**Project Report for Protein MSA Viewer**

Project Background

Multiple sequence alignment (MSA) is a process of aligning three or more biological sequences (DNA, RNA, or protein) in order to infer sequence homology and conduct phylogenetic analysis. Results of these analysis can be used to predict structures, functions, and evolutionary relationships between biological sequences. There are multiple tools which perform MSA, such as Clustal Omega, MAFFT, MUSCLE, and T-Coffee. These and others are available as web interfaces from the European Molecular Biology Laboratory European Bioinformatics Institute (EMBL-EBI) at <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/>. They are also available as web services for programmatic access using representation state transfer (REST) and simple object access protocol (SOAP) sample clients.

All of the tools available from EMBL-EBI are related to the process of MSA, but they are unique in their function and requirements. For example, EMBOSS Cons creates a consensus sequence from an input multiple alignment, and MView creates a new web view using HTML and CSS from an input multiple alignment. Additionally, of the tools performing an MSA, only Clustal Omega, MAFFT, MUSCLE, and T-Coffee can output alignments in ClustalW format which is simple but informative output (detailed at <https://mccb.umassmed.edu/meme/doc/clustalw-format.html>).

MUSCLE (Multiple Sequence Comparison by Log-Expectation) is an MSA tool that is used for proteins (mostly) due to its high accuracy and high speed for medium-sized protein sequence alignments.

MUSCLE is available from EMBL-EBI (European Molecular Biology Laboratory European Bioinformatics Institute) as a web-based tool at <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/muscle/> as part of their suite of eight web-based MSA tools. It is also available in Perl and Python as a representational state transfer (REST) sample client.

\*For this project I am going to use the Python REST MUSCLE tool.

Running the MUSCLE tool has two parts: (1) input sequences, and (2) selecting the output format. For input the tool can use either sequence input window or a sequence file upload. The acceptable formats are GCG, FATA, EMBL, GenBank, PIR, NBRF, PHYLIP, and UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot. The output formats are Pearson/FASTA, ClustalW, ClustalW (strict), HTML, GCG MSL, Phylip interleaved, and Phylip sequential. Examples of the output formats can be viewed at <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/seqdb/confluence/display/JDSAT/Multiple+Sequence+Alignment+Tool+Output+Examples>. None of the output formats represent the data in way that is both clear and summarized, and therefore one of the main “problems” which this project will address is output redesign.

Some “redesign” ideas include summary information about conserved residues and properties of proteins. This information is shown in some formats using symbols and font color (respectively), but there is never a summary, nor can this information be viewed in any of the “result summary” files.

Project Description

The project I am proposing for Advanced Practical Computer Concepts for Bioinformatics is creating a web-based bioinformatics analysis application that uses the Python REST MUSCLE tool to perform protein MSA. The analysis output will be an improvement upon the outputs currently available at EMBL-EBI and will be stored locally\*.

\*As the tool does not use the MySQL/Chado/etc. databases, I will store the results of the submitted analyses.

How the project will run:

1. A user inputs 3 or more protein sequences into a text input field on the web-based user interface. (CSS, HTML, and JavaScript will be involved.)
2. On the server side the MUSCLE program will be run. The results will be saved and then parsed. (CGI and the server/file system will be involved.)
3. The MUSCLE results will be presented on the web-based user interface. (CSS, HTML, and JavaScript will be involved.)

Project Technologies

In general, the files will be located on the bioinformatics server in the same organization as previous projects (i.e., JavaScript files in the JavaScript folder and CSS files in the CSS folder) and the CGI will be run from the command line to “generate” the initial web-page. An additional folder will be created to store the results of submitted analysis.

The project will also be located on GitHub in my “apcc-bfx” repository.

Project Challenge

The major challenge of this project will be learning to use a REST API in the CGI. I have found some tutorials and references on how to do this, but it will be difficult because I have never done anything like it before and the majority of the documentation is on command line usage for RESTs (that I have found).

References

Bioinformatics Tools FAQ. <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/seqdb/confluence/display/JDSAT/Bioinformatics+Tools+FAQ> [This page includes a description of the symbols and colors used in the MUSCLE (as well as other MSA tools) output.]

Job Dispatcher Sequence Analysis Tools Home. <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/seqdb/confluence/display/JDSAT/Job+Dispatcher+Sequence+Analysis+Tools+Home> [Embedded on this page are three tutorials on using the web services tools.]

MUSCLE Help and Documentation. <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/seqdb/confluence/display/JDSAT/MUSCLE+Help+and+Documentation> [Main documentation page for MUSCLE.]

Python and REST APIs: Interaction With Web Services. <https://realpython.com/api-integration-in-python/>