Strategies of choice between substantivation and regular verb usage in the context of ability in Japanese

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Hypothesis

There are two different ways of expressing ability to do something in Japanese: one through verb substantivation, another through a verbal form, and there is no difference in meaning between them. We believe that form choice depends on conjugation (we will consider only the first and the second one, leaving out the third one as its ability-expressing strategy is somewhat different), length of the verb that holds the main semantics (the number of syllables that it comprises) and a number of other factors.

Research design

Our research will be based on materials from parallel Japanese-English corpora at https://context.reverso.net/and http://www.manythings.org/corpus/. We will also use data from https://www5.atwiki.jp/hmiku/lyrics database for more precise statistical testing. Null hypothesis is as follows: Choice strategy for expressing ability in Japanese verbs is completely random and does not depend on any of the mentioned factors. Alternative hypothesis: There is a more or less clear pattern that allows actually calling this choice a strategy. We intend to use logistic regression to check whether the mentioned effects are statistically significant and whether they have any intrinsic correlation between each other.

Our data

All data has been collected with web scraping script written in Python. There are currently several hundred examples from the parallel corpora and approximately thirty thousand texts from the database. The data can be accessed on GitHub.

From all the data we have collected, we have gathered information about 52 randomly picked verbs. Each line of our data table contains following properties:

- 1. **inf** [character string] verb in its infinitive form (we decided to preserve it, because there are a few cases of homonymy);
- 2. length [non-negative integer number] length of the verb's infinitive form in syllables;
- 3. **tr** /character string/ translation of the verb;
- 4. **context_pos** [factor] position of the verb in the context:
- right;
- *left*;
- unclear;
- 5. **part_of_speech** [factor] the verb's grammatical type of speech:
- *adj* adjective;
- *adv* verbal adverb or state adverb;
- v verb:
- part participle;

(Note that the division is purely empirical: we assigned labels based on the word's behavious; more on this later in the paper)

- 6. **pos_neg** [factor] whether the verb or the verb to which the target verb form is attached has or has not negation:
- pos not negated;
- neg negated;
- 7. **past_tense** [factor] whether the verb or the verb to which the target verb form is attached is in past tense or not:
- yes;
- no;
- 8. **conj** [factor] conjugation of the verb:
- 1;
- 2;
- 9. **sex** [factor] sex of the speaker:
- f female;
- m male;
- 10. **form** [factor] type of the strategy:
 - vf verbal form;
 - *subst* substantivation;
- 11. **prov_cond** [factor] whether the verb is in the provisional or conditional form:
 - no not in the provisional or conditional form;
 - vf the provisional or conditional form is expressed through a marker;
 - sep the provisional or conditional form is expressed through a separate word;
- 12. **quest** [factor] whether the verb or the verb to which the target verb form is attached has a question marker:
 - yes;
 - no.

Context position

Examples of right context position:

- (1) 僕 は 歌う
 boku wa utau
 I THEME to.sing
 'I sing'
- (2) 僕 は 歌を歌う
 boku wa uta wo utau
 I THEME song ACC to.sing
 'I sing a song'

In these examples the verb "to sing" is located to the right from both the subject and the object and denotes an active action, as opposed to its left position:

- (3) 僕 が 歌う 歌 boku ga utau uta I NOM to.sing song 'a song that I sing'
- (4) 歌 を 歌う 僕
 uta wo utau boku
 song ACC to.sing I
 'I who sing a song'

In examples (3) and (4) the verb expresses a property, while the actual verbal action of the sentence will be expressed through some other verb. It is often impossible to establish the context type, because Japanese allows for omission, which could be reconstructed in both ways:

- (5) 歌わ-ない 踊ら-ない utawanai odoranai sing-NEG to.dance-NEG
- (5) could be translated both as
- (6) '[僕/君/... は/が] 歌わない踊らない'

```
'[I/you/...] don' t sing, [I/you/...] don' t dance'
```

and

(7) '歌わない踊らない [僕/君/...]'

```
'[I/you/...] who don' t sing, [I/you/...] who don' t dance'
```

In such ambiguous cases we marked the context type as "unclear".

Grammatical parts of speech

Verbal adverbs and participles are clearly related to the verbs and could be assumed to be verbal forms. In Japanese, simple verbal negation in casual speech form behaves like an adjective: it has a past tense (8 and 9), a special form that non-final adjectives receive when there is more than one adjective related to the same word (10):

- (8) 見えない 闇 mi-e-nai yami sing-NEG to.dance-NEG 'darkness in which nothing can be seen'
- (9) 深い闇 fukai yami deep darkness 'deep darkness'
- (10) 見-え-な-くて 深-くて 怖い 闇 mi-e-na-kute fuka-kute kowai yami to.see-POT-NEG-ENUM deep-ENUM scary darkness 'deep scary darkness in which nothing can be seen'

For these reasons, the grammatical category for such verbal forms has been marked as "adjective". Entries marked as "verbs" are regular verb forms, like the verb "to sing" in examples (1) and (2).

Positivity and negativity

As we have already shown, adjective-like verbal forms have their own negativity marker. So do state and verbal adverbs:

(11) 疲れ-て 立-て-な-く-なる

tsukare-te ta-te-naku-naru

to.become.tired-PART to.stand-POT-NEG-ADV-become

'to become unable to stand [due to] having become tired'

(12) 答え 分-れ-ず

kotae waka-re-zu

answer to.understand-POT-NEG.ADV

'not being able to understand the answer'

Participles' negation is the one of the verb they are attached to:

(13) 言-え-て い-ない 言葉

i-e-te i-nai kotoba

to.say-POT-PART to.be-NEG word

'words that cannot be said'

Past tense

There is no future tense in Japanese, so only past and non-past tense has been marked.

Conjugations

In this paper, we refer to the 2 conjugations based on verbal form of strategy expression:

(14) **言**-う → **言**-える

i-u i-eru

'to say \rightarrow to be able to say'

(15) 食べ-る → 食べ-られる

tabe-ru tabe-rareru

'to eat \rightarrow to be able to eat'

where the first is an example of a first conjugation verb, the second – of a second conjugation verb. Very conveniently, this strategy depends on the number of syllables that are not incorporated in the verbal stem: if there are any, then it is the second conjugation.

Provisional and conditional forms

There are two ways to put a verb into a provisional or conditional form: to add a special marker or a separate word "if". Provisional form of the verb means that something can or will be able to happen, provided that some requirement has been met:

(16) 漢字を 覚え-られ-たら 書く

kanji wo oboe-rare-tara kaku

kanji ACC to.learn-POT-PROV to.write-POT

'[I] write kanji if (as soon as) I am able to learn them'

(17) 漢字 を 覚え-られる なら 書く

kanji wo oboe-rare-ru nara kaku

kanji ACC to.learn-POT if to.write-POT

'[I] write kanji if (as soon as) I am able to learn them'

Conditional form of the verb means that something can be done if some requirement is met:

```
(18) 漢字を 覚え-られ-ば 書く
kanji wo oboe-rare-tara kaku
kanji ACC to.learn-POT-COND to.write-POT
'if [I] can learn kanji, I write them'
```

The boundary between the two is somewhat vague, so we decided to join them.

Methods of analysis

We are going to use Fisher's test to check our preliminary assumptions regarding the importance of the factors for the choice of the strategy.

We are also going to use logistic regression to see which factors are more important and ultimately to build a model that describes our strategies in the best way possible. First, we will see how much of the variance a factor can explain on its own. Then, we will incorporate it into a multi-variable model and see whether it has much impact on the variance of that model. If it does, we will include it into our model.

We are using Nagelkerke's \mathbb{R}^2 to assess our models through the amount of variance that they are able to explain.

Code and results

Importing libraries:

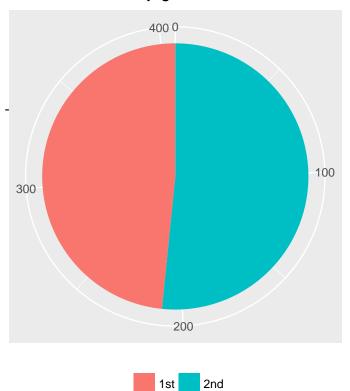
```
library(tidyverse)
library(rms)
library(lme4)
library(sjstats)
library(ggplot2)
```

Reading the source data:

```
# for some reason table layout breaks if the locale is not English
Sys.setlocale(category = "LC_ALL", locale = "English")
data <- read.csv("final.csv", encoding = 'UTF-8')</pre>
```

1. Conjugation

Distribution of conjugations



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$conj, data$form))

##

## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

##

## data: table(data$conj, data$form)

## p-value = 0.05095

## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1

## 95 percent confidence interval:

## 0.4106897 1.0196977

## sample estimates:

## odds ratio

## 0.6488755
```

Running the regression:

```
data_d <- datadist(data)
options(datadist="data_d")

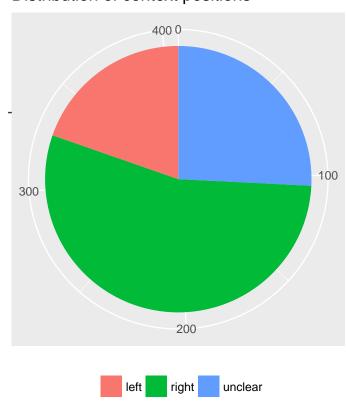
data %>%
    lrm(form ~ conj, data = .) %>%
    print()
```

```
## Logistic Regression Model
##
```

```
lrm(formula = form ~ conj, data = .)
##
                         Model Likelihood
                                                                 Rank Discrim.
##
                                               Discrimination
##
                            Ratio Test
                                                  Indexes
                                                                    Indexes
##
    Obs
                  407
                         LR chi2
                                      3.92
                                                        0.014
                                                                         0.554
##
     subst
                  120
                         d.f.
                                                        0.217
                                                                 Dxy
                                                                         0.107
                                          1
                                               g
##
                  287
                         Pr(> chi2) 0.0476
                                                        1.242
                                                                         0.213
                                               gr
                                                                 gamma
    max |deriv| 1e-08
                                                                         0.045
##
                                               gp
                                                        0.045
                                                                 tau-a
##
                                               Brier
                                                        0.206
##
##
              Coef
                      S.E.
                             Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
    Intercept 1.5390 0.3605 4.27 < 0.0001
##
              -0.4336 0.2201 -1.97 0.0488
##
##
```

2. Context position

Distribution of context positions



Testing for dependence:

```
# without ambiguous contexts
data.unamb_cont <- data[data$context_pos != "unclear", ]
fisher.test(table(data.unamb_cont$context_pos, data.unamb_cont$form))

##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: table(data.unamb_cont$context_pos, data.unamb_cont$form)</pre>
```

```
## p-value = 0.0002458
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
# with ambiguous contexts
fisher.test(table(data$context_pos, data$form))
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: table(data$context_pos, data$form)
## p-value = 0.0004691
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
Running the regression:
# without ambiguous contexts
data.unamb_cont$context_pos <- droplevels(data.unamb_cont$context_pos)</pre>
data_d.unamb <- datadist(data.unamb_cont)</pre>
options(datadist="data_d.unamb")
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Logistic Regression Model
##
   lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
                                                Discrimination
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                      Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                          LR chi2
                                                R2
                                                         0.068
                                                                  C
                                                                           0.602
                                      14.71
                                                                  Dxy
                                                                           0.205
##
     subst
                   85
                          d.f.
                                                         0.497
                                                g
                  217
                                                                           0.562
##
     νf
                          Pr(> chi2) 0.0001
                                                gr
                                                         1.644
                                                                  gamma
##
    max |deriv| 5e-08
                                                         0.083
                                                                           0.083
                                                                  tau-a
                                                gp
##
                                                Brier
                                                         0.193
##
                                      Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
##
                      Coef
                               S.E.
##
                        1.9459 0.3381 5.76 < 0.0001
    Intercept
##
    context_pos=right -1.2730 0.3666 -3.47 0.0005
##
options(datadist="data_d")
# with ambiguous contexts
data %>%
 lrm(form ~ context_pos, data = .) %>%
  print()
## Logistic Regression Model
##
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
                                                Discrimination
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                      Indexes
##
   Obs
                  407
                          LR chi2
                                      15.70
                                                R2
                                                         0.054
                                                                  C
                                                                           0.582
                  120
                                                         0.407
                                                                           0.164
##
     subst
                          d.f.
                                                                  Dxy
                                                g
##
                  287
                          Pr(> chi2) 0.0004
                                                         1.502
                                                                           0.278
     vf
                                                                  gamma
                                                gr
  max |deriv| 1e-07
                                                         0.068
                                                                           0.068
                                                                  tau-a
                                                gp
```

```
##
                                              Brier
                                                       0.201
##
##
                        Coef
                                S.E.
                                       Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                         1.9459 0.3381 5.76 < 0.0001
##
   Intercept
##
   context_pos=right
                        -1.2730 0.3666 -3.47 0.0005
  context pos=unclear -1.2528 0.3964 -3.16 0.0016
##
```

Unsurprisingly, inclusion of ambiguous context produces worse results. From now on we are excluding it from all computations.

Trying a mixed model and a simple multi-variable model:

```
# mixed model
data.unamb_cont %>%
  glmer(form ~ context_pos + (1|conj),
        family = binomial(link="logit"), data = ., control = glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa", optCtrl
summary(gl2.5)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: form ~ context_pos + (1 | conj)
##
     Data: .
## Control:
  glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa", optCtrl = list(maxfun = 10000))
##
##
        AIC
                      logLik deviance df.resid
##
      350.1
              361.3
                      -172.1
                                 344.1
                                            299
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -2.7352 -1.3627 0.3884 0.6907 0.7338
##
## Random effects:
  Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev.
          (Intercept) 0.01321 0.1149
## Number of obs: 302, groups: conj, 2
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     1.9524
                                0.3485
                                       5.602 2.12e-08 ***
## context_posright -1.2724
                                 0.3669 -3.468 0.000524 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr)
## cntxt_psrgh -0.895
icc(g12.5)
##
## Intraclass Correlation Coefficient for Generalized linear mixed model
## Family : binomial (logit)
```

```
## Formula: form ~ context_pos + (1 | conj)
##
## ICC (conj): 0.0040
```

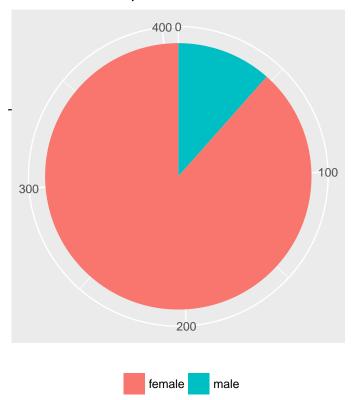
We have not been able to assess the mixed model's R², but the ICC for the random effect shows that it is quite useless. From now on we will only use multi-variable models with fixed effects.

```
# model with all fixed variables
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos + conj, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + conj, data = .)
##
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                               Discrimination
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                     Indexes
##
##
    Obs
                  302
                         LR chi2
                                      17.49
                                               R2
                                                         0.081
                                                                  С
                                                                           0.641
                                                                           0.282
##
     subst
                   85
                          d.f.
                                               g
                                                         0.636
                                                                  Dxy
     vf
##
                  217
                         Pr(> chi2) 0.0002
                                                         1.889
                                                                  gamma
                                                                          0.413
                                               gr
##
    max |deriv| 1e-07
                                                         0.111
                                                                  tau-a
                                                                          0.114
                                               gp
                                                         0.191
##
                                               Brier
##
##
                      Coef
                                      Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                               S.E.
##
    Intercept
                       2.6317 0.5434 4.84 < 0.0001
    context_pos=right -1.2708 0.3678 -3.46
                                             0.0005
##
##
                      -0.4414 0.2664 -1.66 0.0975
##
```

We are keeping the model with fixed effects that we have obtained here and will be refer to it in the future as "best model".

3. Sex

Distribution of speakers' sex



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$sex, data$form))

##

## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

##

## data: table(data$sex, data$form)

## p-value = 0.003389

## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1

## 95 percent confidence interval:

## 0.1982449 0.7519020

## sample estimates:

## odds ratio

## 0.3858829
```

Running the regression:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
    lrm(form ~ sex, data = .) %>%
    print()

## Logistic Regression Model
##
## lrm(formula = form ~ sex, data = .)
##
## Model Likelihood Discrimination Rank Discrim.
```

```
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                    Indexes
                                                                       Indexes
##
    Obs
                   302
                          LR chi2
                                        6.63
                                                R2
                                                          0.031
                                                                    С
                                                                            0.557
     subst
##
                    85
                          d.f.
                                                g
                                                          0.207
                                                                    Dxy
                                                                            0.115
                          Pr(> chi2) 0.0100
                                                          1.231
                                                                            0.430
##
     vf
                   217
                                                                    gamma
                                                gr
##
    max |deriv| 4e-13
                                                gp
                                                          0.047
                                                                    tau-a
                                                                            0.047
##
                                                Brier
                                                          0.197
##
##
              Coef
                       S.E.
                              Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
    Intercept 1.0734 0.1415 7.59 <0.0001
##
##
              -0.9193 0.3510 -2.62 0.0088
    sex=m
##
```

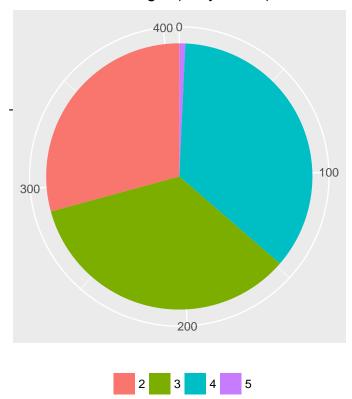
Incorporating into the best model:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ sex + context_pos + conj, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ sex + context_pos + conj, data = .)
##
##
                                                Discrimination
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                                   Rank Discrim.
##
                              Ratio Test
                                                    Indexes
                                                                      Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                          LR chi2
                                       22.52
                                                R2
                                                          0.103
                                                                            0.662
##
     subst
                   85
                          d.f.
                                                          0.727
                                                                            0.323
                                                                   Dxy
                                                 g
                  217
                                                                   gamma
##
     vf
                          Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                          2.069
                                                                            0.420
                                                 gr
##
    max |deriv| 3e-07
                                                          0.130
                                                                            0.131
                                                                   tau-a
                                                 gp
##
                                                Brier
                                                          0.188
##
##
                      Coef
                               S.E.
                                      Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                       2.6794 0.5518 4.86 < 0.0001
##
    Intercept
##
    sex=m
                       -0.8179 0.3602 -2.27 0.0232
##
    context_pos=right -1.2432 0.3704 -3.36 0.0008
##
    conj
                      -0.4077 0.2693 -1.51 0.1301
##
```

Good gain in \mathbb{R}^2 , updating the best model.

4. Length

Distribution of length (in syllables)



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$length, data$form))
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
```

```
## Fisher's Exact lest for Count Data
##
## data: table(data$length, data$form)
## p-value = 0.8113
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

No need to even run a regression – it will not show anything.

Incorporating into the best model:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos + sex + length + conj, data = .) %>%
  print()

## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.

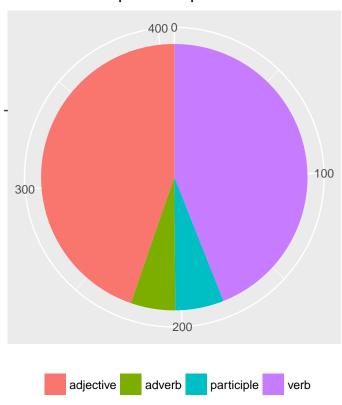
## Logistic Regression Model
##
## lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + sex + length + conj, data = .)
##
## Model Likelihood Discrimination Rank Discrim.
```

##		Ratio Test			Indexes		Indexes		
##	Obs	302	LR cl	ni2	30.10	R2	0.136	C	0.686
##	subst	85	d.f.		4	g	0.865	Dxy	0.373
##	vf	217	Pr(>	chi2)	<0.0001	gr	2.376	gamma	0.428
##	max deriv	2e-06				gp	0.152	tau-a	0.151
##						Brier	0.183		
##									
##			Coef	S.E.	Wald Z	Pr(> Z)			
##	Intercept		1.9065	0.6137	7 3.11	0.0019			
##	context_pos=	right=	-1.2426	0.3752	2 -3.31	0.0009			
##	sex=m		-0.8641	0.3664	4 -2.36	0.0183			
##	length		0.7435	0.2762	2.69	0.0071			
##	conj		-1.3970	0.4659	9 -3.00	0.0027			
##									

Good gain in \mathbb{R}^2 , updating the best model.

5. Parts of speech

Distribution of parts of speech



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$part_of_speech, data$form))

##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: table(data$part_of_speech, data$form)
```

```
## p-value = 3.08e-08
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Running the regression:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ part_of_speech, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Logistic Regression Model
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ part_of_speech, data = .)
##
                          Model Likelihood
##
                                                Discrimination
                                                                   Rank Discrim.
##
                                                                       Indexes
                              Ratio Test
                                                    Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                          LR chi2
                                       27.01
                                                R2
                                                          0.123
                                                                            0.657
                   85
                                                                            0.315
##
     subst
                          d.f.
                                                          1.381
                                                                   Dxy
                                                 g
##
                  217
                          Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                          3.980
                                                                            0.522
                                                                   gamma
                                                 gr
##
    max |deriv| 0.001
                                                 gp
                                                          0.128
                                                                   tau-a
                                                                            0.128
##
                                                Brier
                                                          0.187
##
##
                         Coef
                                 S.E.
                                         Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
##
    Intercept
                          1.2629 0.2140 5.90 < 0.0001
                          8.2140 28.5680 0.29
    part_of_speech=adv
                                                0.7737
    part_of_speech=part
                        1.0397
                                 0.7719 1.35
                                                0.1780
    part_of_speech=v
                         -0.8635 0.2760 -3.13 0.0018
```

Incorporating into the best model:

##

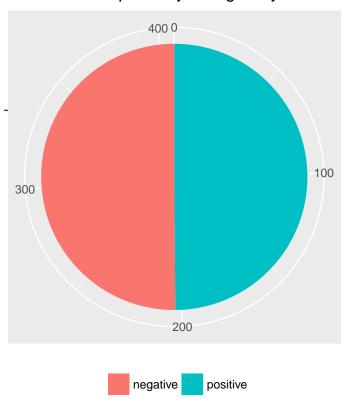
```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos + sex + part_of_speech + conj + length, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + sex + part_of_speech + conj +
##
##
        length, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                Discrimination
                                                                   Rank Discrim.
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                      Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                         LR chi2
                                       56.78
                                                         0.246
                                                                   C
                                                                           0.762
                                                R2
##
                   85
                                                                           0.524
     subst
                          d.f.
                                                          1.932
                                                                   Dxy
                                                g
##
                  217
                         Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                          6.901
                                                                           0.553
                                                gr
                                                                   gamma
##
    max |deriv| 0.004
                                                          0.209
                                                                   tau-a
                                                                           0.213
                                                gp
##
                                                Brier
                                                          0.169
##
##
                                         Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                        Coef
                                 S.E.
##
    Intercept
                         1.9677 0.6495 3.03 0.0025
##
    context_pos=right
                        -1.3005 0.3877 -3.35
                                               0.0008
                        -0.9863 0.3869 -2.55
   part_of_speech=adv
                         8.6332 27.2404 0.32 0.7513
```

```
## part_of_speech=part 1.2871 0.8139 1.58 0.1138
## part_of_speech=v -0.7191 0.2941 -2.44 0.0145
## conj -1.4227 0.4821 -2.95 0.0032
## length 0.8313 0.2871 2.90 0.0038
##
```

Very good gain in R², updating the best model.

6. Positivity and negativity

Distribution of positivity & negativity



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$pos_neg, data$form))
```

```
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: table(data$pos_neg, data$form)
## p-value = 0.0002133
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.2739981 0.6934952
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.4379414
```

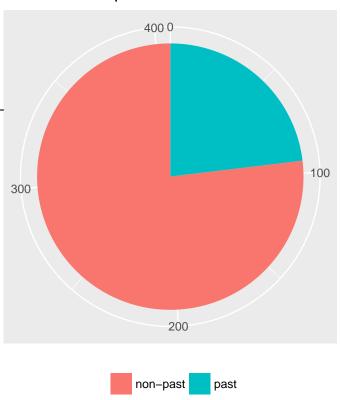
Running the regression:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ pos_neg, data = .) %>%
  print()
## Logistic Regression Model
##
##
   lrm(formula = form ~ pos_neg, data = .)
##
                         Model Likelihood
                                                                 Rank Discrim.
##
                                               Discrimination
                            Ratio Test
##
                                                  Indexes
                                                                    Indexes
##
   Obs
                  302
                         LR chi2
                                      7.77
                                               R2
                                                        0.037
                                                                 C
                                                                         0.589
##
     subst
                   85
                         d.f.
                                                        0.364
                                                                 Dxy
                                                                          0.177
                                               g
##
     vf
                  217
                         Pr(> chi2) 0.0053
                                                        1.439
                                                                          0.348
                                               gr
                                                                 gamma
   max |deriv| 8e-14
##
                                                        0.072
                                                                 tau-a
                                                                          0.072
                                               gp
##
                                                        0.197
                                               Brier
##
##
                Coef
                        S.E.
                               Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
##
                 1.3437 0.2050 6.55 < 0.0001
   Intercept
##
   pos_neg=pos -0.7261 0.2646 -2.74 0.0061
##
Incorporating into the best model:
data.unamb cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos + sex + part_of_speech + conj + length + pos_neg, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
##
   lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + sex + part_of_speech + conj +
        length + pos_neg, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                Discrimination
##
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                      Indexes
##
   Obs
                  302
                         LR chi2
                                       57.79
                                                R2
                                                         0.250
                                                                  С
                                                                           0.761
##
     subst
                   85
                         d.f.
                                                         1.944
                                                                  Dxy
                                                                           0.521
                                                g
##
                  217
                         Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                         6.984
                                                                           0.549
                                                gr
                                                                  gamma
##
   max |deriv| 0.004
                                                         0.210
                                                                  tau-a
                                                                           0.212
                                                gp
##
                                                Brier
                                                         0.168
##
##
                                S.E.
                                        Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                        Coef
##
   Intercept
                         2.0117 0.6556 3.07 0.0022
##
                        -1.3141 0.3898 -3.37
                                               0.0007
   context_pos=right
   sex=m
                        -0.9657
                                 0.3889 -2.48 0.0130
                         8.6391 27.2616 0.32 0.7513
##
   part_of_speech=adv
                                 1.5561 0.01 0.9919
   part_of_speech=part 0.0157
##
   part_of_speech=v
                        -1.9540 1.3263 -1.47 0.1407
##
   conj
                        -1.4268 0.4827 -2.96 0.0031
                         0.8202 0.2876 2.85 0.0043
##
   length
   pos_neg=pos
##
                         1.2683 1.3247 0.96 0.3384
##
```

Gain in \mathbb{R}^2 is very insufficient, not updating the best model.

7. Past tense

Distribution of past tense



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$past_tense, data$form))
```

```
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: table(data$past_tense, data$form)
## p-value = 0.004539
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.2964611 0.8240989
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.4932979
```

Running the regression:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
lrm(form ~ past_tense, data = .) %>%
print()
```

Logistic Regression Model

```
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ past_tense, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                Discrimination
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                      Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                          LR chi2
                                                         0.013
                                                                           0.546
                                       2.79
                                                R.2
                                                                   C
     subst
                   85
                                                         0.175
                                                                           0.091
##
                                                                  Dxy
                                                g
                  217
     πf
                          Pr(> chi2) 0.0946
                                                         1.191
                                                                           0.242
##
                                                gr
                                                                   gamma
##
    max |deriv| 2e-08
                                                         0.037
                                                                  tau-a
                                                                           0.037
                                                gp
##
                                                         0.200
                                                Brier
##
##
                    Coef
                            S.E.
                                   Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                    1.0589 0.1498 7.07 < 0.0001
##
    Intercept
##
    past_tense=yes -0.4936 0.2918 -1.69 0.0908
##
Incorporating into the best model:
data.unamb cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos + sex + part_of_speech + length + conj + past_tense, data = .) %>%
 print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + sex + part_of_speech + length +
##
        conj + past_tense, data = .)
##
##
                           Model Likelihood
                                                                    Rank Discrim.
                                                 Discrimination
##
                              Ratio Test
                                                    Indexes
                                                                       Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                          LR chi2
                                       58.39
                                                 R2
                                                          0.253
                                                                    С
                                                                            0.765
##
     subst
                   85
                          d.f.
                                                          1.958
                                                                            0.529
                                                                    Dxy
                                                 g
                                                          7.088
##
     πf
                  217
                          Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                                            0.547
                                                                    gamma
                                                 gr
##
    max |deriv| 0.004
                                                          0.214
                                                                    tau-a
                                                                            0.215
                                                 gp
##
                                                          0.167
                                                 Brier
```

Gain in \mathbb{R}^2 is very insufficient, not updating the best model.

Coef

1.9585

-0.9724

1.4008

-0.6645

-1.3554

0.8201

S.E.

-1.2970 0.3868 -3.35

-0.4254 0.3343 -1.27

8. Provisional and conditional forms

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

Intercept

sex=m

length

conj

context_pos=right

part_of_speech=adv

part_of_speech=v

past_tense=yes

part_of_speech=part

Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)

0.0008

0.0121

0.0260

0.0046

0.0056

0.2032

0.6519 3.00 0.0027

0.8161 1.72 0.0861

0.3876 - 2.51

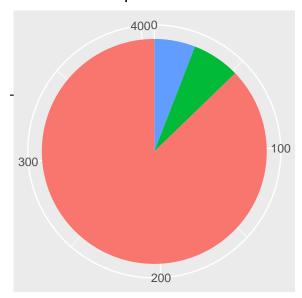
8.7568 26.8495 0.33 0.7443

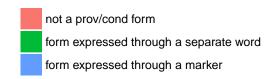
0.2985 - 2.23

0.2893 2.83

0.4897 - 2.77

Distribution of provisional and conditional forms





Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$prov_cond, data$form))
```

```
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: table(data$prov_cond, data$form)
## p-value = 1.533e-12
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Running the regression:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ prov_cond, data = .) %>%
  print()
```

```
## Logistic Regression Model
##
   lrm(formula = form ~ prov_cond, data = .)
##
##
                         Model Likelihood
                                             Discrimination
                                                              Rank Discrim.
##
##
                           Ratio Test
                                                Indexes
                                                                 Indexes
##
   Obs
                 302
                        LR chi2 31.91
                                             R2
                                                 0.144
                                                              C
                                                                      0.607
##
                 85
                        d.f.
                                                     0.413
                                                                      0.215
    subst
                                                              Dxy
                                             g
                        Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
##
    vf
                 217
                                             gr
                                                     1.512
                                                              gamma
                                                                      0.737
   max |deriv| 3e-10
                                                     0.087
                                                              tau-a
                                                                      0.087
                                             gp
```

```
Brier
##
                                                         0.178
##
                  Coef
##
                          S.E.
                                 Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                   1.1847 0.1440 8.23 < 0.0001
##
   Intercept
##
   prov_cond=sep -2.9193 0.6426 -4.54
                                        <0.0001
   prov cond=vf -0.7147 0.5880 -1.22 0.2241
##
```

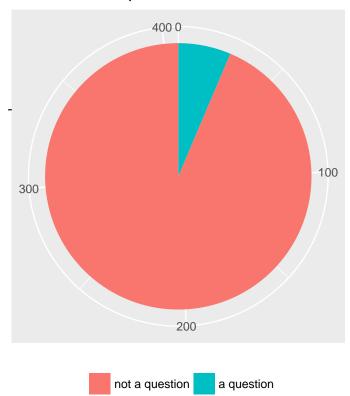
Incorporating into the best model:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos +conj + sex + part_of_speech + length + prov_cond, data = .) %>%
  print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
##
   lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + conj + sex + part_of_speech +
##
        length + prov_cond, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                               Discrimination
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                     Indexes
                  302
                         LR chi2
                                      76.46
                                                         0.322
                                                                  С
                                                                          0.789
##
   Obs
                                               R2
##
                   85
                         d.f.
                                                         2.105
                                                                          0.578
     subst
                                                g
                                                                  Dxy
##
    vf
                  217
                         Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                gr
                                                         8.208
                                                                  gamma
                                                                          0.598
##
   max |deriv| 0.004
                                                         0.236
                                                                  tau-a
                                                                          0.235
                                                gp
##
                                                Brier
                                                         0.155
##
##
                                        Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                        Coef
                                S.E.
##
    Intercept
                         1.7415 0.6709 2.60 0.0094
##
   context_pos=right
                        -1.0917
                                 0.3965 -2.75
                                              0.0059
##
   conj
                        -1.5668
                                 0.5060 - 3.10
                                               0.0020
##
   sex=m
                        -1.0583
                                 0.4002 -2.64 0.0082
   part of speech=adv
                         8.5476 27.2519 0.31 0.7538
##
   part_of_speech=part 1.2055 0.8209 1.47
                                              0.1419
   part_of_speech=v
                        -0.5444 0.3135 -1.74 0.0825
##
   length
                                 0.3028 3.15 0.0016
                         0.9550
                        -2.5257
                                 0.6800 -3.71 0.0002
##
   prov_cond=sep
                                 0.6323 0.14 0.8892
##
   prov_cond=vf
                         0.0881
```

Good gain, updating the model.

9. Question

Distribution of questions



Testing for dependence:

```
fisher.test(table(data$quest, data$form))

##

## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

##

## data: table(data$quest, data$form)

## p-value = 1

## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1

## 95 percent confidence interval:

## 0.4450427 3.3132937

## sample estimates:

## odds ratio

## 1.144078

No reason to run regression.
```

Incorporating into the best model:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos + conj + sex + length + part_of_speech + prov_cond + quest, data = .) %>%
  print()

## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
```

```
## Logistic Regression Model
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + conj + sex + length + part_of_speech +
##
##
        prov_cond + quest, data = .)
##
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                Discrimination
                                                                  Rank Discrim.
##
                             Ratio Test
                                                   Indexes
                                                                     Indexes
                         LR chi2
                                                                           0.789
##
   Obs
                  302
                                      76.66
                                                R2
                                                         0.322
                                                                  C
##
     subst
                   85
                         d.f.
                                          10
                                                         2.109
                                                                  Dxy
                                                                           0.578
                                                g
                         Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                         8.239
                                                                           0.594
##
     νf
                  217
                                                                  gamma
                                                gr
##
   max |deriv| 0.004
                                                         0.236
                                                                  tau-a
                                                                           0.235
                                                gp
##
                                                         0.155
                                                Brier
##
##
                                         Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
                        Coef
                                S.E.
##
                         1.7551 0.6728 2.61 0.0091
   Intercept
##
    context_pos=right
                        -1.1180
                                 0.4005 - 2.79
                                                0.0053
##
                                 0.5093 -3.03
                                               0.0025
   conj
                        -1.5428
##
   sex=m
                        -1.0460
                                 0.4010 - 2.61
                                               0.0091
                         0.9440
                                 0.3042 3.10 0.0019
## length
   part_of_speech=adv
                         8.5364 27.2287 0.31 0.7539
##
   part_of_speech=part 1.1941 0.8217 1.45 0.1462
   part_of_speech=v
                        -0.5861
                                 0.3262 -1.80 0.0724
                                 0.6867 -3.62 0.0003
##
   prov_cond=sep
                        -2.4824
                                 0.6355 0.18 0.8562
##
   prov cond=vf
                         0.1151
                         0.2520 0.5621 0.45 0.6539
##
   quest=yes
```

No changes to R^2 , not updating the model.

Final model:

```
data.unamb_cont %>%
  lrm(form ~ context_pos +conj + sex + part_of_speech + length + prov_cond, data = .) %>%
  print()
## Warning in Design(eval.parent(m)): Variable context_pos has levels left
## right which do not match levels given to datadist ( left right unclear ).
## datadist values ignored.
## Logistic Regression Model
##
##
    lrm(formula = form ~ context_pos + conj + sex + part_of_speech +
##
        length + prov_cond, data = .)
##
                          Model Likelihood
                                                Discrimination
                                                                   Rank Discrim.
##
##
                              Ratio Test
                                                    Indexes
                                                                       Indexes
##
    Obs
                  302
                          LR chi2
                                       76.46
                                                R.2
                                                          0.322
                                                                   C
                                                                            0.789
##
                   85
                                                                            0.578
     subst
                          d.f.
                                                 g
                                                          2.105
                                                                   Dxy
##
                  217
                          Pr(> chi2) <0.0001
                                                          8.208
                                                                            0.598
     νf
                                                                   gamma
                                                 gr
##
    max |deriv| 0.004
                                                          0.236
                                                                   tau-a
                                                                            0.235
                                                 gp
##
                                                          0.155
                                                 Brier
##
                                         Wald Z Pr(>|Z|)
##
                         Coef
                                 S.E.
##
    Intercept
                          1.7415 0.6709 2.60 0.0094
                         -1.0917 0.3965 -2.75 0.0059
    context_pos=right
```

```
-1.5668 0.5060 -3.10 0.0020
##
   conj
                      -1.0583 0.4002 -2.64 0.0082
##
   sex=m
  part_of_speech=adv
                      8.5476 27.2519 0.31 0.7538
##
  part_of_speech=part 1.2055 0.8209 1.47 0.1419
##
   part_of_speech=v
                      -0.5444
                              0.3135 -1.74 0.0825
##
   length
                       0.9550 0.3028 3.15 0.0016
##
   prov_cond=sep
                      -2.5257 0.6800 -3.71 0.0002
   prov_cond=vf
                       0.0881 0.6323 0.14 0.8892
##
##
```

Our model explains 32% of the dependent variable's variance. It is greater than probability of choosing the substantivation strategy, so it might be a good result.

Distribution of strategies

