

# phenotypes

2023-10-10

## Cleaning Phenotypes

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```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v forcats   1.0.0      v readr     2.1.5
## v ggplot2    3.5.1      v stringr  1.5.1
## v lubridate  1.9.4      v tibble   3.2.1
## v purrr      1.0.2      v tidyr    1.3.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
##
## Attaching package: 'EnvStats'
##
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   predict, predict.lm
```

## Red area (nectar guide data)

### Load and filter data

```
redarea <- read_sheet(ss="19XH13K57mDi2BpMPrlNOR2w16VSswVOYP6WYKYJHvuqs", sheet="red_area")
```

```
## ! Using an auto-discovered, cached token.

## To suppress this message, modify your code or options to clearly consent to
## the use of a cached token.

## See gargle's "Non-interactive auth" vignette for more details:
## <https://gargle.r-lib.org/articles/non-interactive-auth.html>

## i The googlesheets4 package is using a cached token for 'kuckele@ucsc.edu'.
```

```

## Auto-refreshing stale OAuth token.
## v Reading from "F2_phenotypes".
## v Range 'red_area'.
#make a new column that makes a unique ID for each plant
redarea <- mutate(redarea, unique_ID = paste0(plant_type, "_", ID))

#exclude parents and F1s
redarea <- filter(redarea, plant_type != "F1", plant_type != "P")

#exclude columns we don't need
redarea <- redarea %>% dplyr::select(-date, -photo_set, -plant_type, -ID, -labellum_photo, -stamen_photo)

#rename columns
redarea <- redarea %>% dplyr::rename("RALA" = "red_labellum",
                                   "RAST" = "red_stamen")

#take a quick look at data frame
redarea

## # A tibble: 230 x 3
##       RALA  RAST unique_ID
##       <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1     0      0    39_2
## 2  0.002     0    39_3
## 3  63.4    4.92   39_5
## 4  54.3   12.3   39_5
## 5  71.4     3.6   39_6
## 6 109.     9.3   39_6
## 7   4.7    1.01   39_9
## 8   1.4    1.1   39_9
## 9     0      0   39_10
## 10    0      0   39_10
## # i 220 more rows

```

## Collapse the replicate observations

```

#First, make a function to calculate the mode of categorical variables
#this function will output NA if there is a tie
Modes <- function(x) {
  ux <- unique(na.omit(x))
  tab <- tabulate(match(x, ux))
  if(sum(tab == max(tab)) == 2) {NA}
  else {ux[tab == max(tab)]}
}

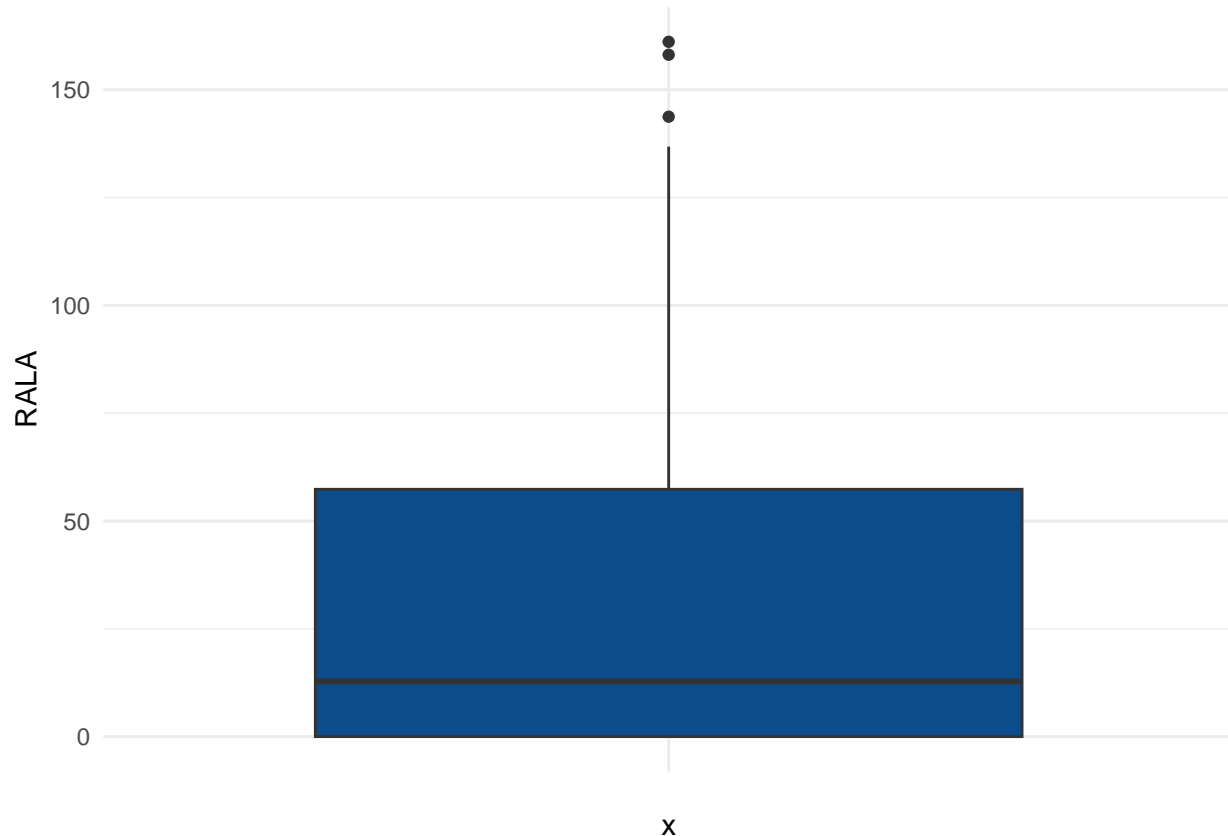
#collapse the replicates by taking means
#first take the mean of continuous data
redarea_by_ID <- redarea %>% group_by(unique_ID) %>% reframe(
  tibble(
    across(where(is.double), \(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE)),
    across(where(is.character), Modes),
    across(where(is.factor), Modes)
  )
)

```

```
)
)
```

## Identify potential outliers

```
## Boxplot of red labellum
ggplot(redarea_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = RALA) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
## Identify potential outliers using the IQR criterion
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(redarea_by_ID$RALA)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 161.1000 158.1000 143.7333
```

```
## Rosner test
rosnerTest(redarea_by_ID$RALA, k=length(boxplot.stats(redarea_by_ID$RALA)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
```

```

## Data:                                redarea_by_ID$RALA
##
## Sample Size:                        129
##
## Test Statistics:                     R.1 = 3.090004
##                                     R.2 = 3.150395
##                                     R.3 = 2.921505
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:           k = 3
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:             Up to 3 observations are not
##                                     from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                       5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:        0
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i    Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 33.37575 41.33465 161.1000    37 3.090004   3.468769  FALSE
## 2 1 32.37791 39.90677 158.1000    93 3.150395   3.466243  FALSE
## 3 2 31.38797 38.45461 143.7333    38 2.921505   3.463694  FALSE

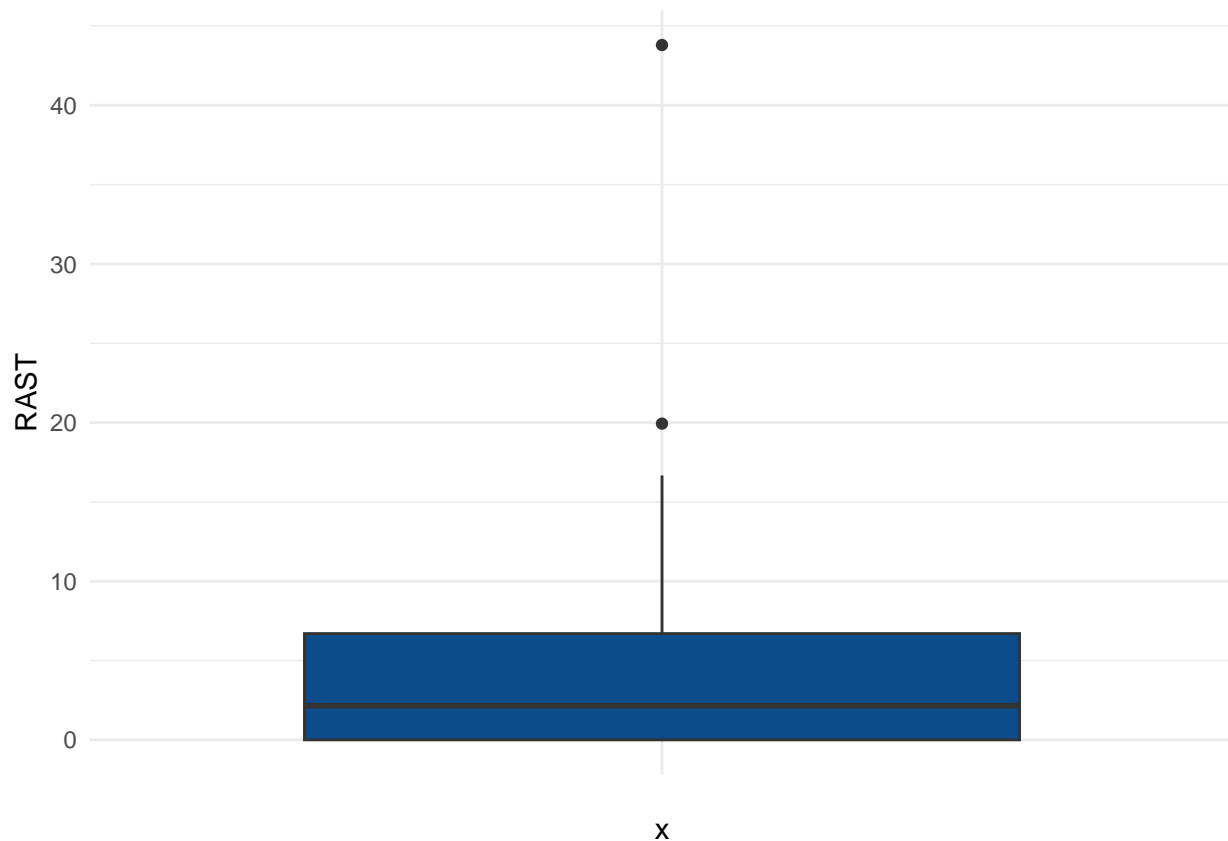
```

*#no outliers detected*

```

## Boxplot of red stamen
ggplot(redarea_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = RAST) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```



```
# print outlier values
boxplot.stats(redarea_by_ID$RAST)$out
```

```
## [1] 19.93333 43.80000
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(redarea_by_ID$RAST, k=length(boxplot.stats(redarea_by_ID$RAST)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       redarea_by_ID$RAST
##
## Sample Size:                129
##
## Test Statistics:             R.1 = 6.944386
##                             R.2 = 3.566435
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 2
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 2 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
```

```
## Type I Error:                5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:  2
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i    Value Obs.Num    R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 4.137136 5.711500 43.80000    106 6.944386   3.468769    TRUE
## 2 1 3.827270 4.516013 19.93333    105 3.566435   3.466243    TRUE

#two outliers detected
## Remove outliers
redarea_by_ID <- redarea_by_ID %>%
  mutate(RAST = na_if(RAST, 43.800)) %>%
  mutate(RAST = na_if(RAST, 19.933))
```

## Inflorescence-level data

### Load and filter data

```
#get access to google sheets
gs4_auth(email = "kuckele@ucsc.edu")
#read in the tab of interest and convert it to a commonly named df
inflor <- read_sheet(ss="19XH3K57mDi2BpMPrlNOR2w16VSwVOYP6WYKYJHvuqs", sheet="inflorescences")

## v Reading from "F2_phenotypes".
## v Range ''inflorescences''.

#make a new column that makes a unique ID for each plant
inflor <- mutate(inflor, unique_ID = paste0(plant_type, "_", ID))

#exclude parents and F1s
inflor <- filter(inflor, plant_type != "F1", plant_type != "P")

#exclude columns we don't need
inflor <- inflor %>% dplyr::select(-date, -rep, -plant_type, -ID, -typeID)

#make sure categorical variables are factors
inflor$visible_EFnectar <- as.factor(inflor$visible_EFnectar)
inflor$visible_guides <- as.factor(inflor$visible_guides)

#rename columns
inflor <- inflor %>% dplyr::rename("INFA" = "infl_angle",
                                "VEFN" = "visible_EFnectar",
                                "CAL" = "callus_length",
                                "VNG" = "visible_guides")

#take a quick look at data frame
inflor

## # A tibble: 588 x 5
##   INFA VEFN    CAL VNG  unique_ID
##   <dbl> <fct> <dbl> <fct> <chr>
## 1    25 1     4.89 0    39_2
## 2    20 1     3.9 0    39_2
## 3    70 1     4.1 0    39_2
```

```
## 4 100 1 5.27 0 39_2
## 5 18 1 4.4 0 39_3
## 6 15 1 5.19 0 39_3
## 7 0 1 3.48 0 39_3
## 8 37 1 4.09 1 39_4
## 9 55 0 4.7 0 39_5
## 10 5 1 4.81 1 39_5
## # i 578 more rows
```

## Collapse the replicate observations

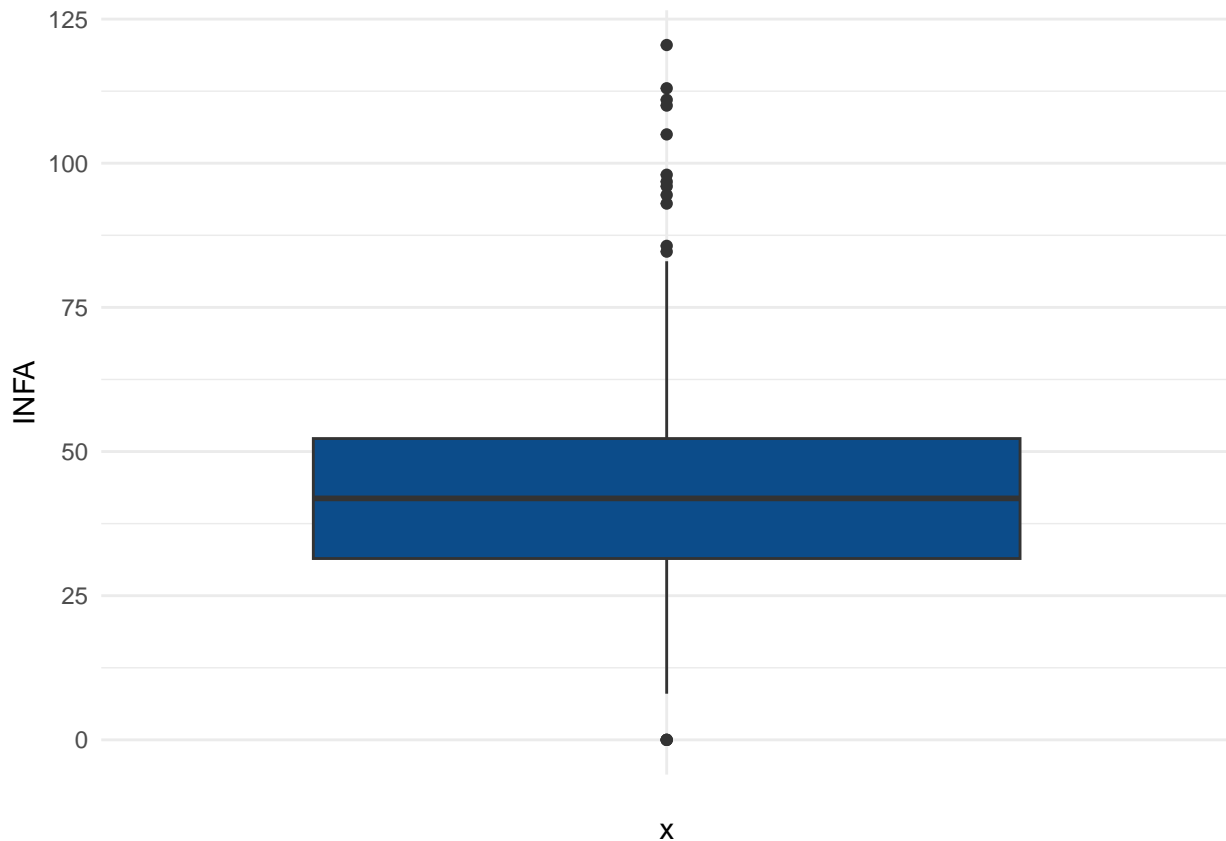
```
#collapse the replicates by taking means and modes
#take the mean of continuous data and the mode of the factors and characters
inflor_by_ID <- inflor %>% group_by(unique_ID) %>% reframe(
  tibble(
    across(where(is.double), \(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE)),
    across(where(is.character), Modes),
    across(where(is.factor), Modes)
  )
)
```

## Fill in VNG based on red area data

```
# Join the two data frames by the unique_ID column
inflor_by_ID <- inflor_by_ID %>%
  left_join(redarea_by_ID, by = "unique_ID") %>%
  mutate(VNG = case_when(
    is.na(VNG) & (RAST > 0 | RALA > 0) ~ factor(1, levels = c(0, 1)),
    is.na(VNG) & RAST == 0 & RALA == 0 ~ factor(0, levels = c(0, 1)),
    TRUE ~ VNG # Keep the original value if the condition is not met
  )) %>%
# Remove the columns from redarea_by_ID if no longer needed
select(-RAST, -RALA)
```

## Identify potential outliers

```
## Boxplot of inflorescence angle
ggplot(inflor_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = INFA) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values based on IQR criterion
sort(boxplot.stats(inflor_by_ID$INFA)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 120.50000 113.00000 111.00000 110.00000 105.00000 98.00000 96.80000
## [8] 96.00000 94.50000 93.00000 85.66667 84.66667 0.00000 0.00000
## [15] 0.00000
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(inflor_by_ID$INFA, k=length(boxplot.stats(inflor_by_ID$INFA)$out))
```

```
## Warning in rosnerTest(inflor_by_ID$INFA, k = length(boxplot.stats(inflor_by_ID$INFA)$out)): The true
## Although the help file for 'rosnerTest' has a table with information
## on the estimated Type I error level,
## simulations were not run for k > 10 or k > floor(n/2).
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method: Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution: Normal
##
## Data: inflor_by_ID$INFA
##
## Sample Size: 202
##
## Test Statistics: R.1 = 3.575298
## R.2 = 3.342445
```



```

##                                R.3 = 3.349837
##                                R.4 = 3.406706
##                                R.5 = 3.258849
##                                R.6 = 2.983606
##                                R.7 = 2.996105
##                                R.8 = 3.030958
##                                R.9 = 3.027914
##                                R.10 = 3.023179
##                                R.11 = 2.667927
##                                R.12 = 2.665660
##                                R.13 = 2.621376
##                                R.14 = 2.646271
##                                R.15 = 2.672478
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:      k = 15
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:        Up to 15 observations are not
##                                from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                  5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:   0
##
##      i   Mean.i      SD.i      Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1  0 44.13531 21.35897 120.50000    201 3.575298   3.608511  FALSE
## 2  1 43.75539 20.71675 113.00000    135 3.342445   3.607023  FALSE
## 3  2 43.40917 20.17735 111.00000     98 3.349837   3.605525  FALSE
## 4  3 43.06951 19.64669 110.00000    129 3.406706   3.604019  FALSE
## 5  4 42.73148 19.10752 105.00000    128 3.258849   3.602505  FALSE
## 6  5 42.41540 18.63001  98.00000     62 2.983606   3.600981  FALSE
## 7  6 42.13180 18.24642  96.80000     72 2.996105   3.599448  FALSE
## 8  7 41.85145 17.86516  96.00000    163 3.030958   3.597906  FALSE
## 9  8 41.57234 17.47991  94.50000    107 3.027914   3.596355  FALSE
## 10 9 41.29810 17.10183  93.00000    125 3.023179   3.594795  FALSE
## 11 10 41.02882 16.73128  85.66667    167 2.667927   3.593225  FALSE
## 12 11 40.79511 16.45804  84.66667    138 2.665660   3.591646  FALSE
## 13 12 40.56421 16.18836  83.00000     90 2.621376   3.590057  FALSE
## 14 13 40.33968 15.93197  82.50000    121 2.646271   3.588458  FALSE
## 15 14 40.11543 15.67256  82.00000     15 2.672478   3.586849  FALSE

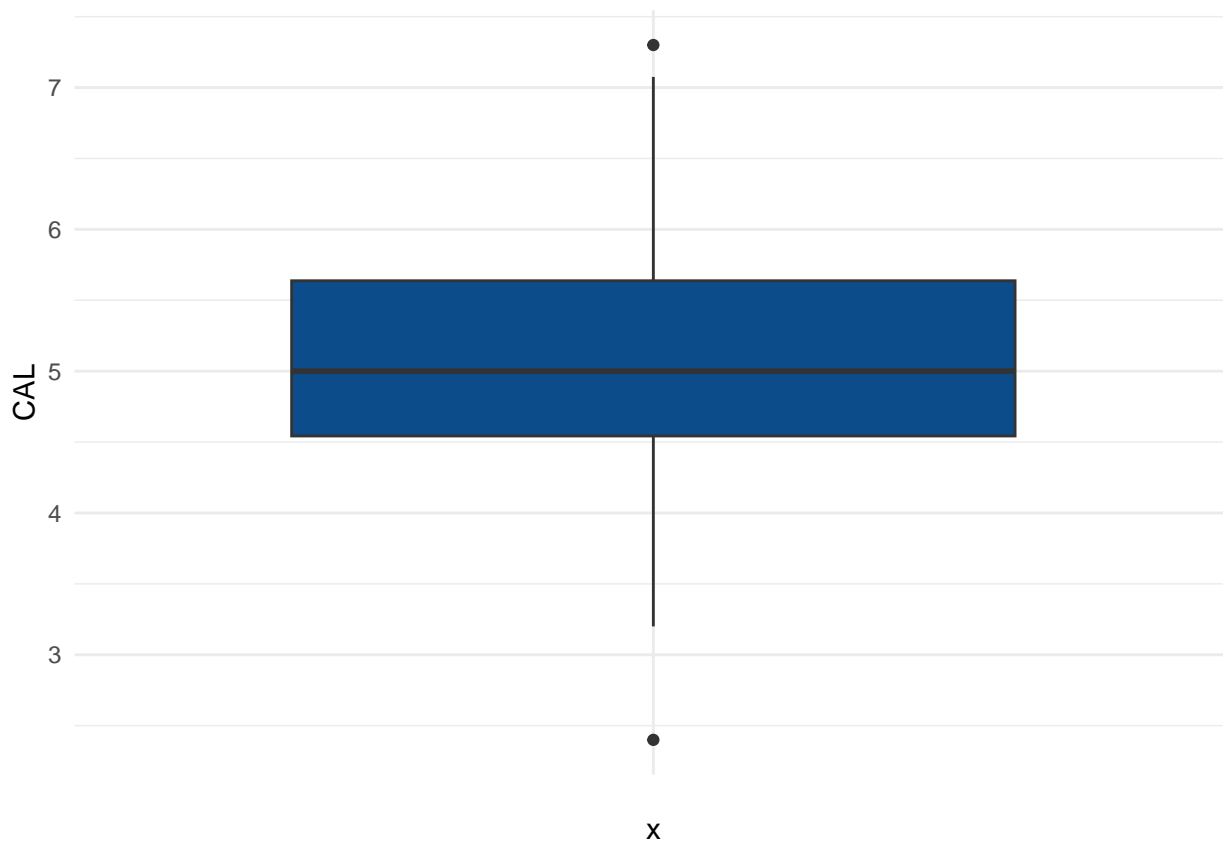
```

*#no outliers detected based on Rosner test*

```

## Boxplot of callus length
ggplot(inflor_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = CAL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```



```
# print outlier values based on IQR criterion
boxplot.stats(inflor_by_ID$CAL)$out
```

```
## [1] 7.3 2.4
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(inflor_by_ID$CAL, k=length(boxplot.stats(inflor_by_ID$CAL)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       inflor_by_ID$CAL
##
## Sample Size:                202
##
## Test Statistics:             R.1 = 3.118932
##                             R.2 = 2.652569
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 2
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 2 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
```

```
## Type I Error:          5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:    0
##
##   i   Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 5.068003 0.8554221   2.4    140 3.118932   3.608511  FALSE
## 2 1 5.081277 0.8364433   7.3     65 2.652569   3.607023  FALSE

#no outliers detected based on Rosner test
```

## Flower morphology data

### Load and filter data

```
flo_morph <- read_sheet(ss="19XHi3K57mDi2BpMPrlNOR2w16VSswV0YP6WYKYJHvuqs", sheet="flower_morphology")

## v Reading from "F2_phenotypes".
## v Range "'flower_morphology'".

#make a new column that makes a unique ID for each plant
flo_morph <- mutate(flo_morph, unique_ID = paste0(plant_type, "_", ID))

#exclude parents and F1s
flo_morph <- filter(flo_morph, plant_type != "F1", plant_type != "P")

#exclude columns we don't need
flo_morph <- flo_morph %>% dplyr::select(-date, -plant_type, -ID, -rep)

#rename columns
flo_morph <- flo_morph %>% dplyr::rename("COL" = "Corolla_Length",
                                         "COLL" = "Corolla_Lobe_Length",
                                         "STAE" = "Stamen_exsertion",
                                         "TUA" = "tube_angle",
                                         "STATL" = "stamen_tip",
                                         "LABL" = "Labellum_Length",
                                         "LABW" = "Labellum_Width",
                                         "CLL" = "Labellum_lobe",
                                         "STAL" = "Stamen_Length",
                                         "STAW" = "Stamen_width",
                                         "ANL" = "Anther_Length",
                                         "ANW" = "Anther_width",
                                         "STIW" = "Stigma_Width",
                                         "STYL" = "Style_length")

#quick look at data
flo_morph
```

```
## # A tibble: 755 x 15
##   COL  COLL  STAE  TUA  STATL  LABL  LABW  CLL  STAL  STAW  ANL  ANW  STIW
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 48.8  30.5  -2.3   24   8.2  54.4  29.6   7.5  52.4   9.4   6.4   2.7   2.6
## 2 52.1  35    -1.4   27   8.5  57.4  28.3   5.3  55.9   9.4   6.8   2.7    3
## 3 51.4  30.4  -2.4    7    8   58   25.5   6.6  55.6   9.4   6.6   2.8   2.7
## 4 45.7  27.4  -2.9   21   7.2  52.7  27.7   5.6  49.8   9.3   6.6   2.4   2.7
```

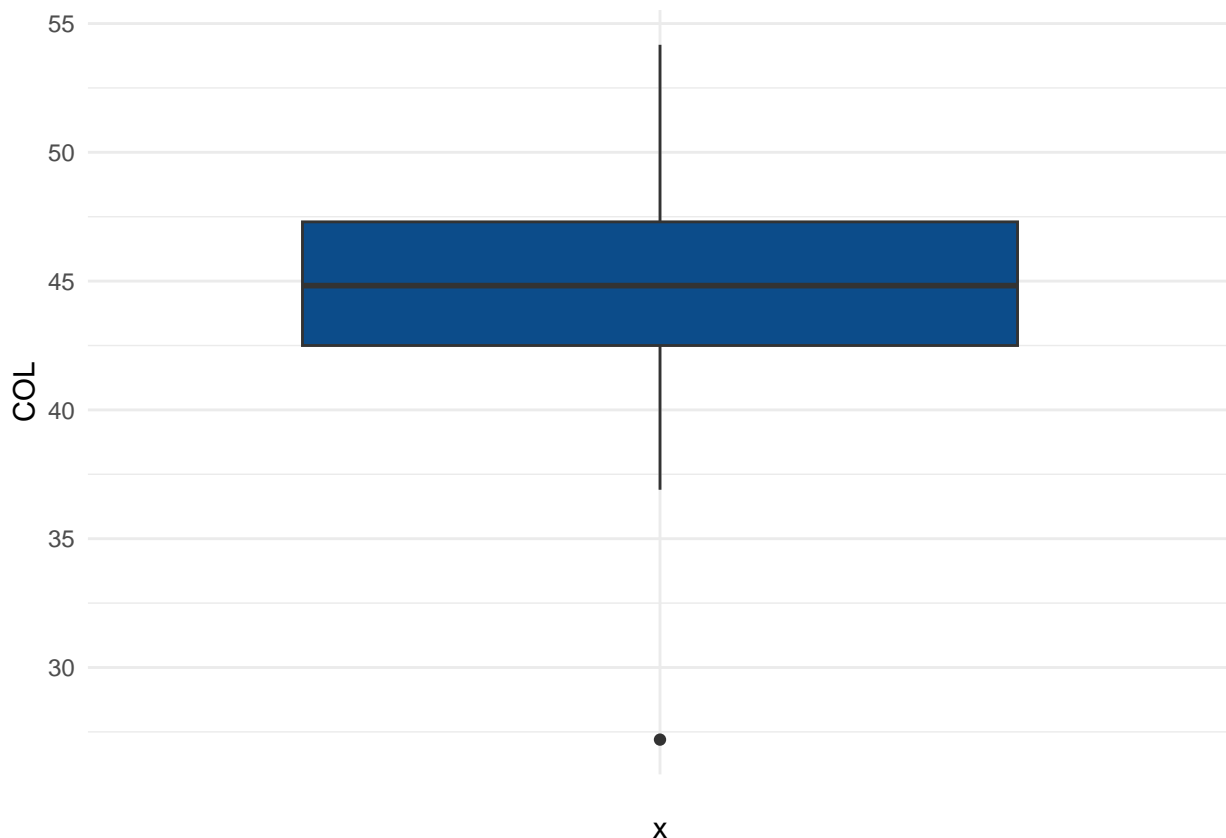
```
## 5 46.5 26.6 -2.1 5 6.5 53.3 26.9 6.7 51.2 8.6 6.7 2.4 2.8
## 6 47.3 28.3 -3.7 21 6.9 53.2 27.9 5.6 49.5 9.8 6.5 3.1 2.5
## 7 46.3 26.4 -1.9 13 7 50.8 22.3 4.2 48.9 8.6 6.4 2.4 2.3
## 8 50.6 29.6 -2.9 24 11.1 57.6 31.1 5 54.7 9.3 6.4 2.8 2.6
## 9 49.3 27.9 -3.1 11 11 58.1 31.2 6.9 55 9.5 6.8 2.8 3.2
## 10 51.9 32.7 -2.4 10 11.5 58.5 31.4 9 56.1 9.4 6.9 2.8 2.9
## # i 745 more rows
## # i 2 more variables: STYL <dbl>, unique_ID <chr>
```

## Collapse the replicate observations

```
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph %>% group_by(unique_ID) %>% reframe(
  tibble(
    across(where(is.double), \(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE)),
    across(where(is.character), Modes),
    across(where(is.factor), Modes)
  )
)
```

## Identify potential outliers

```
## Corolla Length
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = COL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```

# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$COL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)

## [1] 27.2

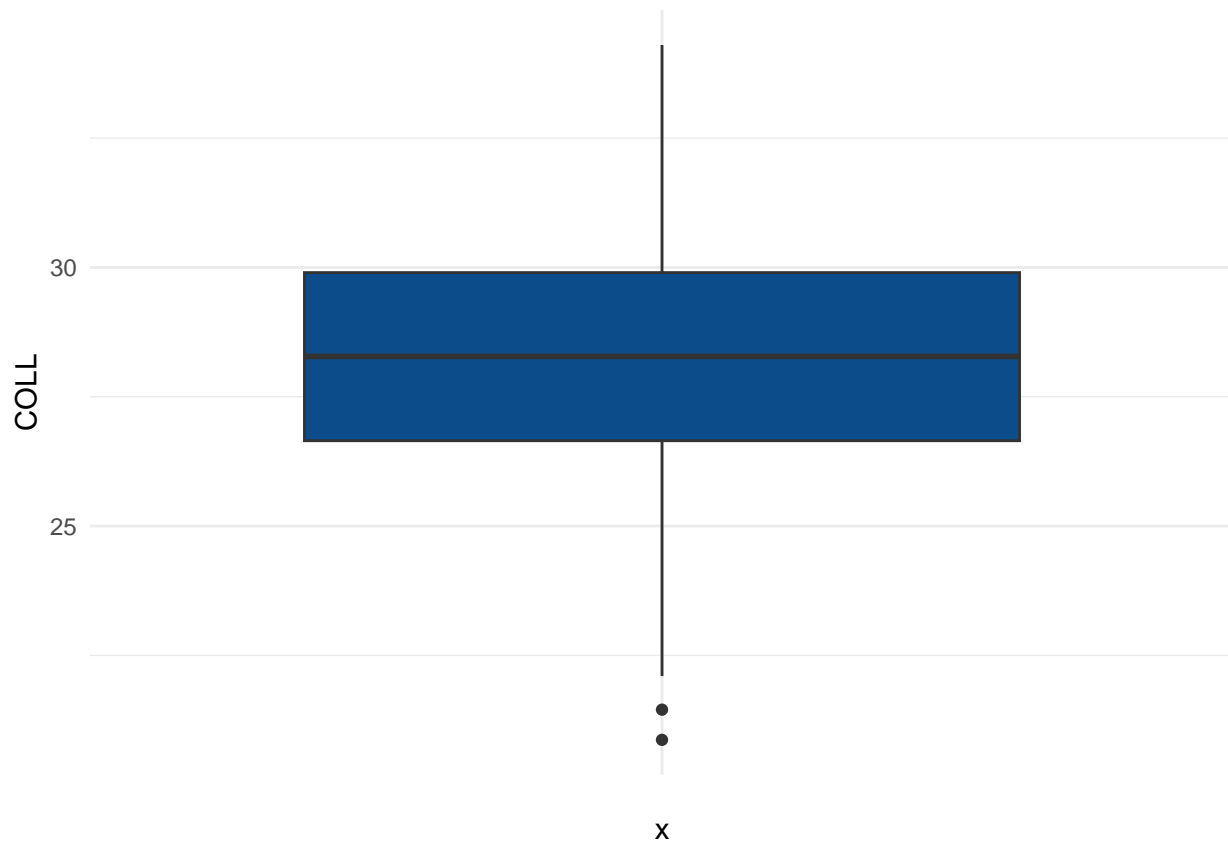
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$COL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$COL)$out))

##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$COL
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistic:             R.1 = 4.713177
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:   k = 1
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 1 observations are not
##                               from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:               5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 1
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 44.83215 3.741033 27.2    131 4.713177 3.635271   TRUE

#one outlier detected
## Remove outliers
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph_by_ID %>%
  mutate(COL = na_if(COL, 27.2))

## Corolla_Lobe_Length
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = COLL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$COLL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 21.45000 20.86667
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$COLL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$COLL)$out))
```

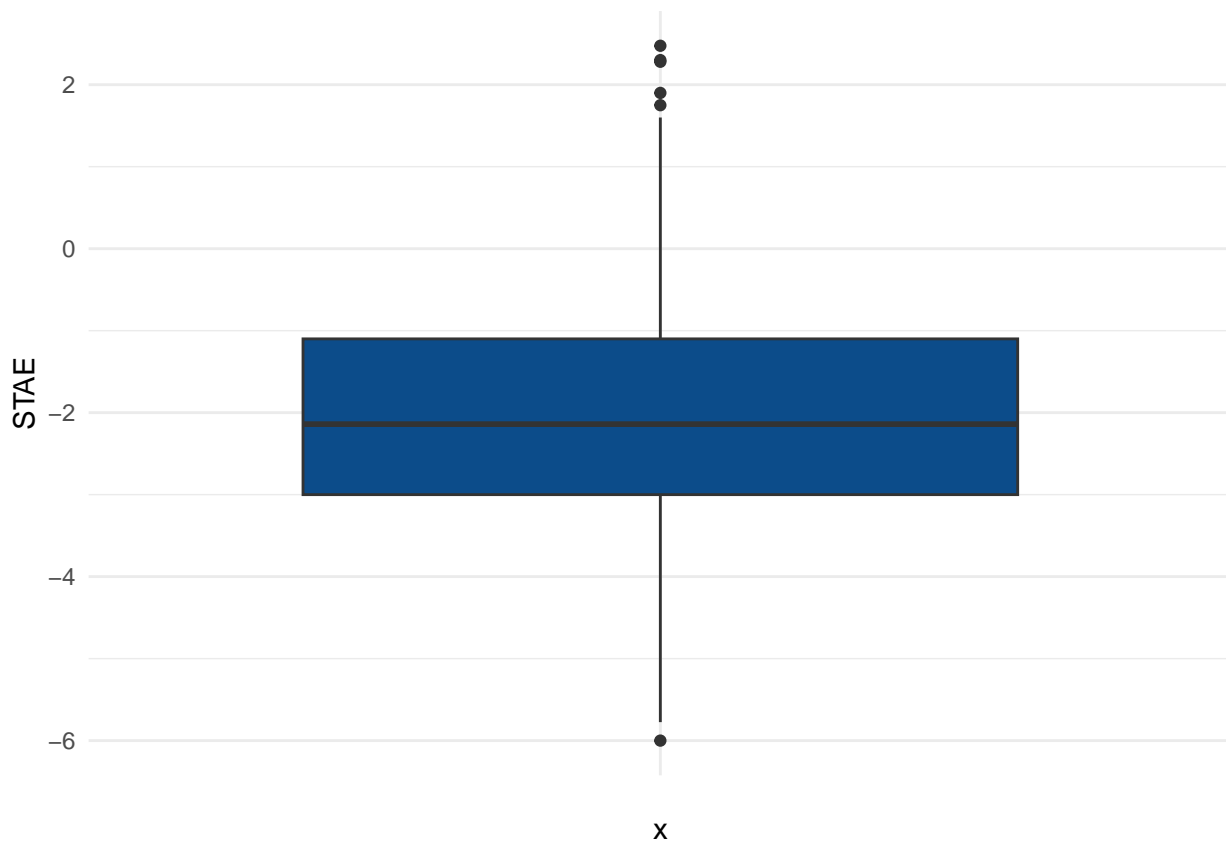
```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$COLL
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistics:             R.1 = 2.869232
##                             R.2 = 2.699103
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 2
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 2 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
```

```
## Type I Error:          5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:    0
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i   Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 28.19631 2.554567 20.86667    189 2.869232  3.635271  FALSE
## 2 1 28.22963 2.511808 21.45000    145 2.699103  3.633930  FALSE
```

```
#no outliers detected
```

```
## Stamen_exsertion
```

```
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = STAE) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
```

```
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STAE)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1]  2.475  2.300  2.280  1.900  1.750 -6.000
```

```
#Rosner test
```

```
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$STAE, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STAE)$out))
```

```
##
```

```
## Results of Outlier Test
```

```
## -----
```

```
##
```

```
## Test Method:          Rosner's Test for Outliers
```

```

##
## Hypothesized Distribution:      Normal
##
## Data:                          flo_morph_by_ID$STAE
##
## Sample Size:                   221
##
## Test Statistics:                R.1 = 2.893990
##                               R.2 = 2.844152
##                               R.3 = 2.891828
##                               R.4 = 2.701007
##                               R.5 = 2.651966
##                               R.6 = 2.650546
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:      k = 6
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:        Up to 6 observations are not
##                               from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                  5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:   0
##
##      i      Mean.i      SD.i  Value Obs.Num    R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 -2.065339 1.568886  2.475    108 2.893990   3.635271  FALSE
## 2 1 -2.085977 1.542104  2.300    158 2.844152   3.633930  FALSE
## 3 2 -2.106005 1.516689  2.280    199 2.891828   3.632582  FALSE
## 4 3 -2.126124 1.490601  1.900     83 2.701007   3.631227  FALSE
## 5 4 -2.144677 1.468600  1.750    163 2.651966   3.629865  FALSE
## 6 5 -2.162708 1.447736 -6.000     68 2.650546   3.628495  FALSE

```

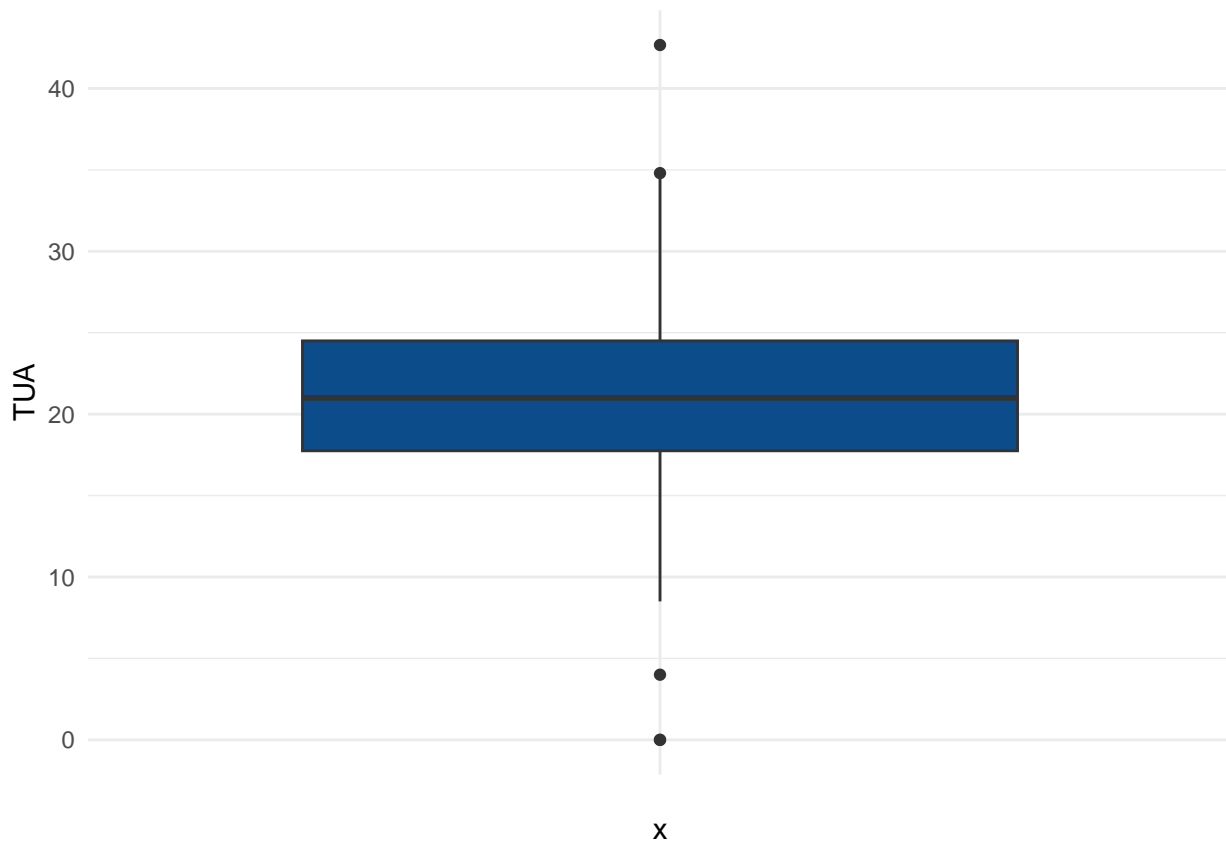
*#no outliers detected*

```

## tube_angle
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = TUA) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```





```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$TUA)$out, decreasing = TRUE)

## [1] 42.66667 34.80000 4.00000 0.00000 0.00000

#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$TUA, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$TUA)$out))

##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$TUA
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistics:             R.1 = 3.571790
##                             R.2 = 3.550304
##                             R.3 = 3.665920
##                             R.4 = 3.075028
##                             R.5 = 2.493557
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 5
##
```

```
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 5 observations are not
##                               from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 3
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i    Value Obs.Num    R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 21.02323 6.059550 42.66667    54 3.571790  3.635271   TRUE
## 2 1 20.92485 5.893819  0.00000    30 3.550304  3.633930   TRUE
## 3 2 21.02040 5.734003  0.00000   131 3.665920  3.632582   TRUE
## 4 3 21.11682 5.566395  4.00000    51 3.075028  3.631227  FALSE
## 5 4 21.19570 5.455780 34.80000     1 2.493557  3.629865  FALSE
```

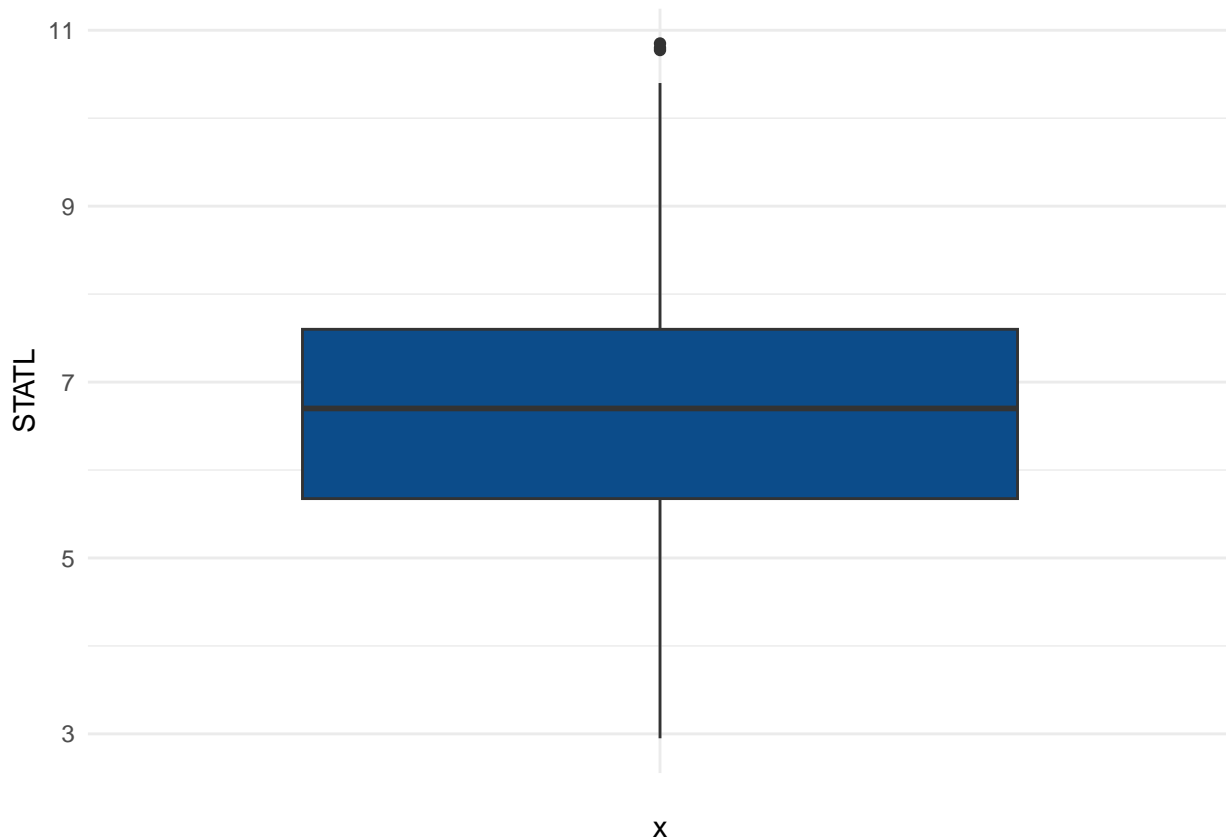
```
#three outliers detected
```

```
## Remove outliers
```

```
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph_by_ID %>%
  mutate(TUA = round(TUA, digits=0)) %>%
  mutate(TUA = na_if(TUA, 43)) %>%
  mutate(TUA = na_if(TUA, 0))
```

```
## stamen_tip
```

```
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = STATL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```

# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STATL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)

## [1] 10.850 10.800 10.775

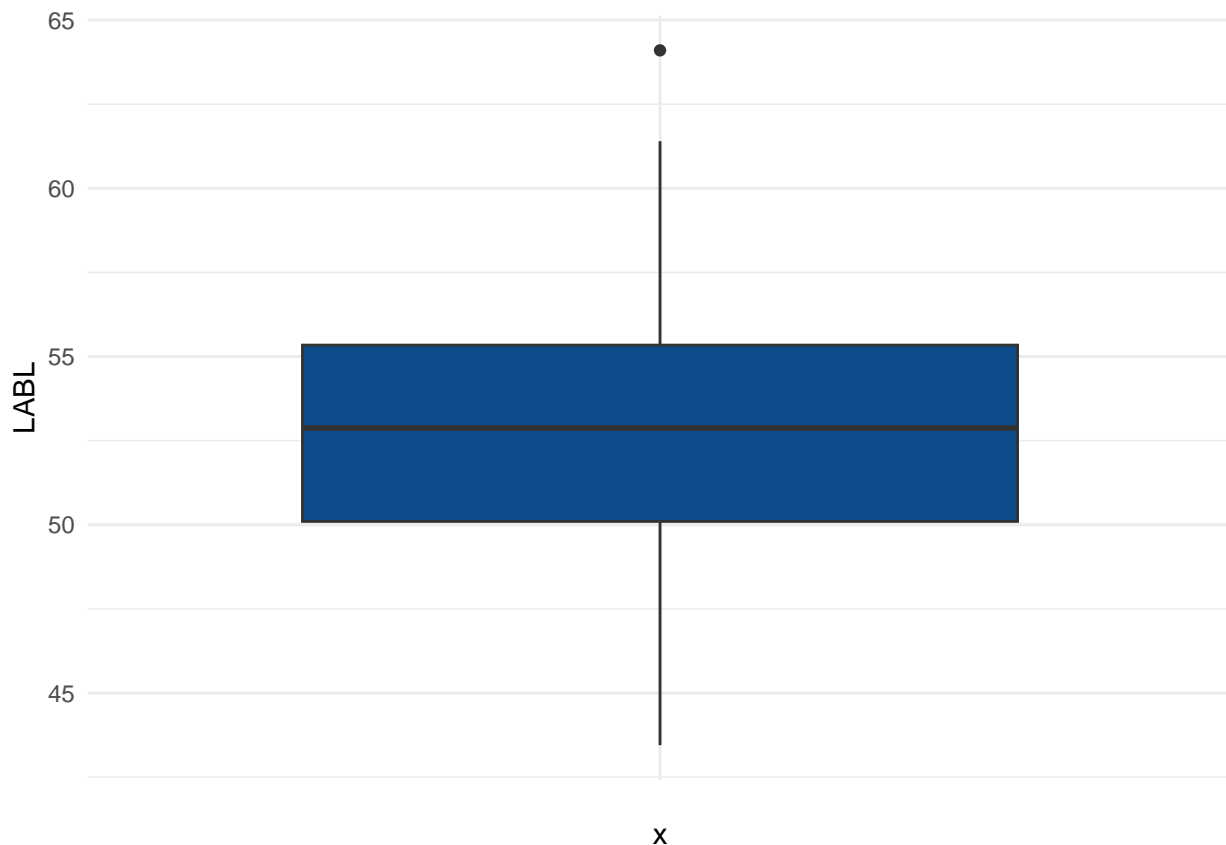
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$STATL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STATL)$out))

##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$STATL
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistics:             R.1 = 2.601881
##                             R.2 = 2.616971
##                             R.3 = 2.648860
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 3
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 3 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:               5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 0
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i  Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 6.736554 1.580951 10.850    23 2.601881   3.635271  FALSE
## 2 1 6.717856 1.559874 10.800    10 2.616971   3.633930  FALSE
## 3 2 6.699216 1.538694 10.775    33 2.648860   3.632582  FALSE

#no outliers detected

## Labellum_Length
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = LABL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$LABL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 64.1
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$LABL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$LABL)$out))
```

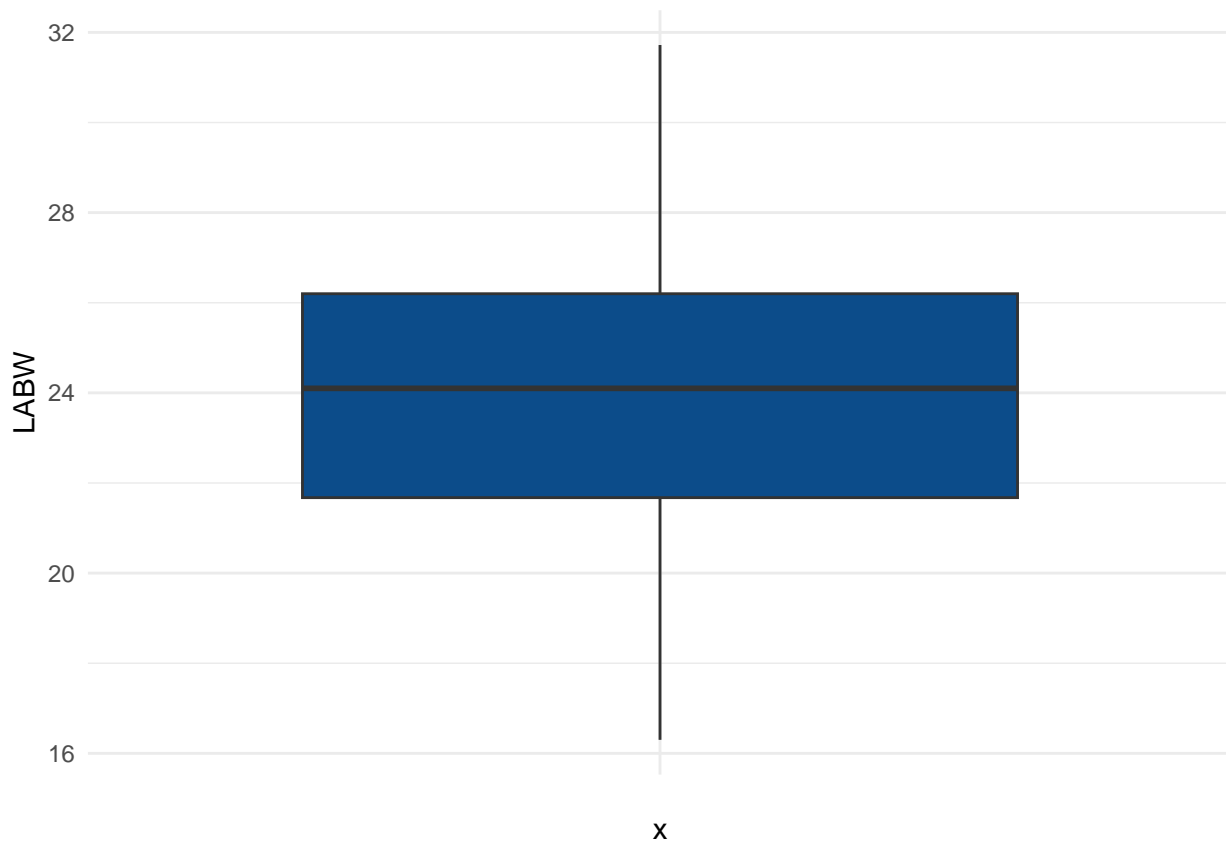
```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$LABL
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistic:             R.1 = 3.095334
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:   k = 1
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:     Up to 1 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:               5%
```

```
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:    0
##
##   i   Mean.i   SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 52.88004 3.624798 64.1      23 3.095334 3.635271 FALSE
```

*#no outliers detected*

*## Labellum\_Width*

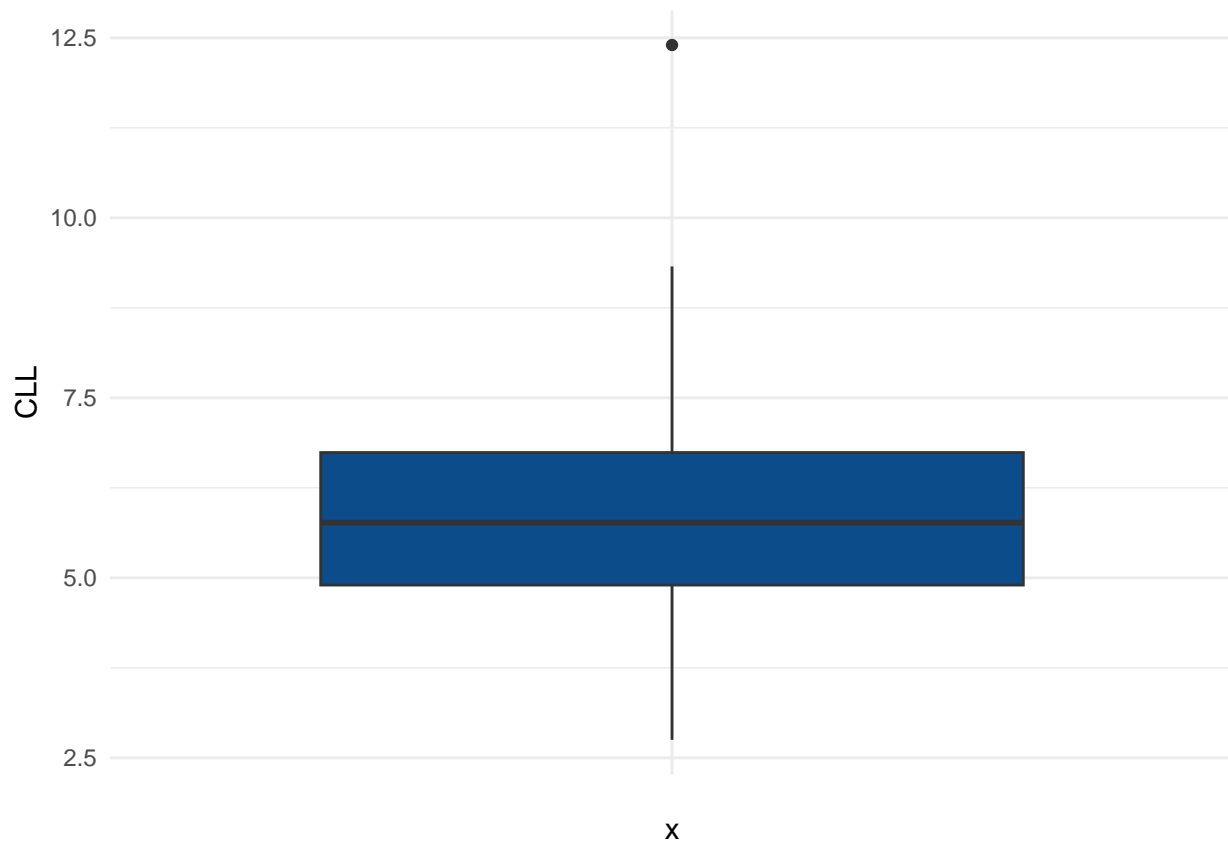
```
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = LABW) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



*# no outliers detected*

*## Labellum\_lobe*

```
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = CLL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$CLL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 12.4
```

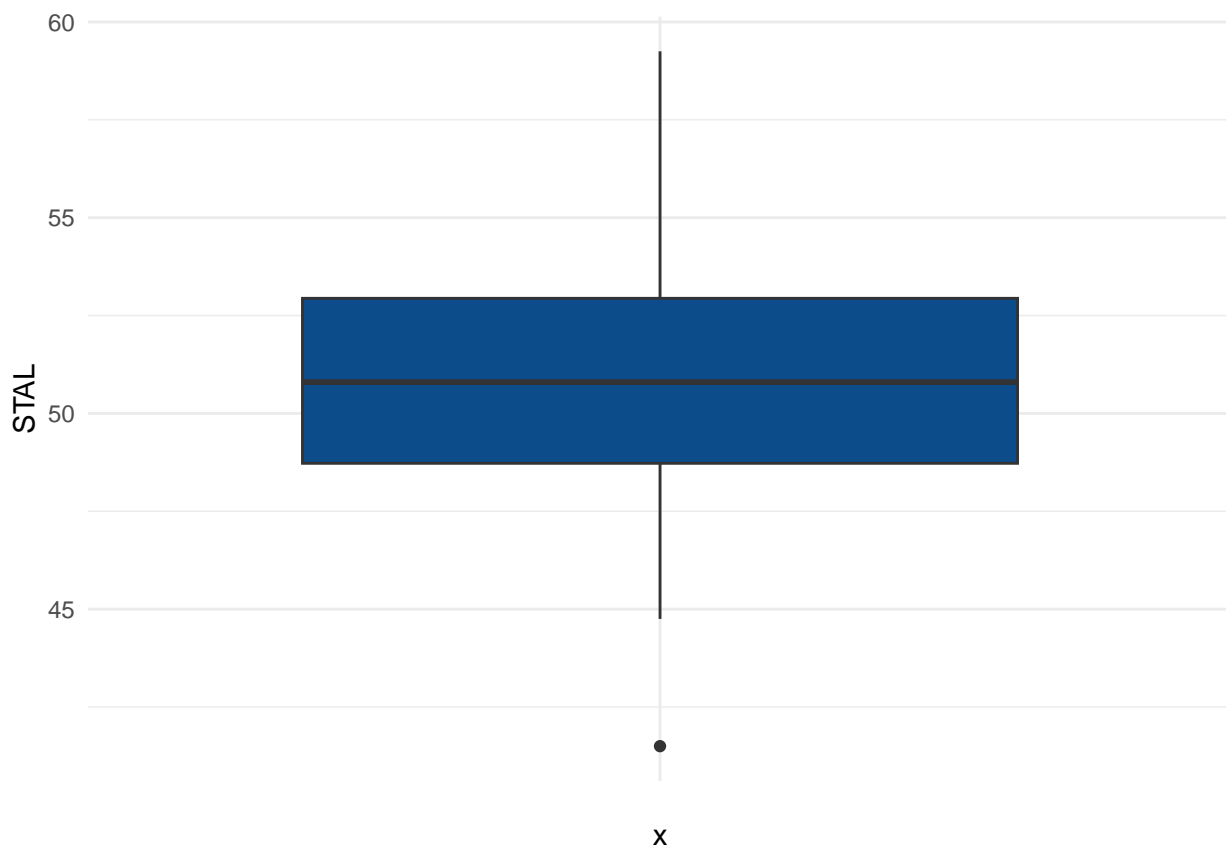
```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$CLL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$CLL)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:           Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution: Normal
##
## Data:                  flo_morph_by_ID$CLL
##
## Sample Size:           221
##
## Test Statistic:        R.1 = 4.427964
##
## Test Statistic Parameter: k = 1
##
## Alternative Hypothesis: Up to 1 observations are not
##                          from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:          5%
```

```
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:      1
##
##   i   Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 5.831342 1.483449 12.4      212 4.427964 3.635271   TRUE
```

```
#one outlier detected
## Remove outliers
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph_by_ID %>%
  mutate(CLL = na_if(CLL, 12.4))
```

```
## Stamen_Length
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = STAL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STAL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 41.5
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$STAL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STAL)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
```

```

## Test Method: Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution: Normal
##
## Data: flo_morph_by_ID$STAL
##
## Sample Size: 221
##
## Test Statistic: R.1 = 3.136281
##
## Test Statistic Parameter: k = 1
##
## Alternative Hypothesis: Up to 1 observations are not
## from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error: 5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 0
##
## i Mean.i SD.i Value Obs.Num R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 50.82884 2.97449 41.5 169 3.136281 3.635271 FALSE

```

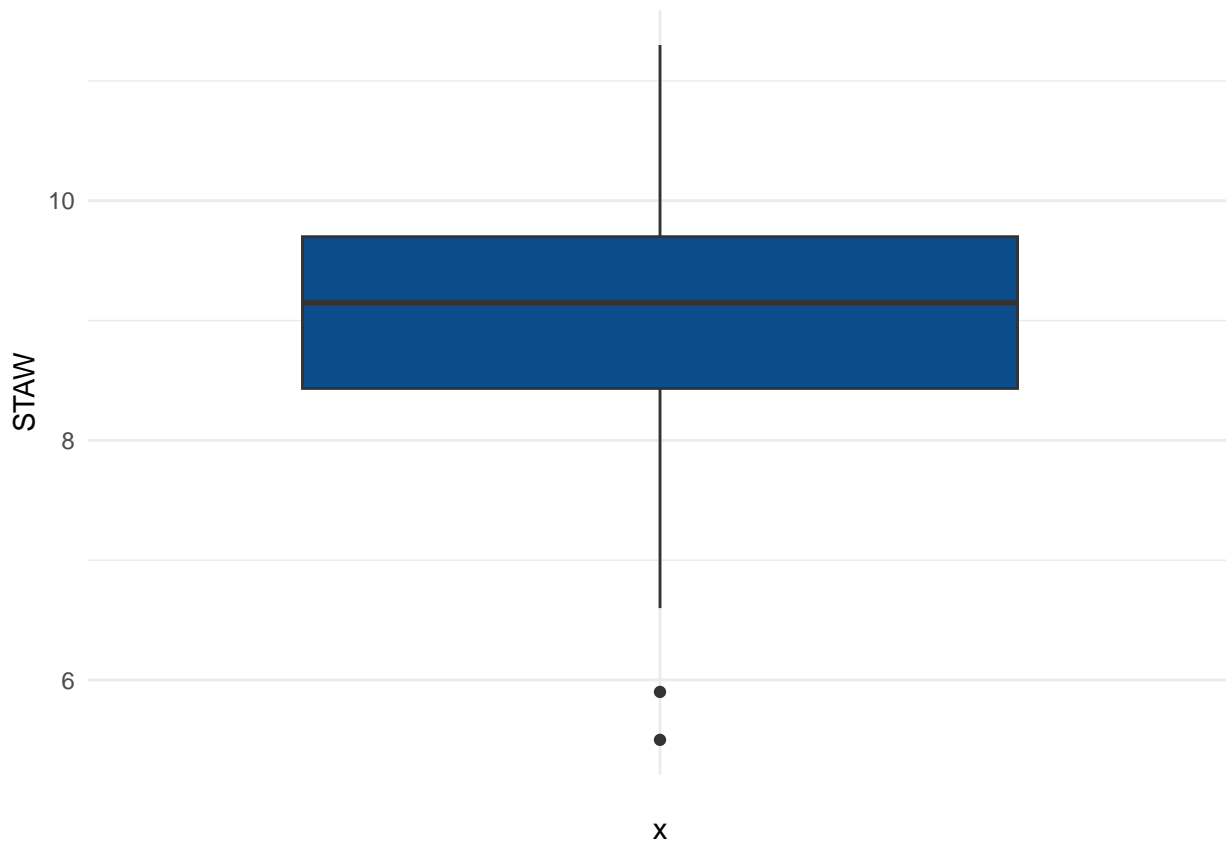
```
#no outliers detected
```

```

## Stamen_width
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = STAW) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```





```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STAW)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 5.9 5.5
```

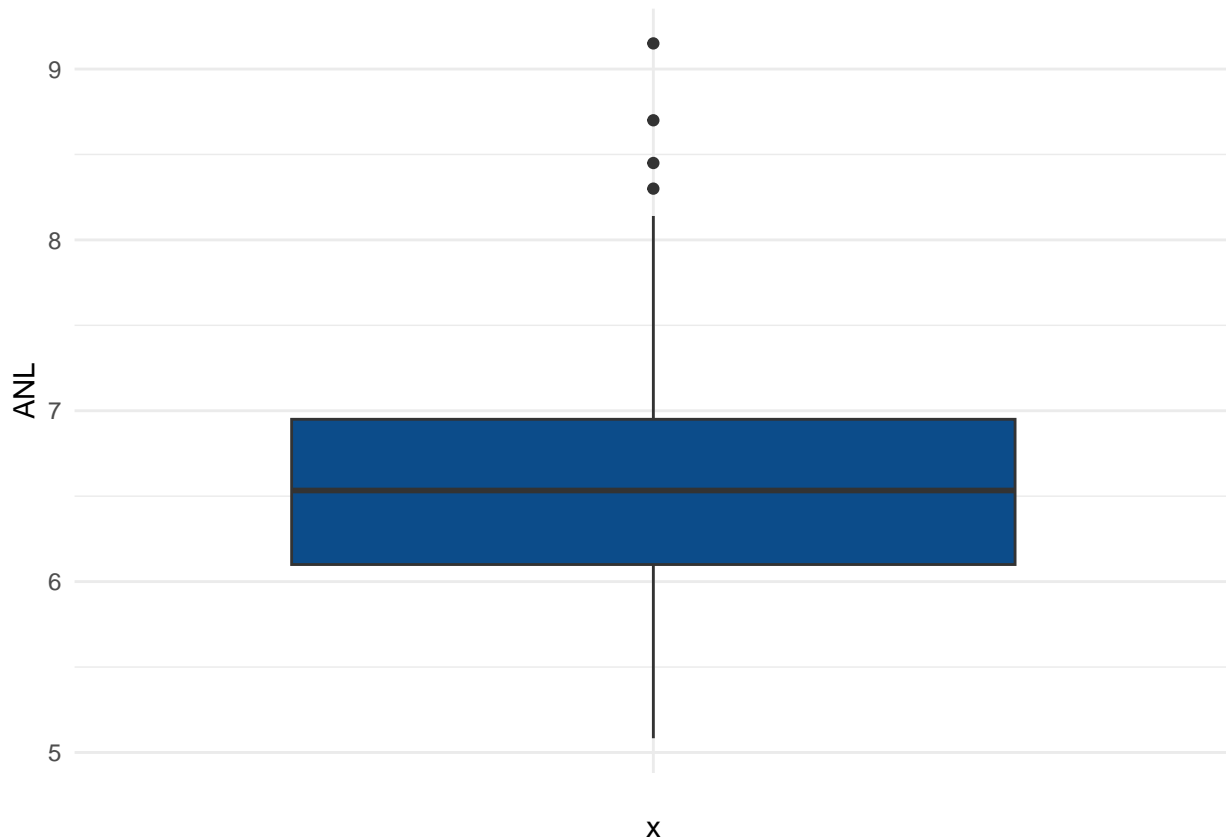
```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$STAW, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STAW)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$STAW
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistics:             R.1 = 3.806009
##                             R.2 = 3.504634
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 2
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 2 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
```

```
## Type I Error:          5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:    1
##
##   i   Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 9.050064 0.9327523   5.5     80 3.806009   3.635271   TRUE
## 2 1 9.066201 0.9034325   5.9    201 3.504634   3.633930   FALSE
```

```
#one outlier detected
## Remove outlier
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph_by_ID %>%
  mutate(STAW = na_if(STAW, 5.5))
```

```
## Anther_Length
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = ANL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$ANL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 9.15 8.70 8.45 8.30
```

```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$ANL, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$ANL)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
```

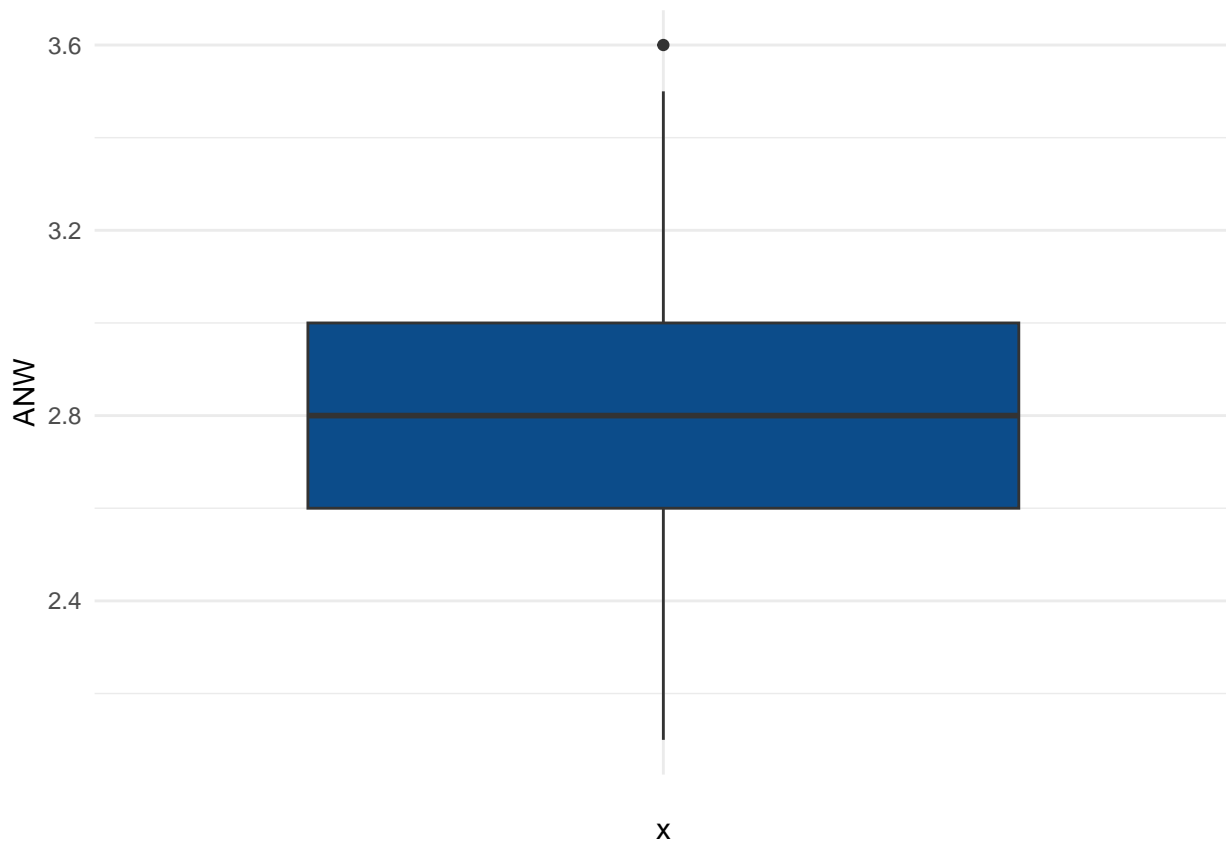
```

## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$ANL
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistics:            R.1 = 3.963247
##                             R.2 = 3.410173
##                             R.3 = 3.106919
##                             R.4 = 2.937045
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 4
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 4 observations are not
##                               from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 1
##
##   i   Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 6.558371 0.6539155  9.15    113 3.963247   3.635271   TRUE
## 2 1 6.546591 0.6314662  8.70    221 3.410173   3.633930   FALSE
## 3 2 6.536758 0.6158004  8.45    142 3.106919   3.632582   FALSE
## 4 3 6.527982 0.6033337  8.30    197 2.937045   3.631227   FALSE

#one outlier detected
## Remove outliers
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph_by_ID %>%
  mutate(ANL = na_if(ANL, 9.15))

## Anther_width
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = ANW) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$ANW)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 3.6
```

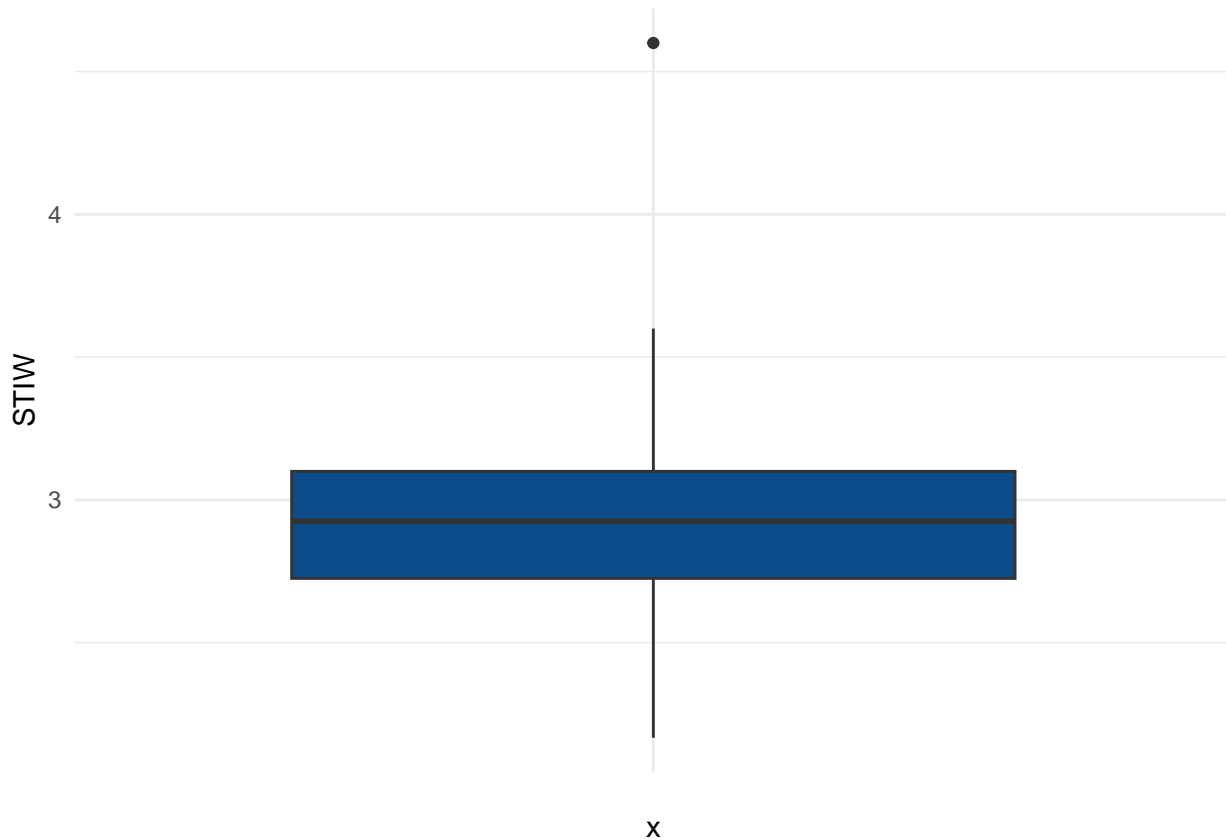
```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$ANW, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$ANW)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:   Normal
##
## Data:                       flo_morph_by_ID$ANW
##
## Sample Size:                221
##
## Test Statistic:             R.1 = 2.524466
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:   k = 1
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:     Up to 1 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:              5%
```

```
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:      0
##
##   i   Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 2.807504 0.3139263   3.6     102 2.524466   3.635271   FALSE
```

```
#no outliers detected
```

```
## Stigma_Width
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = STIW) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STIW)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 4.6
```

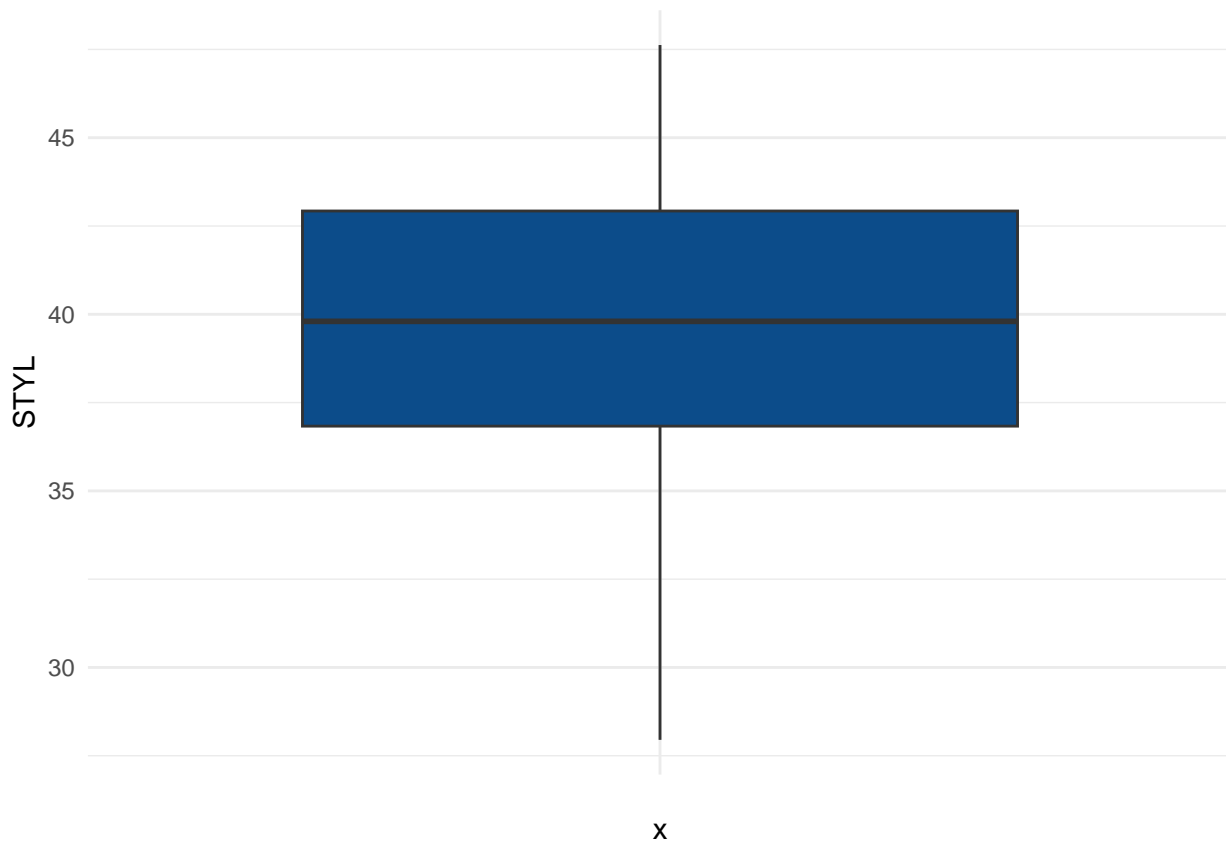
```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(flo_morph_by_ID$STIW, k=length(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STIW)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:              Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution: Normal
```

```
##
## Data:                                flo_morph_by_ID$STIW
##
## Sample Size:                        221
##
## Test Statistic:                     R.1 = 5.671614
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:           k = 1
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:              Up to 1 observations are not
##                                     from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                       5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:        1
##
##   i Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 2.91727 0.2966933   4.6    115 5.671614   3.635271   TRUE

#one outlier detected
## Remove outliers
flo_morph_by_ID <- flo_morph_by_ID %>%
  mutate(STIW = na_if(STIW, 4.6))

## Style_length
ggplot(flo_morph_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = STYL) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(flo_morph_by_ID$STYL)$out, decreasing = TRUE)

## numeric(0)
# no outliers detected
```

## Nectar data

### Load and filter data

```
nectar <- read_sheet(ss="19XH13K57mDi2BpMPrlNOR2w16VSswVOYP6WYKYJHvuqs", sheet="nectar")

## v Reading from "F2_phenotypes".
## v Range 'nectar'.
#make a new column that makes a unique ID for each plant
nectar <- mutate(nectar, unique_ID = paste0(plant_type, "_", ID))

#exclude parents and F1s
nectar <- filter(nectar, plant_type != "F1", plant_type != "P")

#exclude columns we don't need
nectar <- nectar %>% dplyr::select(-year, -date, -plant_type, -ID, -rep, -fl_capsize)

# EFN_percent_sucrose is dependent on EFN_H2Ovolume_uL
# Split EFN_percent_sucrose into two different variables: 1) diluted in 40 uL or
```

```

# 2) diluted in 50 uL (because these cannot be directly compared)

nectar <- nectar %>%
  mutate(
    EFN_percent_sucrose_H2Ovolume_40uL = if_else(
      EFN_H2Ovolume_uL == 40,      # Condition: Check if H2O volume is 40 µL
      EFN_percent_sucrose,         # If TRUE: Assign the value of EFN_percent_sucrose
      NA_real_,                    # If FALSE: Assign NA (as a numeric NA)
    ),
    EFN_percent_sucrose_H2Ovolume_50uL = if_else(
      EFN_H2Ovolume_uL == 50,      # Condition: Check if H2O volume is 50 µL
      EFN_percent_sucrose,         # If TRUE: Assign the value of EFN_percent_sucrose
      NA_real_,
    )
  )

#exclude columns we don't need
# I'm removing EFN_percent_sucrose_H2Ovolume_50uL because there are not enough observations to QTL map
nectar <- nectar %>% dplyr::select(-fl_nectarlength_mm, -fl_mg_sucrose, -EFN_H2Ovolume_uL, -EFN_percent_sucrose_H2Ovolume_50uL)

#rename columns
nectar <- nectar %>% dplyr::rename("VFN" = "fl_nectarvolume_uL", # volume floral nectar
                                  "FNESC" = "fl_percent_sucrose", # percent sucrose floral nectar
                                  "EFNSC40" = "EFN_percent_sucrose_H2Ovolume_40uL") # percent sucrose H2O volume 40uL

#quick look at data
nectar

```

```

## # A tibble: 1,017 x 4
##       VFN  FNESC unique_ID EFNSC40
##   <dbl> <dbl> <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 13.8   32.5 39_2         13
## 2 14.9   27.5 39_2         5.5
## 3 20.8   28.5 39_2          5
## 4 21.2   24.5 39_2          3
## 5 18.1   32    39_2        18
## 6 13.3   33.5 39_3          8
## 7  5.9   31    39_3          9
## 8  1.78  16.5 39_3          0
## 9 16.2   36    39_3        15.5
## 10 11.1   36    39_3          6
## # i 1,007 more rows

```

## Collapse the replicate observations

```

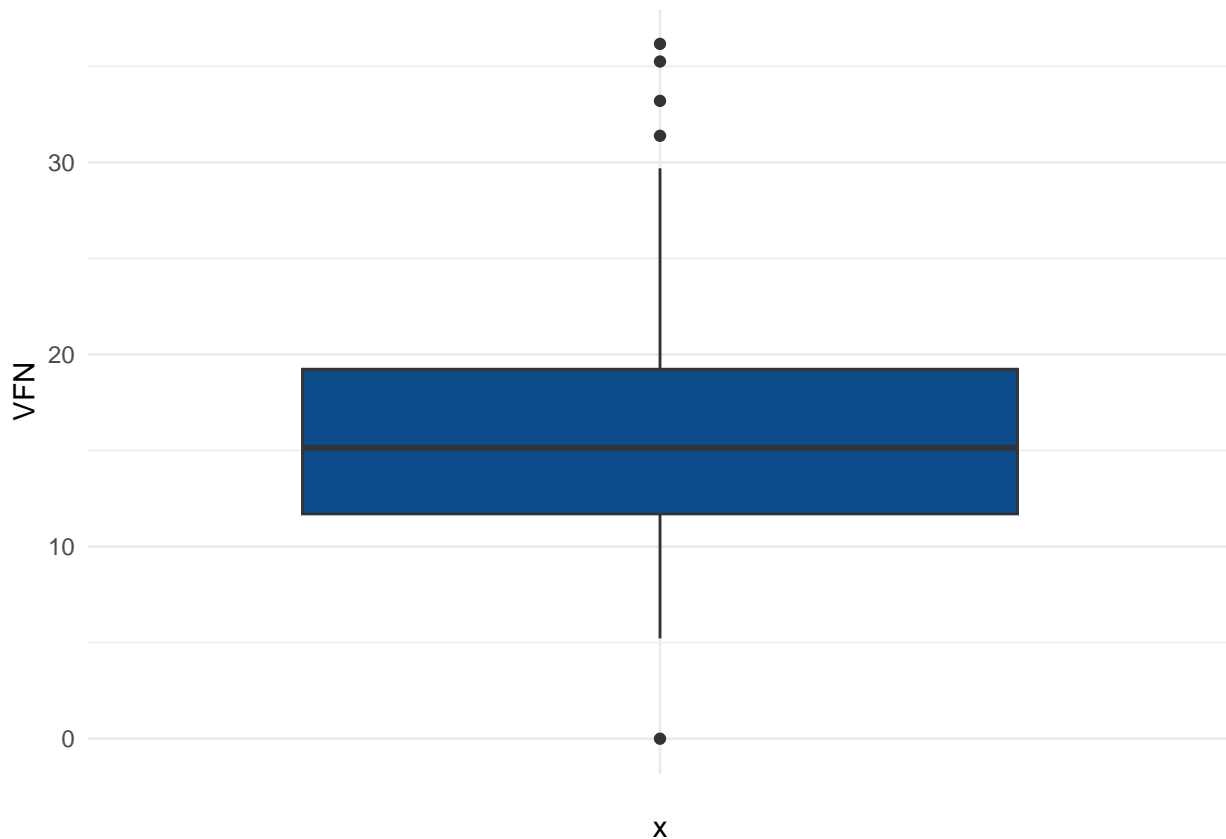
nectar_by_ID <- nectar %>% group_by(unique_ID) %>% reframe(
  tibble(
    across(where(is.double), \(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE)),
    across(where(is.character), Modes),
    across(where(is.factor), Modes)
  )
)

```



## Identify potential outliers

```
## fl_nectarlength_mm
ggplot(nectar_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = VFN) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$VFN)$out, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 36.16600 35.24900 33.20000 31.38125 0.00000
```

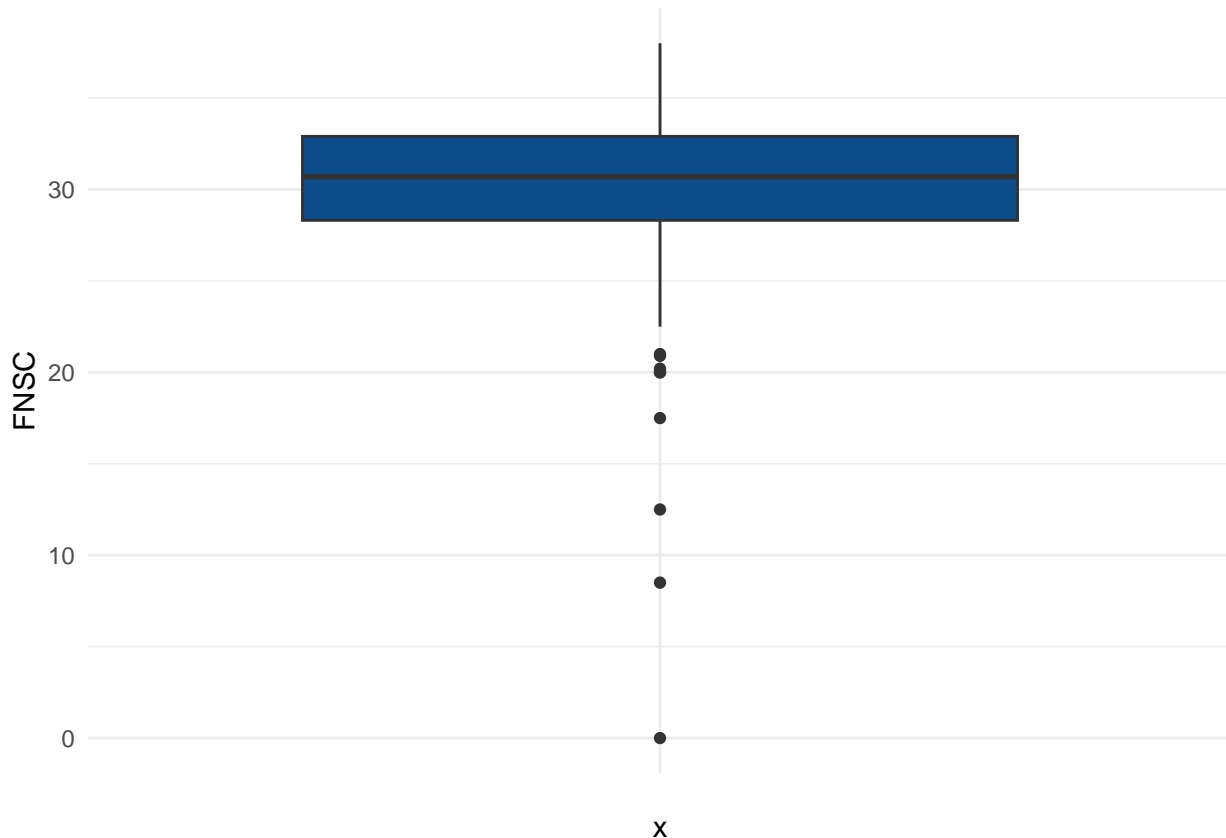
```
#Rosner test
rosnerTest(nectar_by_ID$VFN, k=length(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$VFN)$out))
```

```
##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:           Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution: Normal
##
## Data:                  nectar_by_ID$VFN
##
## Sample Size:           230
##
## Test Statistics:       R.1 = 3.404418
```

```
##                                R.2 = 3.343785
##                                R.3 = 3.075063
##                                R.4 = 2.826014
##                                R.5 = 2.853453
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:      k = 5
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:        Up to 5 observations are not
##                                from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                  5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:   0
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i    Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 15.95434 5.936891 36.16600    230 3.404418   3.647033   FALSE
## 2 1 15.86608 5.796699 35.24900    157 3.343785   3.645753   FALSE
## 3 2 15.78107 5.664577 33.20000     16 3.075063   3.644466   FALSE
## 4 3 15.70433 5.557062  0.00000    214 2.826014   3.643172   FALSE
## 5 4 15.77382 5.469664 31.38125    103 2.853453   3.641872   FALSE
```

```
#no outliers detected
```

```
## fl_percent_sucrose
ggplot(nectar_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = FNSC) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()
```



```

# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$FNSC)$out, decreasing = TRUE)

## [1] 21.0 20.9 20.2 20.0 20.0 17.5 12.5 8.5 0.0

#Rosner test
rosnerTest(nectar_by_ID$FNSC, k=length(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$FNSC)$out))

##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method: Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution: Normal
##
## Data: nectar_by_ID$FNSC
##
## Sample Size: 230
##
## Test Statistics: R.1 = 6.639724
## R.2 = 5.322246
## R.3 = 4.654127
## R.4 = 3.531589
## R.5 = 2.936567
## R.6 = 3.001395
## R.7 = 3.012250
## R.8 = 2.874135
## R.9 = 2.905676
##
## Test Statistic Parameter: k = 9
##
## Alternative Hypothesis: Up to 9 observations are not
## from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error: 5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 3
##
## i Mean.i SD.i Value Obs.Num R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 30.04947 4.525710 0.0 214 6.639724 3.647033 TRUE
## 2 1 30.18069 4.073597 8.5 22 5.322246 3.645753 TRUE
## 3 2 30.27578 3.819359 12.5 178 4.654127 3.644466 TRUE
## 4 3 30.35409 3.639746 17.5 218 3.531589 3.643172 FALSE
## 5 4 30.41096 3.545284 20.0 61 2.936567 3.641872 FALSE
## 6 5 30.45723 3.484124 20.0 147 3.001395 3.640566 FALSE
## 7 6 30.50392 3.420672 20.2 42 3.012250 3.639252 FALSE
## 8 7 30.55012 3.357575 20.9 155 2.874135 3.637932 FALSE
## 9 8 30.59359 3.301673 21.0 96 2.905676 3.636605 FALSE

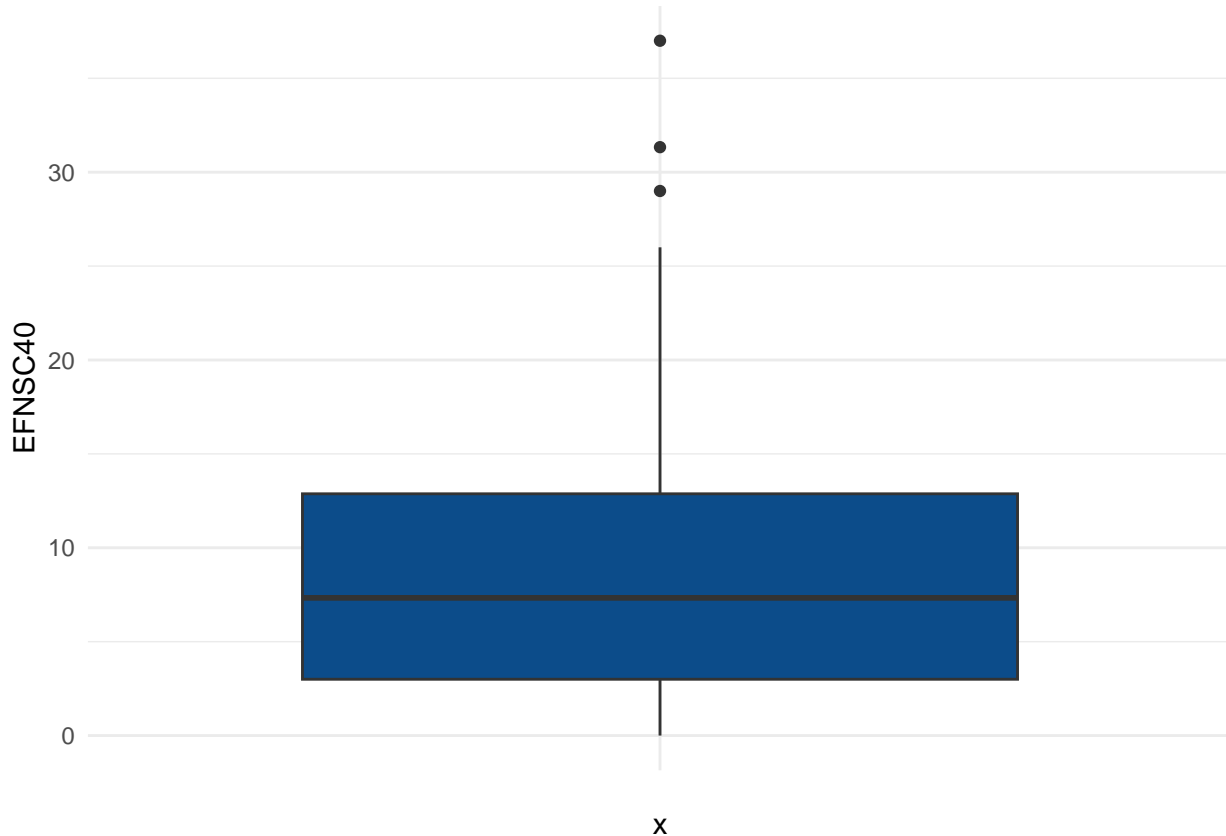
#three outliers detected
## Remove outliers
nectar_by_ID <- nectar_by_ID %>%
  mutate(FNSC = na_if(FNSC, 0.0)) %>%
  mutate(FNSC = na_if(FNSC, 8.5)) %>%

```

```
mutate(FNSC = na_if(FNSC, 12.5))

## Extrafloral nectar percent sucrose (diluted in 40 uL)
ggplot(nectar_by_ID) +
  aes(x = "", y = EFNSC40) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#0c4c8a") +
  theme_minimal()

## Warning: Removed 64 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## (`stat_boxplot()`).
```



```
# print outlier values
sort(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40)$out, decreasing = TRUE)

## [1] 37.00000 31.33333 29.00000

#Rosner test
rosnerTest(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40, k=length(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40)$out))

## Warning in rosnerTest(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40, k =
## length(boxplot.stats(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40)$out)): 64 observations with
## NA/NaN/Inf in 'x' removed.

##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method: Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
```

```

## Hypothesized Distribution:      Normal
##
## Data:                          nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40
##
## Number NA/NaN/Inf's Removed:  64
##
## Sample Size:                   166
##
## Test Statistics:                R.1 = 3.993270
##                               R.2 = 3.376433
##                               R.3 = 3.154536
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:      k = 3
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:        Up to 3 observations are not
##                               from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                  5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected:   1
##
##   i   Mean.i    SD.i    Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 8.700638 7.086765 37.00000    110 3.993270   3.548694   TRUE
## 2 1 8.529126 6.753934 31.33333     77 3.376433   3.546821  FALSE
## 3 2 8.390076 6.533424 29.00000      2 3.154536   3.544935  FALSE

#two outliers detected
## Remove outliers
nectar_by_ID <- nectar_by_ID %>%
  mutate(EFNSC40 = round(EFNSC40, digits=2)) %>%
  mutate(EFNSC40 = na_if(EFNSC40, 37.00000))
## make sure outliers are removed
rosnerTest(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40, k=2)

## Warning in rosnerTest(nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40, k = 2): 65 observations with
## NA/NaN/Inf in 'x' removed.

##
## Results of Outlier Test
## -----
##
## Test Method:                  Rosner's Test for Outliers
##
## Hypothesized Distribution:    Normal
##
## Data:                        nectar_by_ID$EFNSC40
##
## Number NA/NaN/Inf's Removed: 65
##
## Sample Size:                  165
##
## Test Statistics:              R.1 = 3.375910
##                               R.2 = 3.154464
##
## Test Statistic Parameter:    k = 2

```

```
##
## Alternative Hypothesis:      Up to 2 observations are not
##                             from the same Distribution.
##
## Type I Error:                5%
##
## Number of Outliers Detected: 0
##
##   i   Mean.i      SD.i Value Obs.Num   R.i+1 lambda.i+1 Outlier
## 1 0 8.529394 6.753915 31.33      77 3.375910   3.546821  FALSE
## 2 1 8.390366 6.533483 29.00       2 3.154464   3.544935  FALSE
```

## Combine all data

```
data <- inflor_by_ID %>%
  full_join(redarea_by_ID, by="unique_ID") %>%
  full_join(flo_morph_by_ID, by="unique_ID") %>%
  full_join(nectar_by_ID, by="unique_ID")

write.csv(data, "~/Dropbox/Costus/costus-genetic-mapping/phenotype/results/processed_data/phenotypic_data.csv")
```