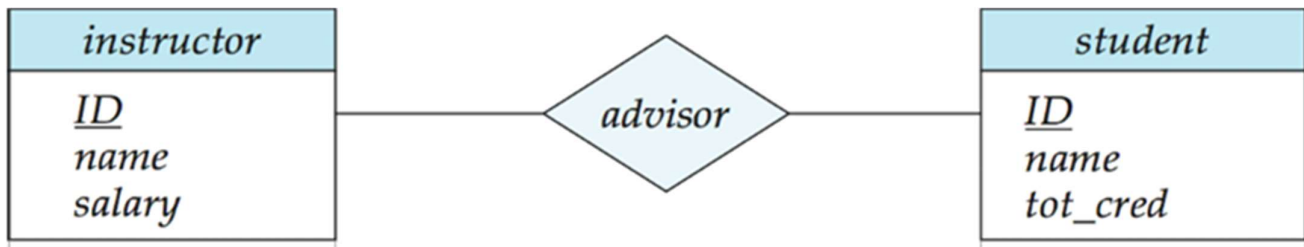


UNIT 1

- 1) Define and Differentiate between Super Key, Candidate Key and Primary Key. Give appropriate example.
- 2) List different types of users in Database environment. Explain the role played by each of the listed users.
- 3) Define Database. List and explain the applications of Database.
- 4) Explain the ER Model in details. (Defn 1 mark, symbols 3, example 3).

UNIT 2

- 1) How is ER diagram reduced? and reduce the below ERD to relational schema.



Reduction 3 marks, example 4 marks

- 2) List and explain the Extended Features of ER model.
- 3) Explain the rules for reduction of following notation in ERD, with appropriate examples.
 - a) Weak Entity set.
 - b) Multivalued attribute in Strong Entity set
 - c) Many to One relationship set.

UNIT 3

- 1) List and explain aggregate functions of SQL with appropriate examples.
- 2) Explain the following SQL constructs with examples: (1) order by, (2) group by, (3) having, (4) as, (5) in
- 3) Consider the following Database design.
 - Customer (cid, custname, custstreet, custcity)
 - Account (accno, branchname, balance)
 - Loan (loanno, branchname, amount)
 - Borrower (cid, loanno)
 - Branch (branchname, branchcity, asset)
 - Depositor (cid, accno)

Solve the following queries in SQL:

- a. Display the name of customers who have both account and loan at the bank. (2 Marks)
 - b. Update amount of loan to 10000 where loan number is "L-101". (2 Marks)
 - c. Change the column name custcity to ccity. (1 Mark)
 - d. Find all customers who an account but no loan at bank. (2 Marks)
- 4) List and explain the types of Joins in SQL.

UNIT 4

- 1) Define the terms Primary Index and Secondary Index. Differentiate between them on basis of the Evaluation Criteria for indices.
- 2) When does a collision occur in hashing? Illustrate various collision resolution techniques.
- 3) Illustrate Multiple Key Access with appropriate example.

UNIT 5

- 1) List and explain the variants of Two Phase Lock Protocol
- 2) Explain with appropriate example the following terms:
 - a) Recoverable Schedules.
 - b) Cascadeless Schedules.
- 3) Draw and explain the Transaction State Diagram.

UNIT 6

- 1) Explain the purpose of Checkpoint mechanism. Explain the steps for performing a checkpoint.
- 2) State and explain various classes of failure in database system.
- 3) Elaborate the Immediate Database Modification with its Recovery mechanism.
- 4) Compare Deferred Database Modification and Immediate Database Modification.

OUT OF DYP QB

- 1) What is data redundancy? Explain the update anomalies. (Definition 1 marks, anomalies 6 marks). [Unit 2]
- 2) Explain the time stamp based protocol. Give an example of it. (Explanation 4 marks, Example 3 marks). [Unit 5]