# CLASIFICADOR DE COMENTARIOS SPAM Y NO SPAM

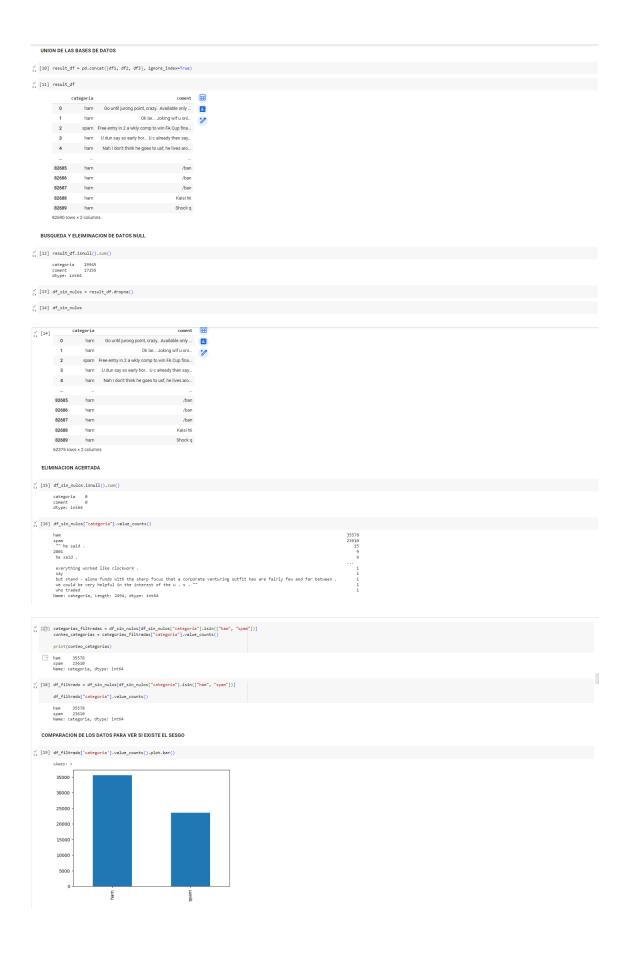
# **GRUPO 1 – ALGEBRA MATRICIAL**

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# PROYECTO FINAL DE ALGEBRA MATRICIAL

Link: <a href="https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1Nlq3b7kB-pM91WxiFa9VgkP8LgB-s4w6?usp=sharing">https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1Nlq3b7kB-pM91WxiFa9VgkP8LgB-s4w6?usp=sharing</a>





```
[20] # Sample 23610 items from the "ham" category
no.gom = of filtrado[off_filtrado[categoria"] == "ham"].sample(23610)
# Sample 23610 items from the "spam" category with replacement
spam = of_filtrado[off_filtrado[categoria"] == "spam"].sample(23610, replace=True)

y
observed
if illrado = pd.concat([no_spam, spam])
df_filtrado = df_filtrado.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True) #Dessordenar las filas
    LIMPIEZA COMPLETADA Y BASE DE DATOS LIMPIA
√
0s [22] #Termina Winnifer
df_filtrado

    spam hyperlink hyperlink hyperlink let mortgage len...
    ham i wan to download nfs most wanted konse site s...

**/
            2 ham fwd enron stanford program content transfer en...
                               spam all the lastest from stereophonics marley dizz...
             4 spam how to save on aslant your medications over 60...
             47215 spam guaranteed 50 000 fast you make a guaranteed 5...
             47216 ham daren , i think i may have lost my mind ( no c...
47217 spam ros group presents new residential project 2/3...
             47218 ham shipper\ndaren wanted me to make this request ...
47219 spam digital convergence . it 's here , now !\ntoo...
v [23] df_filtrado['categoria'].value_counts().plot.bar()
               20000
               15000
                 5000
[24] #Eduardo
#Estudio del lenguaje
      df\_filtrado["Language"] = df\_filtrado['coment'].apply(lambda x : langid.classify(x)[\theta])
os [25] dff = df_filtrado [df_filtrado["Language"] == "en"][["coment", "categoria"]]
BASE DE DATOS PRINCIPAL
° [26] dff
                                                                                coment categoria 🖽
             0 hyperlink hyperlink let mortgage len... spam
                 1 i wan to download nfs most wanted konse site s...
                                                                                                      ham

    i wan to download nfs most wanted konse site s... ham
    fwd enron stanford program content transfer en... ham

                                                                                                                 0
                             all the lastest from stereophonics marley dizz...
             4 how to save on aslant your medications over 60... spam
             47215 guaranteed 50 000 fast you make a guaranteed 5... spam
              47216 daren , i think i may have lost my mind ( no c...
             47217 ros group presents new residential project 2/3... spam
              47218 shipper\ndaren wanted me to make this request ...
            44117 rows × 2 columns
     PROCESAMIENTO DEL TEXTO
    #Descargamos las librerlas
import altk
from altk lamort PorterStemmer
from altk.tdem.uordent import blordNetLemmatizer
altk.dom.load([

"stopunords", #las stopunords
"names", #las nombres
"vader_lexicon",
"punkt",
"punkt",
""uordnet" ])
    "wordnet"])

[nitt_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nitk_data...
[nitt_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nitt_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nitt_data] Package names is already up-to-date!
[nitt_data] Downloading package wader_lexion to /root/nitk_data...
[nitt_data] Downloading package wader_lexion is already up-to-date!
[nitt_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nitk_data...
[nitt_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nitk_data...
[nitt_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nitk_data...
[nitt_data] Package wordnet is already up-to-date!

True
    [ ] #Obtener las Stopwords del ingles y los names
stopwords = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words("english")
names = nltk.corpus.names.words()
```

```
chances

'Chance',
'Chantal',
'Chantal',
'Chantal',
'Charta',
'Charts',
'Cha
```

#### OBTENCION DE LOS TOKENS

```
[] def get_tokens(series, reduce):

#reducer es uns función que lematiza o deriva el token

vocabulary = []

for comment in series:

for sidra, word in enumerate(nltk.word_tokenize(comment)):

if not vord.isalpha(): continue #las comas, puntos, signos etc

if word not in manes: word = word_lower()

vocabulary.append(reduce(word))

return vocabulary
```

#### LEMATIZACION

## VOCABULARIO OBTENIDO

```
[] #Obtener Vocabulario
vocabulary = get_tokens(dff["coment"][:],lemmatizer.lemmatize )

[] #Termina Eduardo
vocabulary = list(set(vocabulary))
```

↑ ↓ ⊕ **□ ‡** □ î î

### CODIGO DE APREDIZAJE DIVIDIDO POR SPAM\_WORDS Y NO\_SPAM\_WORDS

```
[] no spam words

__inte
__continue,
_sometime,
_intranet,
_dear,
_intranet,
_dear,
_intranet,
_dear,
_intranet,
_dear,
_intranet,
_dear,
_intranet,
_dear,

spam_words

"making",
easier",
'implies',
'yatrocodone',
'attached',
'disturbing',
'middle',
'american',
'booked',
'derlywative',
'american',
'addictive',
'gove',
'ane',
'ike',
'vicodin',
'opiate',
'entivasive',
'cough',
'entivasive',
'amalgasic',
'modarte',
'amalgasic',
'modarte',
'amalgasic',
'modarte',
'amalgasic',
'modarte',
'amalgasic',
'modarte',
'cough',
'effective',
'amalgasic',
'modarte',
'considered',
'considered',
'considered',
'ised',
'amalgasic',
'modalent',
'considered',
'ised',
'amalgasic',
'modalent',
'considered',
'ised',
'amalgasic',
'modalent',
'considered',
'ised',
'amalgasic',
'making',
'
                     OBTENCION DE LAS 200 PALABRAS MAS COMUNES EN SPAM Y NO_SPAM
                [ ] from pandas.core import common
spam_fd = nltk.FreqDist(spam_words)
no_spam_fd = nltk.FreqDist(no_spam_words)
                                                                                     common_set = set(spam_fd).intersection(no_spam_fd)
                                                                          for word in common_set:
    del spam_fd[word]
    del no_spam_fd[word]
                                                                                top_200_spam = {word for word, count in spam_fd.most_common(200)} top_200_no_spam = {word for word, count in no_spam_fd.most_common(200)}
          [] import pickle

#Pickle s el proceso de convertir un objeto de Python en un flujo de bytes

#Para almacenalo en un archivo/base de datos

f = open('top_200_spam.pickle', 'sé')

pickle.dump(top_200_spam.f) #Pickle se utiliza para almacenar

f.close()
                                                                          f = open('top_200_no_spam.pickle', 'wb')
pickle.dump(top_200_no_spam, f)
f.close()
                     [ ] top_200_spam
                                                                                                     top_209_spam
'powerquest',
'prescription',
'presentiv'
'professiona',
'professiona',
'professiona',
'protact',
'publisher',
'quickbooks',
'releases',
'releases',
'releawant',
'remitted',
'remitted',
'remitted',
                          top_200_no_spam
                top_200_no_spam

top_200_no_spam

reportedly'
'resprecturing',
'resprecturing',
'rio',
'sou'ta',
```

```
NLTK Pretrained Sentiment Analyzer
      from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
#Es el proceso de determinar 'computacionalmente' si un comentario es spam o no spam
sia = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer() #Inizializando Sentiment Intensity Analyzer
[ ] dff[["coment", "categoria"]]
                                                      coment categoria 🖽
      0 hyperlink hyperlink let mortgage len... spam
         1 i wan to download nfs most wanted konse site s...
      2 fwd enron stanford program content transfer en... ham
                 all the lastest from stereophonics marley dizz...
      4 how to save on aslant your medications over 60... spam
      47215 guaranteed 50 000 fast you make a guaranteed 5... spam
       47216
                  daren , i think i may have lost my mind ( no c...
                                                                     ham
       47217 ros group presents new residential project 2/3... spam
      47218 shipper\ndaren wanted me to make this request ...
      47219 digital convergence . it 's here , now !\ntoo... spam
NLTK Naive Bayes Classifier
[ ] from statistics import mean
      def extract features(text):
```

```
[ ] from statistics import mean
def extract_features(text):
    vocabulary = []
    to def not more included to include the included the included
```

```
### Contents of Space | Space
```

```
[ ] from random import shuffle
              train_count = len(features)//2
shuffle(features)
classifier = nikt.klaisveBayesClassifier.train(features[train_count])#usamos esta funcion para entrenar el aloritmo de NaiveBayes
classifier-sinou_most_informative_features()
mic_lasifierob basado en el algoritmo Naive Bayes. Se utiliza para encontrar la
probabilidad de una etiqueta en este caso de las palabras
             Most Informative Features

cc = 1

net = 1

low = 1

site = 1

source = 1

monday = 1

ever = 1

http = 1

friday = 1

state = 1
                                                                                                                                 El com : El com = 18.0 : 1.0 El com : El com = 18.0 : 1.0 El com : El com = 19.0 : 1.0 El com : El com = 9.4 : 1.0 El com : El com : El com = 9.4 : 1.0 El com : El com = 8.5 : 1.0 El com : El com : El com = 8.5 : 1.0 El com : El com = 8.5 : 1.0 El com : El com = 8.7 : 1.0 El com : El com = 8.7 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0 El com : El com : El com = 7.8 : 1.0
 [ ] #Comprovando que tan efectivo es
{\tt nltk.classify.accuracy(classifier,\ features[train\_count:])}
 review = "You need to buy this"
classifier.classify(extract_features(review))
   Scikit-Learn Naive Bayes Classifier
  [ ] from sklearm.naive_bayes import (MAqui se importaron los classifier
Bernoulling,
Complementing,
Nultinomialne
               From sklearn.neighbors import WheighborsClassifier from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier from sklearn.enemble import InandorforestClassifier, AdaboostClassifier from sklearn.enemble import Indigstrikegression from sklearn.eneml_neturek import TheClassifier from sklearn.discriminant_enelysis import QuadrattOlscriminantAnalysis from sklearn.discriminant_enelysis import QuadrattOlscriminantAnalysis
[] classifiers = {
    "BernoulliMS', BernoulliMS(),
    "ComplementNS' ComplementNS(),
    "Object ComplementNS(),
    "Memphoreclassifiers', Memphoreclassifier(),
    "DecisionTerclassifiers', BesisonTerclassifier(),
    "Randsmorectlassifiers' Rendsmorectlassifier(),
    "Randsmorectlassifiers' Randsmorectlassifier(),
    "LogisticRegression": LogisticRegression(),
    "MPCLassifiers' Randsmorectlassifier(),
    AdaBoostclassifiers' AdaBoostclassifier(),
    "AdaBoostclassifiers': AdaBoostclassifier(),
  [ ] train_count = len(features) // 4
shuffle(features)
               trained_classifiers = {}
               for name, sklearn_classifier in classifiers.items():
    classifier = nltk.classify.SklearnClassifier(sklearn_classifier)
    classifier.train(features;train_count))
    accuracy = nltk.classify.accuracy(classifier, features[train_count:])
    trained_classifiers(name) = classifier
    print(f*[accuracy:_23] - {name})*)
               point(r jacunay).../ in

5.3% - BernoulliMB

84.90% - ComplementHB

84.17% - NultinomialHB

84.17% - NultinomialHB

64.17% - DecisionTreeClassifier

76.17% - DecisionFreeClassifier

84.90% - LogisticRegression

85.38% - HLPCLassifier

75.83% - AdaBoostClassifier

75.83% - AdaBoostClassifier
  [ ] # Dependiendo de su calificacion escojo el que optenga la mas alta
               import pickle
f = open("MLPClassifier', 'wb')
pickle.dump(trained_classifiers["MLPClassifier"], f)
f.close()
  [ ] # Hago una prueva con el casificador con la notas mas alta
               f = open('MLPClassifier', 'rb')
deployed_classifier = pickle.load(f)
f.close()
  #Estima la probabilidad de que ocurra un evento, como votar o no votar,
#en función de un conjunto de datos determinado de variables independientes.
  [ ] deployed_classifier.classify(extract_features("you need buy this one"))
                  'El comentario es spam'
   Operaciones de Álgebra Matricial con la base de datos utilizadas
  [] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import numpy as np
import naptiotili.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
  [ ]
# Reemplazar valores NaM (Not a number) con una cadena vacía en la columna 'coment'
result_df['coment'].fillna('', inplace=True)
                # Aplicación de TF-IDF (Frecuencia de término x Frecuencia inversa de documento)
tfidf_vectorizer = 'fidfVectorizer(max_features=1000)
X_tfidf = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(result_df['coment'])
                # Cálculo de la transpuesta de los datos TF-IDF
X_tfidf_transposed = X_tfidf.transpose()
                # Reducción de dimensionalidad con PCA (Reducción de la dimensionalidad)
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
X_tfidf_trensposed_reduced = pca.fit_transform(X_tfidf_trensposed.toarray())
               # Visualización de la matri: TF-IDF Transpuesta
plt.figure(figsize(5, 5))
plt.scatter(X:fidf Transposed_reduced[;, 0], X_tfidf_transposed_reduced[i, 1], alpha=0.5)
plt.title('Visualización PCA de la Matri: TF-IDF Transpuesta')
plt.valbel('Componente Principal ')
plt.valbel('Componente Principal ')
plt.valbel('Componente Principal 2')
plt.valbel('Componente Principal 2')
```

