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## T.E. (CSE) (Part - I) (Semester - V) (Revised) (New) Examination, June - 2014 **OPERATING SYSTEM -I**

Sub. Code: 45603 Total Marks: 100 Day and Date: Saturday, 07 - 06 - 2014 Time: 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Q. No. 1 & Q. No. 5 are compulsory. Instructions: 1) Attempt any two from Q. No. 2, 3 & 4 & any two from Q. No. 6, 7 & 8. 2) Assume suitable data wherever necessary. 3) SECTION-I What are the different types of system calls? Give examples from each Q1) a) [8] category of system calls. [10] Explain the following types of Operating systems: b) Multiprocessor systems i) Desktop systems (iii What are the different states in which a process can reside? Explain O2) a) PCB. With the help of a diagram describe how the CPU swithces between [8] processes. Describe the Direct & Indirect communication involved in interprocess (O3) a) [8] communication. What are the benefits of threads? Explain different multithreading models. b) [8] Comment on - "Scheduling can be pre-emptive on Non-preemptive".[8]

Q4) a)

What criterias have been suggested for comparing CPU scheduling b) [8] algorithms.

## **SECTION-II**

Q5)	a)	What is Race Condition? Explain it using a producer-Consumer examp  [1	le.
	b)	Explain how one can achieve mutual exclusion implementation with To And set & swap.	est [8]
Q6)	a)	What is a safe state? With the help of an example explain how a system can enter into an unsafe state.	em 8]
	b)	Write an algorithm to detect a deadlock with several instances of Resource type.	8]
		1.20 LYNN / LYNN AND	
Q7)	a)	Explain Recovery of the deadlock using process Termination.	8]
	b)	With regard to address binding explain-	8]
		i) Compile time	
		ii) Load time	
		iii) Execution time	
Q8)	a)	Distinguish between Logical & Physical Address space. [	8]
orwi Br	b)	What are Overlays? How they are useful in memory management? [	8]

