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## CU<sub>M</sub> Ex3 Test Cases



Chirag Uttamsingh · Mentor · General Discussion · 3 years ago · Edited by moderator

Here are the test cases for ex3 by Tom Mosher:

lrCostFunction - regularized (ex3.pdf Section 1.3.3):



```
1 % input
2 theta = [-2; -1; 1; 2];
3 X = [ones(5,1) reshape(1:15,5,3)/10];
4 y = [1;0;1;0;1] >= 0.5; % creates a logical array
5
6 % test the unregularized results
7 [J grad] = lrCostFunction(theta, X, y, 0)
8
9 % results
10 J = 0.73482
11 grad =
12
13     0.146561
14     0.051442
15     0.124722
16     0.198003
17
18 % test the regularized results
19 lambda = 3;
20 [J grad] = lrCostFunction(theta, X, y, lambda)
21
22 % results
23 J = 2.5348
24 grad =
25
26     0.14656
27    -0.54856
28     0.72472
29     1.39800
```

Note: your cost function must return the gradient as a column vector (size  $n \times 1$ ), NOT as a row vector ( $1 \times n$ ).

====

oneVsAll:

```
1 %input:
2 X = [magic(3) ; sin(1:3); cos(1:3)];
3 y = [1; 2; 2; 1; 3];
4 num_labels = 3;
5 lambda = 0.1;
6 [all_theta] = oneVsAll(X, y, num_labels, lambda)
7 %output:
8 all_theta =
9     -0.559478     0.619220    -0.550361    -0.093502
10     -5.472920    -0.471565     1.261046     0.634767
11     0.068368    -0.375582    -1.652262    -1.410138
```

====

predictOneVsAll:

```

1 % input:
2 all_theta = [1 -6 3; -2 4 3];
3 X = [1 7; 4 5; 7 8; 1 4];
4 predictOneVsAll(all_theta, X)
5 %output:
6 ans =
7     1
8     2
9     2
10    1

```

Note: your prediction function should NOT include any use of a fixed threshold.  
Select the classifier with the maximum output.

=====

predict:

```

1 Theta1 = reshape(sin(0 : 0.5 : 5.9), 4, 3);
2 Theta2 = reshape(sin(0 : 0.3 : 5.9), 4, 5);
3 X = reshape(sin(1:16), 8, 2);
4 p = predict(Theta1, Theta2, X)
5 % you should see this result
6 p =
7     4
8     1
9     1
10    4
11    4
12    4
13    4
14    2

```

Note: your prediction function should NOT include any use of a fixed threshold.  
Select the classifier with the maximum output.

Here are the values for the "a3" layer in the test case for predict().

```

1 a3 =
2
3     0.53036     0.54588     0.55725     0.56352
4     0.54459     0.54298     0.53754     0.52875
5     0.49979     0.49616     0.49288     0.49024
6     0.41357     0.42199     0.43736     0.45844
7     0.37321     0.40368     0.44349     0.48911
8     0.42073     0.45935     0.50210     0.54464
9     0.50962     0.53216     0.55173     0.56659
10    0.54882     0.55033     0.54738     0.54021

```

=====

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