> true EX: isPalindrome("hello") -> false NOTE: You must use a queue and/or stack in your implementation!

#### **Parameters:**

str - the string to test if it is a palindrome

#### Returns

true if str is a palindrome, false otherwise.

# csu.csci325 Interface Queue

#### All Known Implementing Classes:

LinkedListQueue, CircularArrayQueue

public interface **Queue** extends

Method Summary		
abstract java.lang.Object	dequeue()  Removes and return the element at the head of the queue.	
abstract void	enqueue(java.lang.Object element)  Adds on element to the tail of the queue.	
abstract java.lang.Object	first() Returns, without removing, the element at the head of the queue.	
abstract boolean	isEmpty()  Returns true if the queue contains no elements, false otherwise.	
abstract int	size()  Returns the number of element in the queue.	
abstract java.lang.String	toString() Returns a string representation of the queue.	

# Methods

# enqueue

public abstract void enqueue(java.lang.Object element)

Adds on element to the tail of the queue.

#### **Parameters:**

element - the element to be added to the tail of the queue

# dequeue

```
public abstract java.lang.Object dequeue()
```

Removes and return the element at the head of the queue.

#### Returns

the element at the front of the queue, or null if the queue is empty

# first

```
public abstract java.lang.Object first()
```

Returns, without removing, the element at the head of the queue.

#### **Returns:**

the first element in queue, or null if the queue is empty

# isEmpty

```
public abstract boolean isEmpty()
```

Returns true if the queue contains no elements, false otherwise.

#### **Returns:**

true if the queue contains no elements, false otherwise.

#### size

```
public abstract int size()
```

Returns the number of element in the queue.

#### **Returns:**

the number of element in the queue

# toString

```
public abstract java.lang.String toString()
```

Returns a string representation of the queue.

#### **Returns:**

a string representation of the queue.

# csu.csci325 Interface Stack

# All Known Implementing Classes:

LinkedListStack

public interface **Stack** extends

Method Summary		
abstract boolean	isEmpty()  Returns true fi the stack contains no elements, false otherwise.	
abstract java.lang.Object	peek()  Returns, without removing, the top element of the stack.	
abstract java.lang.Object	pop()  Removes and returns the top element from the stack.	
abstract void	push(java.lang.Object element)  Adds the specified element to the top of the stack.	
abstract int	size()  Returns the number of elements in the stack.	
abstract java.lang.String	toString() Returns a string representation of the stack.	

# Methods

# push

public abstract void push(java.lang.Object element)

Adds the specified element to the top of the stack.

#### **Parameters:**

element - element to be pushed onto the stack

# pop

public abstract java.lang.Object pop()

Removes and returns the top element from the stack.

#### **Returns:**

the element removed from the stack

# peek

```
public abstract java.lang.Object peek()
```

Returns, without removing, the top element of the stack.

#### Returns

the element on top of the stack, or null if the stack is empty.

# isEmpty

```
public abstract boolean isEmpty()
```

Returns true fi the stack contains no elements, false otherwise.

#### **Returns:**

tur if the stack is empty, false otherwise

#### size

```
public abstract int size()
```

Returns the number of elements in the stack.

#### **Returns:**

the number of elements in the stack

# toString

```
public abstract java.lang.String toString()
```

Returns a string representation of the stack.

#### **Returns:**

a string representation of the stack.