

Report on WeatherAustralia dataset

Auto2Class

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1 Exploratory Data Analysis

1.1 Non-Null Count, Dtype of features

Table 1: Dataset Columns Information

Index	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Date	3000	object
1	Location	3000	object
2	MinTemp	2961	float64
3	MaxTemp	2970	float64
4	Rainfall	2922	float64
5	Evaporation	1667	float64
6	Sunshine	1506	float64
7	WindGustDir	2791	object
8	WindGustSpeed	2793	float64
9	WindDir9am	2787	object
10	WindDir3pm	2915	object
11	WindSpeed9am	2966	float64
12	WindSpeed3pm	2937	float64
13	Humidity9am	2939	float64
14	Humidity3pm	2898	float64
15	Pressure9am	2681	float64
16	Pressure3pm	2684	float64
17	Cloud9am	1832	float64
18	Cloud3pm	1771	float64
19	Temp9am	2958	float64
20	Temp3pm	2918	float64
21	RainToday	2922	object
22	RainTomorrow	2926	object

1.2 Descriptive Statistics

Table 2: Dataset Descriptive Statistics

Index	Column Name/Statistic	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
0	MinTemp	2961.0	11.96	6.33	-5.0	7.5	11.8	16.8	29.4
1	MaxTemp	2970.0	22.97	7.17	-1.9	17.6	22.3	28.1	46.1
2	Rainfall	2922.0	2.15	7.79	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	225.0
3	Evaporation	1667.0	5.35	3.75	0.0	2.6	4.6	7.4	31.0
4	Sunshine	1506.0	7.46	3.87	0.0	4.6	8.2	10.7	14.5
5	WindGustSpeed	2793.0	39.81	13.33	9.0	31.0	39.0	46.0	106.0
6	WindSpeed9am	2966.0	14.02	8.93	0.0	7.0	13.0	19.0	65.0
7	WindSpeed3pm	2937.0	18.66	8.87	0.0	13.0	19.0	24.0	65.0
8	Humidity9am	2939.0	69.13	18.85	4.0	57.0	70.0	83.0	100.0
9	Humidity3pm	2898.0	51.86	20.79	4.0	37.0	52.0	66.0	100.0
10	Pressure9am	2681.0	1017.89	7.12	982.2	1013.2	1017.8	1022.6	1040.3
11	Pressure3pm	2684.0	1015.52	7.08	984.2	1010.6	1015.5	1020.3	1037.6
12	Cloud9am	1832.0	4.49	2.88	0.0	1.0	5.0	7.0	8.0
13	Cloud3pm	1771.0	4.58	2.72	0.0	2.0	5.0	7.0	8.0
14	Temp9am	2958.0	16.74	6.44	-4.1	12.0	16.25	21.4	35.2
15	Temp3pm	2918.0	21.43	6.99	-1.0	16.23	20.7	26.3	44.5

1.3 Distribution of features

1.3.1 Histograms of Numerical columns

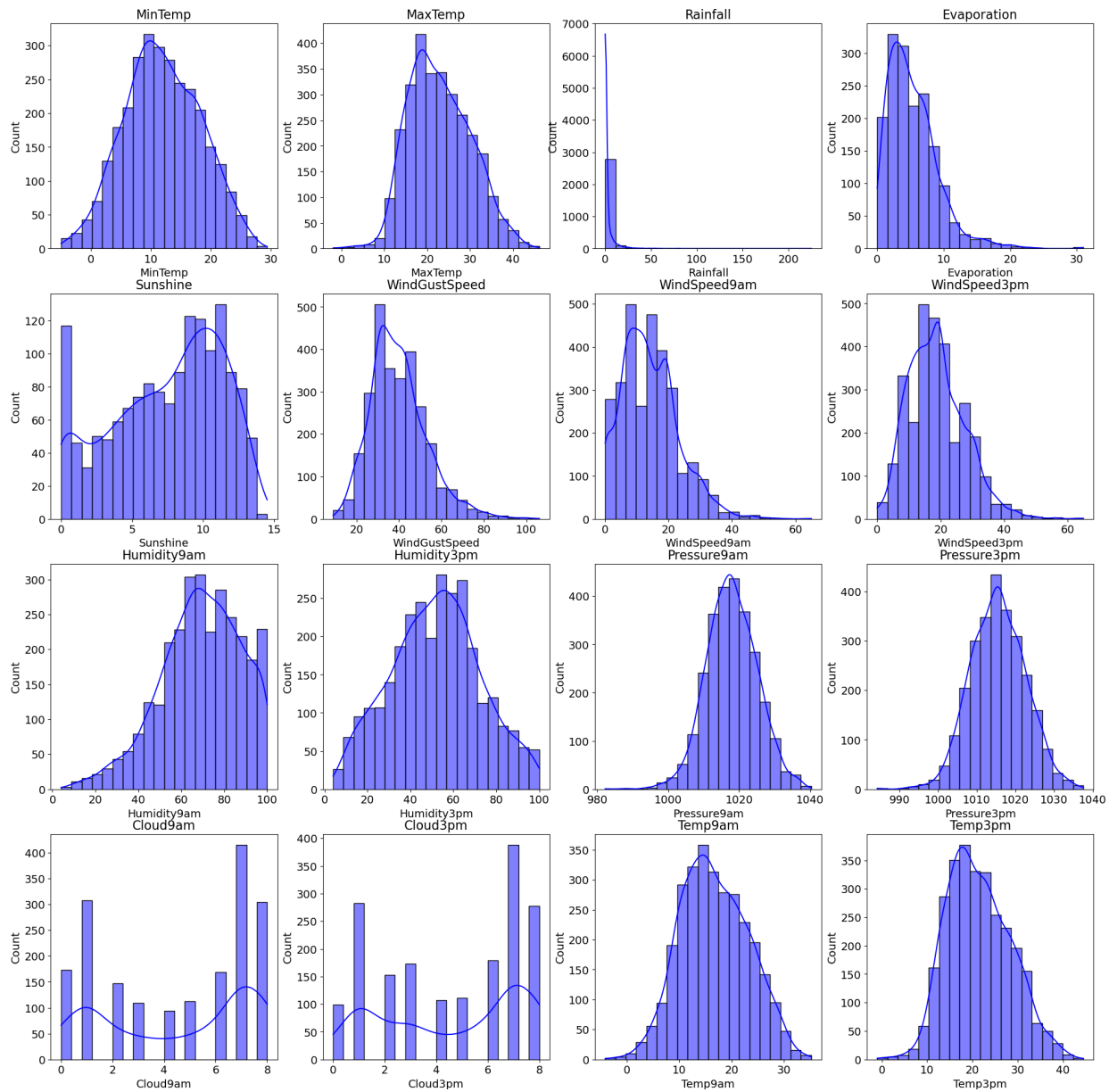


Figure 1: Histograms of Numerical columns

1.3.2 Bar Charts of Categorical columns

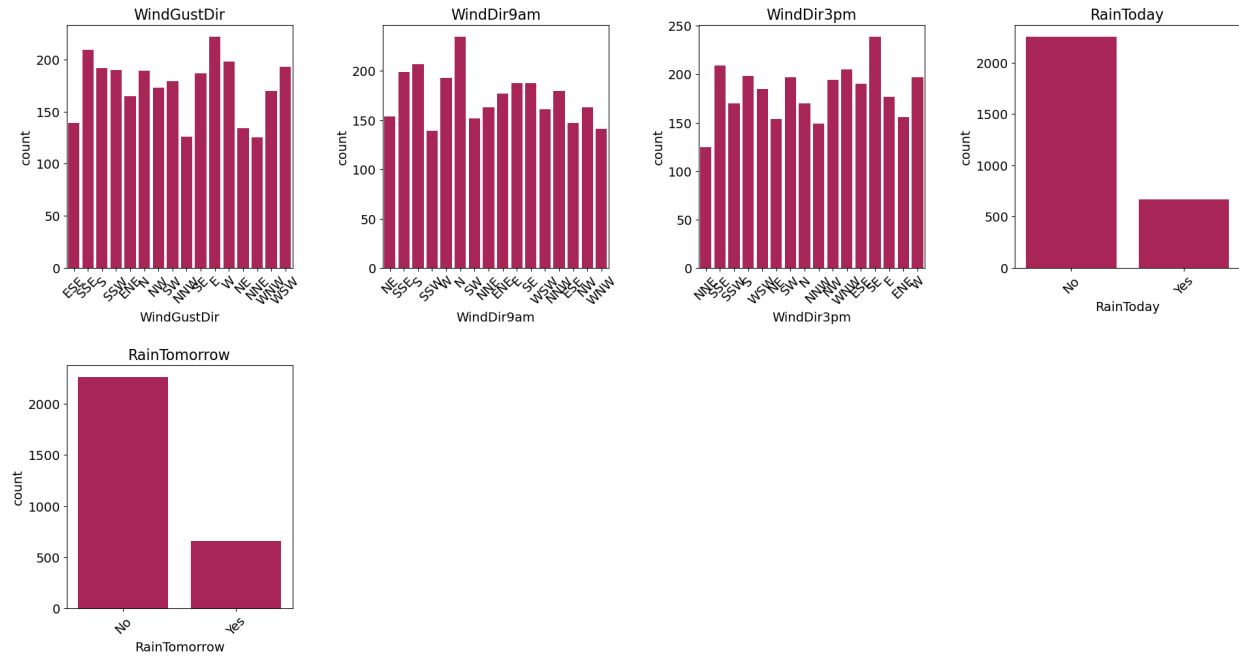


Figure 2: Bar Charts of Categorical columns

2 Evaluation Metrics

2.1 Accuracy

Accuracy is one of the simplest evaluation metrics for classification models. It is defined as the ratio of correctly predicted observations to the total number of observations:

$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{\text{Number of Correct Predictions}}{\text{Total Number of Predictions}}$$

While accuracy is intuitive and easy to understand, it may not be suitable for imbalanced datasets. For example, in a dataset where 95% of the samples belong to one class, predicting the majority class for every instance would result in high accuracy but poor performance on the minority class.

2.2 F1 Score

The **F1 Score** is the harmonic mean of Precision and Recall, providing a balance between the two. It is particularly useful when dealing with imbalanced datasets. Precision and Recall are defined as follows:

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{\text{True Positives}}{\text{True Positives} + \text{False Positives}}$$

$$\text{Recall} = \frac{\text{True Positives}}{\text{True Positives} + \text{False Negatives}}$$

The F1 Score combines these metrics:

$$\text{F1 Score} = 2 \cdot \frac{\text{Precision} \cdot \text{Recall}}{\text{Precision} + \text{Recall}}$$

A high F1 Score indicates a good balance between Precision and Recall, making it a valuable metric in scenarios where false positives and false negatives have significant costs.

2.3 ROC AUC

The Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) curve plots the True Positive Rate (Recall) against the False Positive Rate at various threshold settings. The **Area Under the Curve (AUC) of the ROC curve** measures the overall ability of the model to distinguish between classes.

$$\text{AUC} = \int_{\text{FPR}=0}^1 \text{TPR}(\text{FPR}) d(\text{FPR})$$

Key points about ROC AUC:

- An AUC of 0.5 indicates random guessing.
- An AUC of 1.0 indicates perfect classification.
- It is a threshold-independent metric, providing an aggregate measure of performance across all classification thresholds.

ROC AUC is particularly useful for binary classification tasks and provides insights into the trade-off between sensitivity and specificity.

3 Model Optimization Results

3.1 Optimization Results Tables

Table 3: Random Forest Hyperparameters and achived metrics

Index	Metric/Hyperp. \ Iteration	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	f1	0.9437	0.8196	0.9346	0.7529	0.7783	0.9523	0.7294	0.8909
1	accuracy	0.9437	0.8196	0.9347	0.753	0.7784	0.9523	0.7294	0.8909
2	roc_auc	0.9912	0.9113	0.9869	0.827	0.8679	0.9901	0.8203	0.9613
3	n_estimators	100	50	50	50	200	100	200	200
4	criterion	gini	gini	log_loss	log_loss	gini	entropy	gini	log_loss
5	max_depth	None	20	30	10	10	None	30	10
6	min_samples_split	2	2	2	10	10	2	10	10
7	min_samples_leaf	1	1	1	4	2	2	1	1
8	min_weight_fraction_leaf	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.1	0.05	0.0	0.1	0.0
9	max_features	sqrt	log2	None	None	sqrt	sqrt	None	log2
10	bootstrap	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1

Table 4: Decision Tree Hyperparameters and achived metrics

Index	Metric/Hyperp. \ Iteration	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	f1	0.8979	0.7256	0.8412	0.7299	0.6491	0.8436	0.8692	0.453
1	accuracy	0.8985	0.7302	0.8413	0.73	0.6607	0.8437	0.8695	0.5022
2	roc_auc	0.8985	0.7303	0.898	0.805	0.6552	0.9067	0.8973	0.4995
3	criterion	gini	log_loss	log_loss	gini	gini	entropy	entropy	entropy
4	splitter	best	best	best	best	random	best	random	best
5	max_depth	None	None	40	10	40	10	40	40
6	min_samples_split	2	10	2	10	5	5	5	5
7	min_samples_leaf	1	2	4	4	1	1	1	4
8	max_features	None	None	sqrt	None	None	None	log2	log2
9	class_weight	None	None	None	None	balanced	balanced	balanced	balanced
10	min_impurity_decrease	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.01	0.05	0.0	0.0	0.1

Table 5: XGBoost Hyperparameters and achived metrics

Index	Metric/Hyperp. \ Iteration	0	1	2
0	f1	0.9436	0.9028	0.8203
1	accuracy	0.9437	0.9029	0.8203
2	roc_auc	0.9828	0.9643	0.9085
3	eval_metric	logloss	logloss	logloss
4	n_estimators	100	50	50
5	max_depth	6	10	6
6	learning_rate	0.3	0.05	0.05
7	subsample	1.0	0.7	0.5
8	colsample_bytree	1.0	0.7	0.7
9	min_child_weight	1	1	7
10	gamma	0.0	0.0	0.1
11	reg_alpha	0	1	1
12	reg_lambda	1	1	2

3.2 Boxplots of accuracy, f1, roc_auc

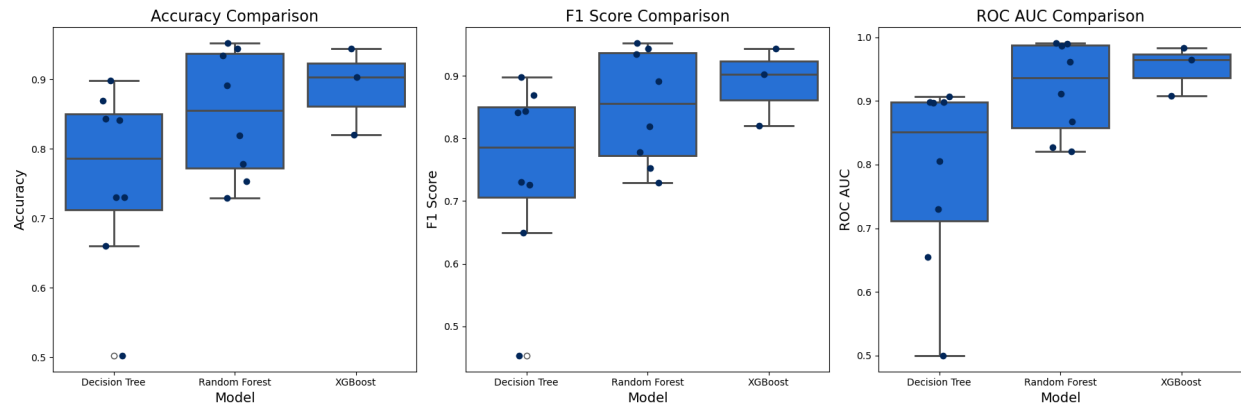


Figure 3: Boxplots of accuracy, f1, roc_auc

3.3 Barplots of maximum values of metrics achieved by model

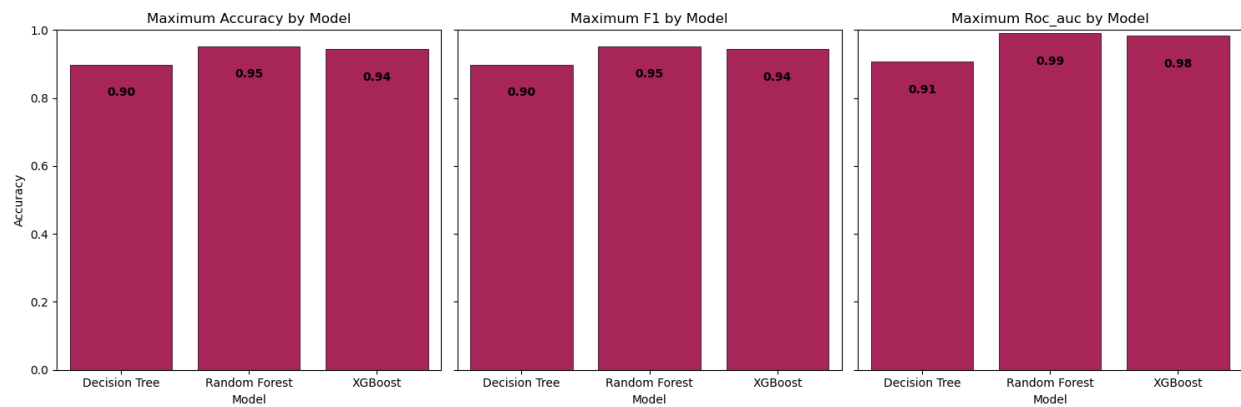


Figure 4: Barplots of maximum values of metrics achieved by model

4 Interpretability of the best models

Auto2class package defined the best model as the one that achieved the highest value of a metric, chosen by the user, or ROC AUC by default. In this case, the optimization process was aimed at maximizing **F1 Score**.

Do not forget, that after preprocessing, columns names have changed, because of transformations of categorical features.

4.1 The best XGBoost model Explanation

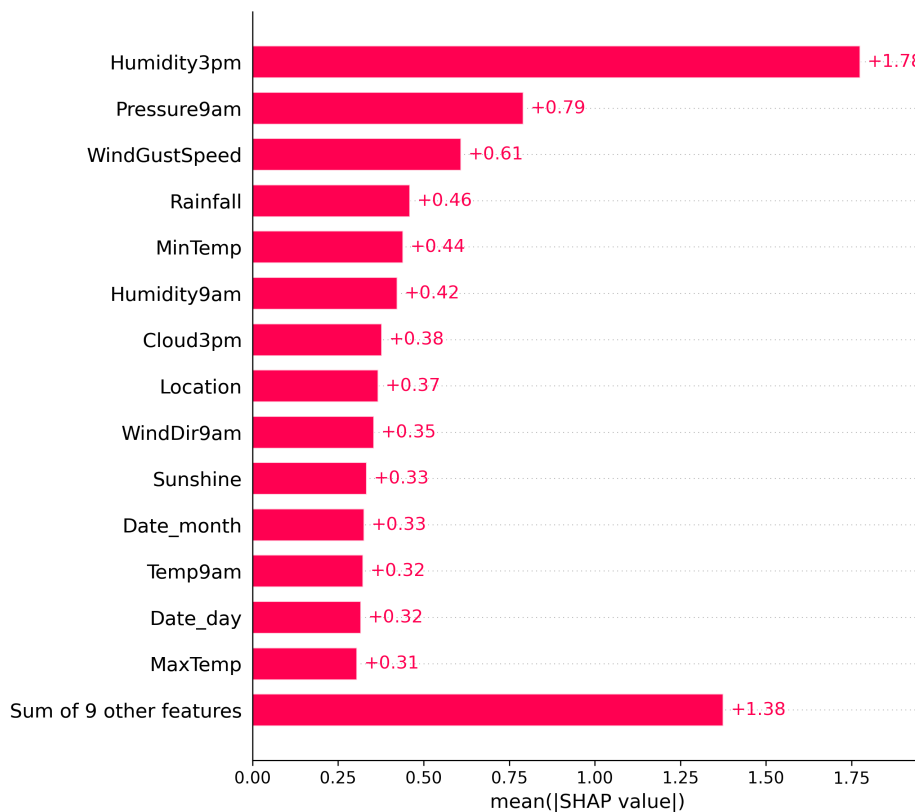


Figure 5: SHAP values for the best XGBoost model

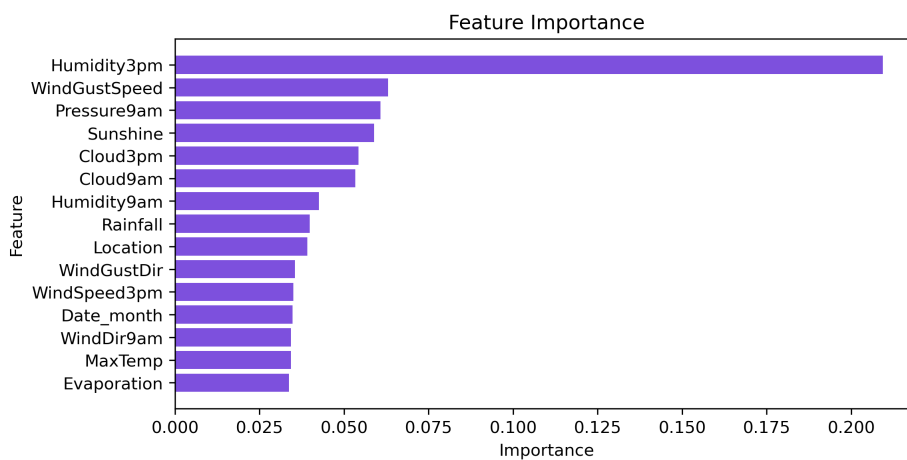


Figure 6: Feature Importance for the best XGBoost model

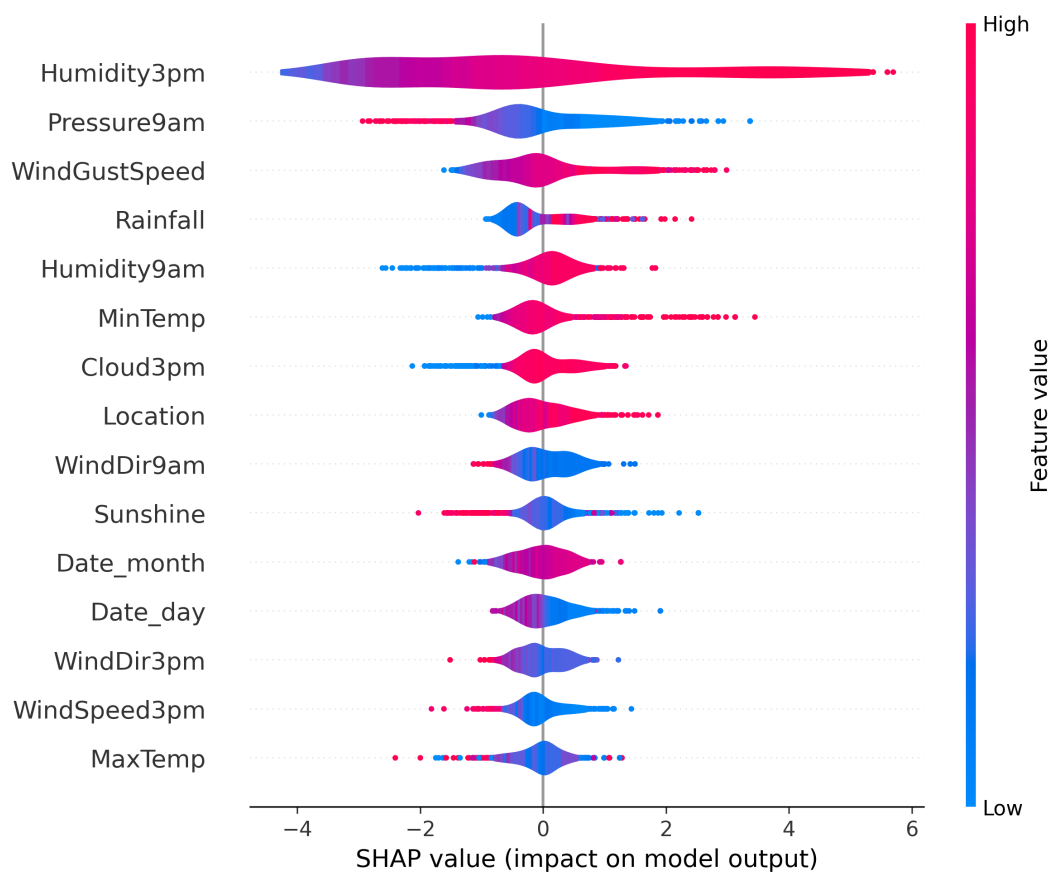


Figure 7: Violin plot (SHAP) of impact on prediction for the best default XGBoost model