phenotypes

2023-10-10

Plotting the distributions of each trait

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Load phenotypic data

```
morphometric <- read_csv(
  "~/Dropbox/Costus/costus-genetic-mapping/phenotype/results/processed_data/phenotypic_data_no_outliers_
  col_names = TRUE)

morphometric <- morphometric %>%
  mutate(VEFN = factor(VEFN, levels = c("0", "1"),
                           labels = c("Absent", "Present")))

morphometric <- morphometric %>%
  mutate(VNG = factor(VNG, levels = c("0", "1"),
                           labels = c("Absent", "Present")))

color <- read_csv(
  "~/Dropbox/Costus/costus-genetic-mapping/phenotype/results/processed_data/color_traits.csv", col_names
```

Make new variables: plant_type

```
morphometric$plant_type <- substr(morphometric$unique_ID, 1, 2)
color$plant_type <- substr(color$id, 1, 2)
```

Plots

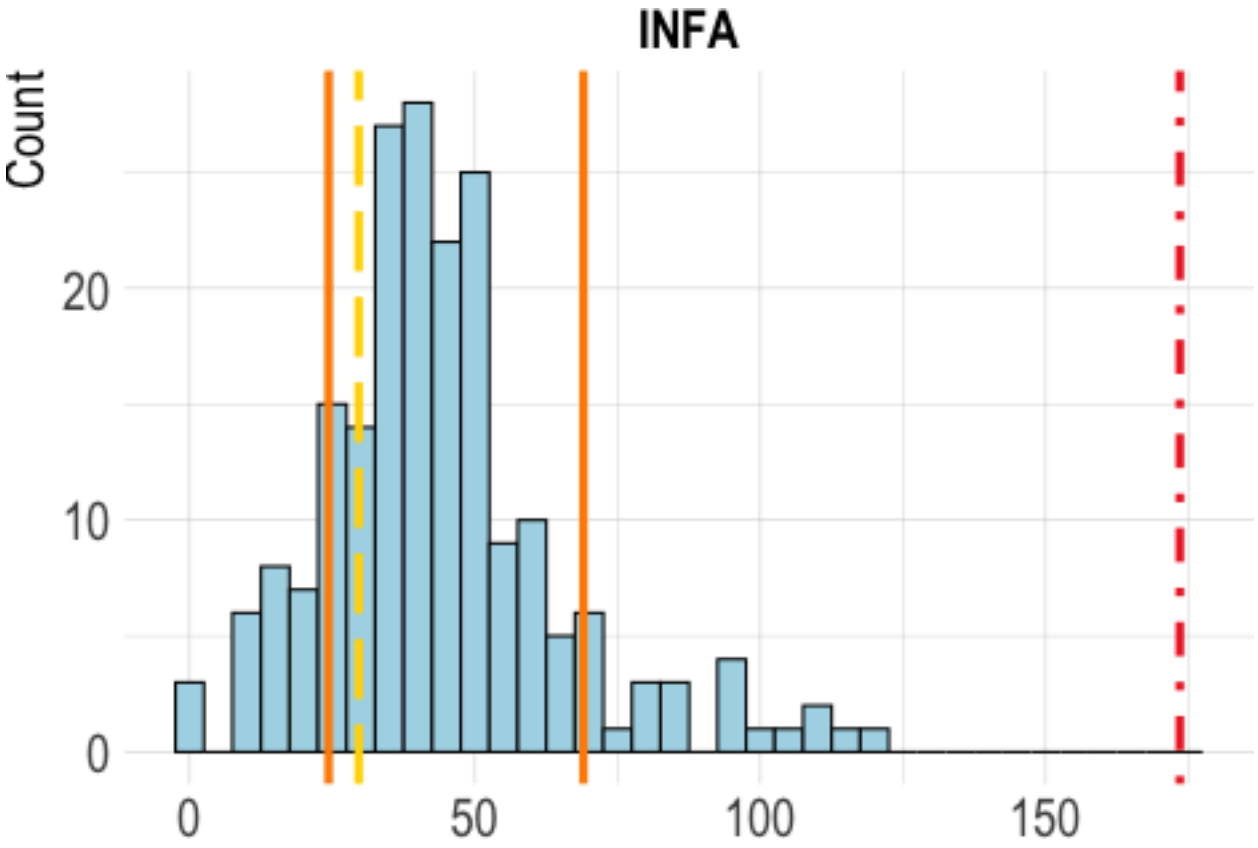
Morphometric histogram plots

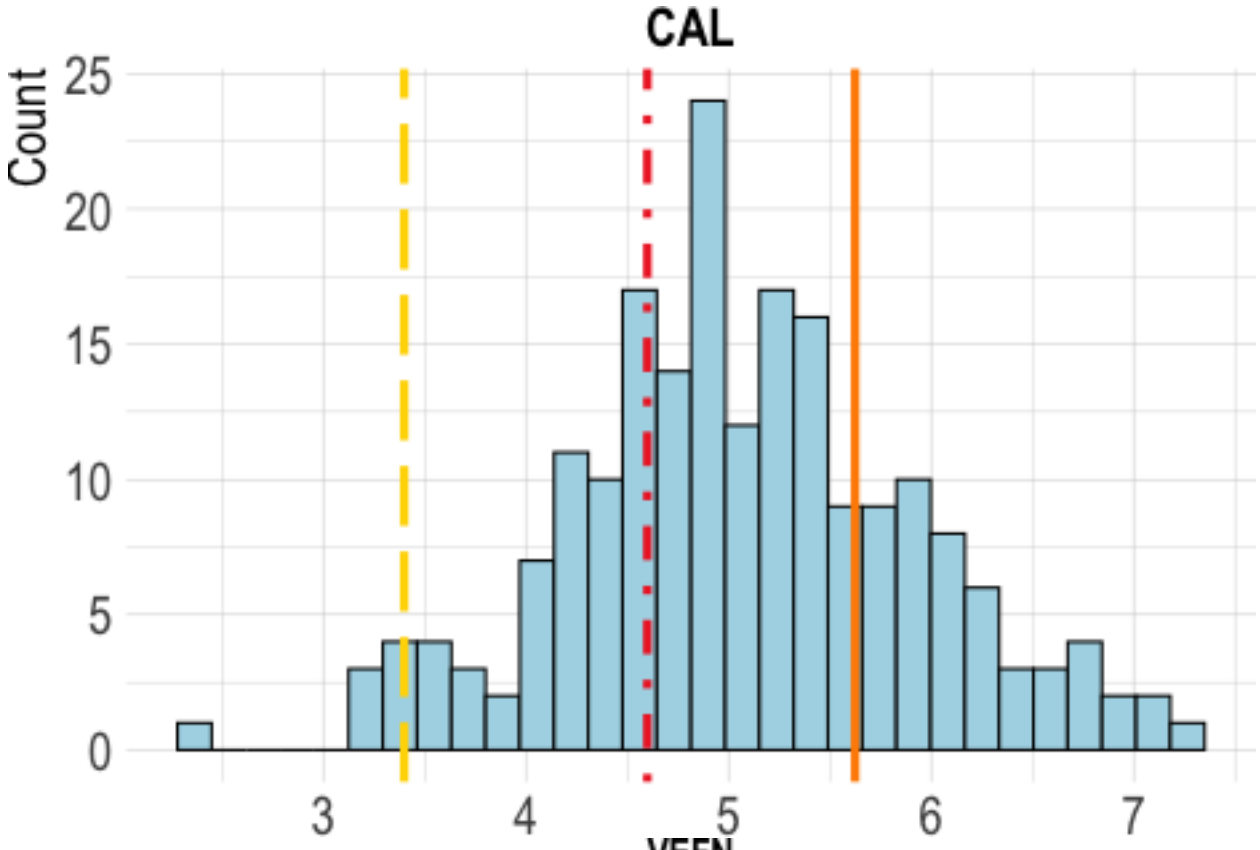
```
# 1. Define the list of traits you want to plot
# Exclude non-numeric columns if necessary
traits <- c("INFA","CAL","VEFN","VNG","RALA","RAST","COL","COLL","STAE","TUA",
            "STATL","LABL","LABW","CLL","STAL","STAW","ANL","ANW","STIW","STYL",
            "VFN","FNSC","EFNSC40")

# 2. Specify binwidths for each trait
binwidths <- list(
  INFA = 5,
  CAL = NULL,
  VEFN = NULL,
  VNG = NULL,
  RALA = NULL,
```

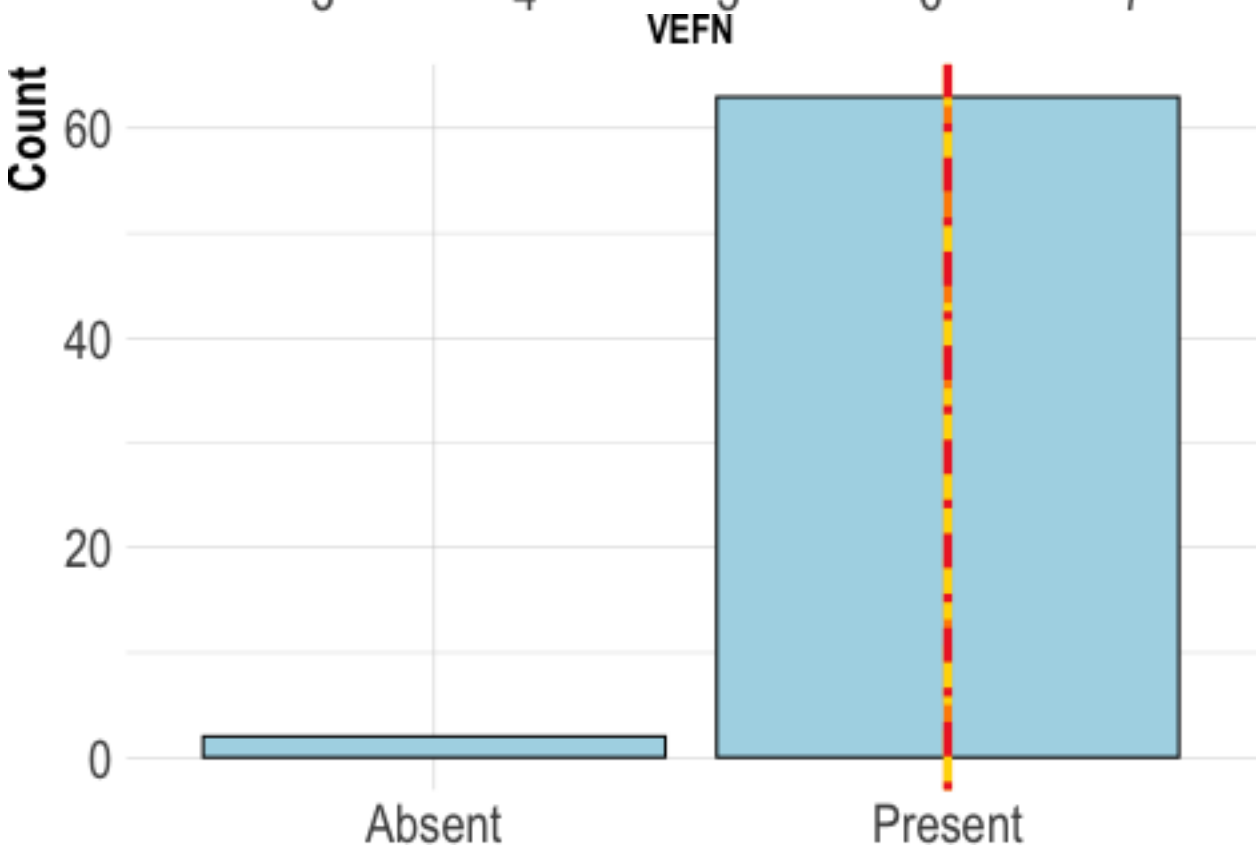
```
  RAST = NULL,
  COL = NULL,
  COLL = NULL,
  STAE = NULL,
  TUA = NULL,
  STATL = NULL,
  LABL = NULL,
  LABW = NULL,
  CLL = NULL,
  STAL = NULL,
  STAW = NULL,
  ANL = NULL,
  ANW = NULL,
  STIW = NULL,
  STYL = NULL,
  VFN = NULL,
  FNSC = NULL,
  EFNSC40 = NULL
)

# Ensure all traits have a specified binwidth
# If some traits are missing, you can set a default binwidth
default_binwidth <- 1
for(trait in traits){
  if(!trait %in% names(binwidths)){
    binwidths[[trait]] <- default_binwidth
    warning(paste("Binwidth for trait", trait, "not specified. Using default binwidth =", default_binwi
  }
}

# 3. Define Unique IDs and Plant Types
unique_ids <- c("F1_39", "F1_62", "P_125", "P_126", "P_950")
plant_types <- c("39", "62") #

# 4. Create a Function to Generate Histogram for a Single Trait
create_histogram <- function(trait, binwidth){

  # Extract averages for the current trait
  F1_39avg <- as.numeric(morphometric[morphometric$unique_ID == "F1_39", trait])
  F1_62avg <- as.numeric(morphometric[morphometric$unique_ID == "F1_62", trait])
  P_125avg <- as.numeric(morphometric[morphometric$unique_ID == "P_125", trait])
  P_126avg <- as.numeric(morphometric[morphometric$unique_ID == "P_126", trait])
  P_950avg <- as.numeric(morphometric[morphometric$unique_ID == "P_950", trait])

  # Calculate mean of P_125avg and P_126avg
  P_mean_avg <- mean(c(P_125avg, P_126avg), na.rm = TRUE)

  # Create the histogram if the trait is numeric:
  if(is.numeric(morphometric[[trait]])){

    hist_plot <- ggplot(morphometric[morphometric$plant_type %in% plant_types, ], aes_string(x = trait)
    geom_histogram(binwidth = binwidth, color = "#000000", fill = "lightblue") +
    ylab("Count") +
```

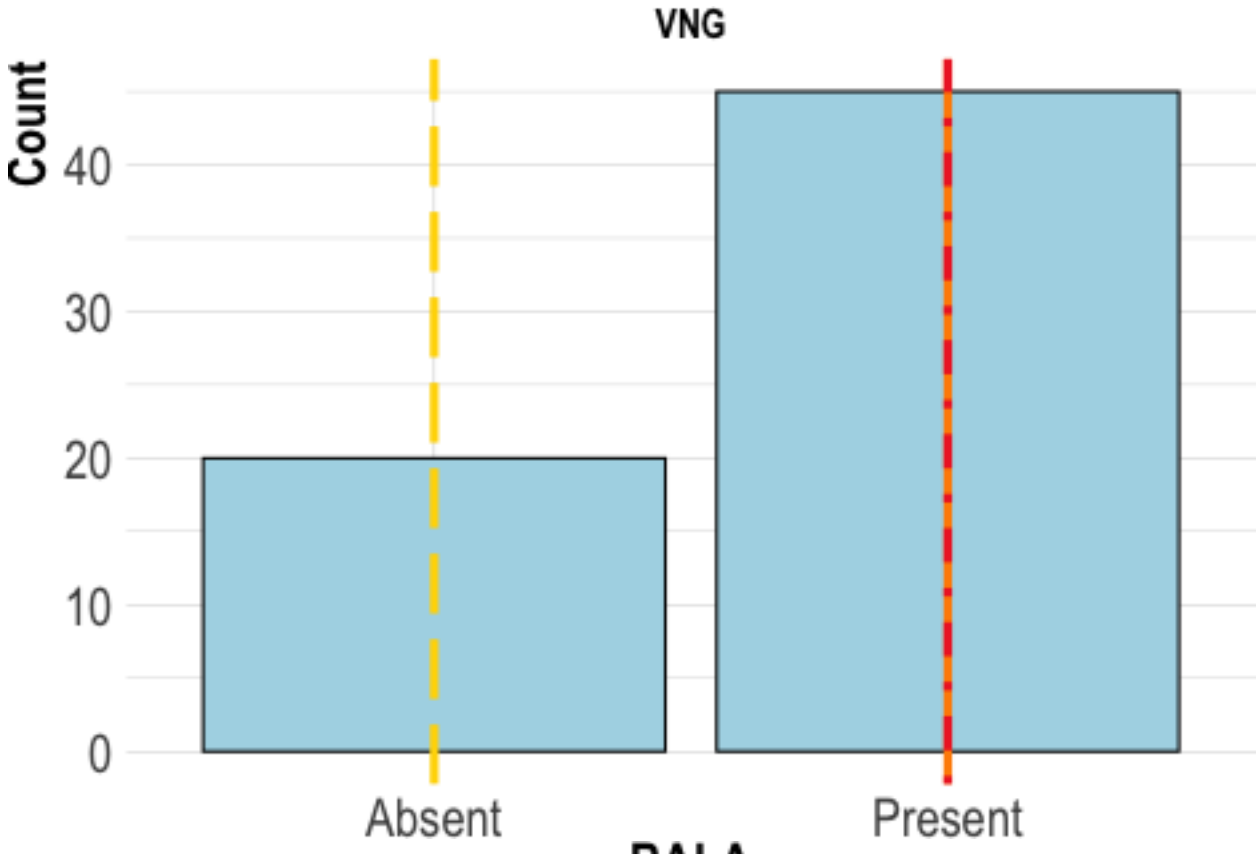
```
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_39avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_62avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_mean_avg, linetype = "longdash", color = "gold", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_950avg, linetype = "dotdash", color = "firebrick2", size = 1.5) +
    labs(title = trait) +
    theme_ipsum(base_size = 20) +
    theme(
      plot.title = element_textbox(hjust = 0.5, margin = margin(t = 5, b = 5), size = 20),
      axis.title.x = element_blank(),
      axis.title.y = element_text(
    size = 20,          # Increased y-axis title font size
    color = "black"    # Set y-axis title color to black
  ),
      plot.margin = unit(c(0.1, 0, 0.1, 0), "cm")
    )
  }

  # Create the histogram if the trait is a factor
  if(is.factor(morphometric[[trait]])){

    # Using na.omit() to remove rows with NA in the 'trait' column
    morphometric_filtered <- morphometric %>%
    filter(plant_type %in% plant_types) %>%
    na.omit(select(., all_of(trait)))  # Removes rows where 'trait' is NA

    hist_plot <- ggplot(morphometric_filtered[morphometric_filtered$plant_type %in% plant_types, ], aes
    geom_bar(color = "#000000", fill = "lightblue") +  # Changed from geom_histogram() to geom_bar()
    ylab("Count") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_39avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_62avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_mean_avg, linetype = "longdash", color = "gold", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_950avg, linetype = "dotdash", color = "firebrick2", size = 1.5) +
    labs(title = trait) +
    theme_ipsum(base_size = 20) +
    theme(
      plot.title = element_textbox(hjust = 0.5, margin = margin(t = 5, b = 5), size = 15),
      axis.title.x = element_blank(),
      axis.title.y = element_text(                              # Added y-axis title customization
        size = 20,                                              # Increased font size
        face = "bold",                                          # Made the text bold
        color = "black",                                        # Set text color to black
        angle = 90,                                             # Ensure the y-axis title is vertical
        vjust = 0.5                                             # Vertically center the y-axis title
      ),
      plot.margin = unit(c(0.1, 0, 0.1, 0), "cm")
    )

  }
  return(hist_plot)
}

# 5. Loop Through Each Trait and Generate Histograms
histograms <- list()
```

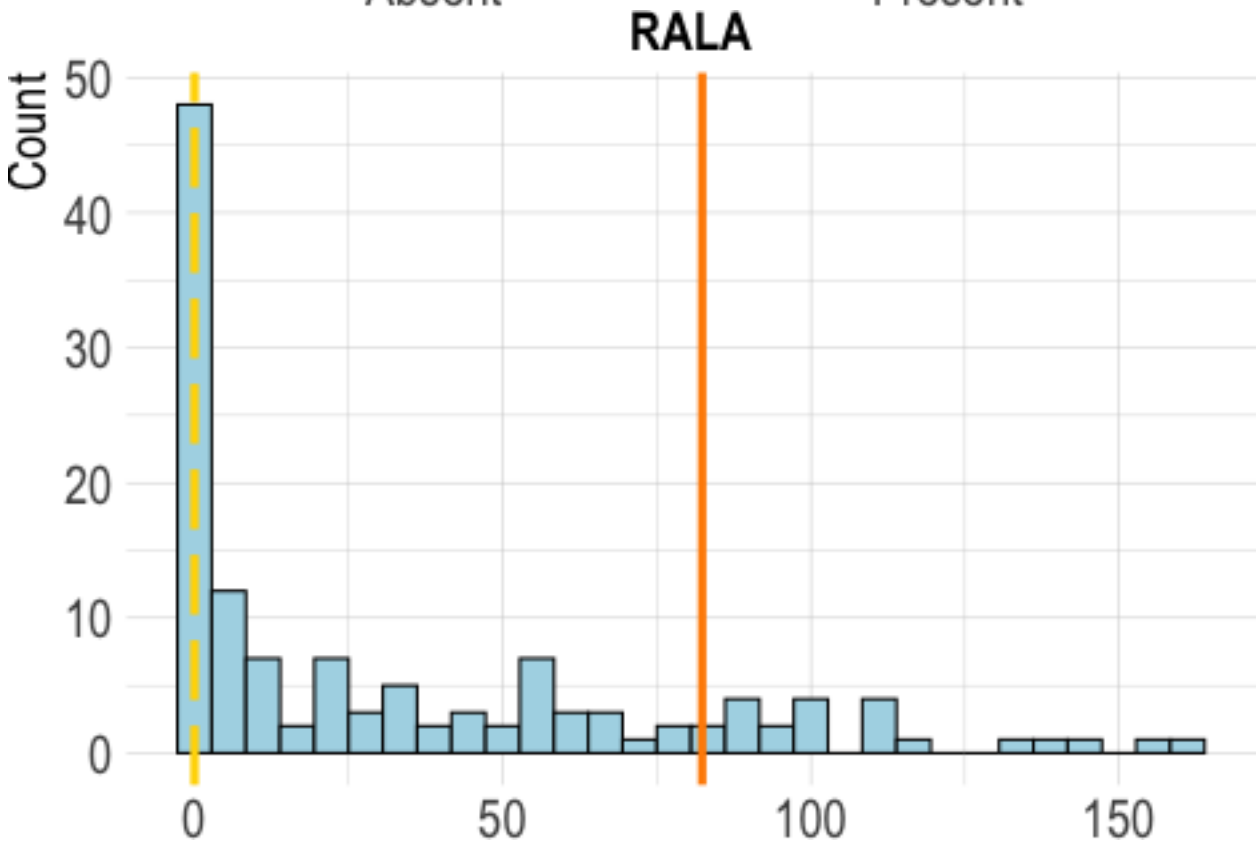
```r
for(trait in traits){

  # Retrieve the binwidth for the current trait
  binwidth <- binwidths[[trait]]

  # Create the histogram
  plot <- create_histogram(trait, binwidth)

  # Store the plot in the list
  histograms[[trait]] <- plot

  # Display the plot
  print(plot)
}
```

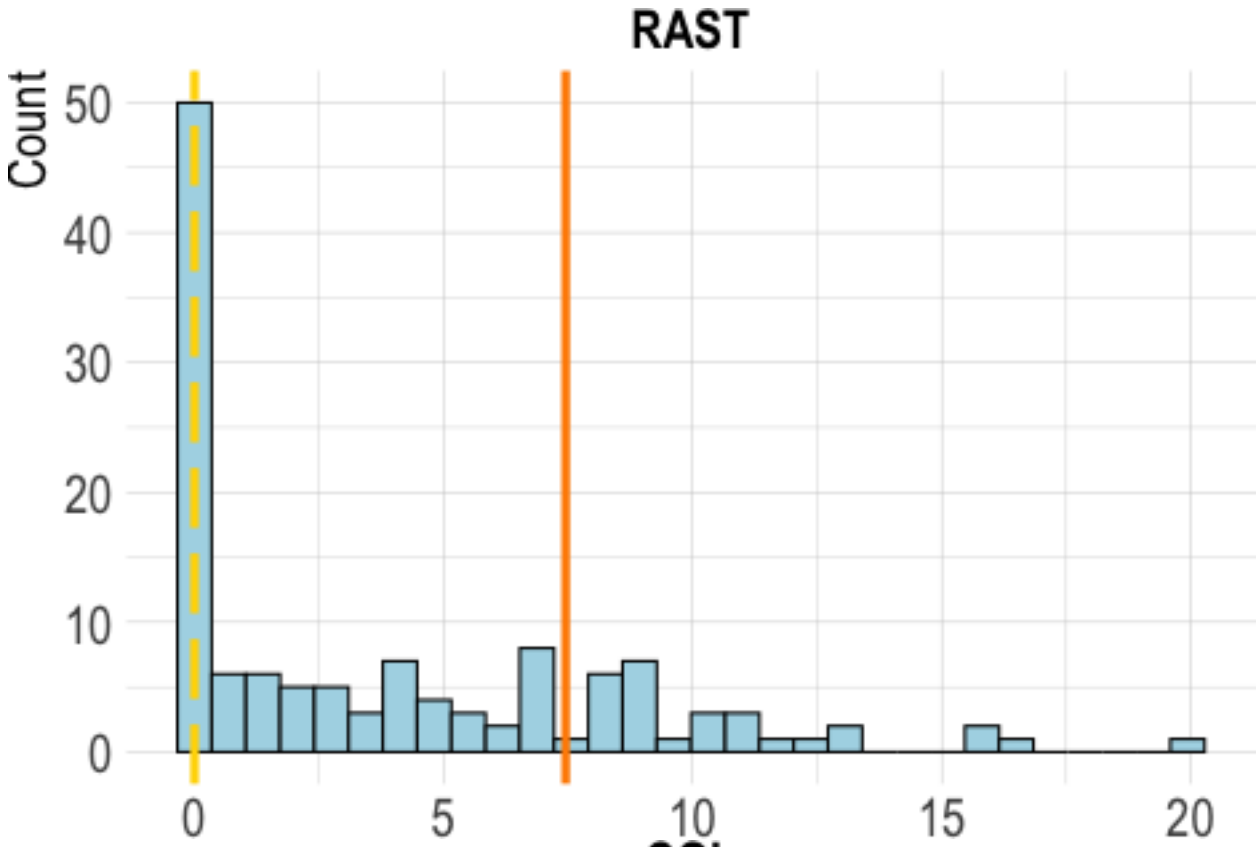


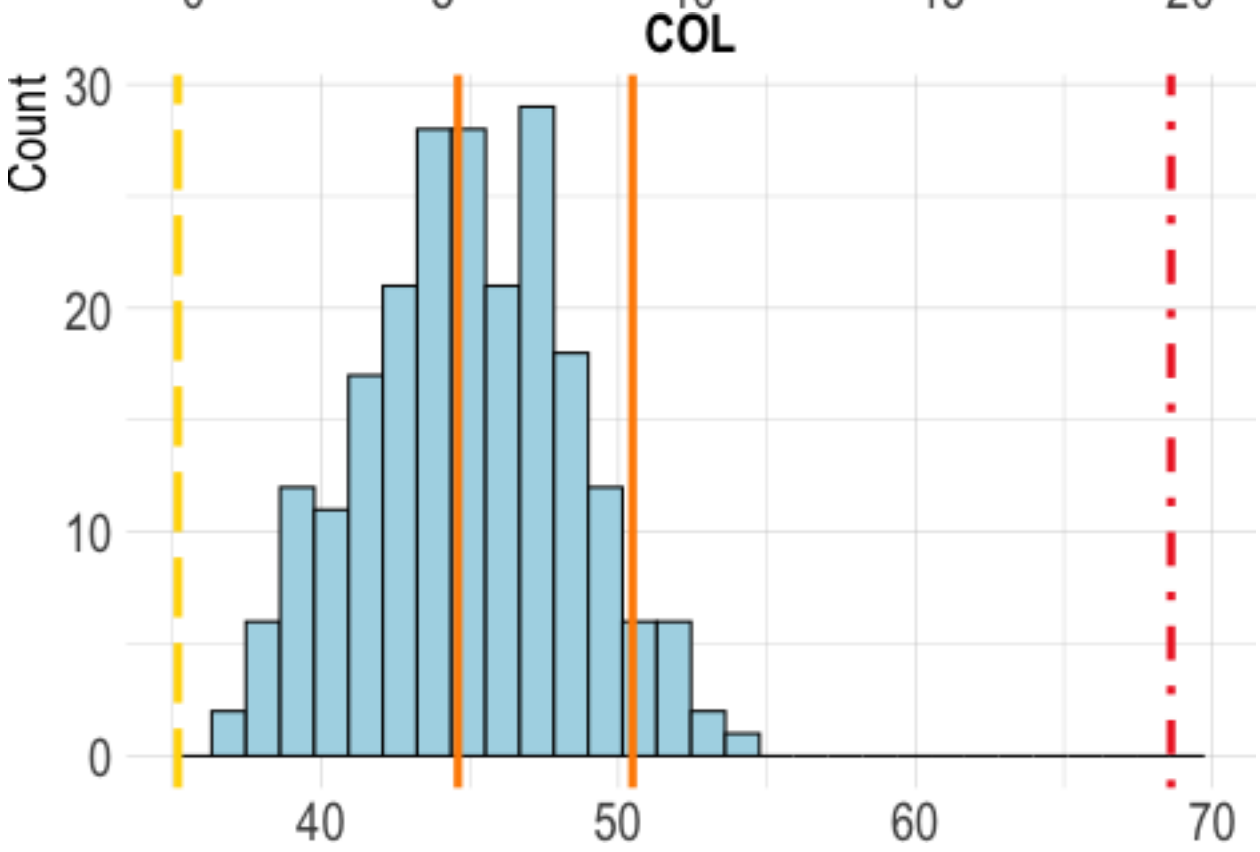

CAL
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
3
4
5
6
7

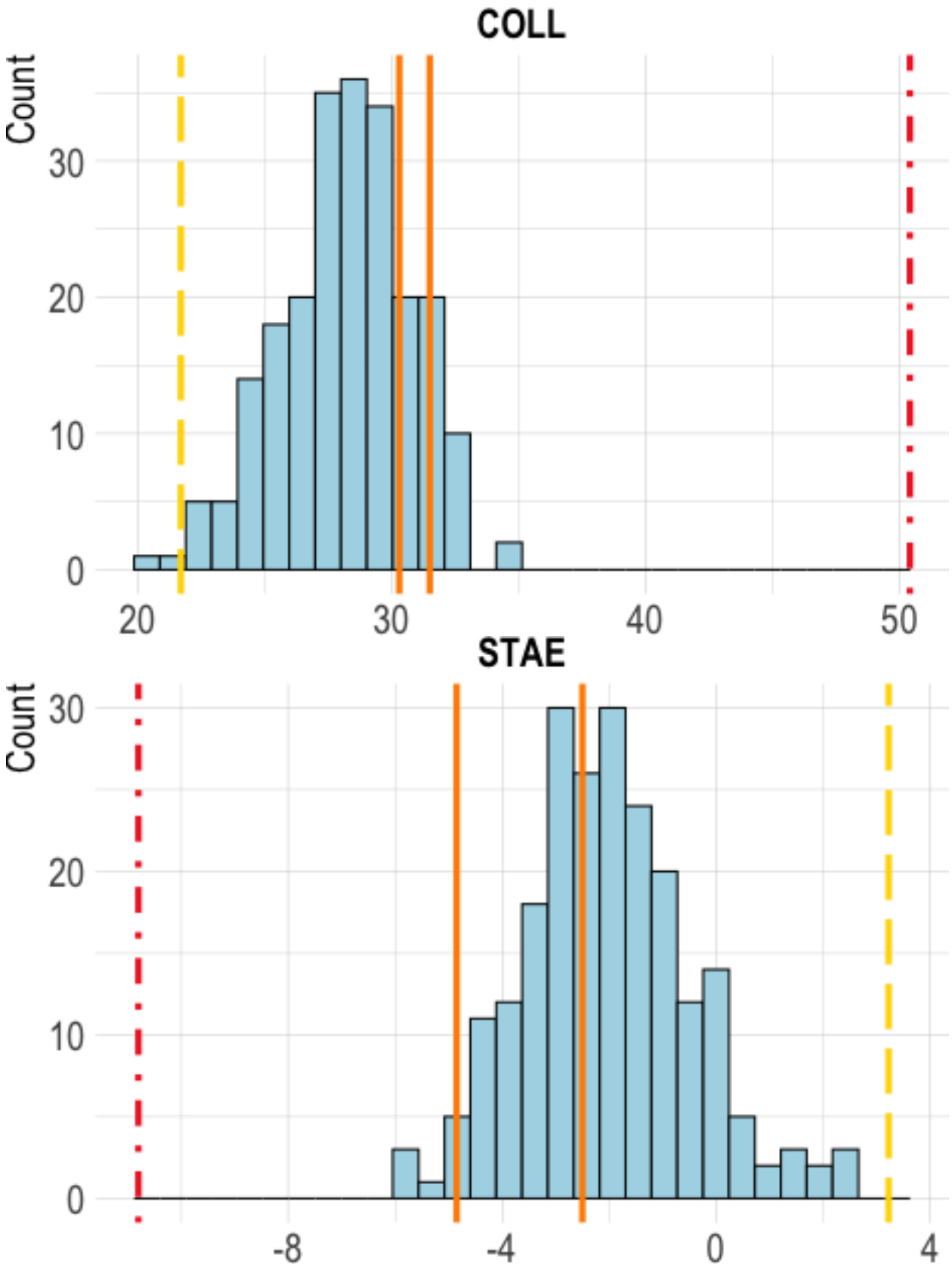

VEFN
Count
60
40
20
0
Absent
Present

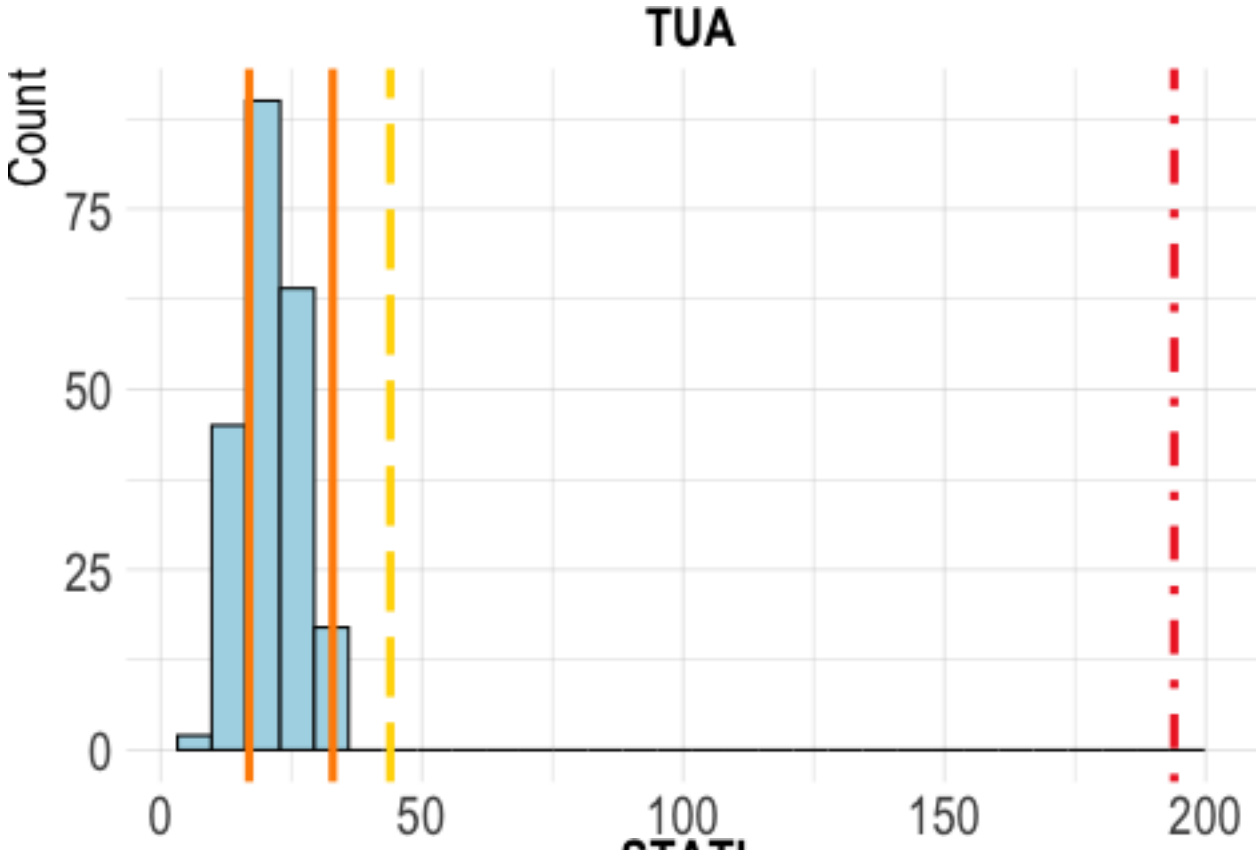

VNG
Count
40
30
20
10
0
Absent
Present

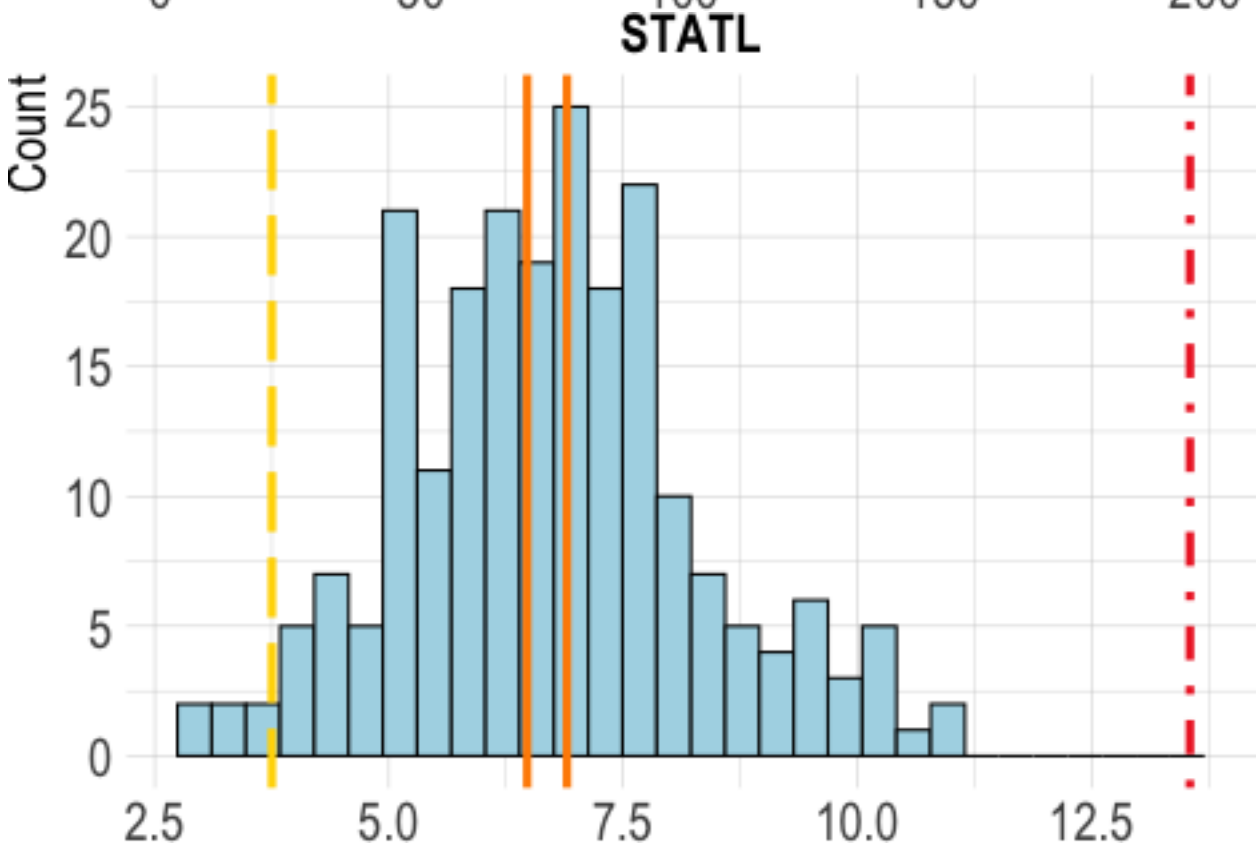

RALA
Count
50
40
30
20
10
0
0
50
100
150

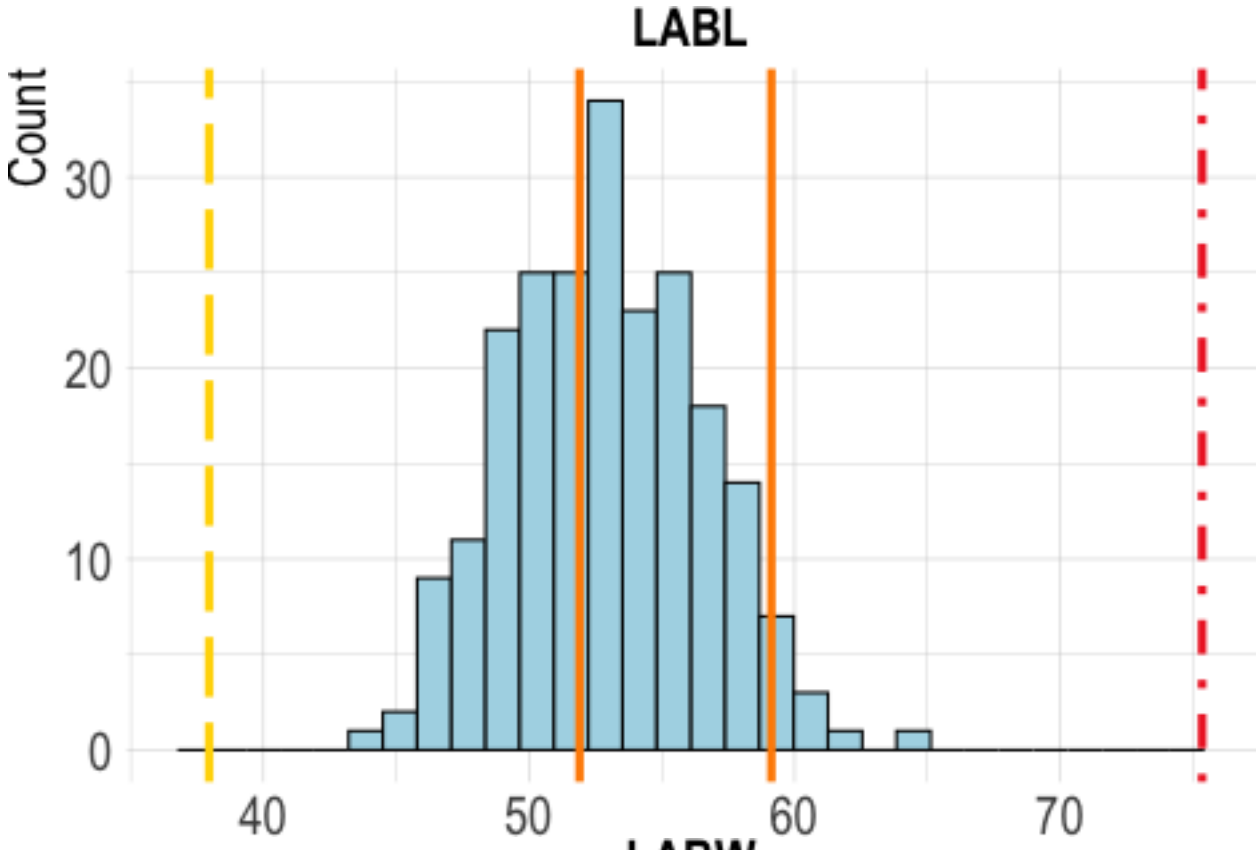

RAST
Count
50
40
30
20
10
0
0
5
10
15
20

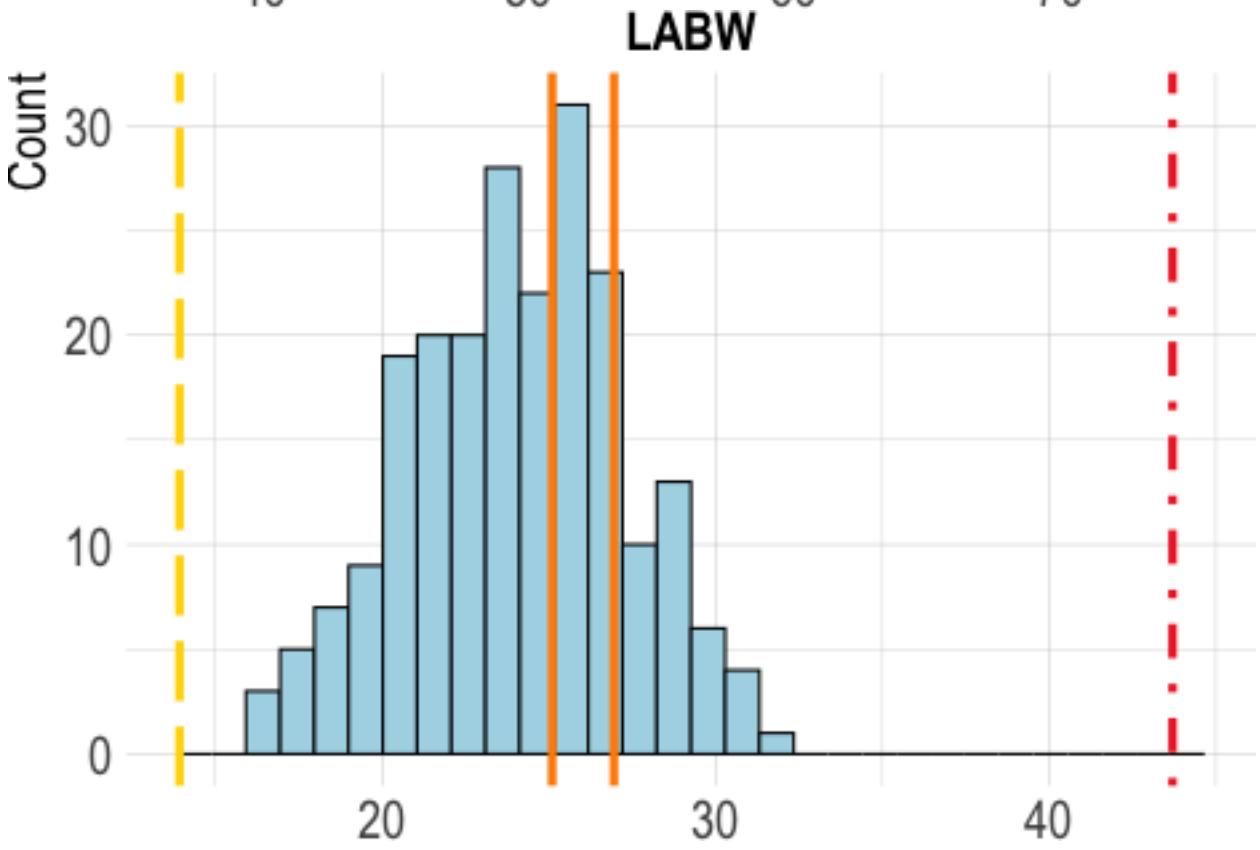

COL
Count
30
20
10
0
40
50
60
70

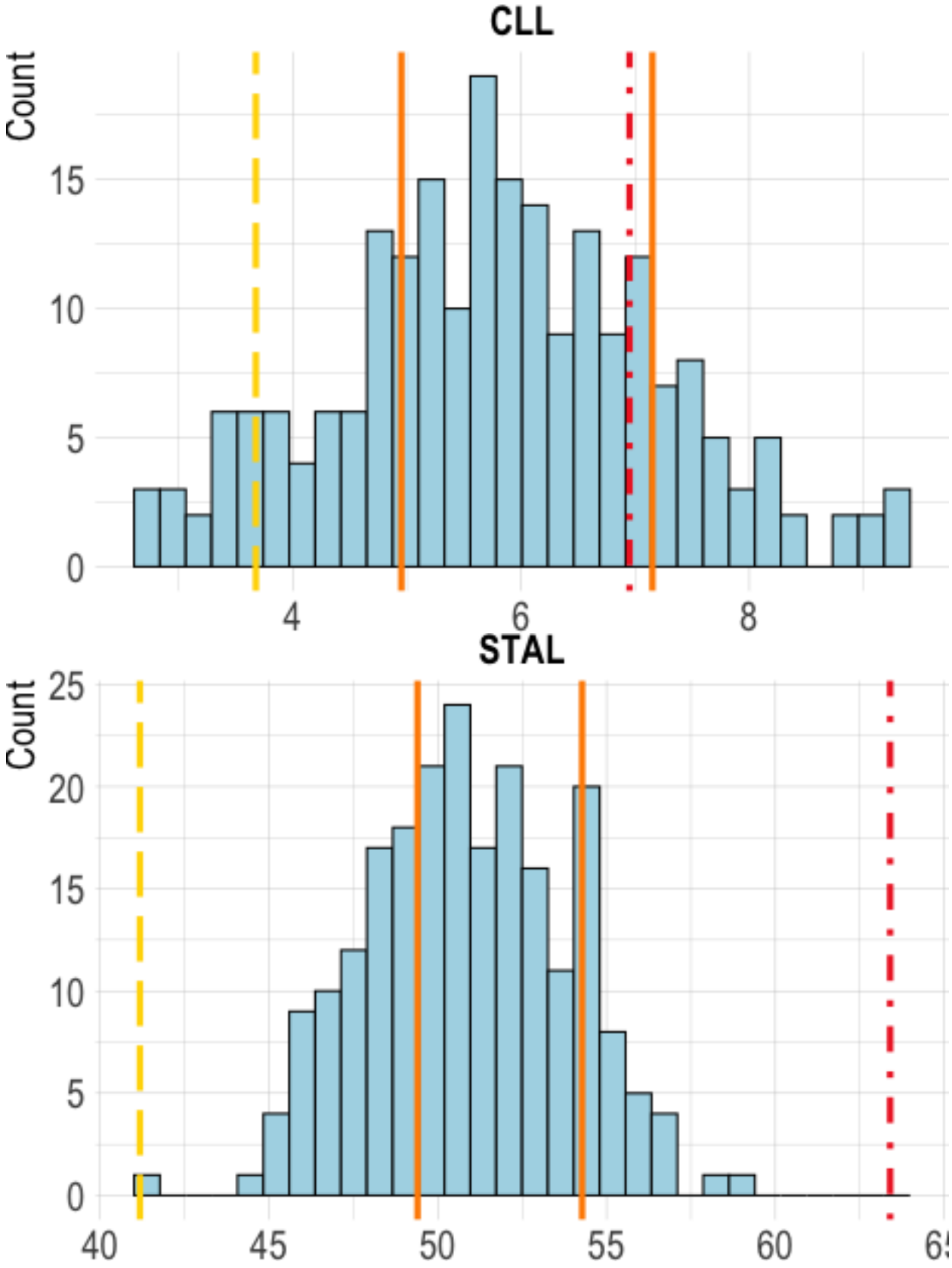

COLL
Count
30
20
10
0
20
30
40
50
STAE
Count
30
20
10
0
-8
-4
0
4

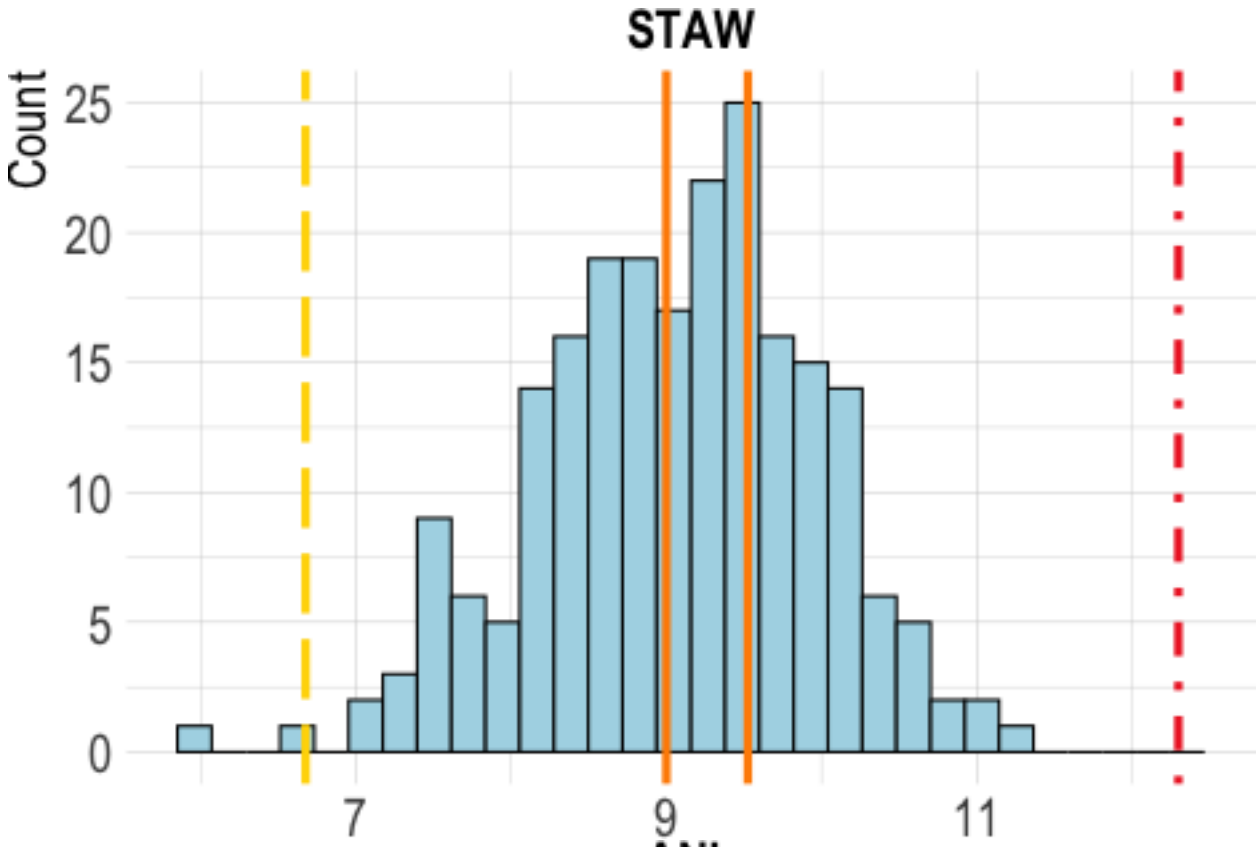

TUA
Count
75
50
25
0
0
50
100
150
200

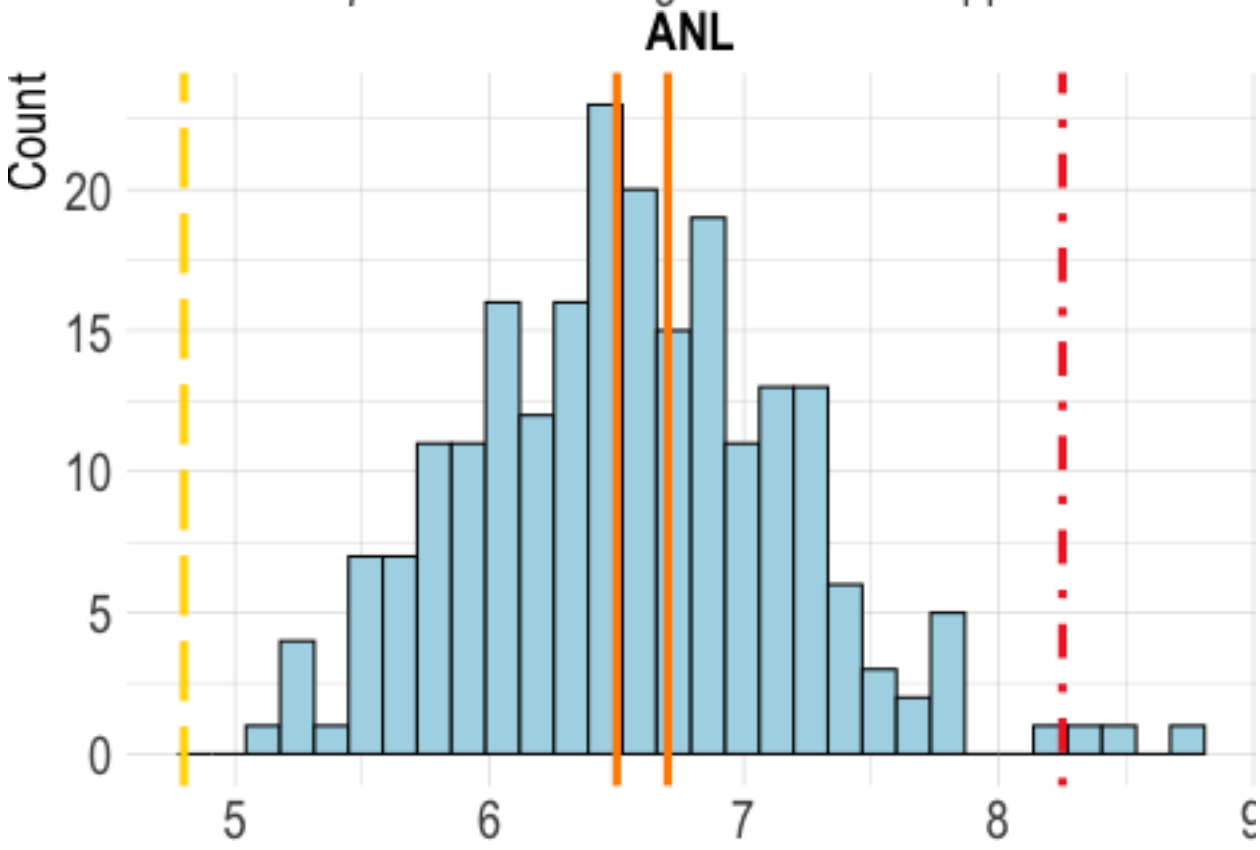

STATL
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
2.5
5.0
7.5
10.0
12.5

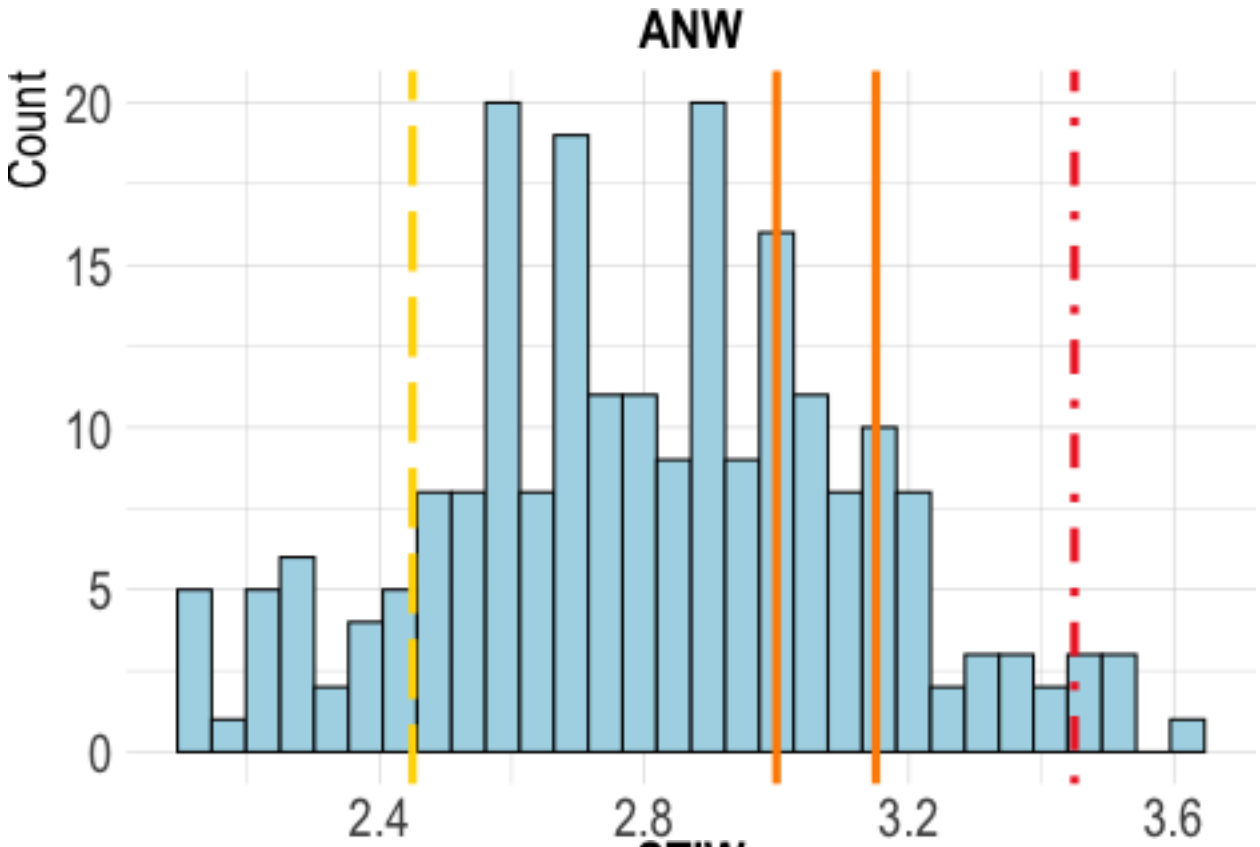

LABL
Count
30
20
10
0
40
50
60
70

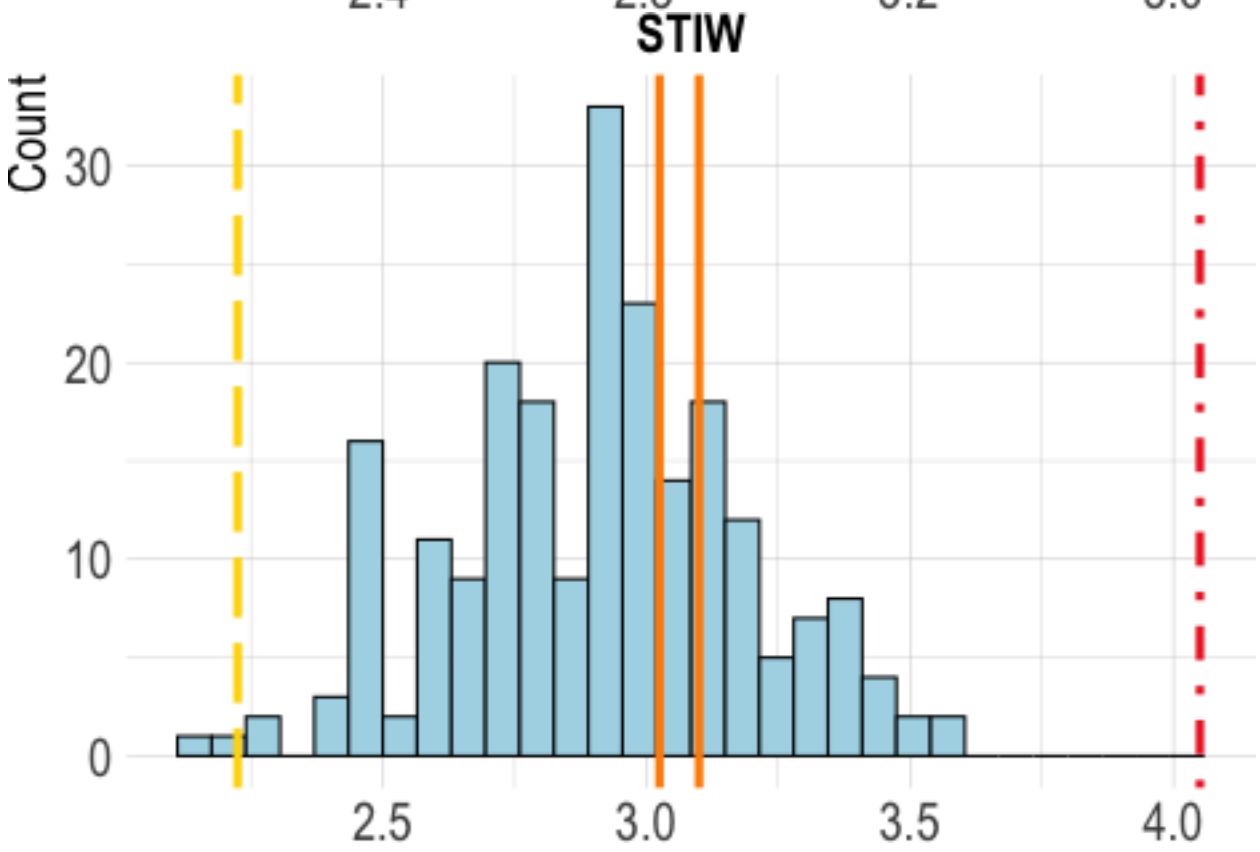

LABW
Count
30
20
10
0
20
30
40

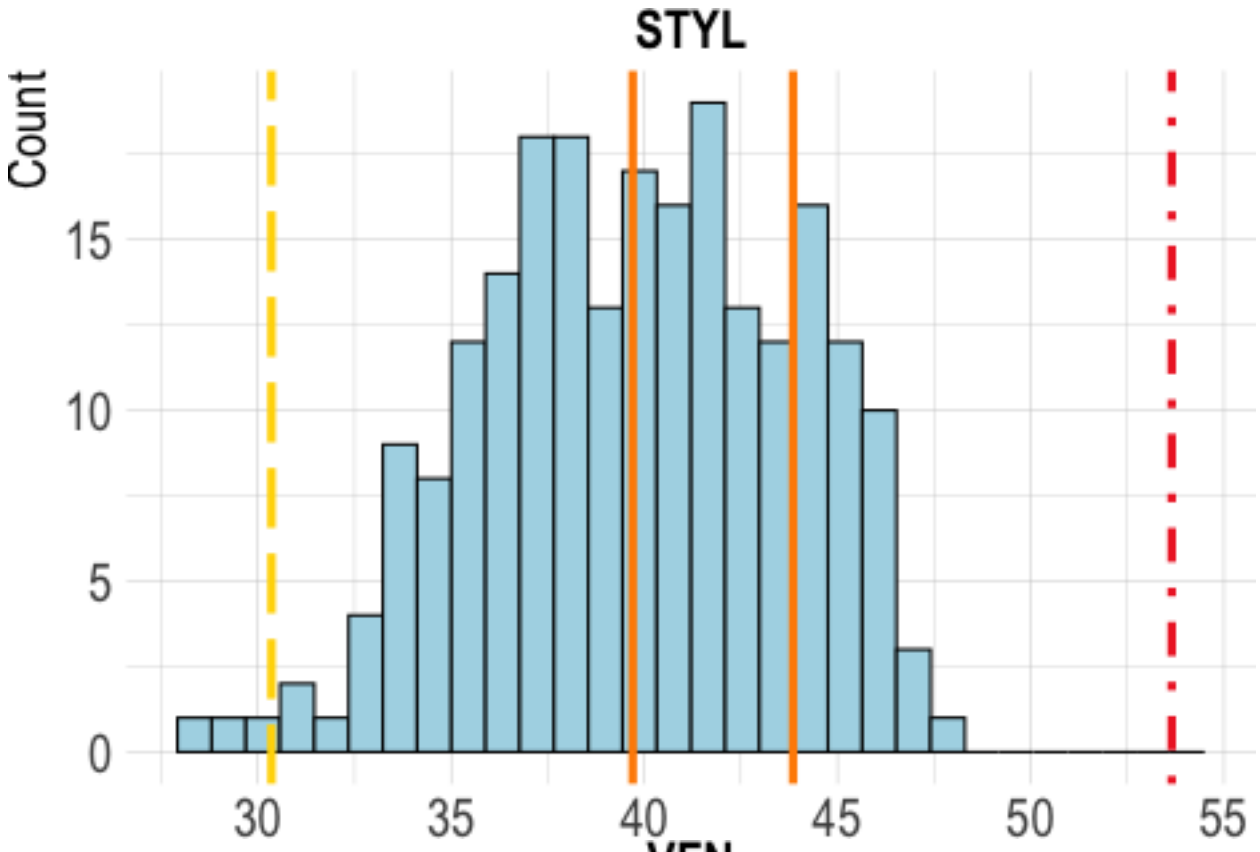

CLL
Count
15
10
5
0
4
6
8
STAL
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
40
45
50
55
60
65

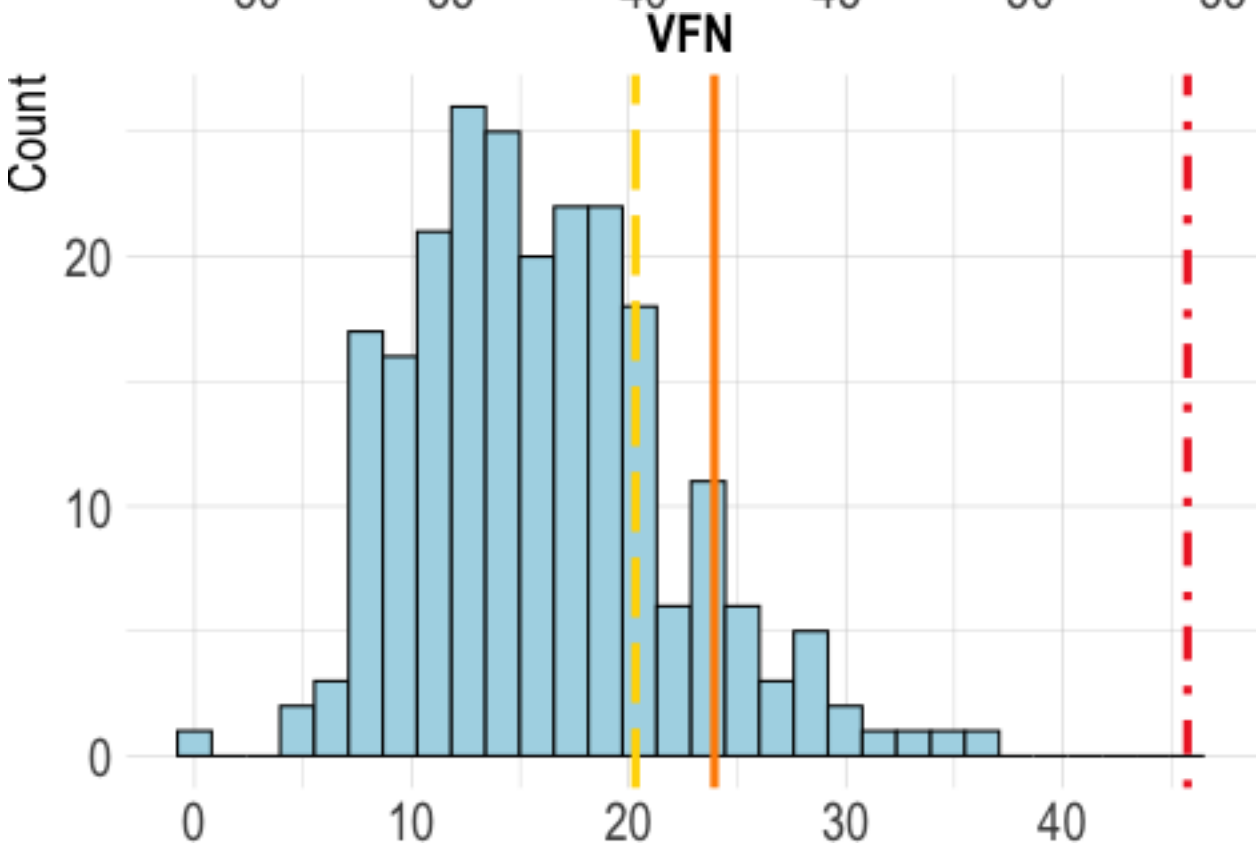

STAW
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
7
9
11

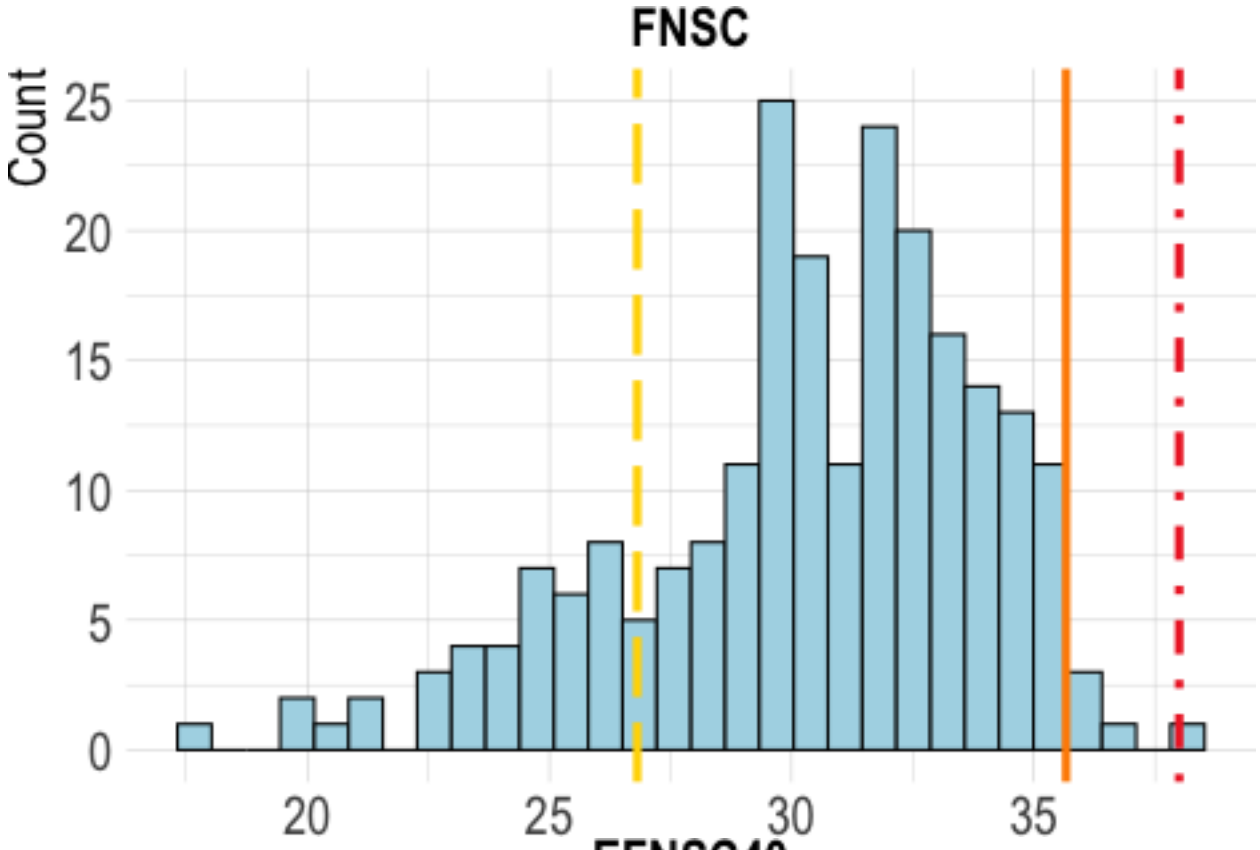

ANL
Count
20
15
10
5
0
5
6
7
8

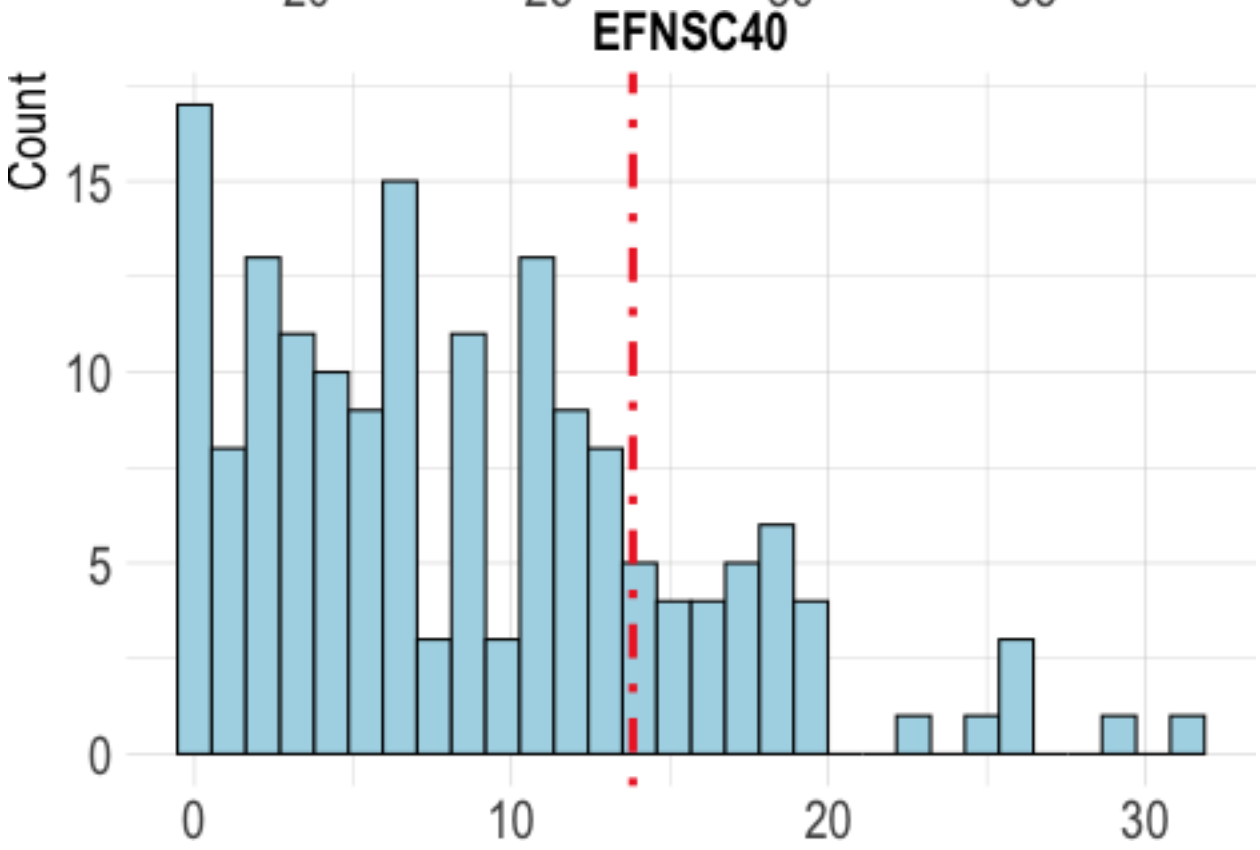

ANW
Count
20
15
10
5
0
2.4
2.8
3.2
3.6


STIW
Count
30
20
10
0
2.5
3.0
3.5
4.0


STYL
Count
15
10
5
0
30
35
40
45
50
55


VFN
Count
20
10
0
0
10
20
30
40


FNSC
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
20
25
30
35


EFNSC40
Count
15
10
5
0
0
10
20
30

Combines plots

```
# 6. Create Legend Plot
legend_data <- data.frame(
  x = c(1, 2, 3),
  Category = c("C. lasius",
               "C. bracteatus",
               "F1 hybrid")
)

legend_plot <- ggplot(legend_data, aes(x = x)) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = x, color = Category, linetype = Category), size = 1.2) +
  scale_color_manual(
    name = NULL,
    values = c(
      "C. lasius" = "gold",
      "C. bracteatus" = "firebrick2",
      "F1 hybrid" = "darkorange"
    )
  ) +
  scale_linetype_manual(
    name = NULL,
    values = c(
      "C. lasius Parental Species" = "longdash",
      "C. bracteatus Parental Species" = "dotdash",
      "F1 Hybrids" = "solid"
    )
  ) +
  theme_void() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.text = element_text(size = 12)
  )

# 7. Combine Histograms into a Grid
nrow_grid <- 5 # Adjust based on number of histograms and desired layout

histogram_grid <- plot_grid(
  plotlist = histograms,
  nrow = nrow_grid,
  align = "v"
)

# 8. Combine Histogram Grid with Legend Plot
combined_plot <- plot_grid(
  histogram_grid,
  legend_plot,
  ncol = 1,
  rel_heights = c(1, 0.05) # Adjust relative heights as needed
)

# 9. Save the Combined Plot to a PDF
CairoPDF(file = "~/Dropbox/Costus/costus-genetic-mapping/phenotype/results/figures/morphometric_combine
print(combined_plot)
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
pdf
  2
```

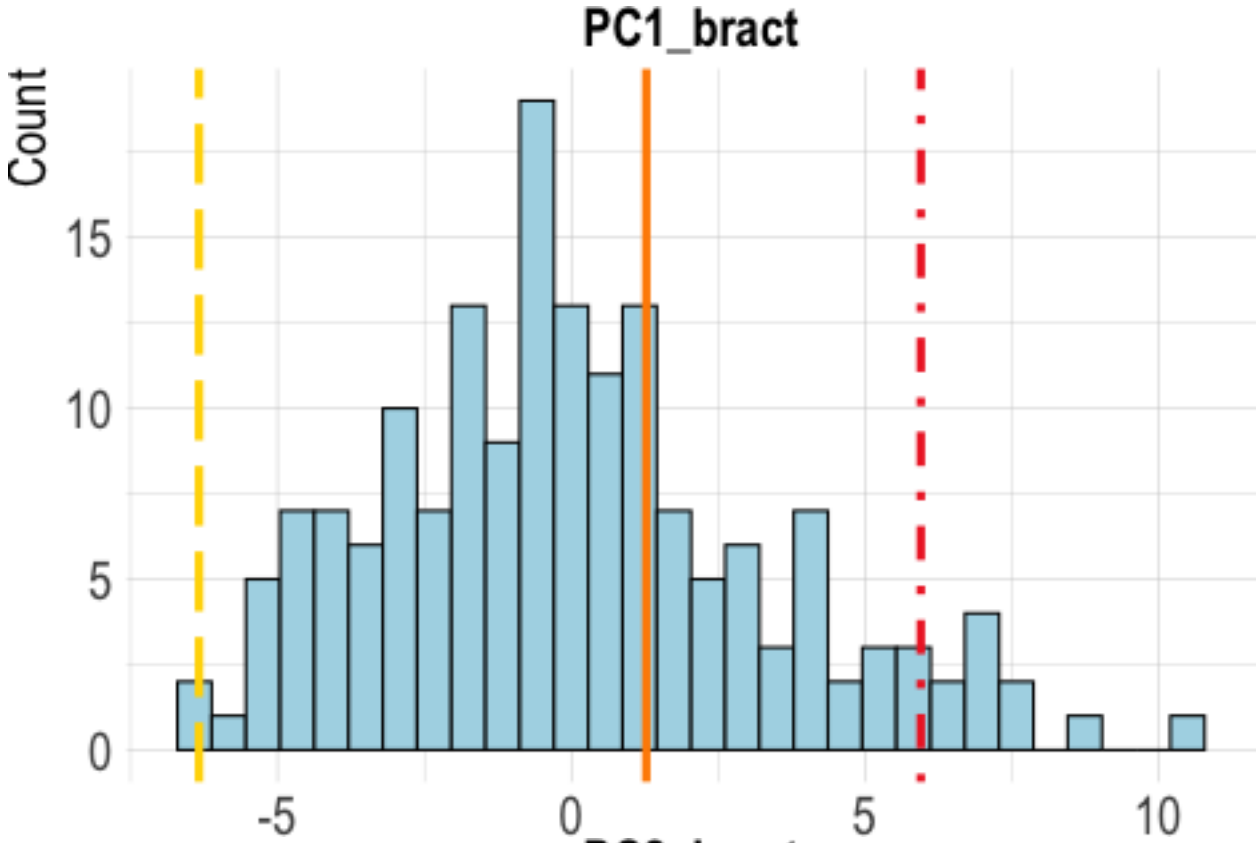
```
# Optional: Display the Combined Plot in R Session
# print(combined_plot)
```

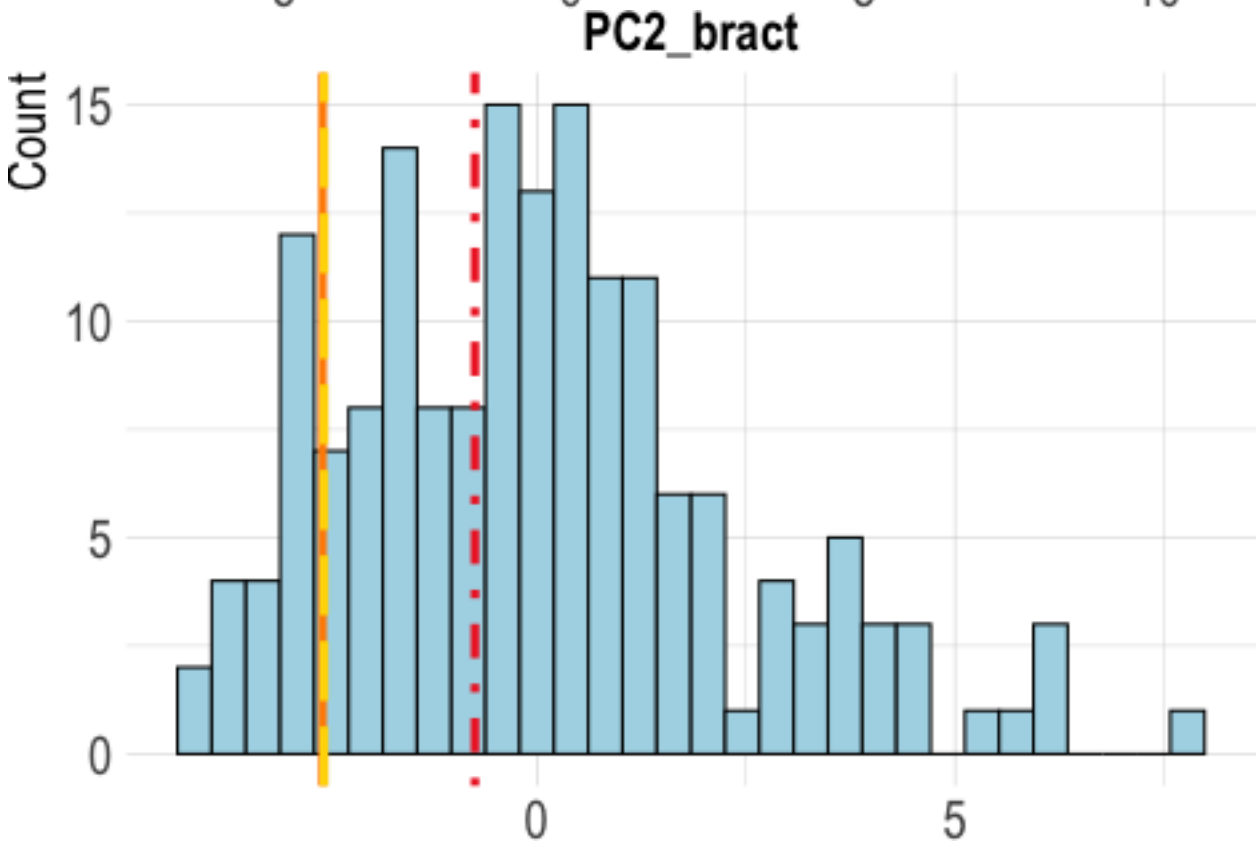
Colormetric histogram plots

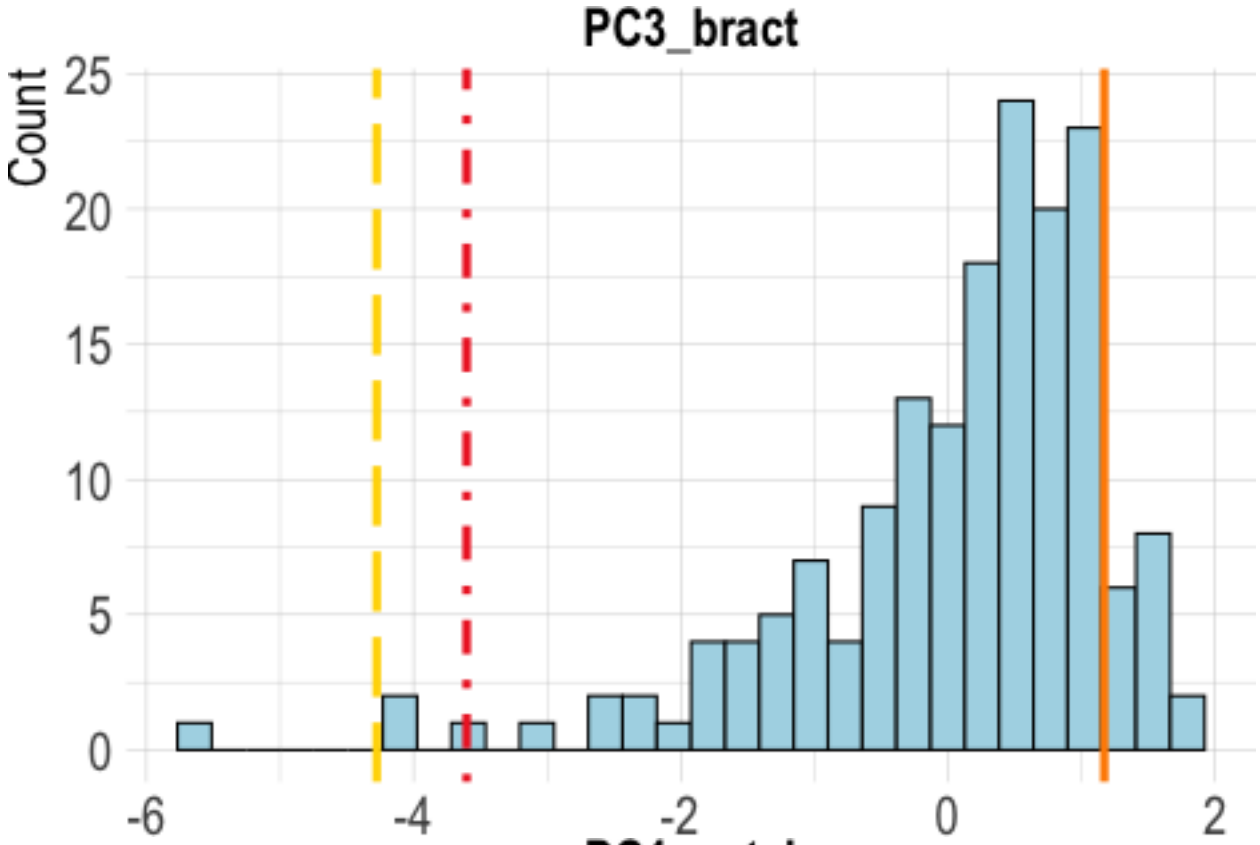
```
# 1. Define the list of traits you want to plot
# Exclude non-numeric columns if necessary
traits <- c("PC1_bract","PC2_bract","PC3_bract","PC1_petal","PC2_petal","PC3_petal",
            "PC1_labellum","PC2_labellum","PC3_labellum",
            "S1U_bract","S1V_bract","S1B_bract","S1G_bract","S1R_bract",
            "S5_bract","S9_bract","H4_bract",
            "B3_petal","S1U_petal","S1V_petal","S1B_petal","S1Y_petal","S1R_petal",
            "S5_petal","S9_petal","H4_petal",
            "B3_labellum","S1B_labellum","S1Y_labellum","S1R_labellum","S5_labellum",
            "S6_labellum","S9_labellum","H3_labellum","H4_labellum",
            "H1_UV_petal","H1_UV_labellum",
            "h.theta.bird.bract","r.vec.bird.bract",
            "h.theta.bee.bract","r.vec.bee.bract",
            "h.theta.bird.petal","r.vec.bird.petal",
            "h.theta.bee.petal","r.vec.bee.petal",
            "h.theta.bird.labellum","r.vec.bird.labellum",
            "h.theta.bee.labellum","r.vec.bee.labellum")

# 2. Specify binwidths for each trait
binwidths <- list(
  INFA = 5,
  CAL = NULL,
  VEFN = NULL,
  VNG = NULL,
  RALA = NULL,
  RAST = NULL,
  COL = NULL,
  COLL = NULL,
  STAE = NULL,
  TUA = NULL,
  STATL = NULL,
  LABL = NULL,
  LABW = NULL,
  CLL = NULL,
  STAL = NULL,
  STAW = NULL,
  ANL = NULL,
  ANW = NULL,
  STIW = NULL,
  STYL = NULL,
  VFN = NULL,
  FNSC = NULL,
  EFNSC40 = NULL
)
```

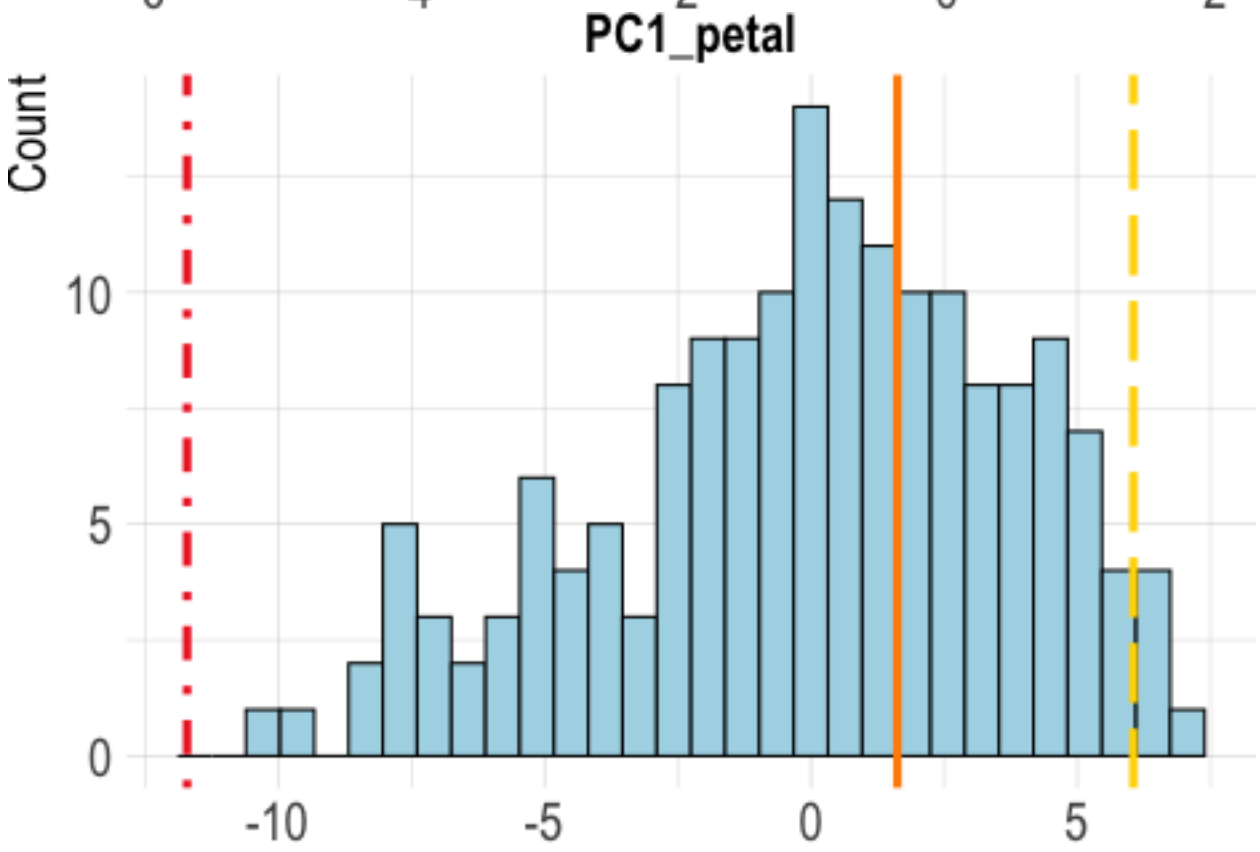
```r
# Ensure all traits have a specified binwidth
# If some traits are missing, you can set a default binwidth
default_binwidth <- NULL
for(trait in traits){
  if(!trait %in% names(binwidths)){
    binwidths[[trait]] <- default_binwidth
    warning(paste("Binwidth for trait", trait, "not specified. Using default binwidth =", default_binwi
  }
}

# 3. Define Unique IDs and Plant Types
unique_ids <- c("F1_39", "F1_62", "P_125", "P_126", "P_950")
plant_types <- c("39", "62") #

# 4. Create a Function to Generate Histogram for a Single Trait
create_histogram <- function(trait, binwidth){

  # Extract averages for the current trait
  F1_39avg <- as.numeric(color[color$id == "39", trait])
  F1_62avg <- as.numeric(color[color$id == "62", trait])
  P_125avg <- as.numeric(color[color$id == "125", trait])
  P_126avg <- as.numeric(color[color$id == "126", trait])
  P_950avg <- as.numeric(color[color$id == "BRAC", trait])

  # Calculate mean of P_125avg and P_126avg
  P_mean_avg <- mean(c(P_125avg, P_126avg), na.rm = TRUE)

  # Removing rows where id is "39" or "62" (character or factor)
    filtered_color <- color %>%
      filter(!id %in% c("39", "62"))

  # Create the histogram if the trait is numeric:
  if(is.numeric(filtered_color[[trait]])){

    hist_plot <- ggplot(filtered_color[filtered_color$plant_type %in% plant_types, ], aes_string(x = tra
    geom_histogram(binwidth = binwidth, color = "#000000", fill = "lightblue") +
    ylab("Count") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_39avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_62avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_mean_avg, linetype = "longdash", color = "gold", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_950avg, linetype = "dotdash", color = "firebrick2", size = 1.5) +
    labs(title = trait) +
    theme_ipsum(base_size = 20) +
    theme(
      plot.title = element_textbox(hjust = 0.5, margin = margin(t = 5, b = 5), size = 20),
      axis.title.x = element_blank(),
      axis.title.y = element_text(
    size = 20,          # Increased y-axis title font size
    color = "black"    # Set y-axis title color to black
  ),
      plot.margin = unit(c(0.1, 0, 0.1, 0), "cm")
    )
  }
```

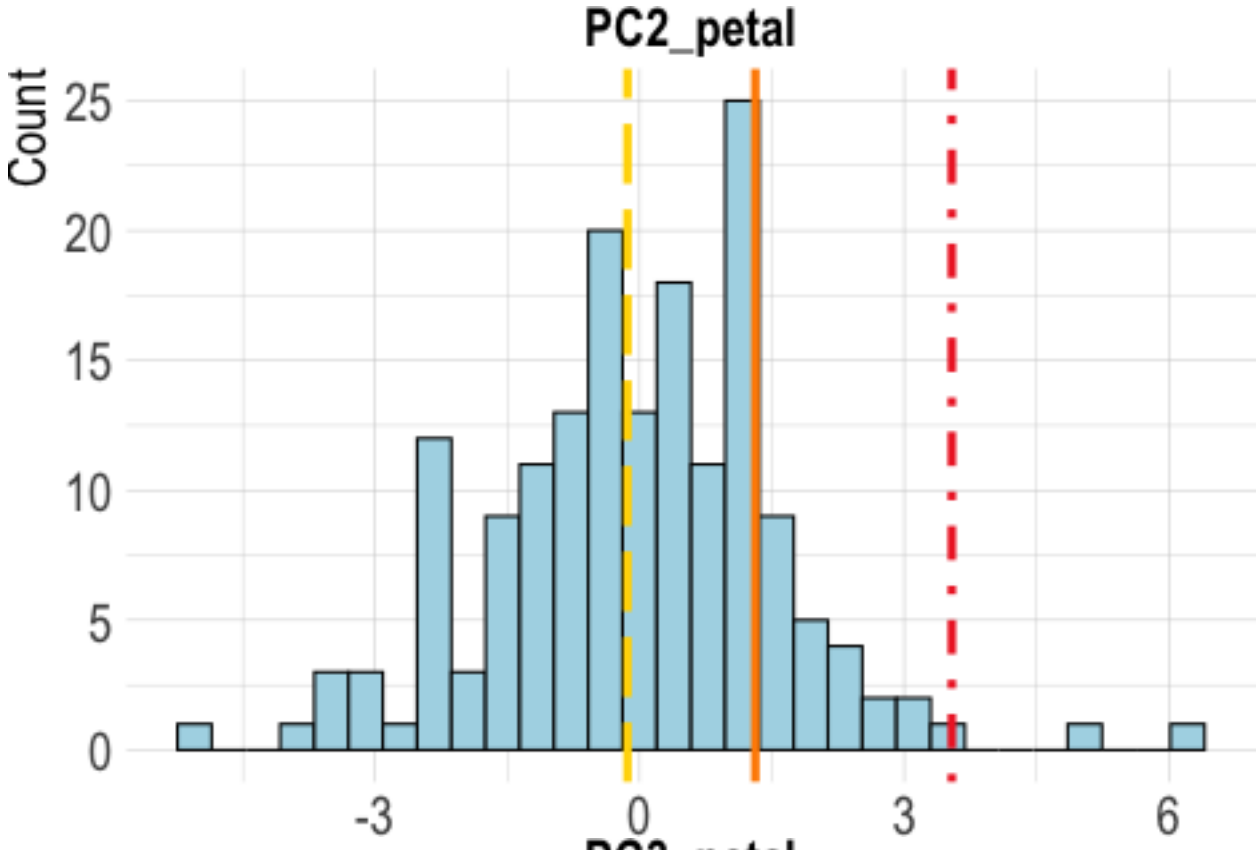
```r
  # Create the histogram if the trait is a factor
  if(is.factor(filtered_color[[trait]])){

    # Using na.omit() to remove rows with NA in the 'trait' column
    color_filtered <- filtered_color %>%
    filter(plant_type %in% plant_types) %>%
    na.omit(select(., all_of(trait)))  # Removes rows where 'trait' is NA

    hist_plot <- ggplot(filtered_color[filtered_color$plant_type %in% plant_types, ], aes_string(x = tra
    geom_bar(color = "#000000", fill = "lightblue") +  # Changed from geom_histogram() to geom_bar()
    ylab("Count") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_39avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = F1_62avg, linetype = "solid", color = "darkorange", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_mean_avg, linetype = "longdash", color = "gold", size = 1.5) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = P_950avg, linetype = "dotdash", color = "firebrick2", size = 1.5) +
    labs(title = trait) +
    theme_ipsum(base_size = 20) +
    theme(
      plot.title = element_textbox(hjust = 0.5, margin = margin(t = 5, b = 5), size = 15),
      axis.title.x = element_blank(),
      axis.title.y = element_text(                          # Added y-axis title customization
        size = 20,                                          # Increased font size
        face = "bold",                                      # Made the text bold
        color = "black",                                    # Set text color to black
        angle = 90,                                         # Ensure the y-axis title is vertical
        vjust = 0.5                                         # Vertically center the y-axis title
      ),
      plot.margin = unit(c(0.1, 0, 0.1, 0), "cm")
    )

  }
  return(hist_plot)
}

# 5. Loop Through Each Trait and Generate Histograms
histograms <- list()

for(trait in traits){

  # Retrieve the binwidth for the current trait
  binwidth <- binwidths[[trait]]

  # Create the histogram
  plot <- create_histogram(trait, binwidth)

  # Store the plot in the list
  histograms[[trait]] <- plot

  # Display the plot
  print(plot)
}
```

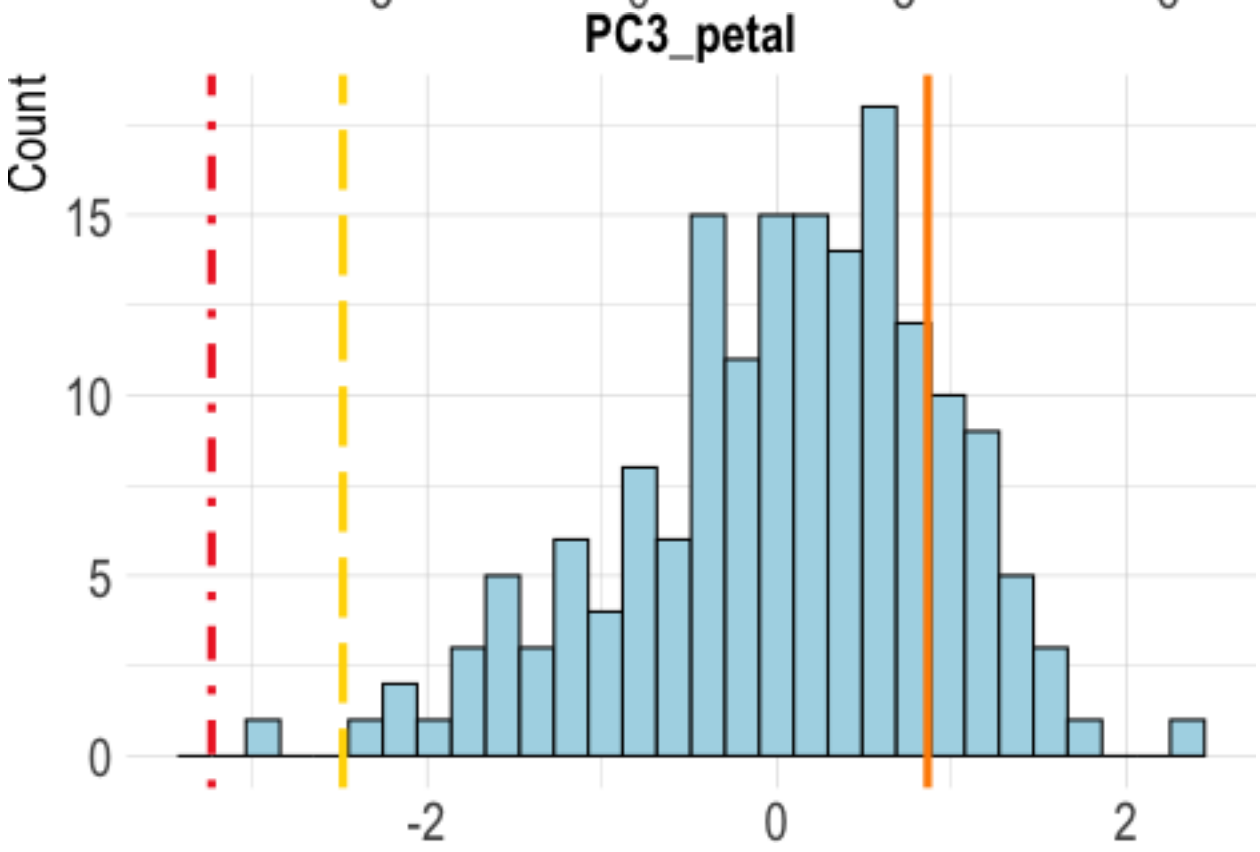

PC1_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
-5
0
5
10

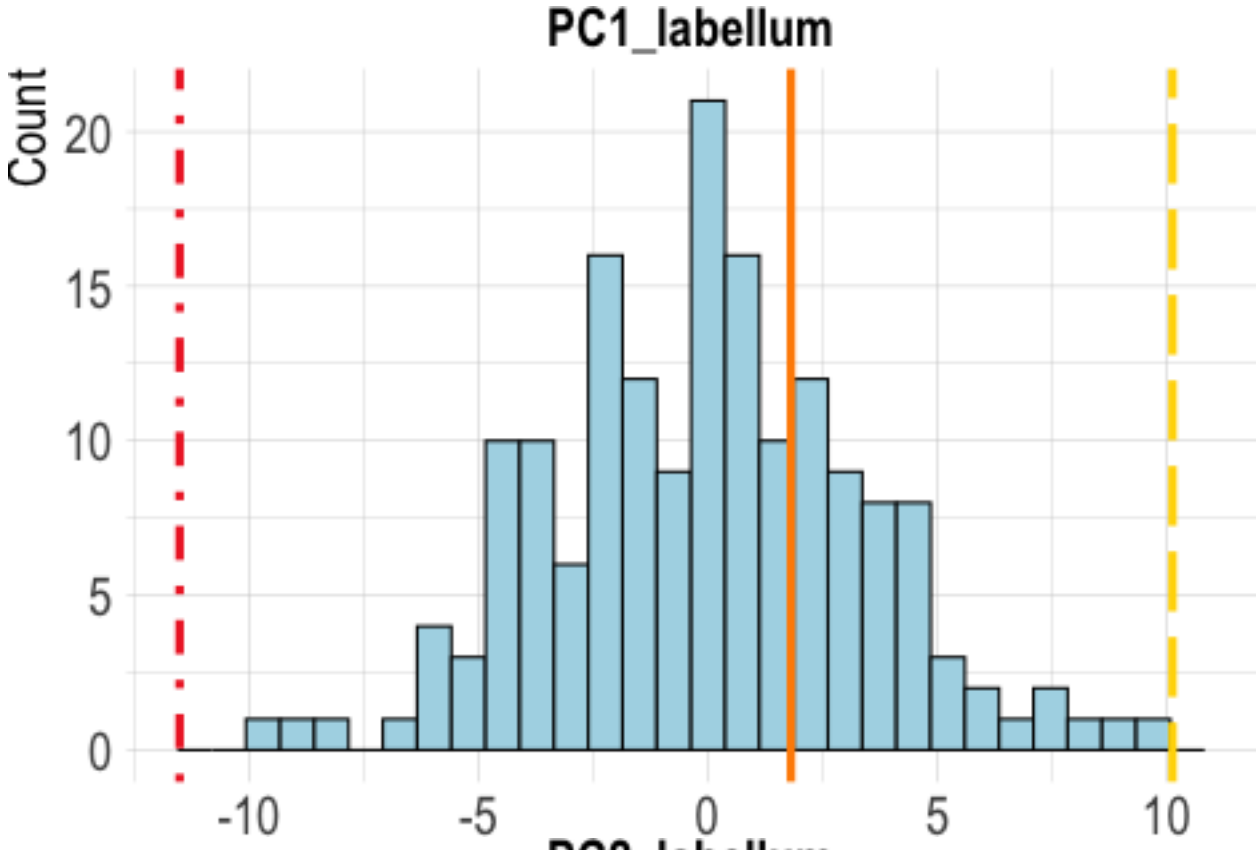

PC2_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0
5

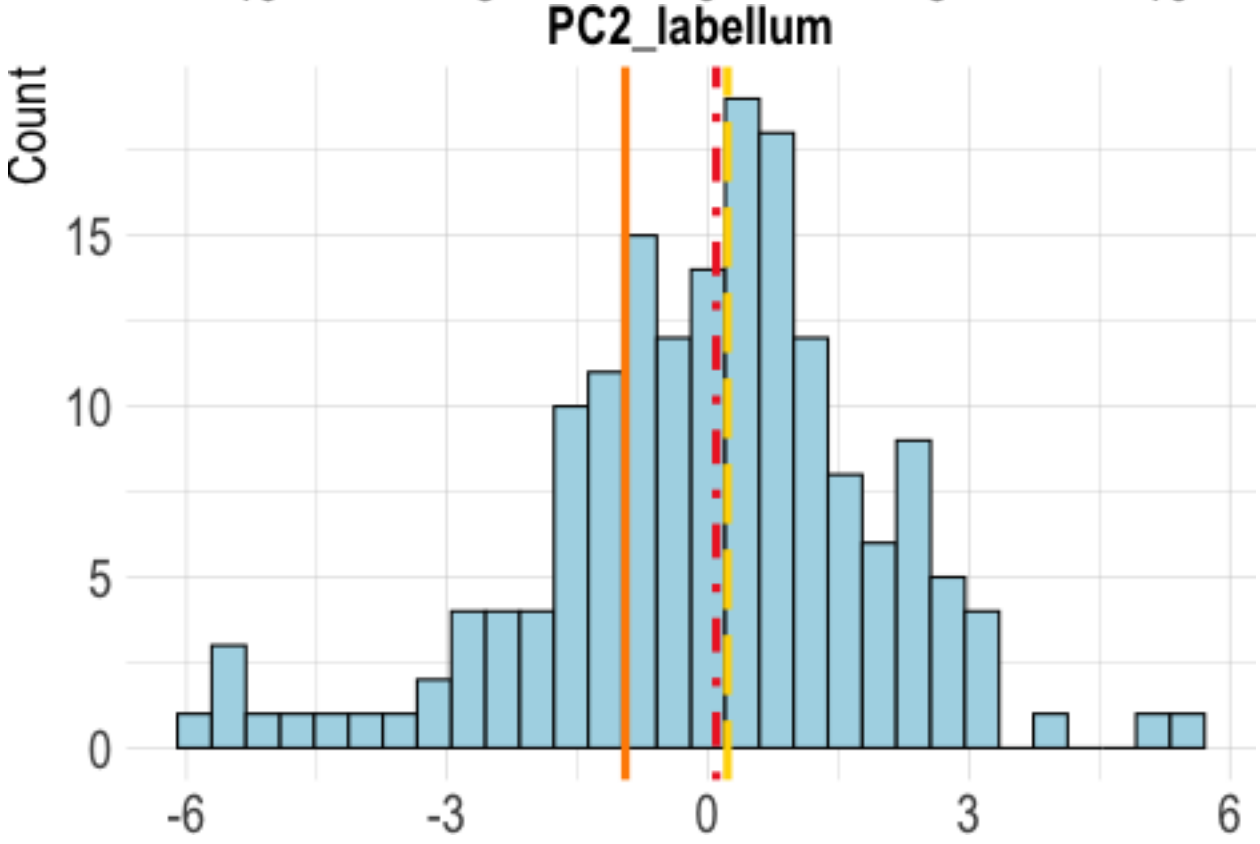

PC3_bract
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
-6
-4
-2
0
2

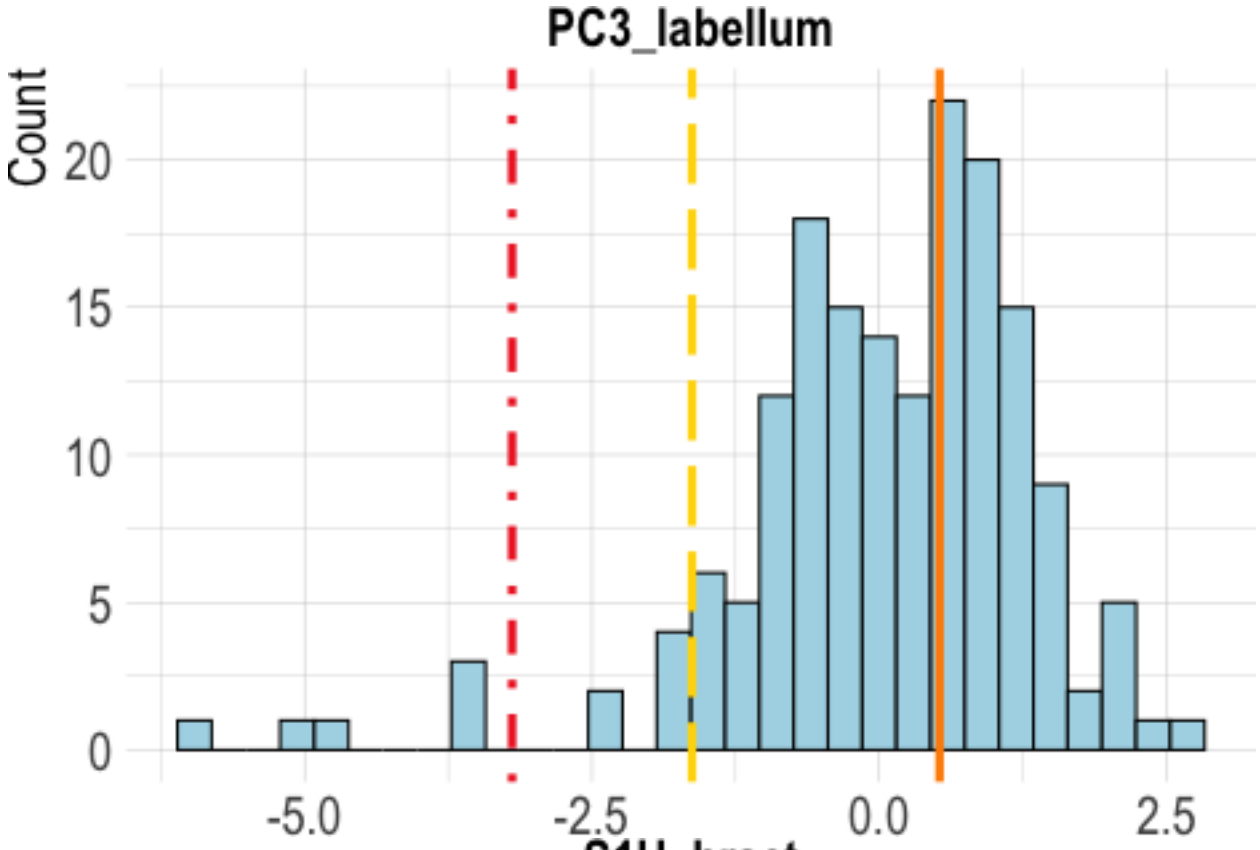

PC1_petal
Count
10
5
0
-10
-5
0
5

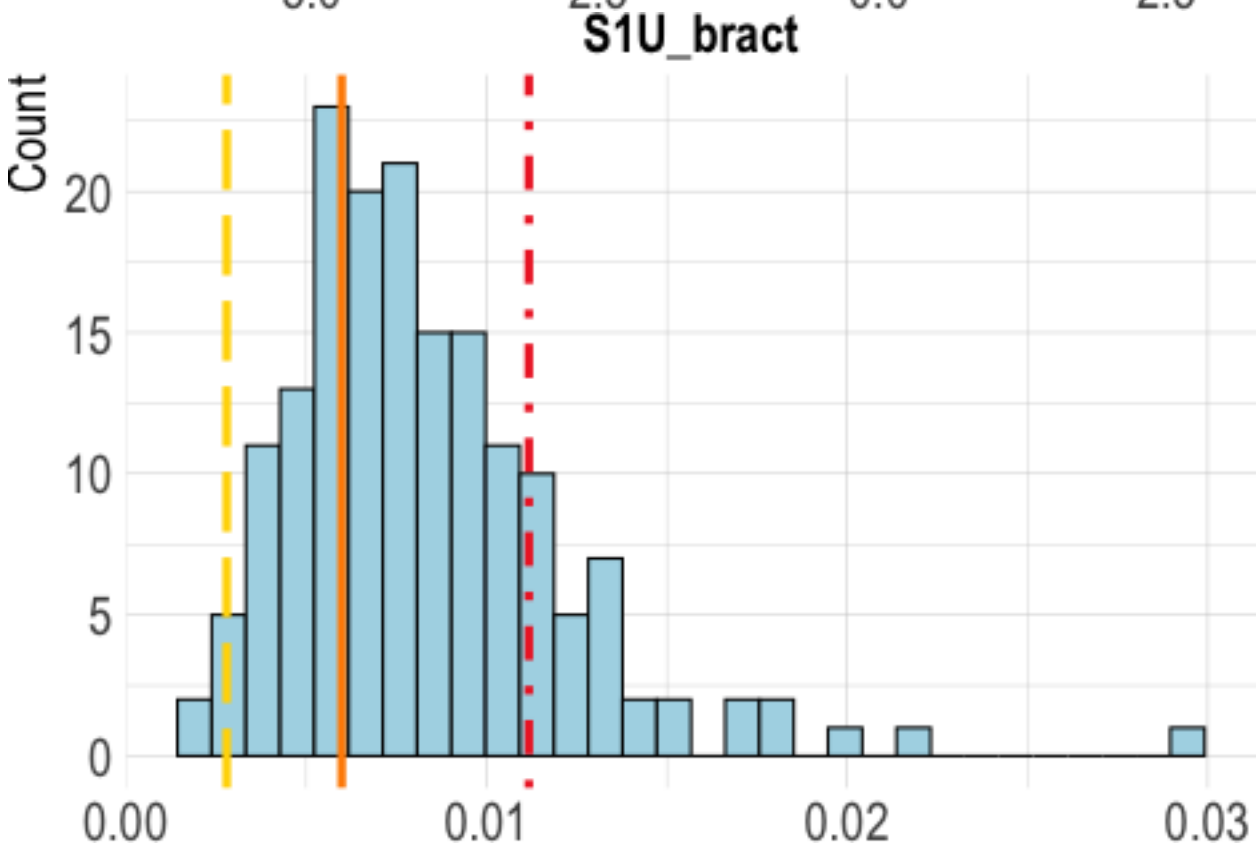

PC2_petal
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
-3
0
3
6

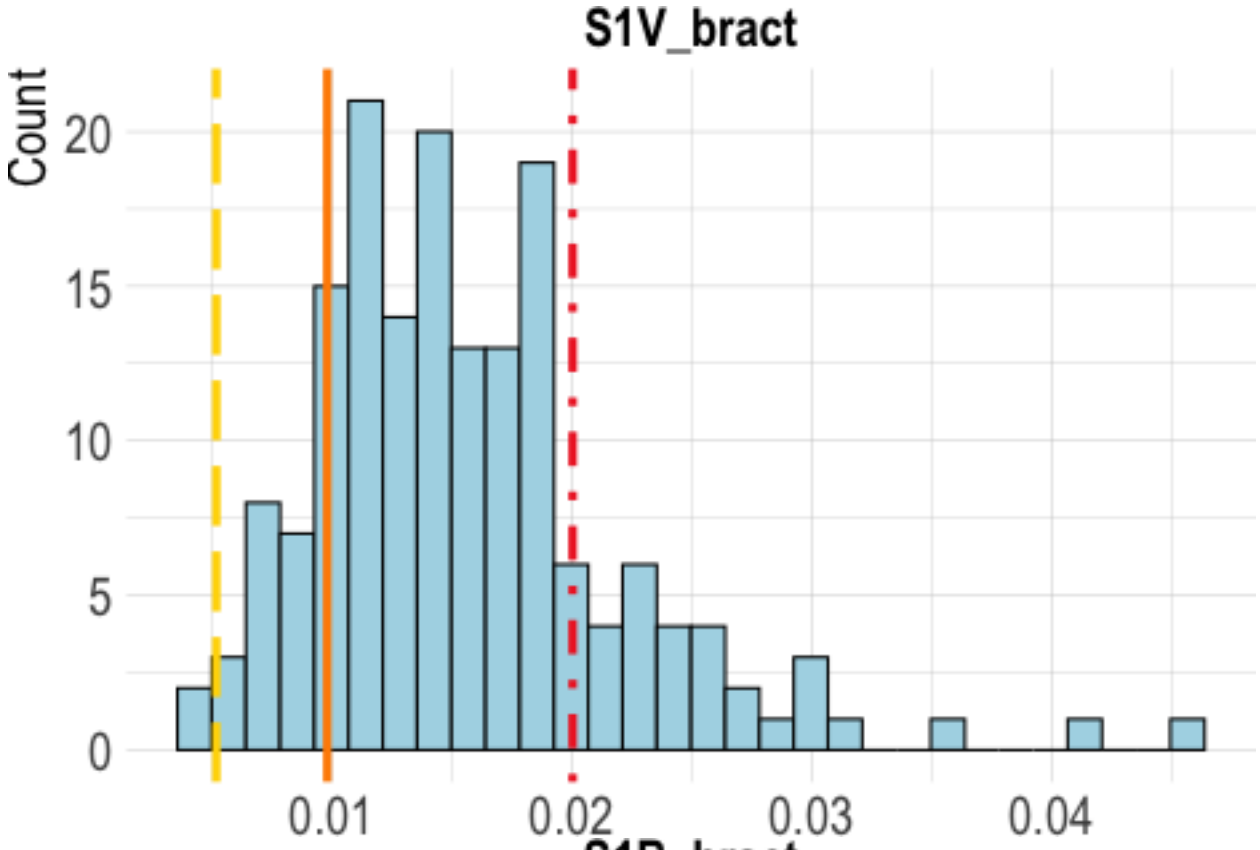

PC3_petal
Count
15
10
5
0
-2
0
2

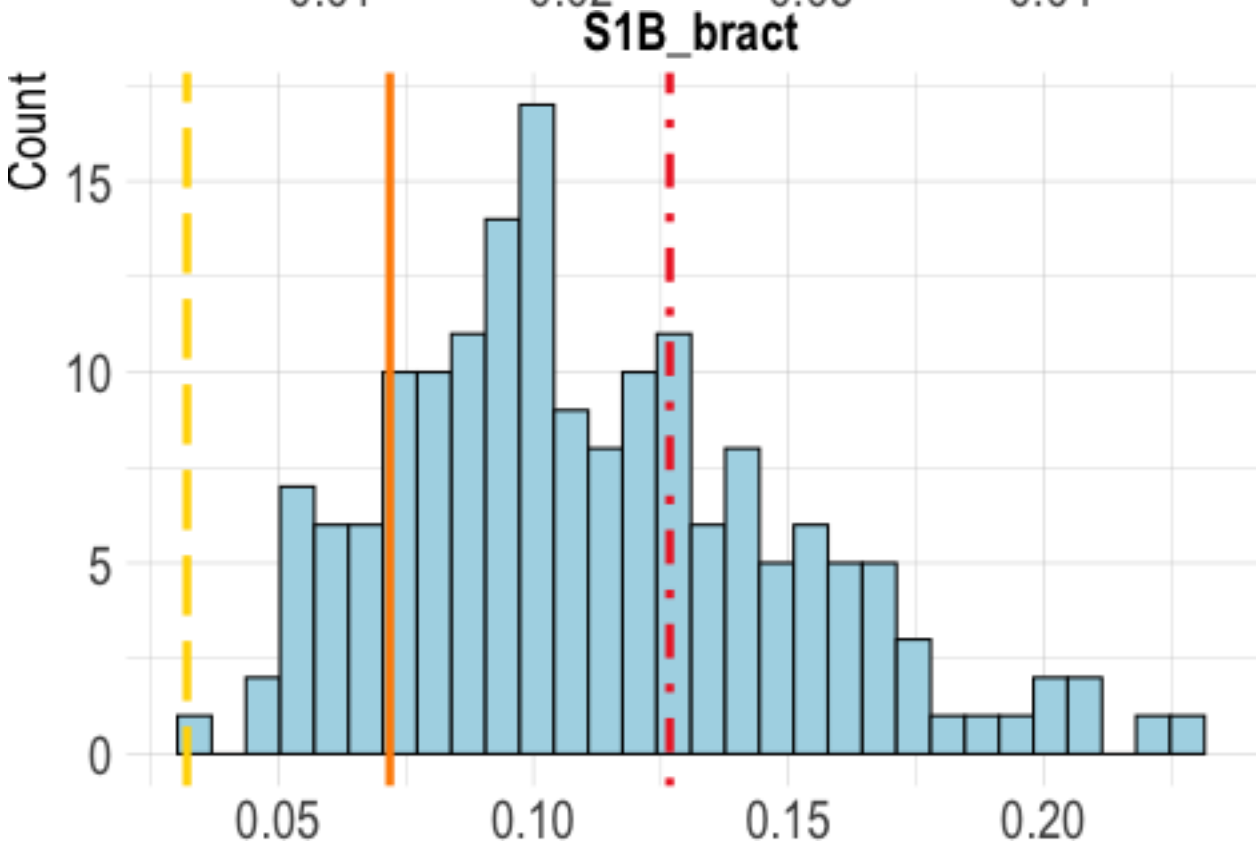

PC1_labellum
Count
20
15
10
5
0
-10
-5
0
5
10

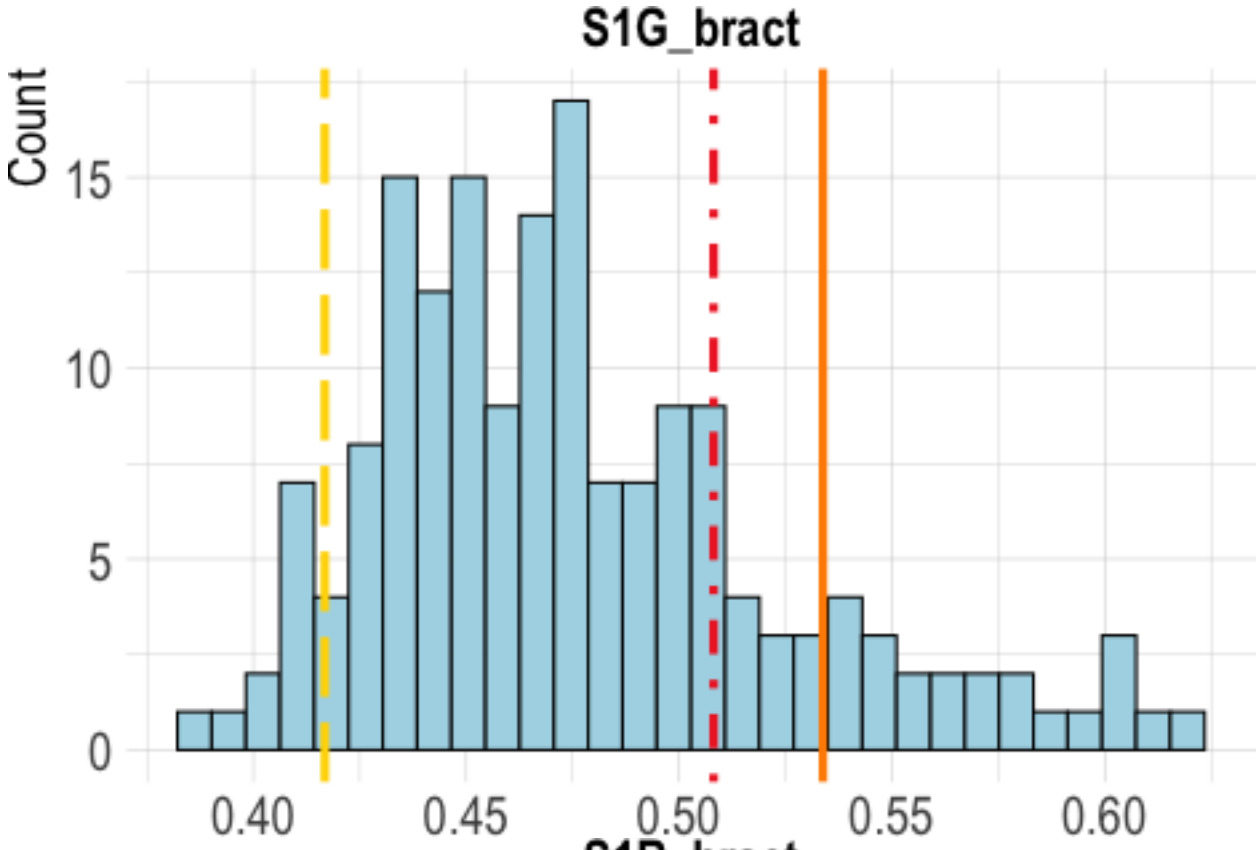

PC2_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
-6
-3
0
3
6

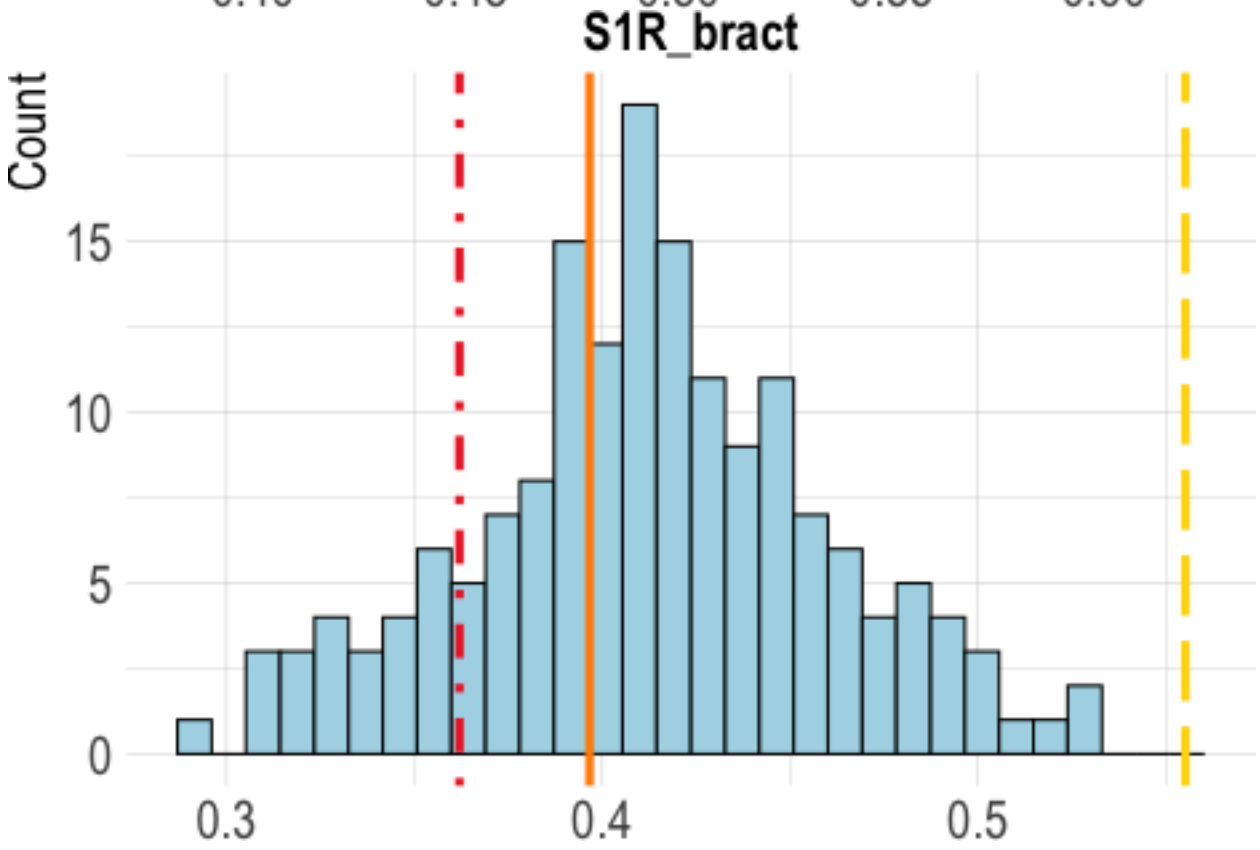

PC3_labellum
Count
20
15
10
5
0
-5.0
-2.5
0.0
2.5

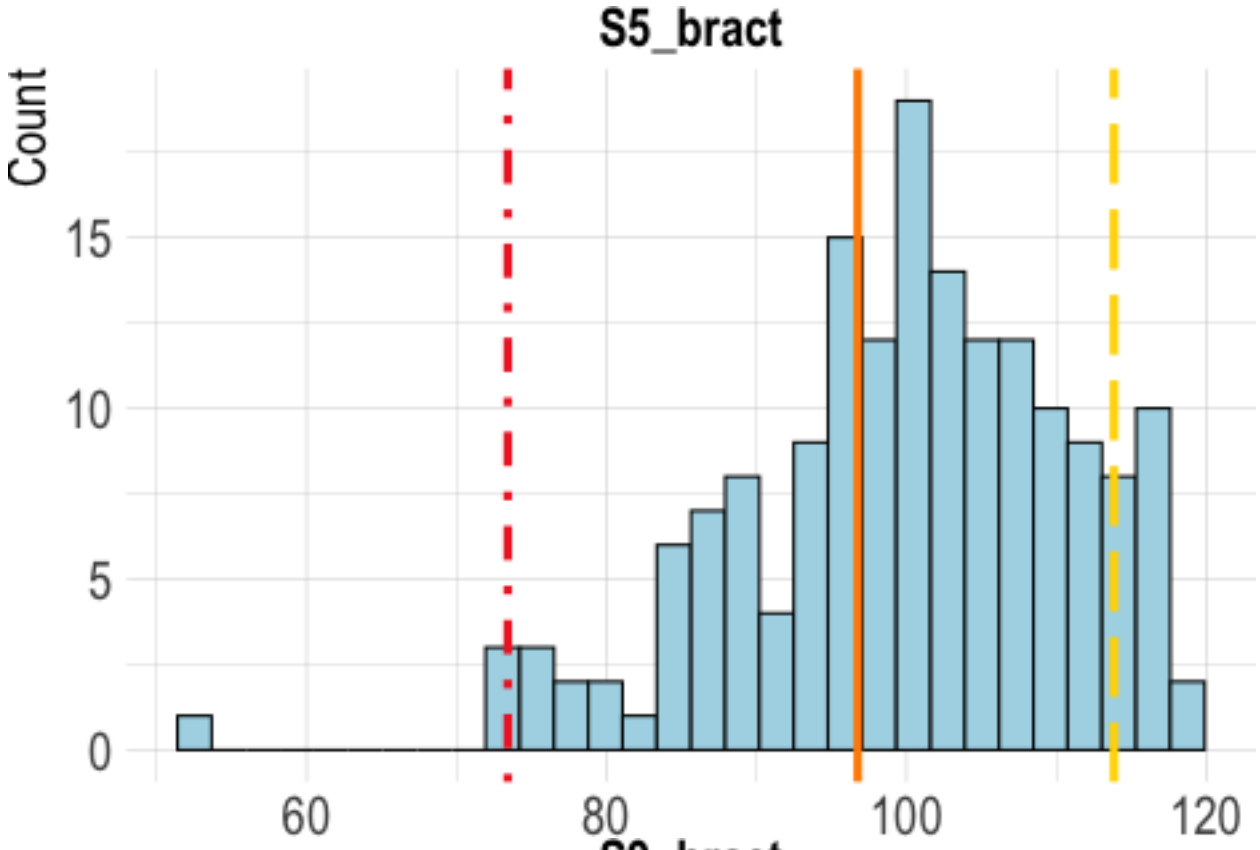

S1U_bract
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.00
0.01
0.02
0.03

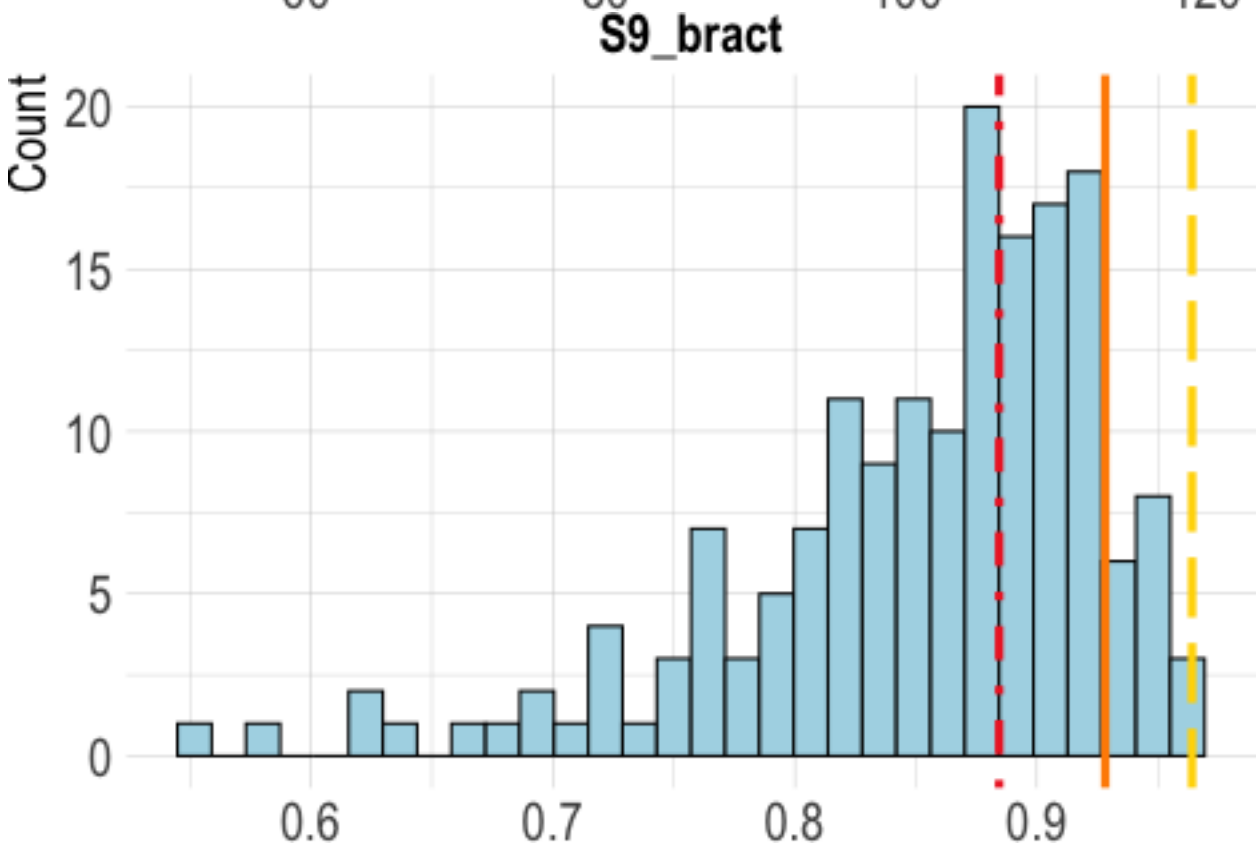

S1V_bract
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.01
0.02
0.03
0.04

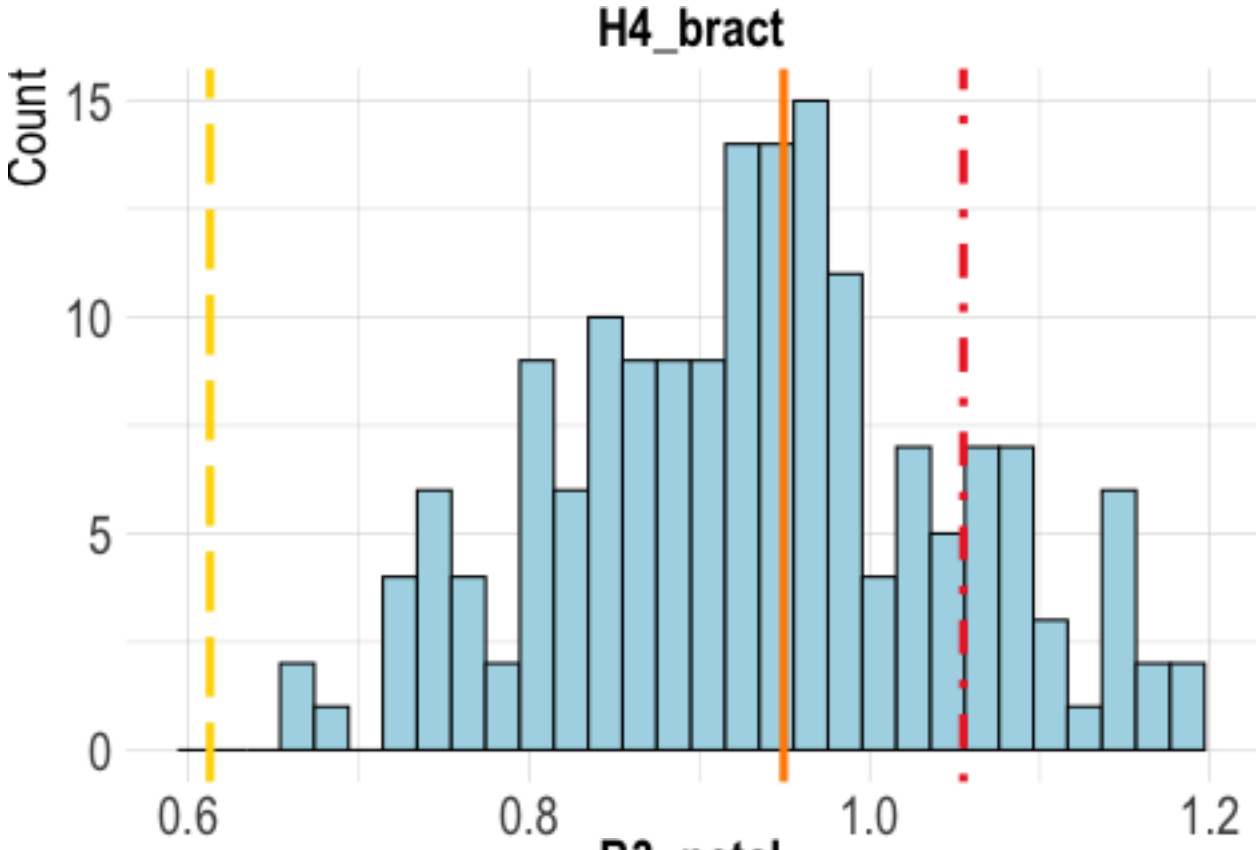

S1B_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0.05
0.10
0.15
0.20

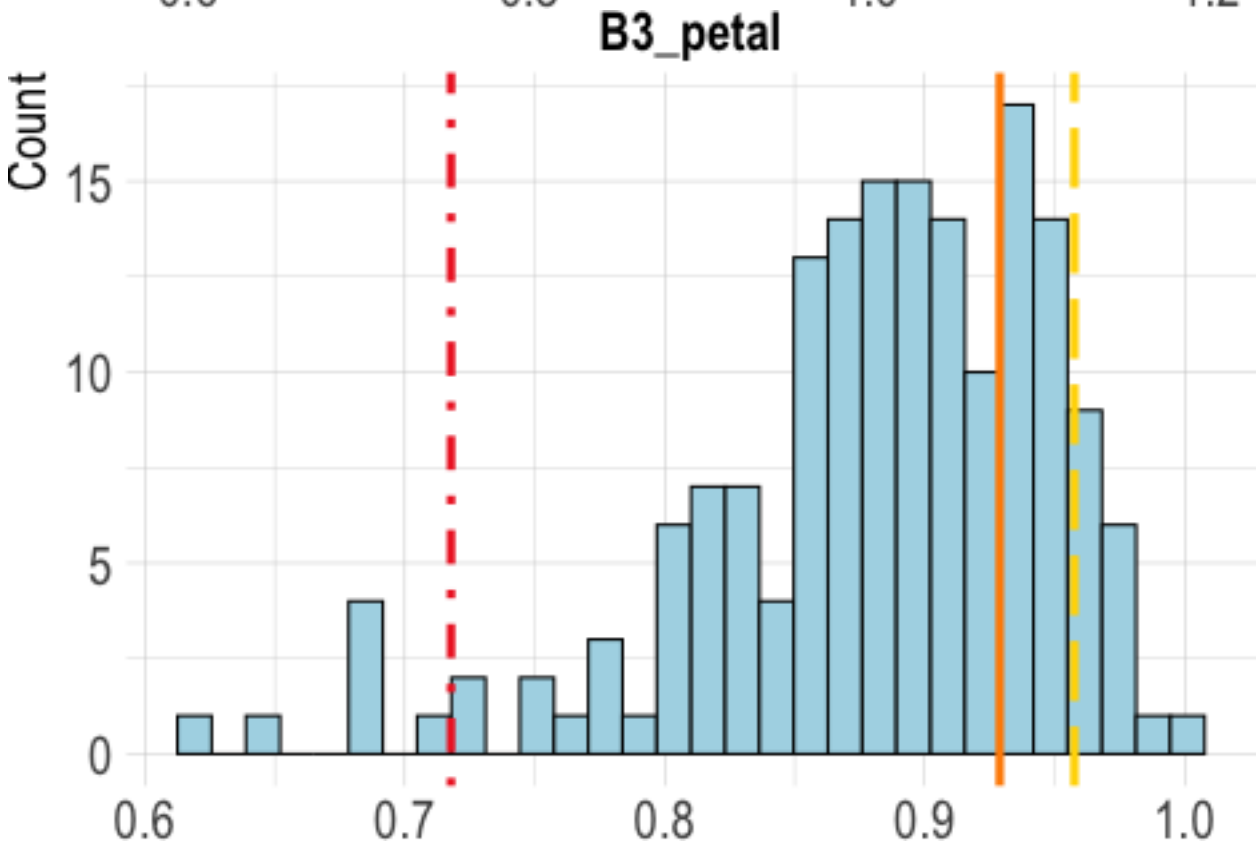

S1G_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0.40
0.45
0.50
0.55
0.60

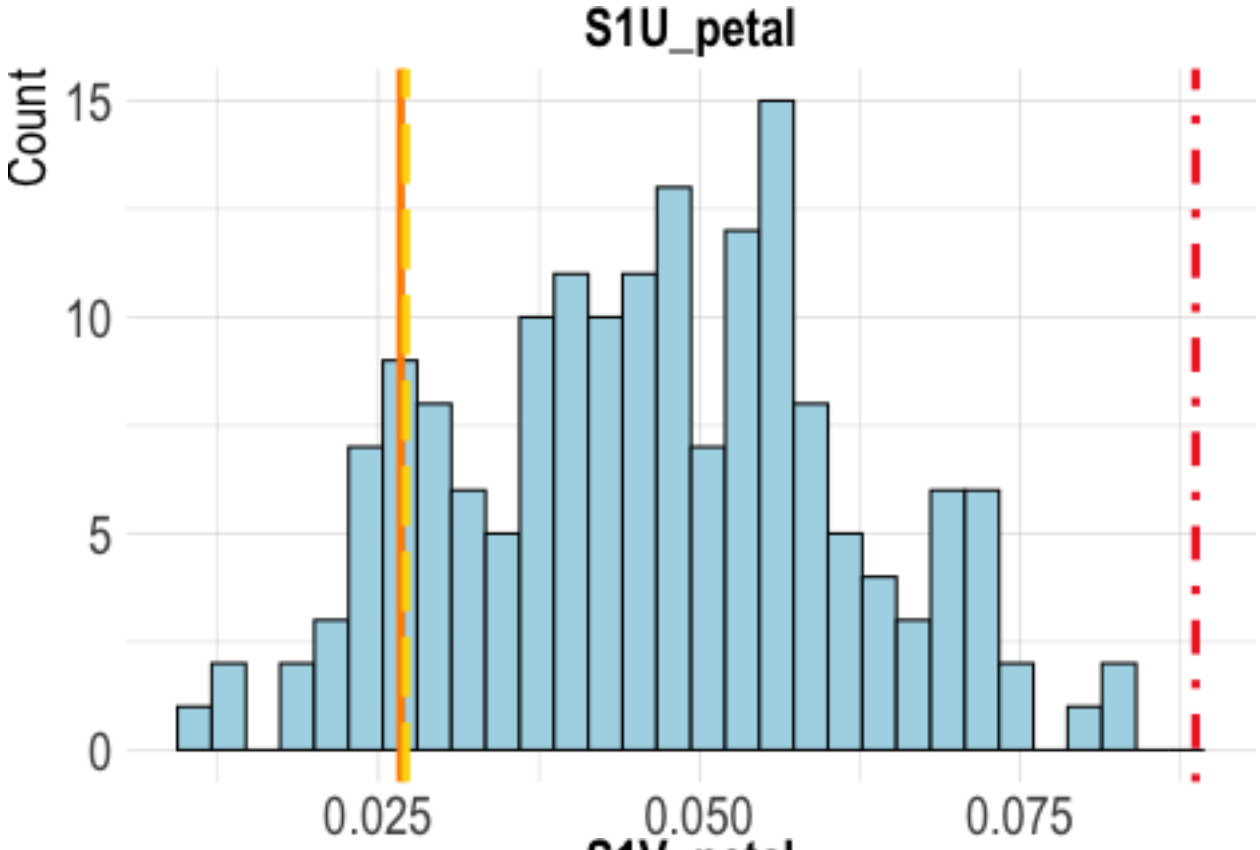

S1R_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0.3
0.4
0.5

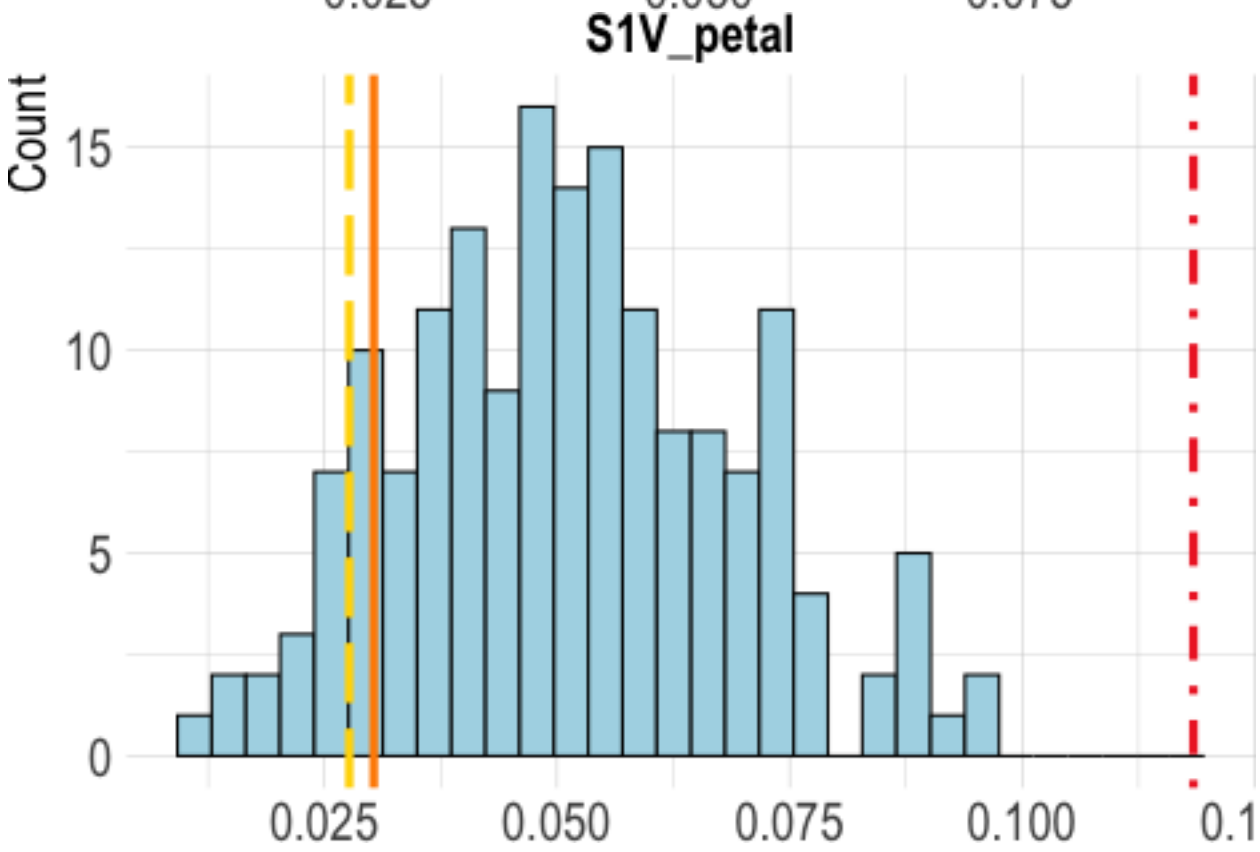

S5_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
60
80
100
120

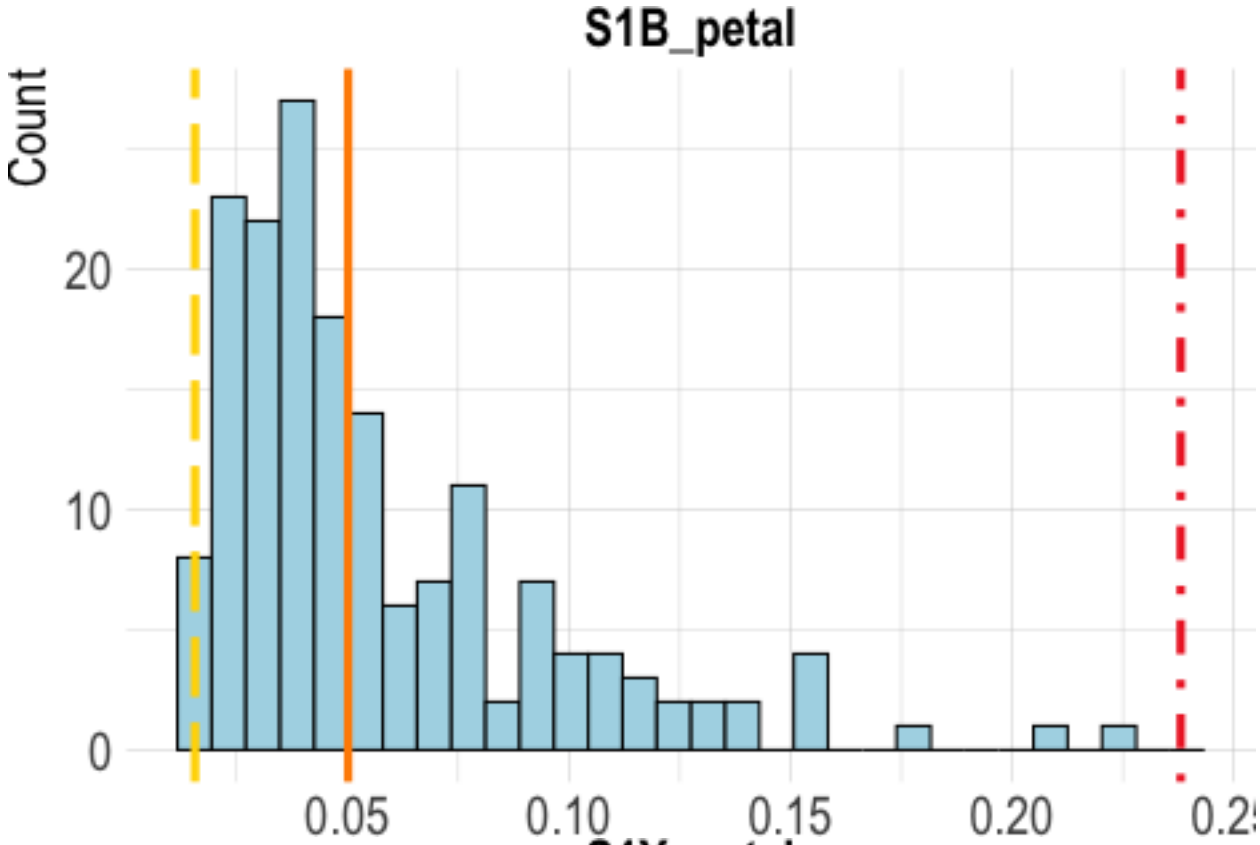

S9_bract
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.6
0.7
0.8
0.9

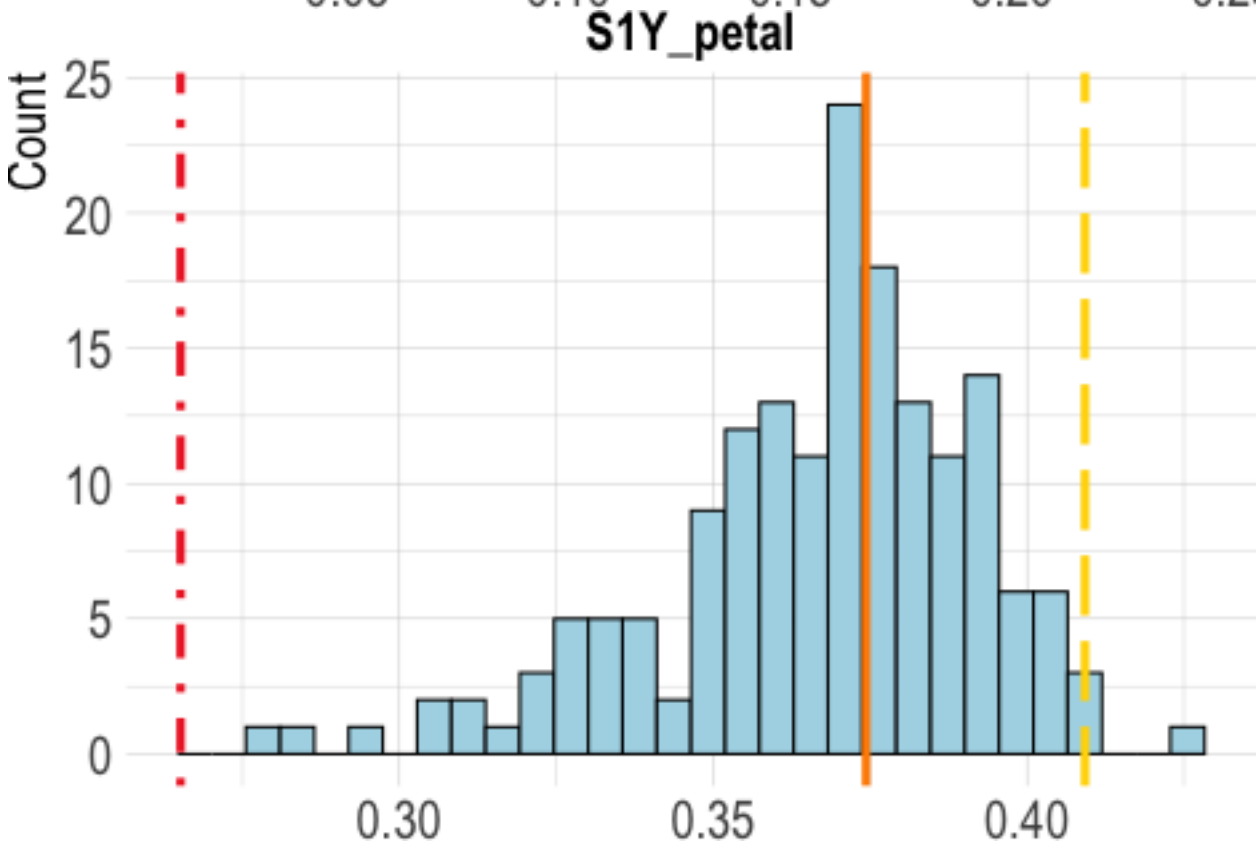

H4_bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0.6
0.8
1.0
1.2

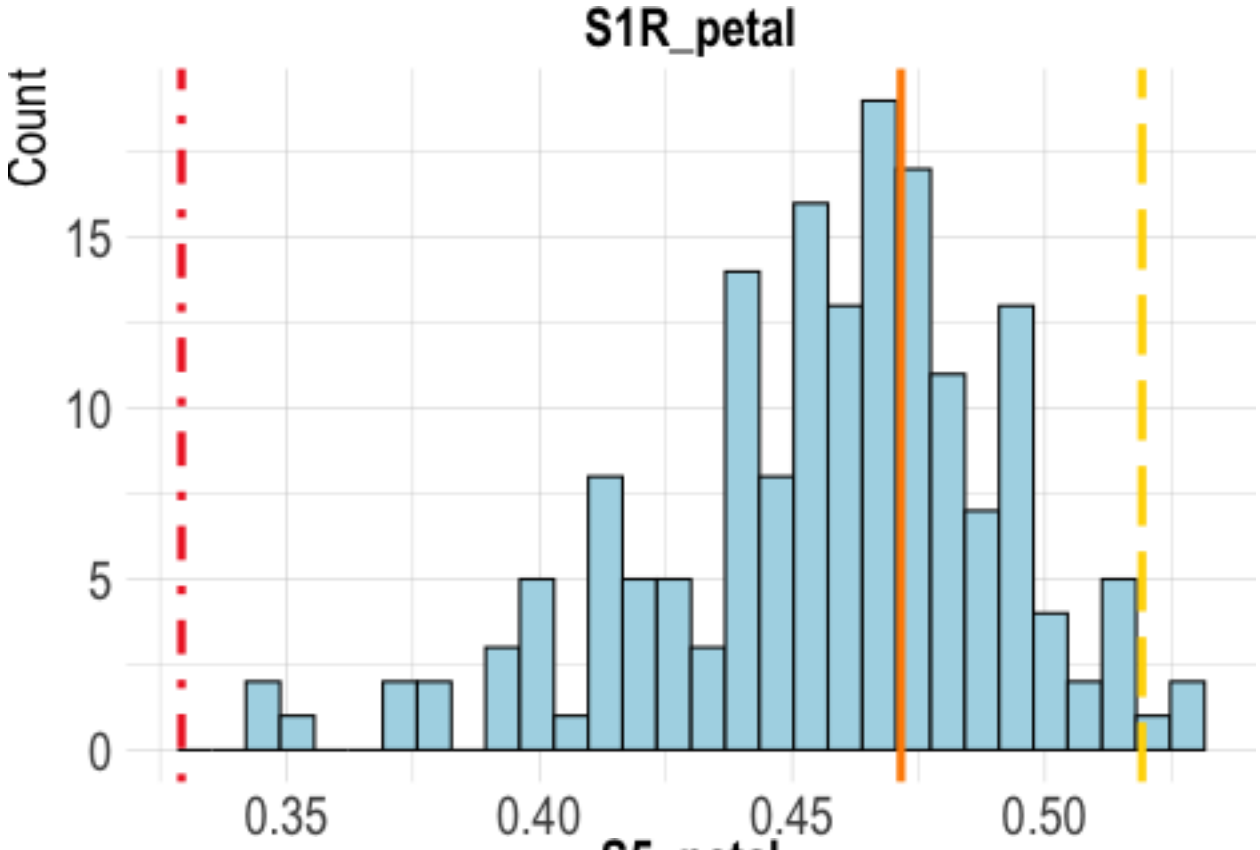

B3_petal
Count
15
10
5
0
0.6
0.7
0.8
0.9
1.0

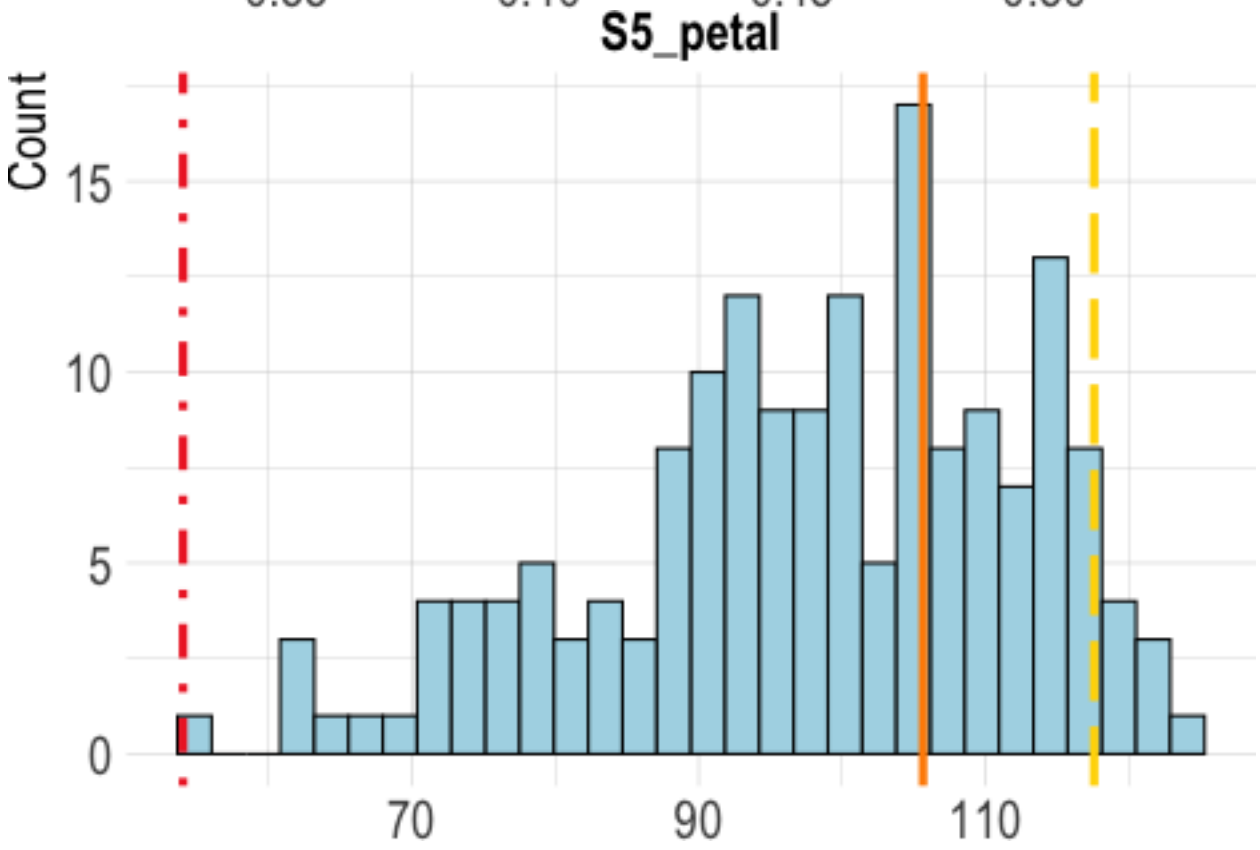

S1U_petal
Count
15
10
5
0
0.025
0.050
0.075

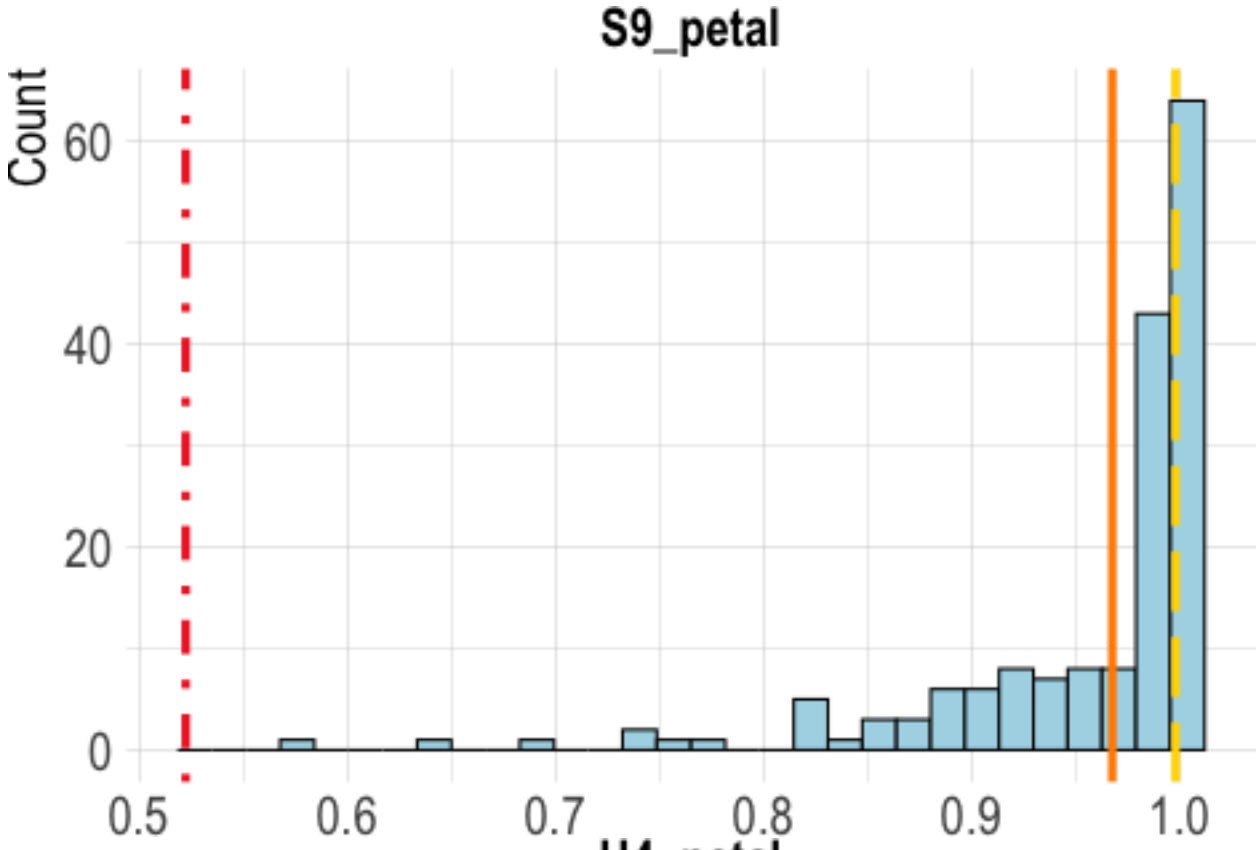

S1V_petal
Count
15
10
5
0
0.025
0.050
0.075
0.100
0.1

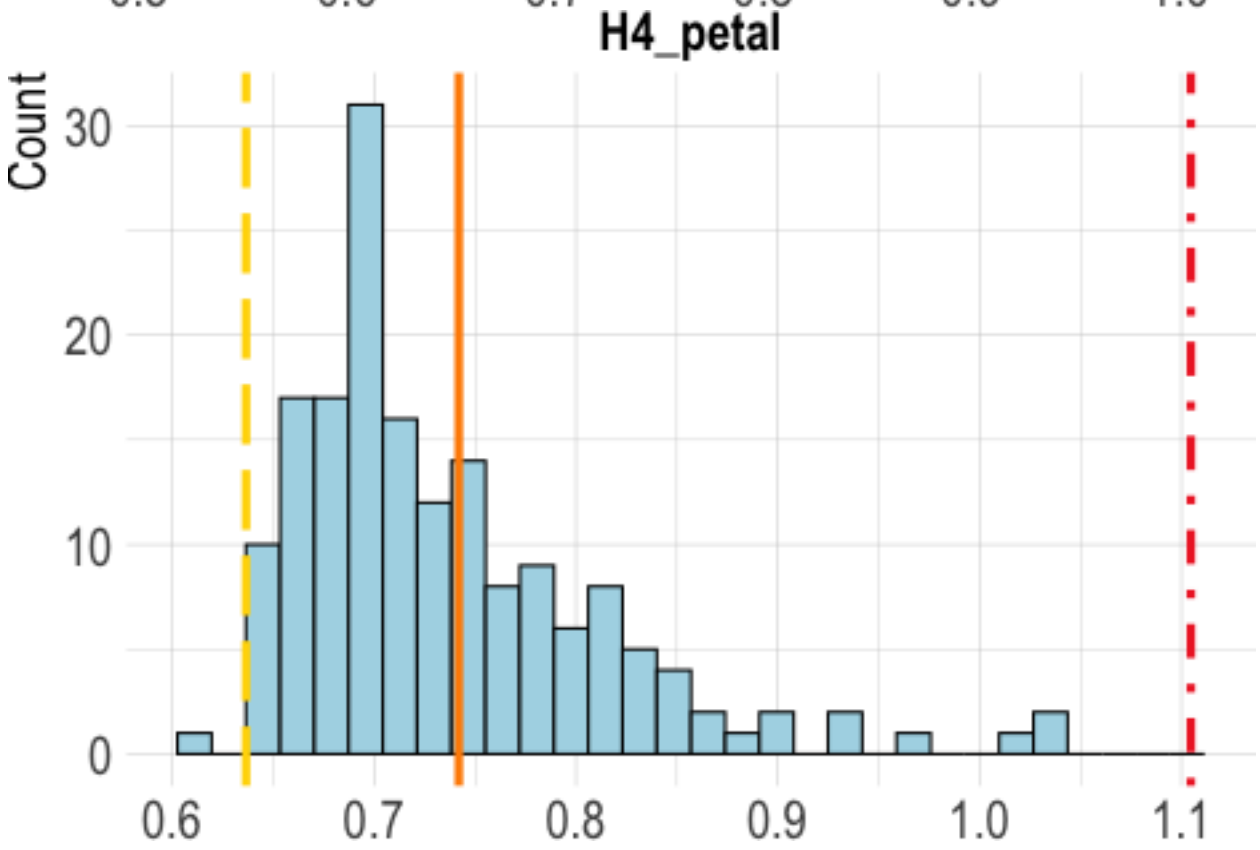

S1B_petal
Count
20
10
0
0.05
0.10
0.15
0.20

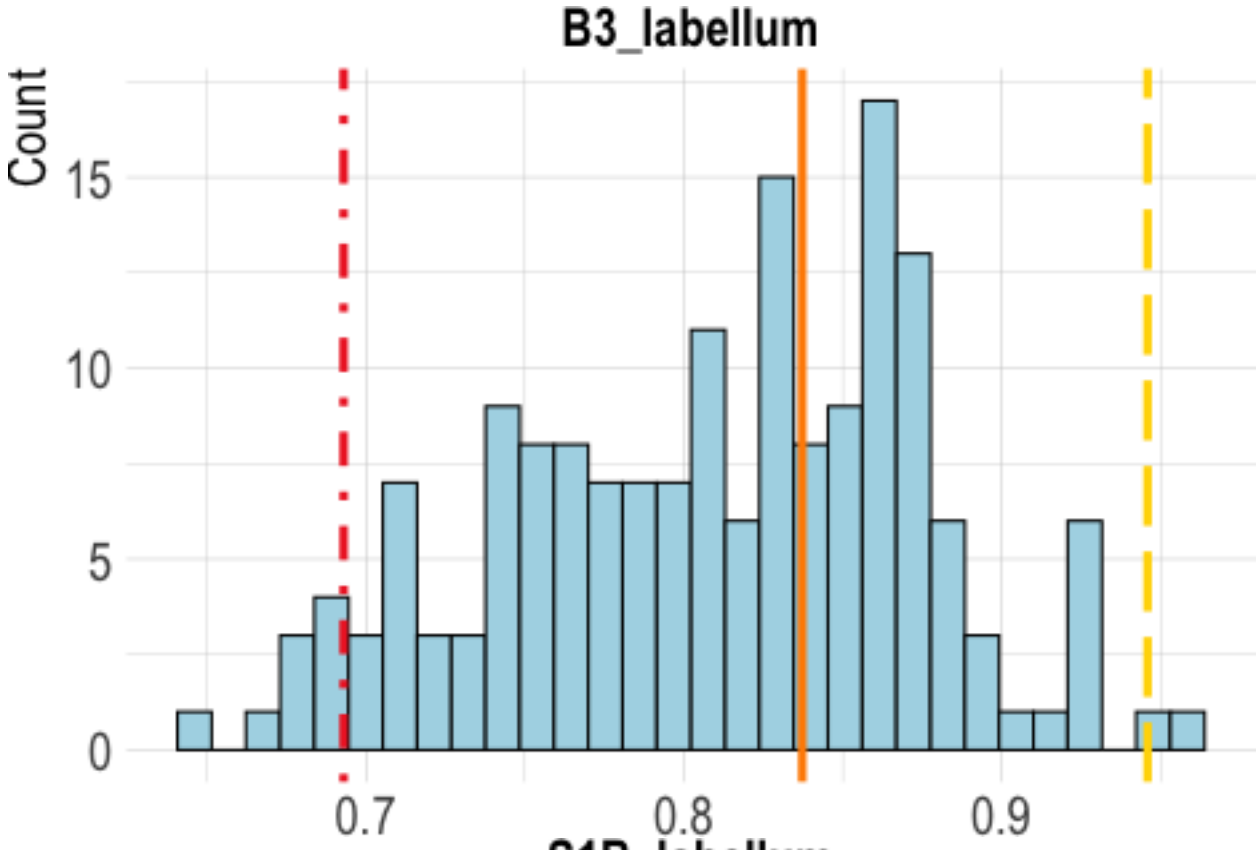

S1Y_petal
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
0.30
0.35
0.40

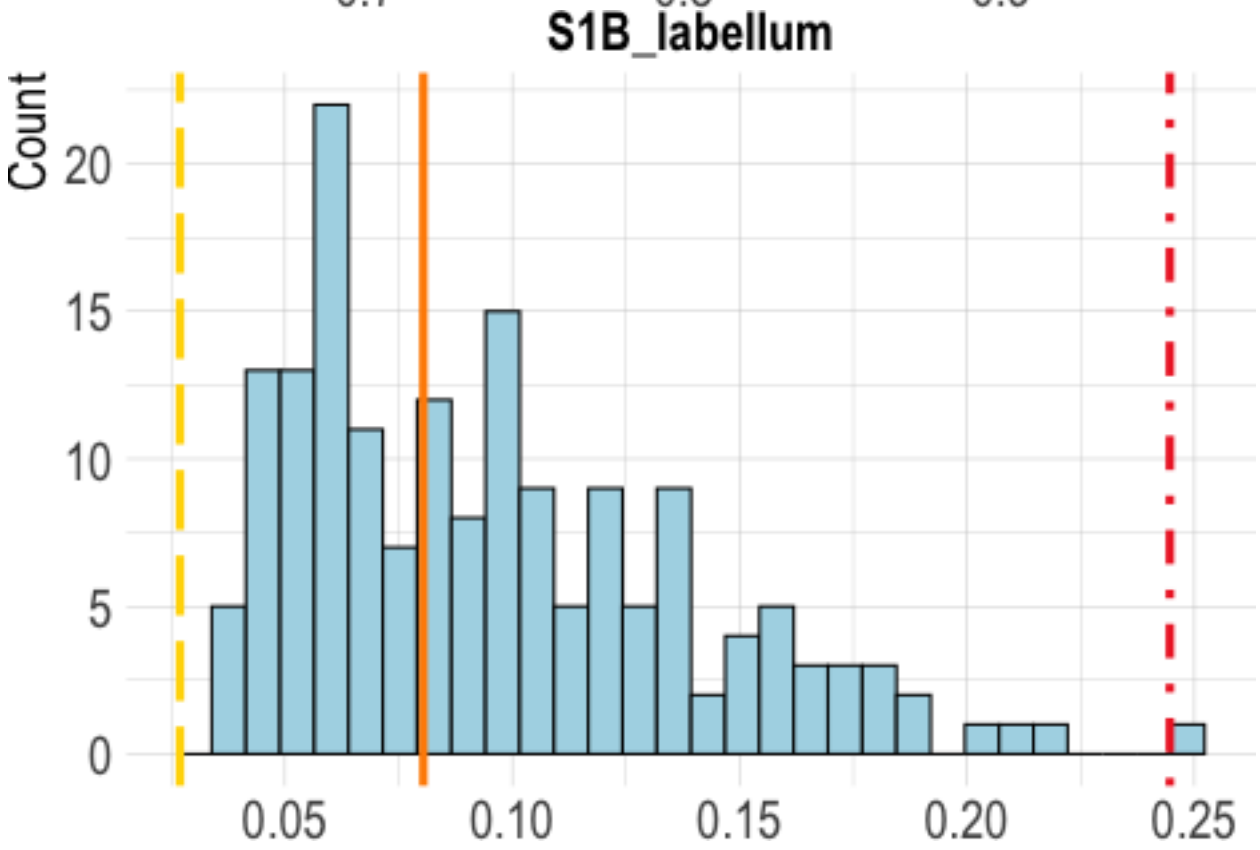

S1R_petal
Count
15
10
5
0
0.35
0.40
0.45
0.50

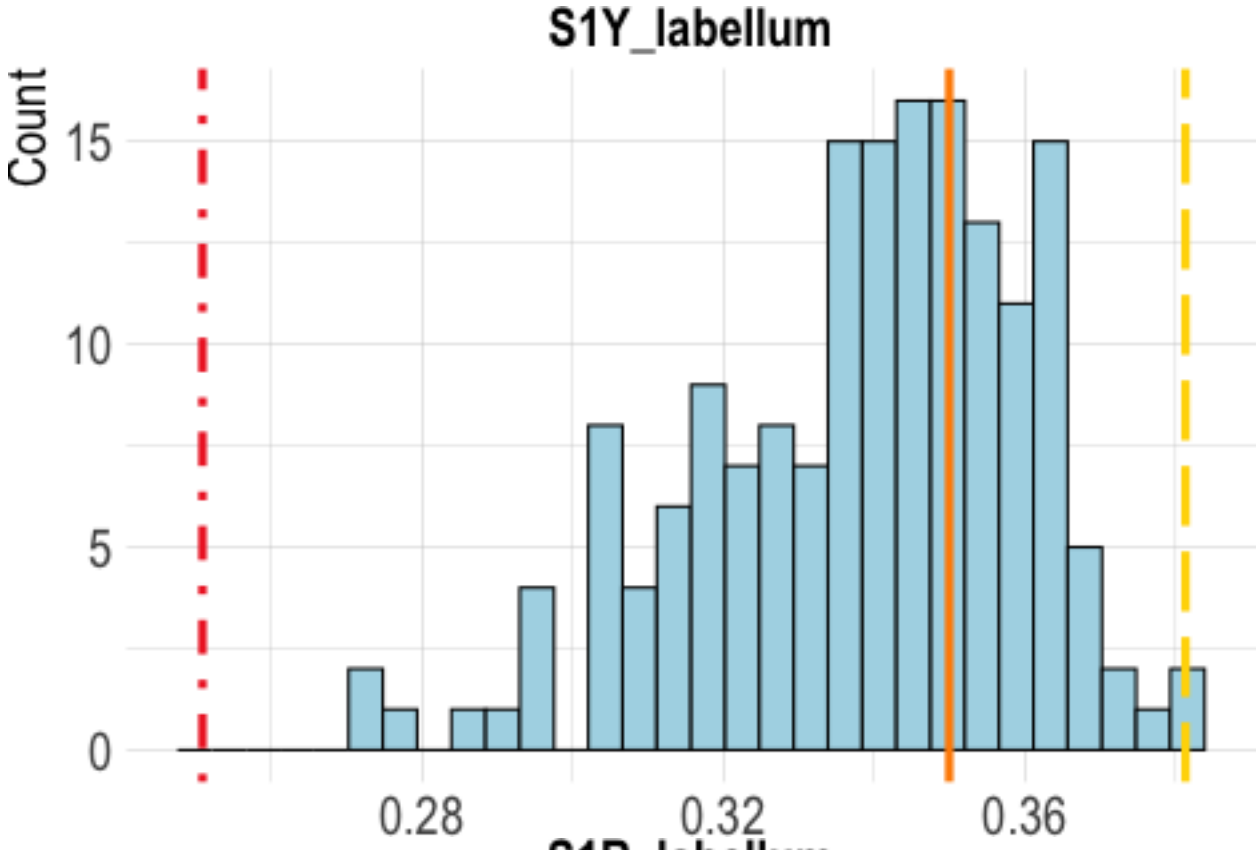

S5_petal
Count
15
10
5
0
70
90
110

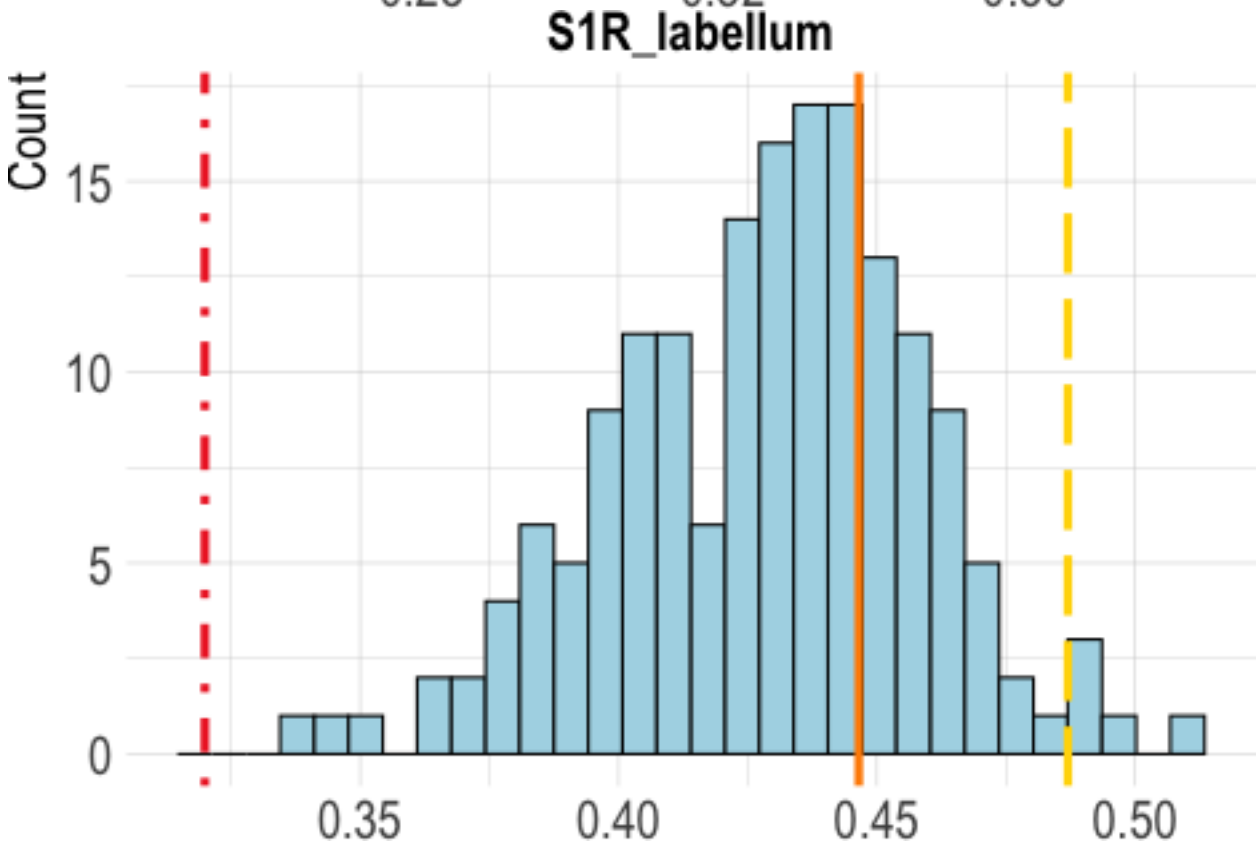

S9_petal
Count
60
40
20
0
0.5
0.6
0.7
0.8
0.9
1.0

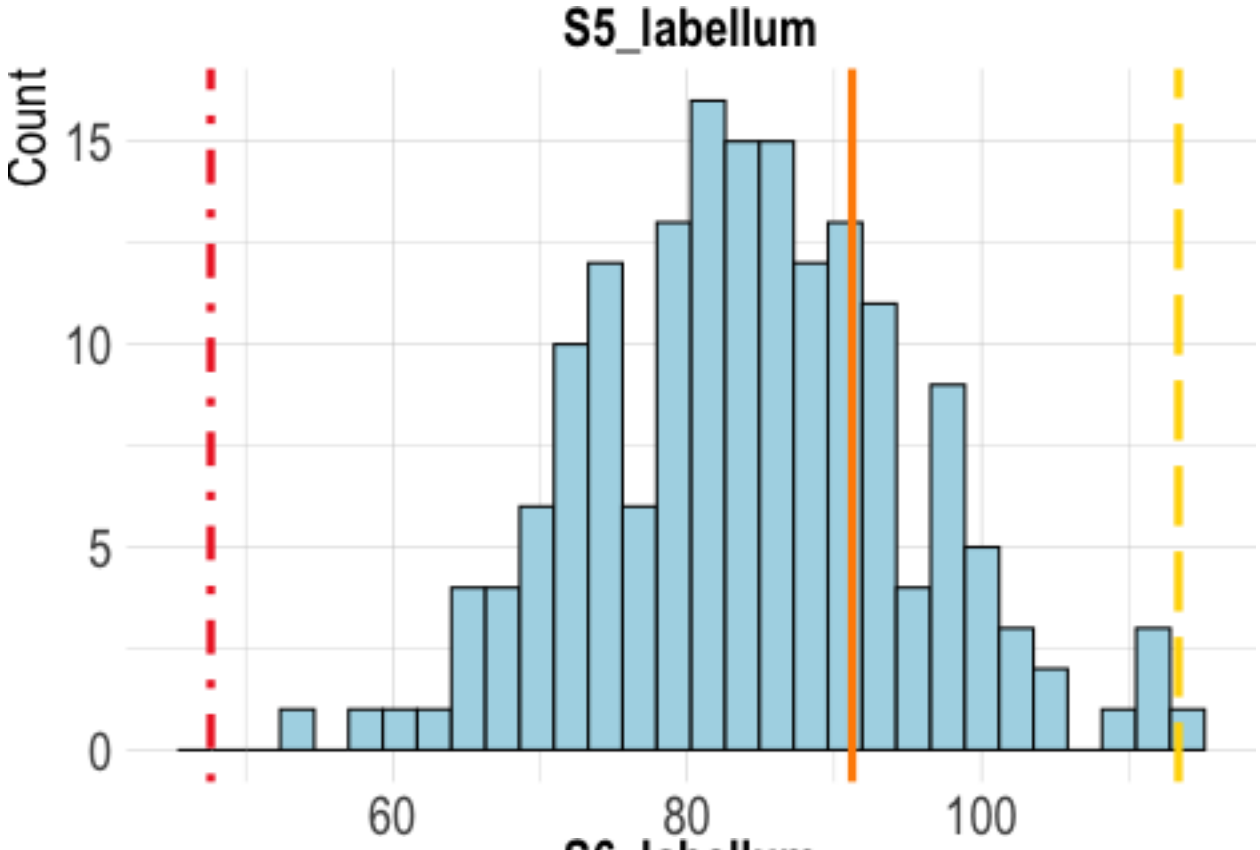

H4_petal
Count
30
20
10
0
0.6
0.7
0.8
0.9
1.0
1.1

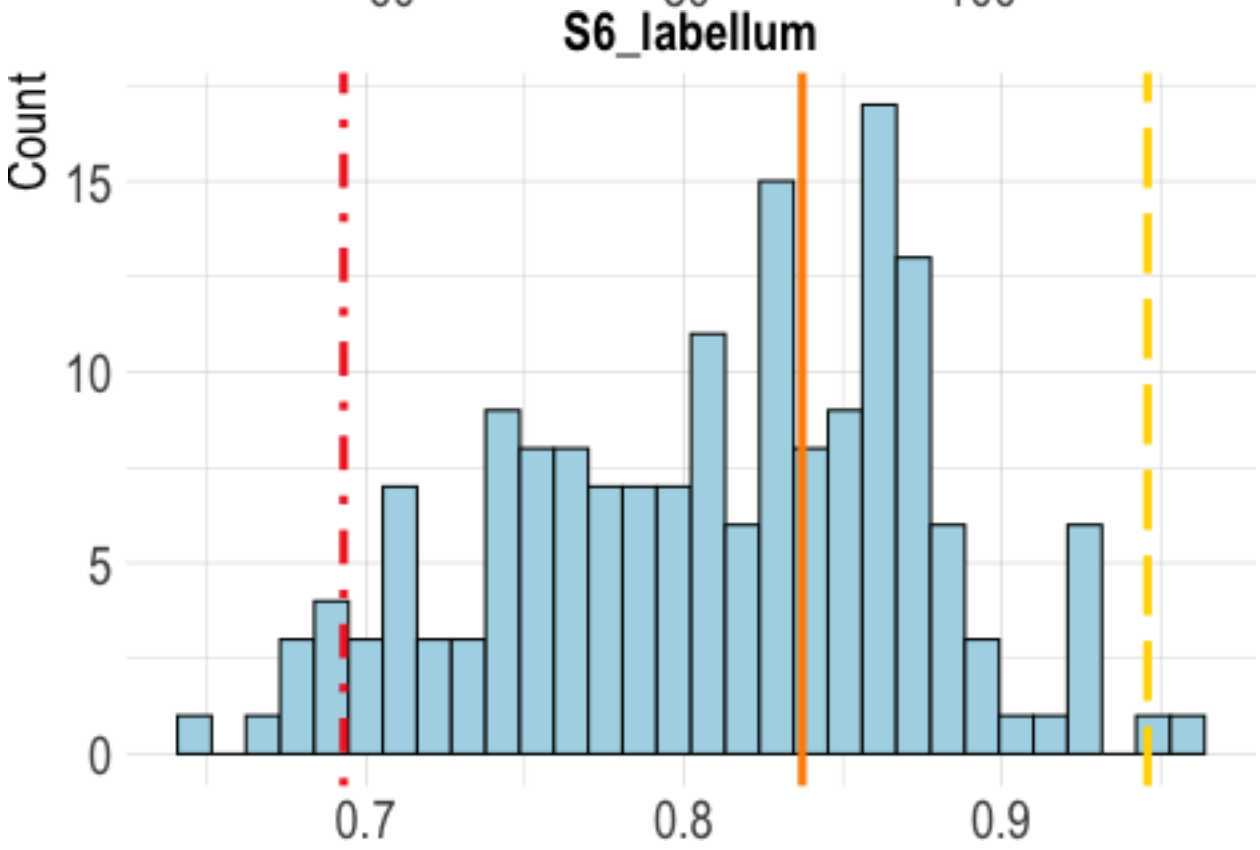

B3_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
0.7
0.8
0.9

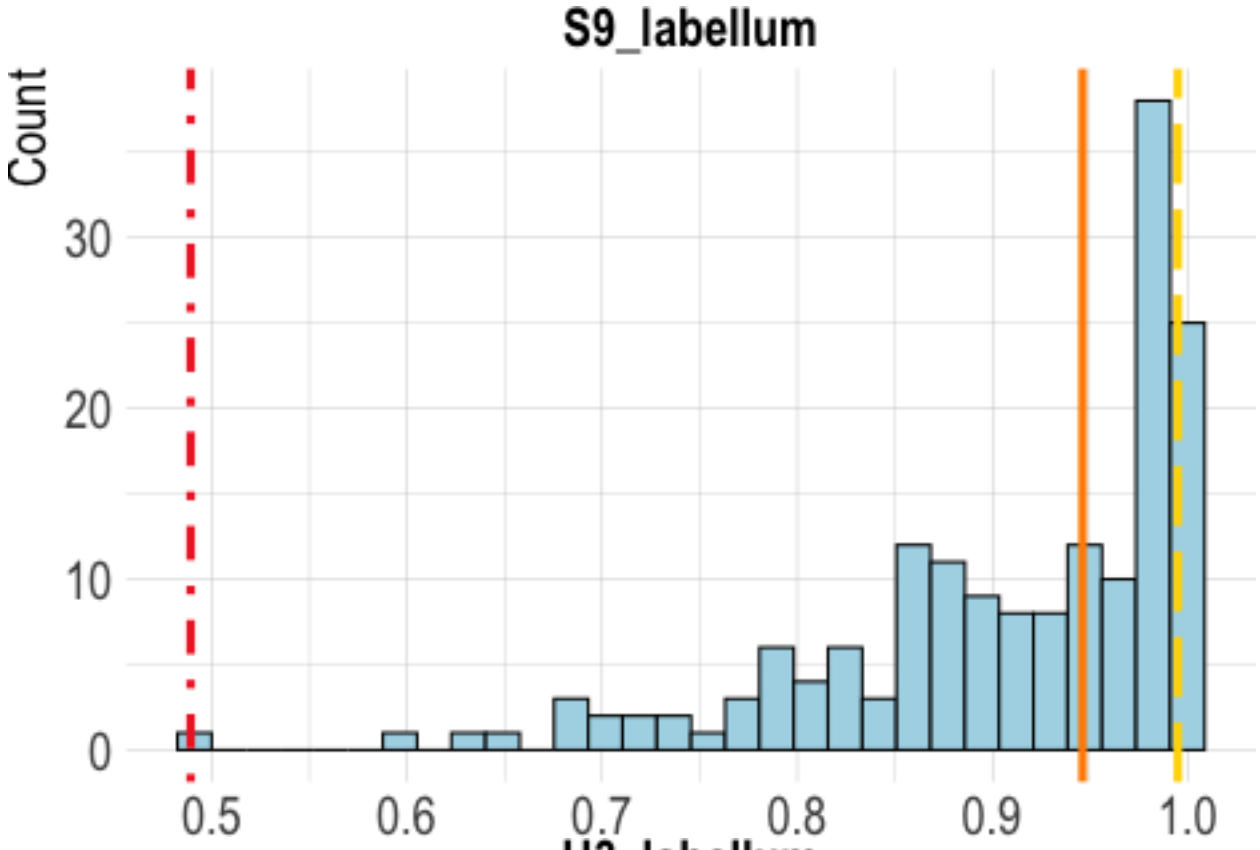

S1B_labellum
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.05
0.10
0.15
0.20
0.25

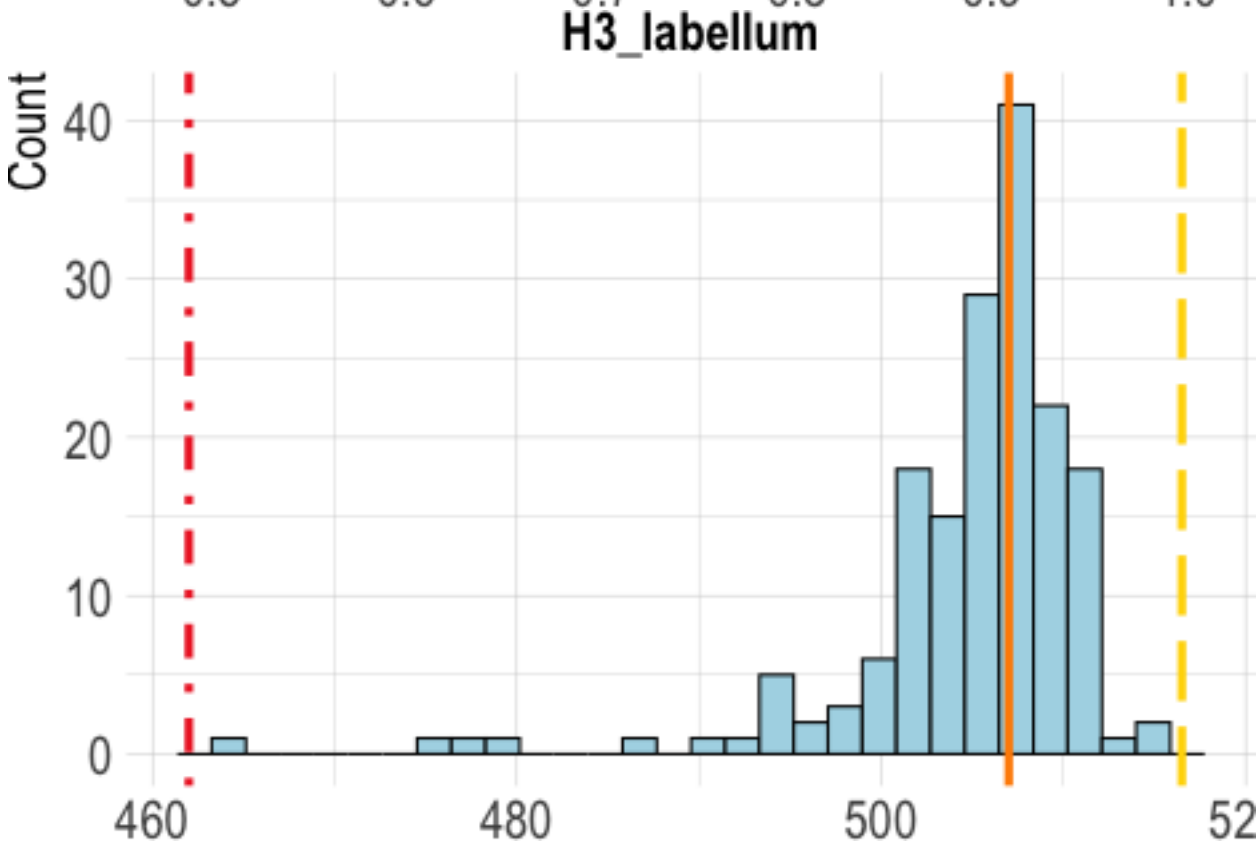

S1Y_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
0.28
0.32
0.36

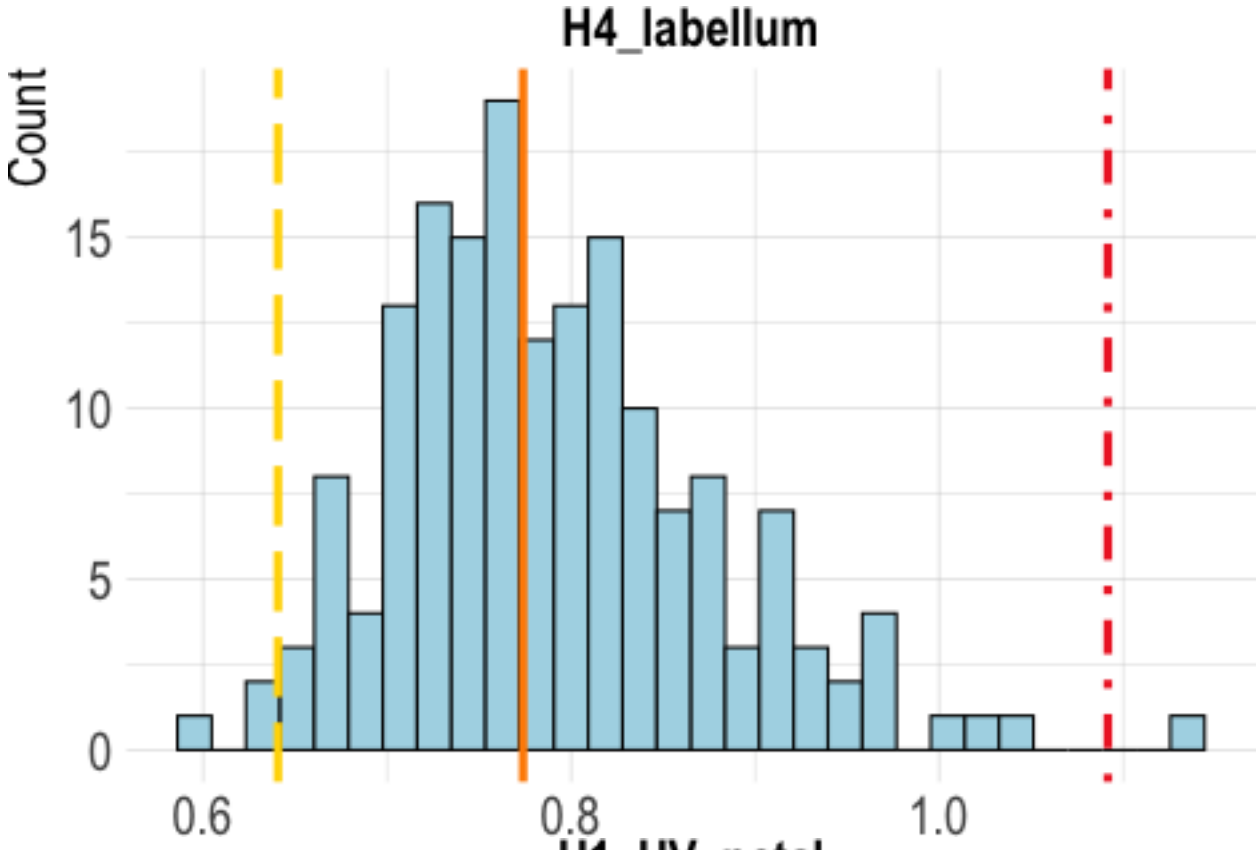

S1R_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
0.35
0.40
0.45
0.50

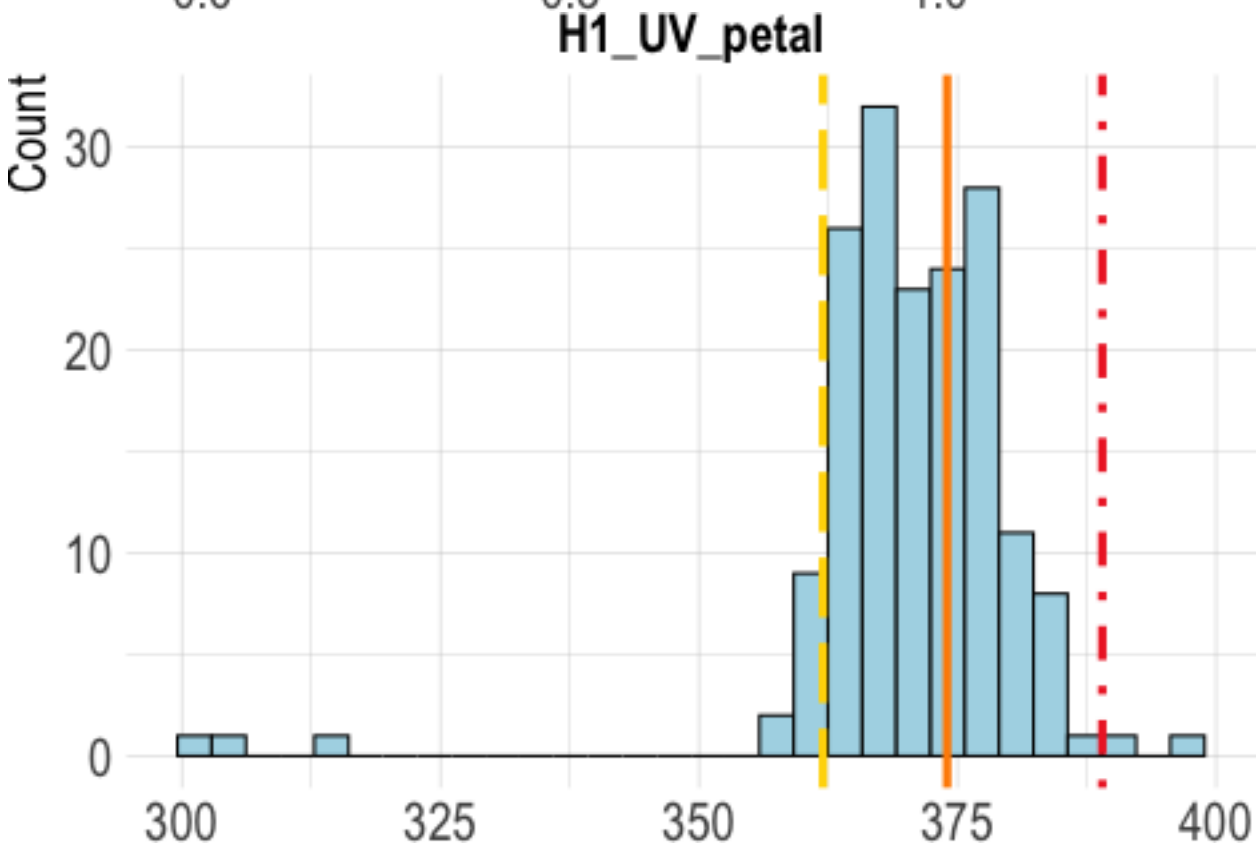

S5_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
60
80
100

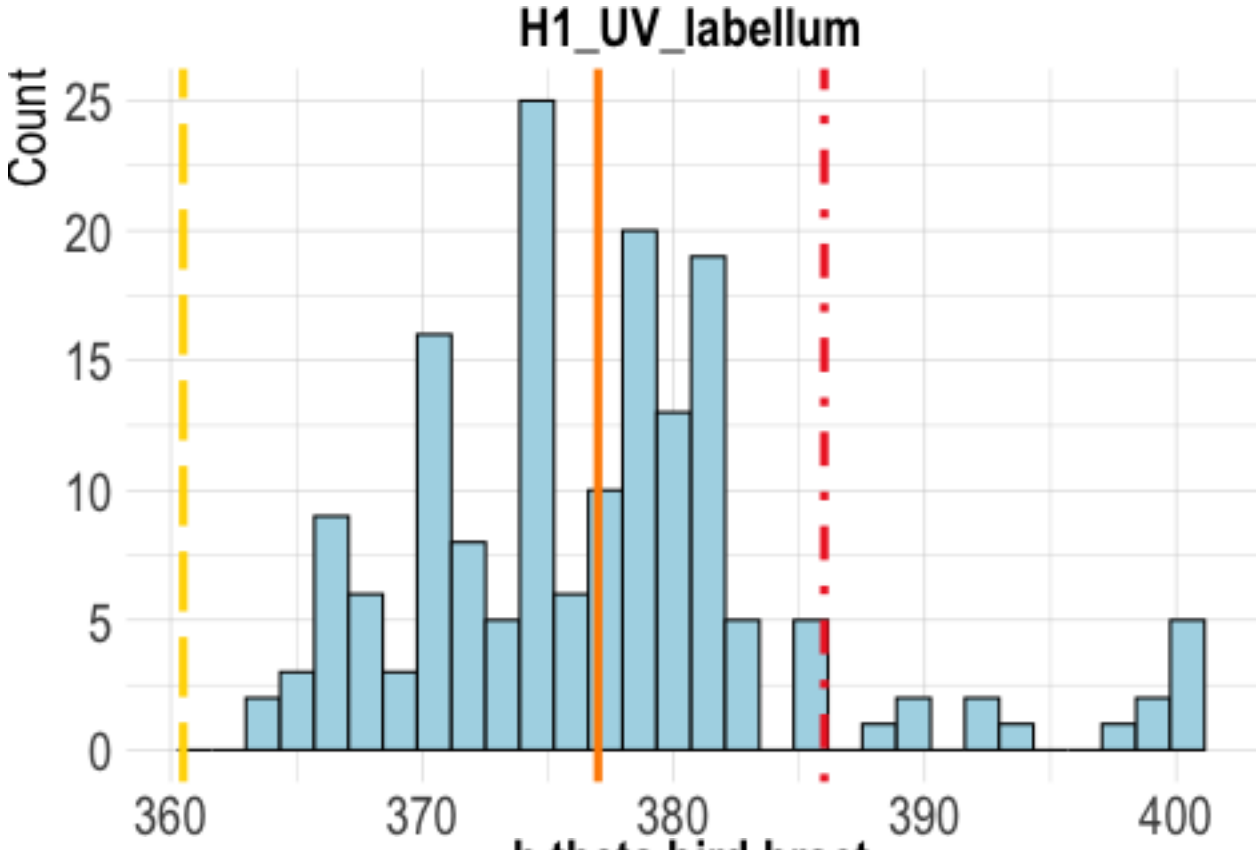

S6_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
0.7
0.8
0.9

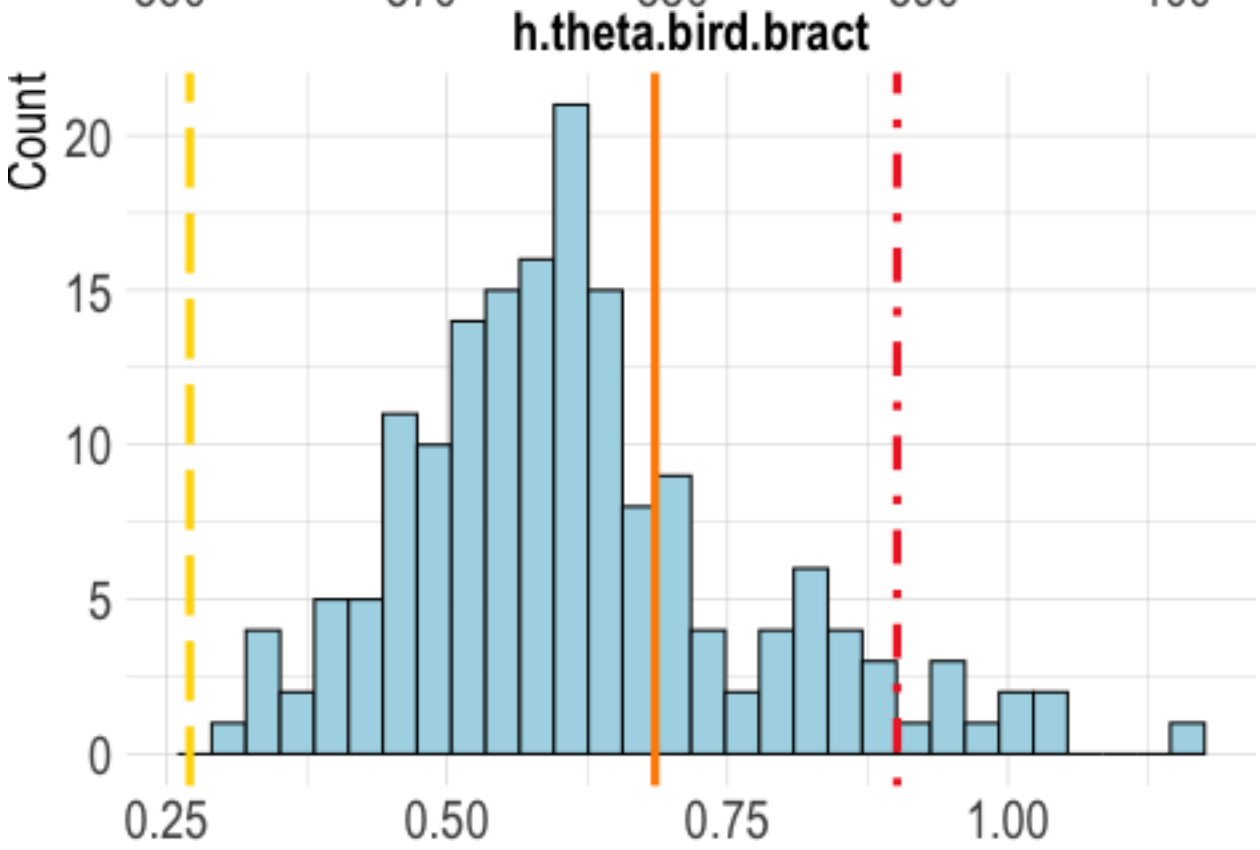

S9_labellum
Count
30
20
10
0
0.5
0.6
0.7
0.8
0.9
1.0

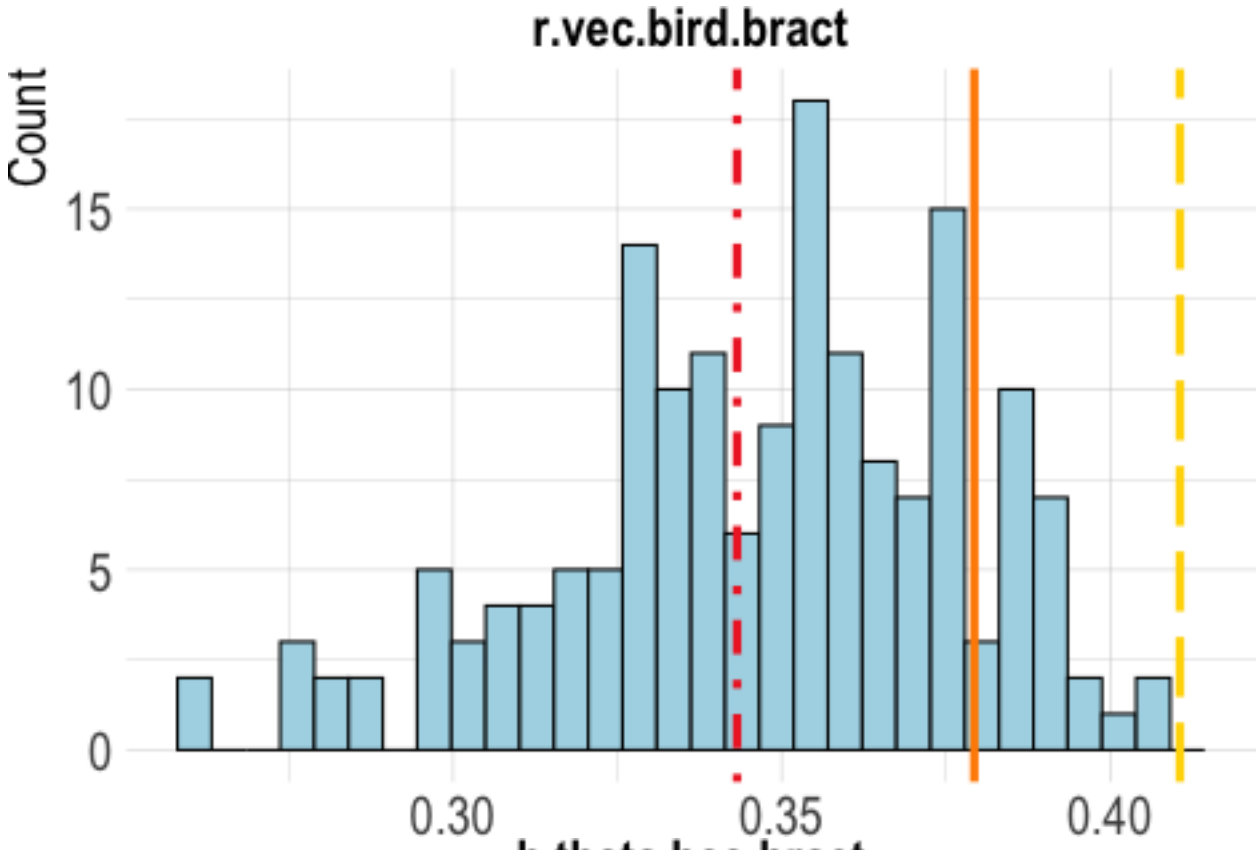

H3_labellum
Count
40
30
20
10
0
460
480
500
52

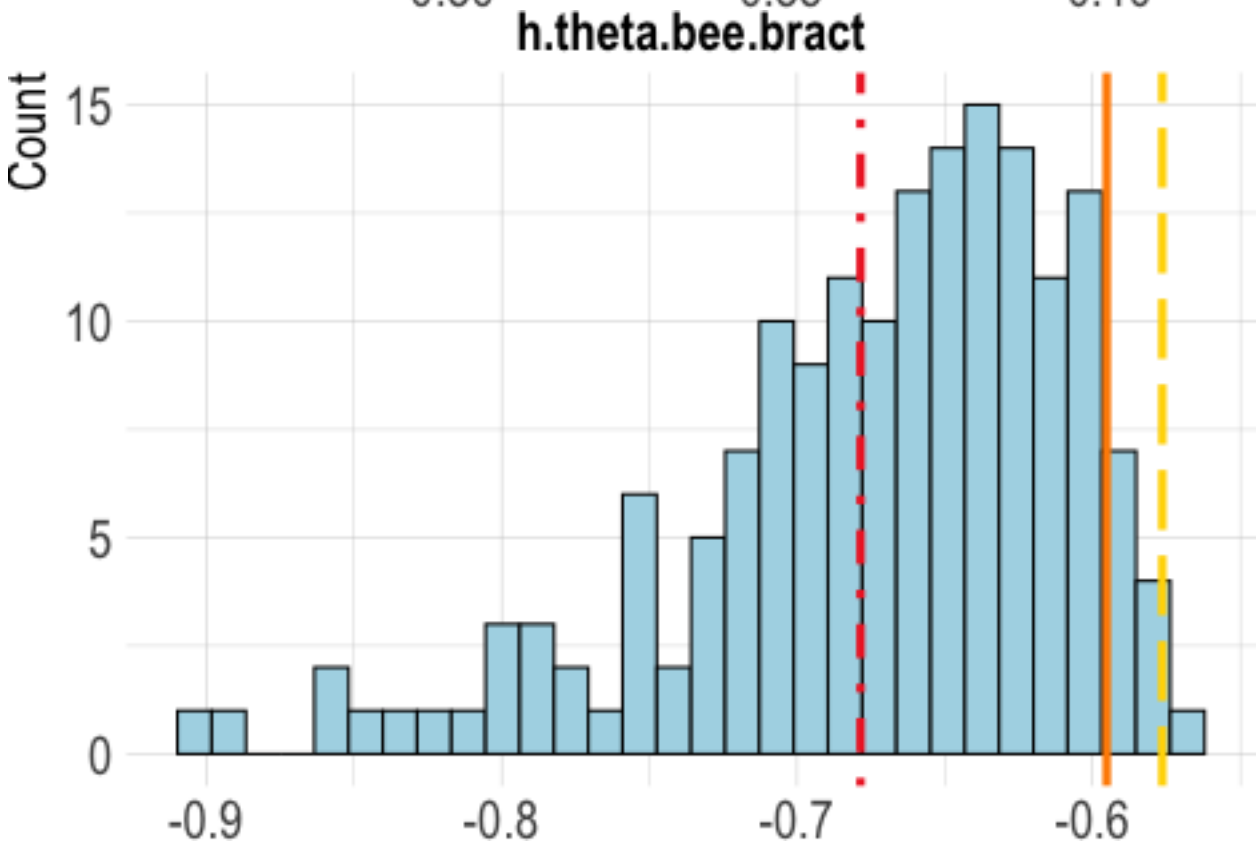

H4_labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
0.6
0.8
1.0

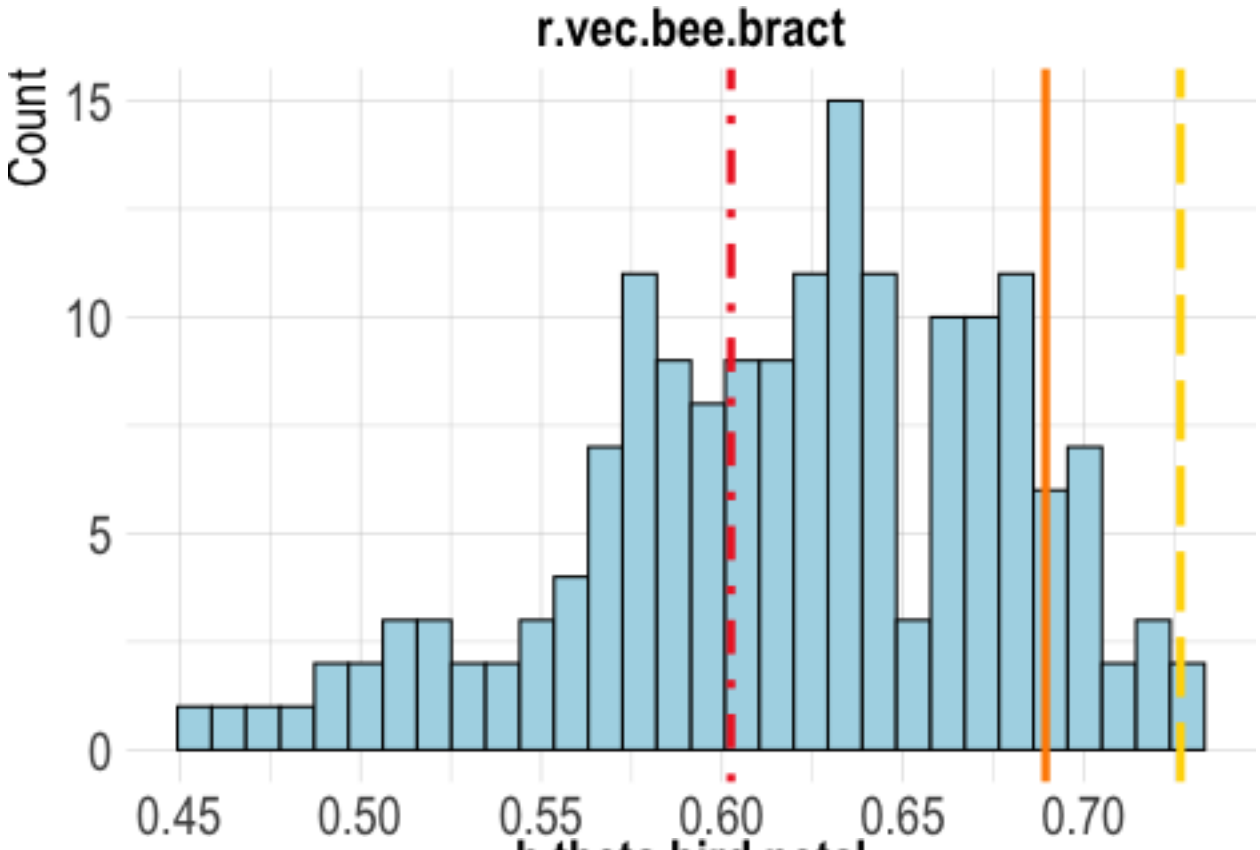

H1_UV_petal
Count
30
20
10
0
300
325
350
375
400

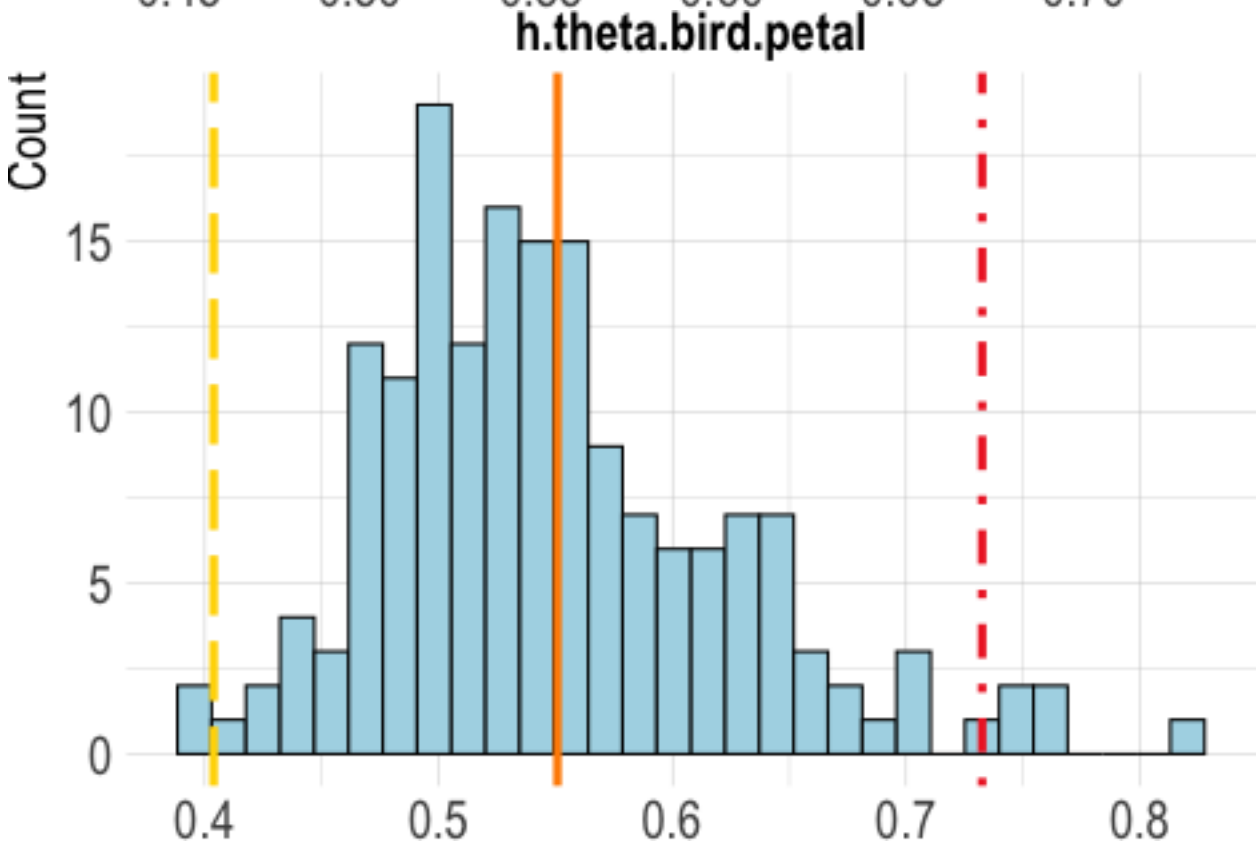

H1_UV_labellum
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
360
370
380
390
400

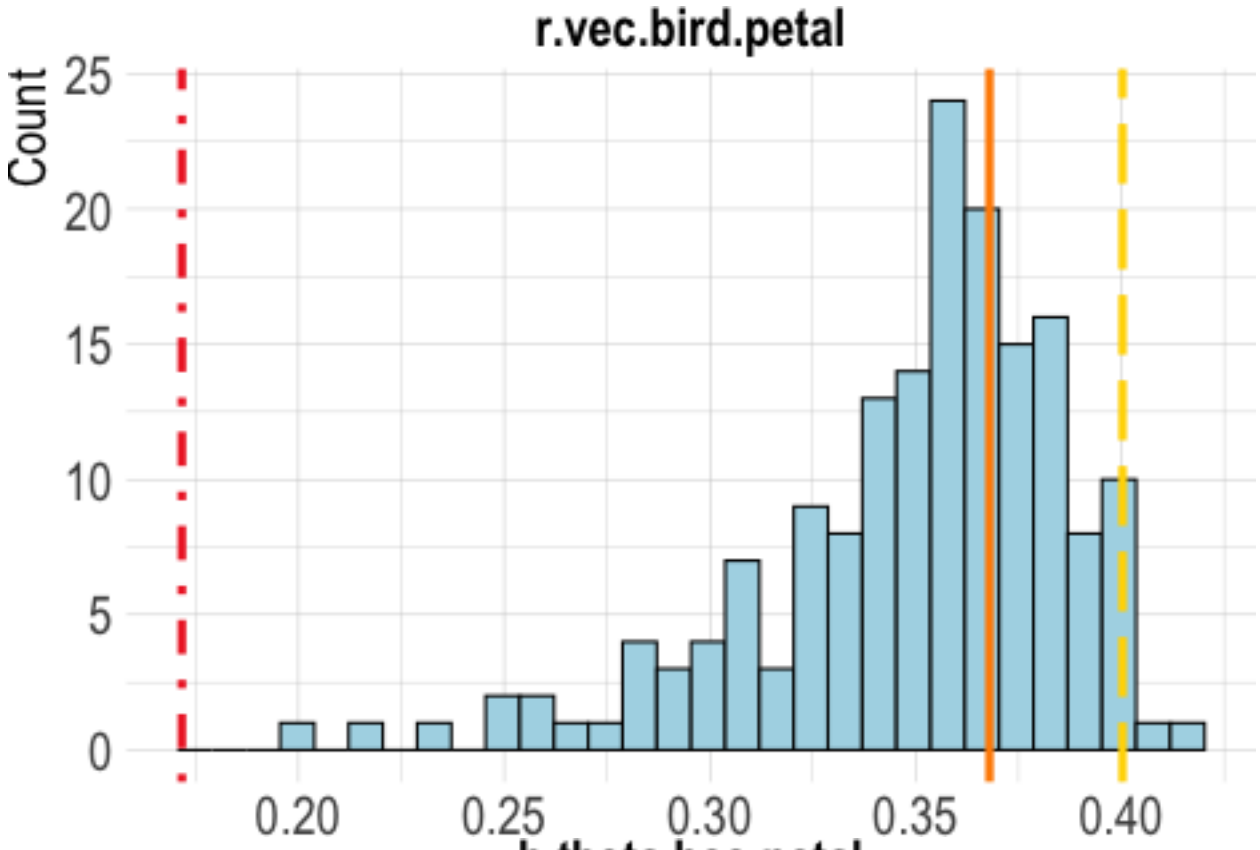

h.theta.bird.bract
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.25
0.50
0.75
1.00

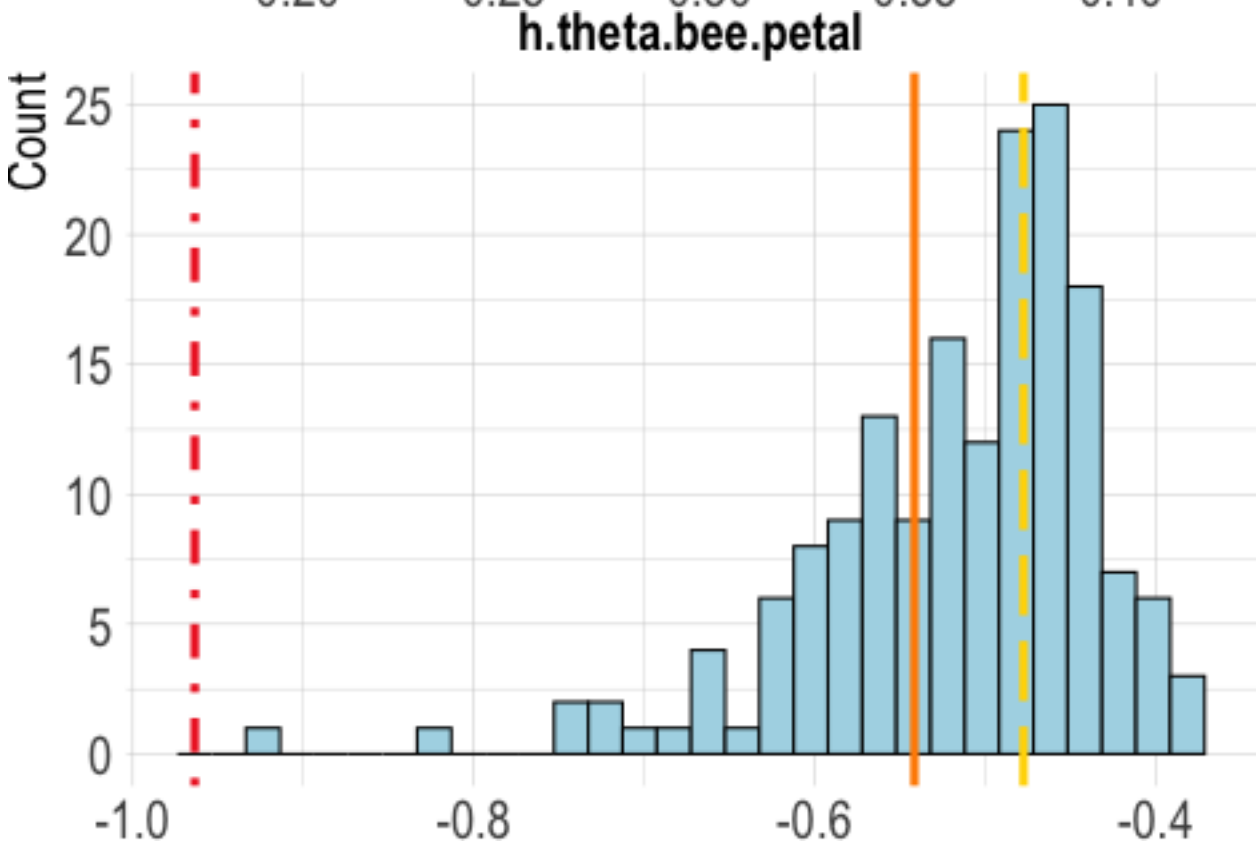

r.vec.bird.bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0.30
0.35
0.40

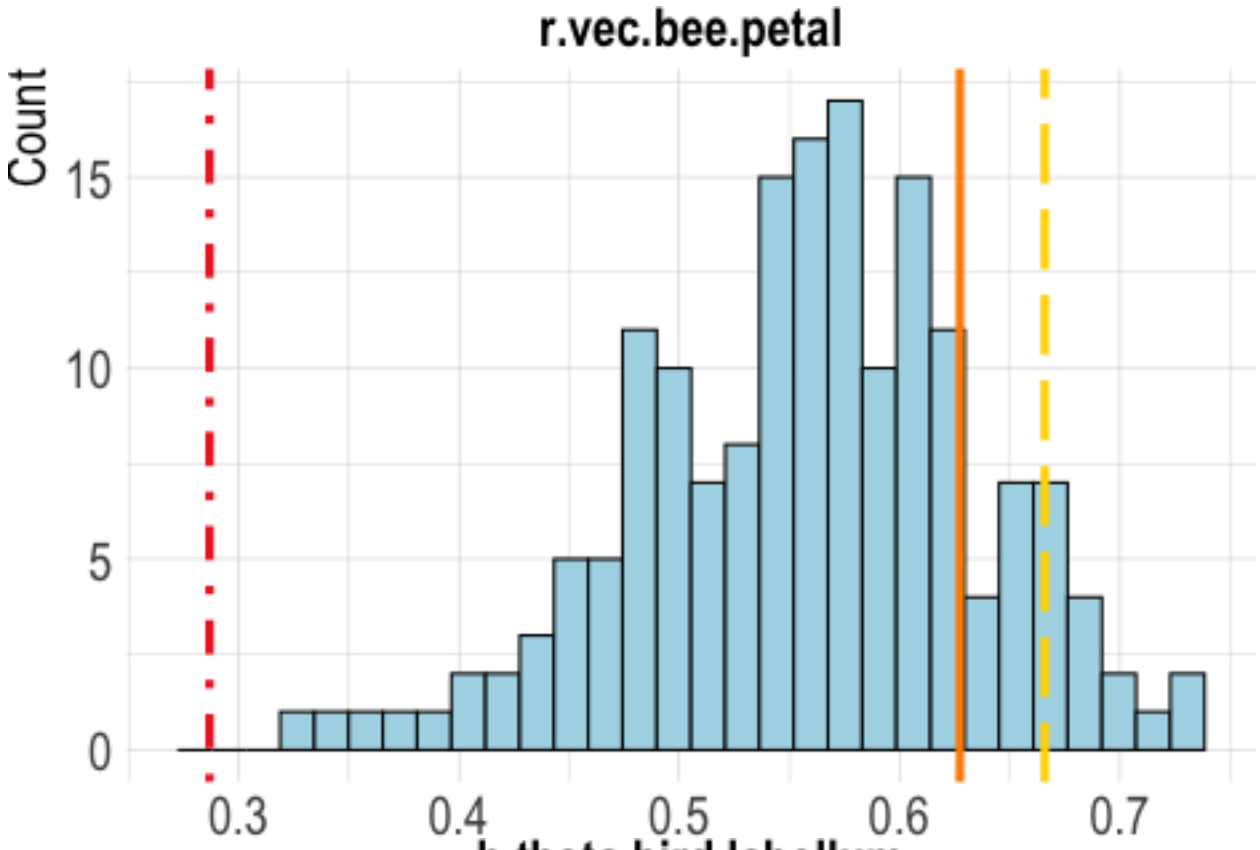

h.theta.bee.bract
Count
15
10
5
0
-0.9
-0.8
-0.7
-0.6

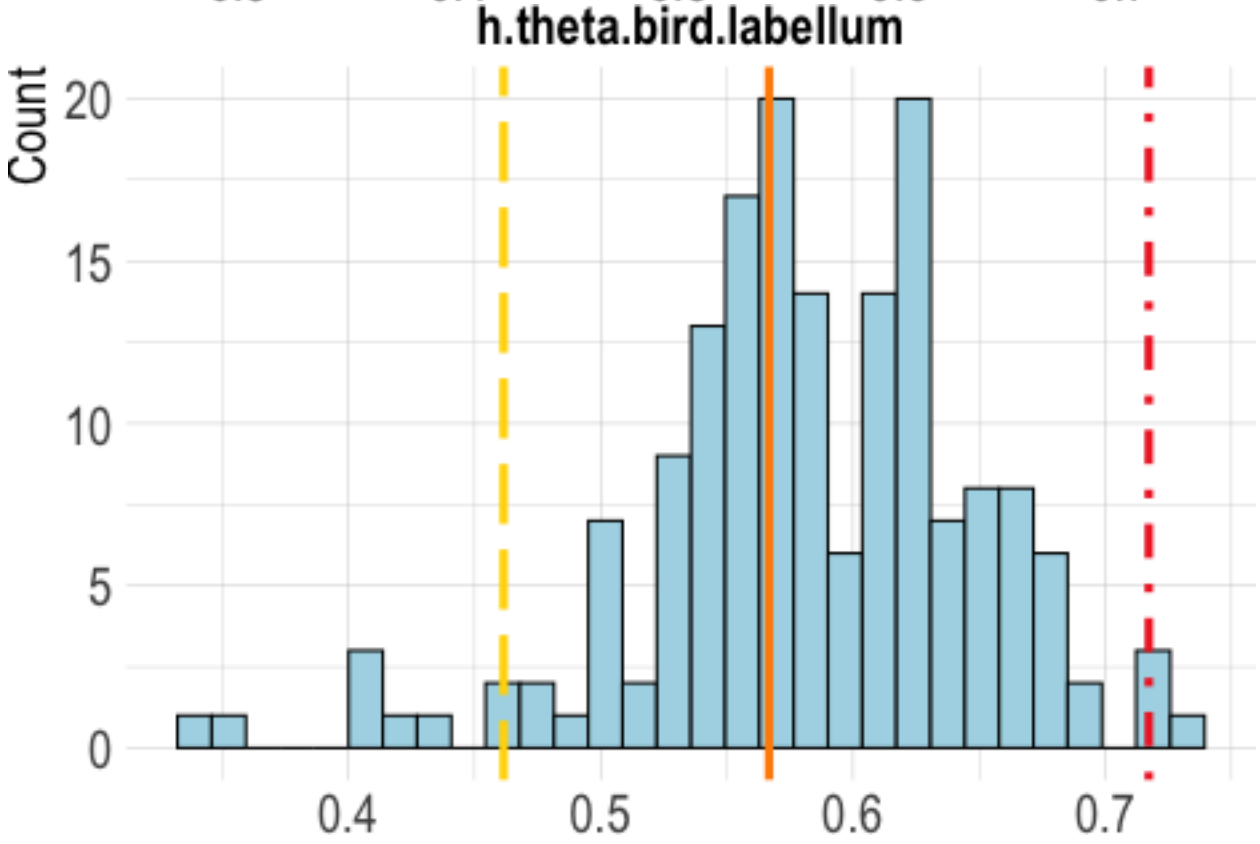

r.vec.bee.bract
Count
15
10
5
0
0.45
0.50
0.55
0.60
0.65
0.70

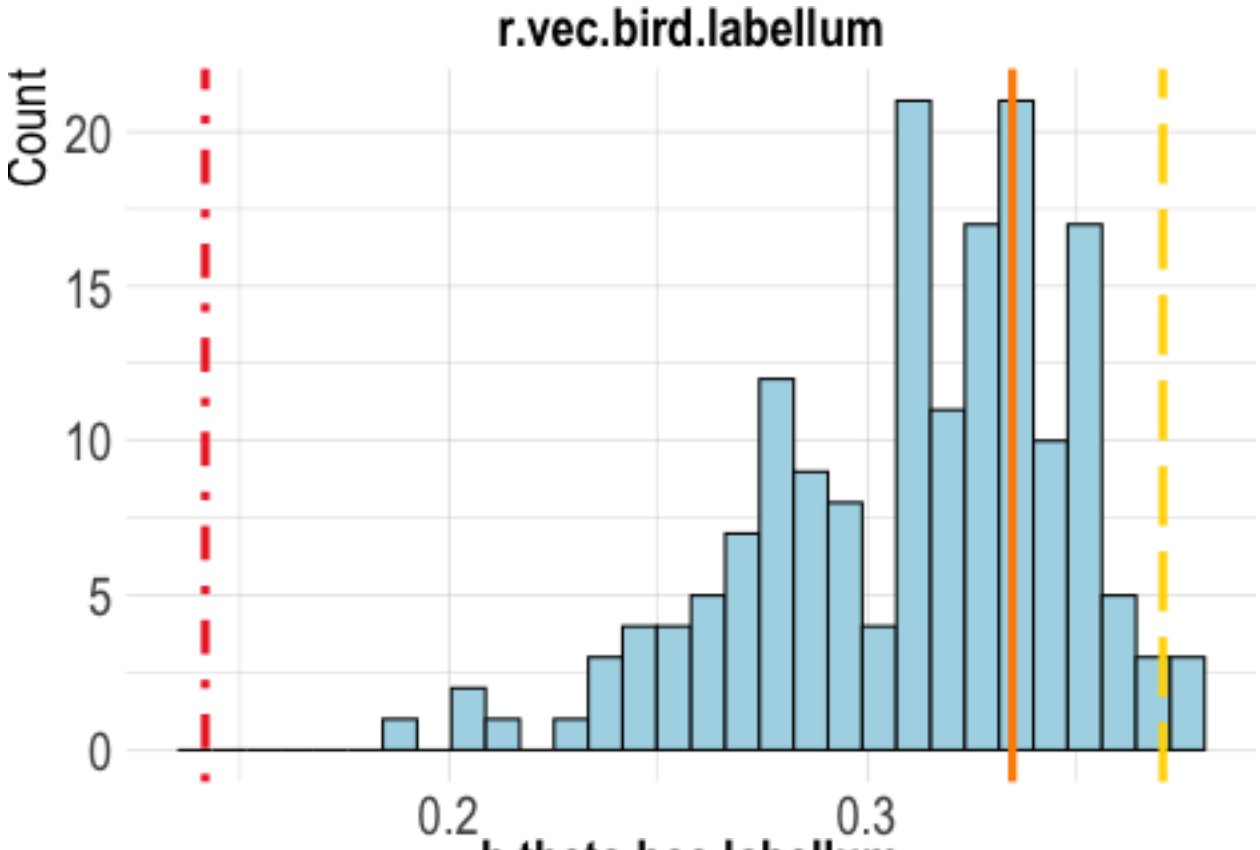

h.theta.bird.petal
Count
15
10
5
0
0.4
0.5
0.6
0.7
0.8

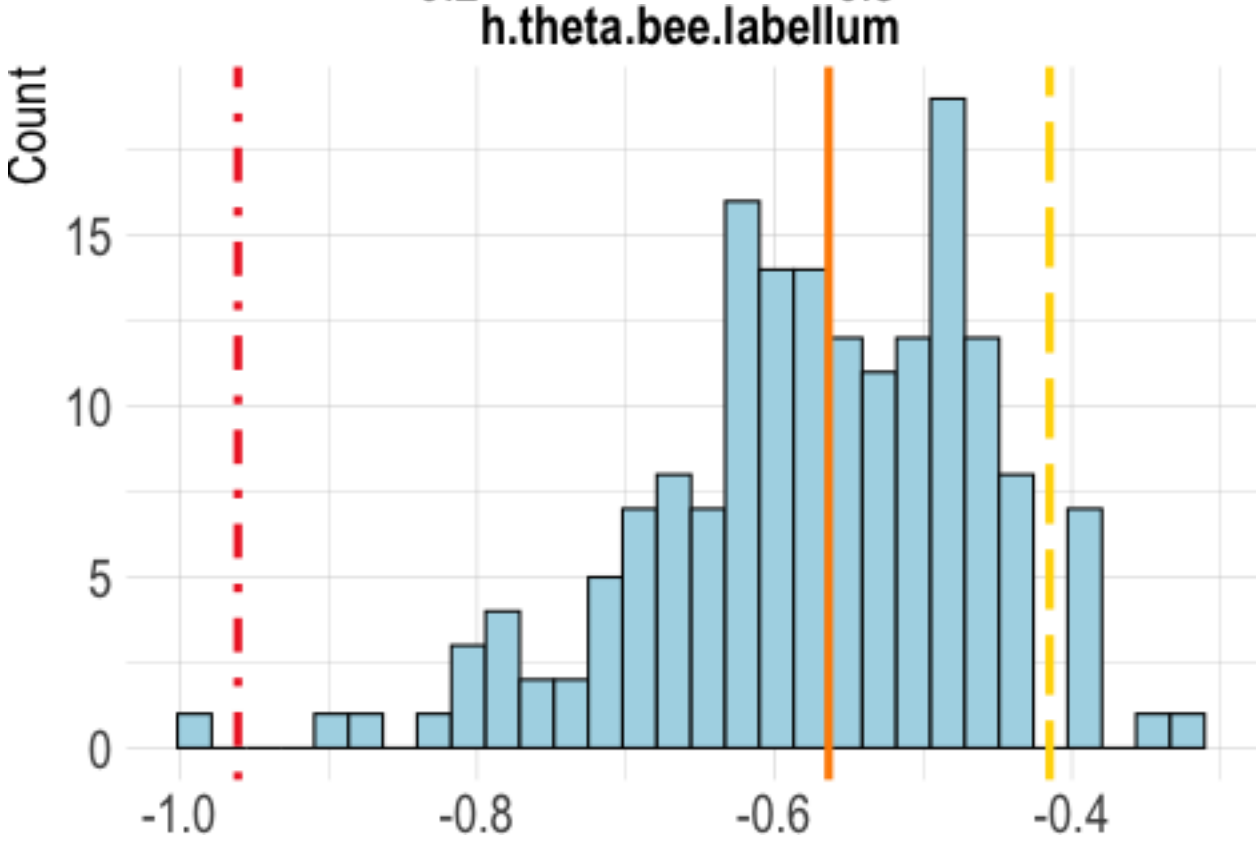

r.vec.bird.petal
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
0.20
0.25
0.30
0.35
0.40

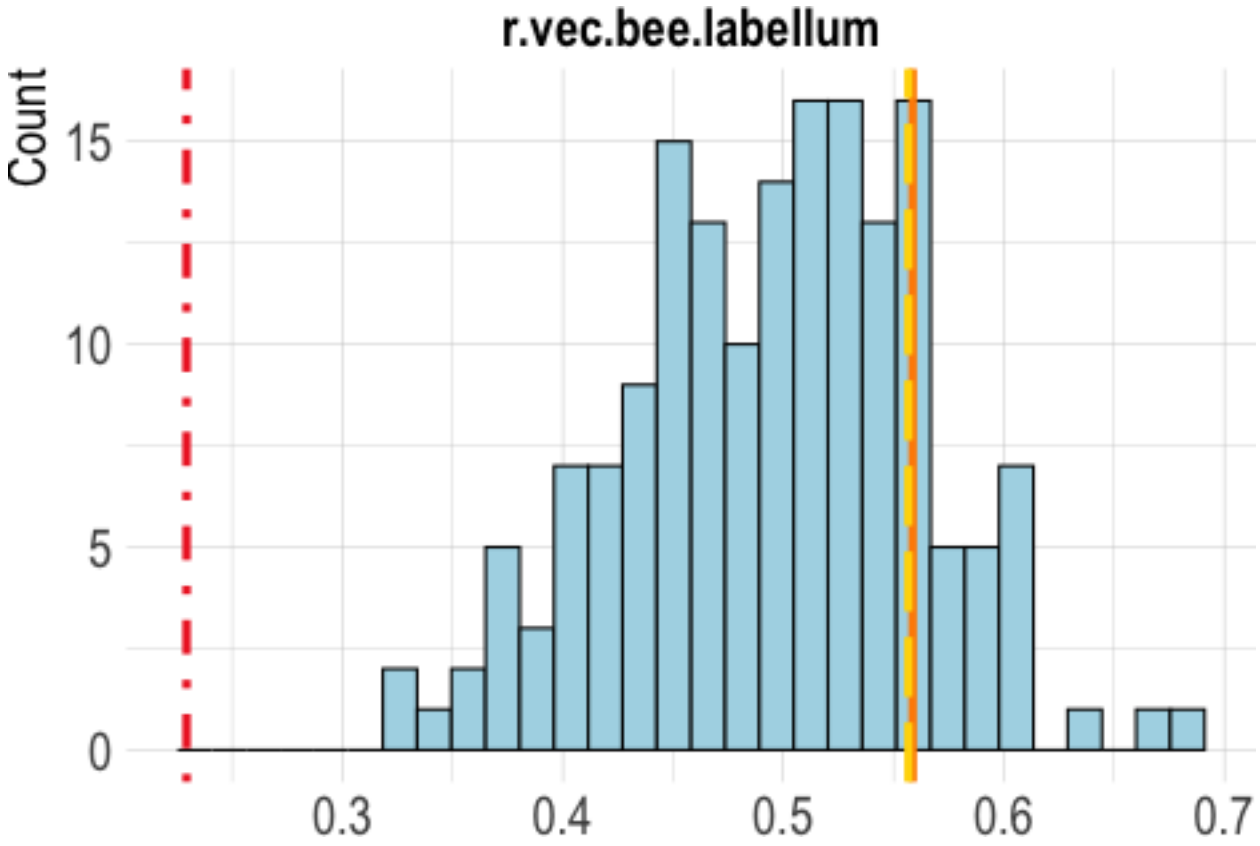

h.theta.bee.petal
Count
25
20
15
10
5
0
-1.0
-0.8
-0.6
-0.4


r.vec.bee.petal
Count
15
10
5
0
0.3
0.4
0.5
0.6
0.7


h.theta.bird.labellum
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.4
0.5
0.6
0.7


r.vec.bird.labellum
Count
20
15
10
5
0
0.2
0.3


h.theta.bee.labellum
Count
15
10
5
0
-1.0
-0.8
-0.6
-0.4



Combines plots

```
# 6. Create Legend Plot
legend_data <- data.frame(
  x = c(1, 2, 3),
  Category = c("C. lasius",
               "C. bracteatus",
               "F1 hybrid")
)

legend_plot <- ggplot(legend_data, aes(x = x)) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = x, color = Category, linetype = Category), size = 1.2) +
  scale_color_manual(
    name = NULL,
    values = c(
      "C. lasius" = "gold",
      "C. bracteatus" = "firebrick2",
      "F1 hybrid" = "darkorange"
    )
  ) +
  scale_linetype_manual(
    name = NULL,
    values = c(
      "C. lasius Parental Species" = "longdash",
      "C. bracteatus Parental Species" = "dotdash",
      "F1 Hybrids" = "solid"
    )
```

```
  ) +
  theme_void() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.text = element_text(size = 12)
  )

# 7. Combine Histograms into a Grid
nrow_grid <- 7 # Adjust based on number of histograms and desired layout

histogram_grid <- plot_grid(
  plotlist = histograms,
  nrow = nrow_grid,
  align = "v"
)

# 8. Combine Histogram Grid with Legend Plot
combined_plot <- plot_grid(
  histogram_grid,
  legend_plot,
  ncol = 1,
  rel_heights = c(1, 0.05) # Adjust relative heights as needed
)

# 9. Save the Combined Plot to a PDF
CairoPDF(file = "~/Dropbox/Costus/costus-genetic-mapping/phenotype/results/figures/colormetric_combined_
print(combined_plot)
dev.off()
```

```
pdf
  2
```

```
# Optional: Display the Combined Plot in R Session
# print(combined_plot)
```