

Class 11

#Section 1. Proportion of G/G in a population

```
mxl <- read.csv("373531-SampleGenotypes-Homo_sapiens_Variation_Sample_rs8067378-4.csv")
head(mxl)
```

	Sample..Male.Female.Unknown..	Genotype..forward.strand..	Population.s.	Father
1		NA19648 (F)	A A ALL, AMR, MXL	-
2		NA19649 (M)	G G ALL, AMR, MXL	-
3		NA19651 (F)	A A ALL, AMR, MXL	-
4		NA19652 (M)	G G ALL, AMR, MXL	-
5		NA19654 (F)	G G ALL, AMR, MXL	-
6		NA19655 (M)	A G ALL, AMR, MXL	-
	Mother			
1	-			
2	-			
3	-			
4	-			
5	-			
6	-			

```
table(mx1$Genotype..forward.strand.)
```

A A	A G	G A	G G
22	21	12	9

```
table(mx1$Genotype..forward.strand.) / nrow(mx1) * 100
```

A A	A G	G A	G G
34.3750	32.8125	18.7500	14.0625

```
gbr <- read.csv("373522-SampleGenotypes-Homo_sapiens_Variation_Sample_rs8067378.csv")

round(table(gbr$Genotype..forward.strand.) / nrow(gbr) *100, 2)
```

A A	A G	G A	G G
25.27	18.68	26.37	29.67

Section 4: Population Scale Analysis

One sample is obviously not enough to know what is happening in a population. You are interested in assessing genetic differences on a population scale.

How many samples do we have? >Q13. Read this file into R and determine the sample size for each genotype and their corresponding median expression levels for each of these genotypes.

```
expr <- read.table("rs8067378_ENSG00000172057.6.txt")
head(expr)
```

	sample	geno	exp
1	HG00367	A/G	28.96038
2	NA20768	A/G	20.24449
3	HG00361	A/A	31.32628
4	HG00135	A/A	34.11169
5	NA18870	G/G	18.25141
6	NA11993	A/A	32.89721

```
nrow(expr)
```

```
[1] 462
```

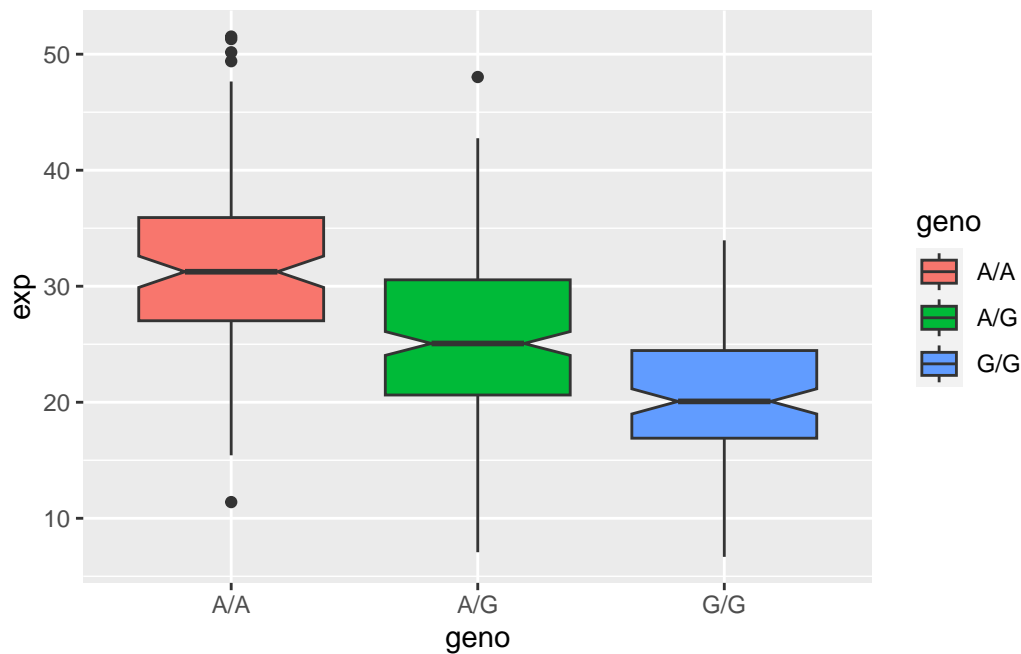
```
table(expr$geno)
```

A/A A/G G/G
108 233 121

```
library(ggplot2)
```

Let's make a boxplot

```
ggplot(expr) + aes(geno, exp, fill=geno) + geom_boxplot(notch=TRUE)
```



Q14. Generate a boxplot with a box per genotype, what could you infer from the relative expression value between A/A and G/G displayed in this plot? Does the SNP effect the expression of ORMDL3?

Looks like having a G/G in this location is associated with having a reduced expression of ORMDL3. According to the boxplot you could infer that A/A has a higher expression value than G/G.