

pulse2d_simplemodel

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1 Writing a simple model

1.1 Part 1: Simple model development

1.1.1 Objective: Read model input files, calculate output over model domain, write model output files

This model is based on Example 6.2 of Bedient et. al (1999):

A tank holding chloride at a concentration of 10,000 mg/L accidentally leaks over an area of 10 m² into an aquifer. Assume the chloride is a completely conservative tracer, that $D_x = 1$ m²/day and $D_y = 0.1$ m²/day, and that the seepage velocity (V_w) is 1 m/day.

For our model, we're going to define a domain of 5-100 m from the leak at 5 m intervals. For each interval in our domain we will calculate:

- a) The time required to reach the interval node

$$t = \frac{R_t x}{V_w}$$

where R_t is the retardation with time, x is the distance from leak source, and V_w is the seepage velocity. * b) Peak concentration

$$C_{max} = \frac{C_0 A}{4t\pi(D_x D_y)^{1/2}}$$

where C_0 is the initial chloride concentration, A is the spill area, t is the time for the plume to reach the interval node, and D_x and D_y are the dispersion coefficients in the x and y directions, respectively. * c) Plume Dimensions

$$3\sigma_x = 3(2D_x t)^{1/2}$$

$$3\sigma_y = 3(2D_y t)^{1/2}$$

where $3\sigma_x$ and $3\sigma_y$ are the plume dimensions in the x and y directions within three standard deviations from the mean (99.7% containment), respectively.

Implementation algorithm: 1. Define functions to calculate equations for parts a, b, and c. 2. Read in input parameters from *pulse2D_input.txt* and define input variables 4. Define model domain and interval size 5. Define vectors to store output data 6. Write for loop to iterate over model domain 7. Apply functions for a, b, and c for each iteration and store values 9. Write output file 8. Plot data

References Bedient, P.B., Rifai, H.S., and Newell, C.J. (1999). Ground water contamination: Transport and remediation (2nd edition). ISBN: 0-13-013840-1.

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In [1]: # IMPORT PACKAGES
import math # functions like sqrt and pi are parth of the math package
import re # regular expressions
import numpy as np # linearly spaced vector

# plotting
from matplotlib import rcParams # next 3 lines set font family for plotting
rcParams['font.family'] = ['serif']
rcParams['font.sans-serif'] = ['Optima']
rcParams['font.serif'] = ['Didot']
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 18})

In [2]: # STEP 1: FUNCTIONS
# custom functions always go at the very type of your code - you can't use them until yo

# PART A:
def time2node(x,Rt,Vw):
    t = (Rt*x)/Vw
    return t

# PART B:
def peakC(t,C0,A,Dx,Dy):
    Cmax = (C0*A)/(4*t*math.pi*math.sqrt(Dx*Dy))
    return Cmax

# PART C:
def plumeDim(t,D):
    sigma3 = 3*math.sqrt(2*D*t)
    return sigma3

In [3]: # STEP 2: Read in input parameters from *pulse2D_input.txt* and define input variables
header_str = '^#' # character to define header string in input file
#var_strs = ['Dx','Dy','Vw','C0','A','Rt'] # variable names to search for

# initialize variables - variables created within a for loop won't exist after the final
Dx = 0
Dy = 0
Vw = 0
C0 = 0
A = 0
Rt = 0

f = open('pulse2D_input.txt')
print('LINES-----')
for line in f.readlines():
    header = re.search(header_str,line)
    if header is None:

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lst = re.split('\t',line)
print(lst)
Dx_re = re.search('^Dx',line)
Dy_re = re.search('^Dy',line)
Vw_re = re.search('^Vw',line)
CO_re = re.search('^CO',line)
A_re = re.search('^A',line)
Rt_re = re.search('^Rt',line)

if Dx_re is not None:
    Dx = float(lst[1])
if Dy_re is not None:
    Dy = float(lst[1])
if Vw_re is not None:
    Vw = float(lst[1])
if CO_re is not None:
    CO = float(lst[1])
if A_re is not None:
    A = float(lst[1])
if Rt_re is not None:
    Rt = float(lst[1])

f.close()
print('\nVARIABLES-----')
print(Dx)
print(Dy)
print(Vw)
print(CO)
print(A)
print(Rt)

# STEP 3: Define model domain and interval size
h = 5
domain = np.linspace(5,100,20)
print('\nDOMAIN NODES-----')
print(domain)

LINES-----
['PARAMETER', 'VALUE\n']
['Dx', '1.000000\n']
['Dy', '.1000000\n']
['Vw', '1.000000\n']
['CO', '10000.00\n']
['A', '10.00000\n']
['Rt', '1.000000\n']

VARIABLES-----

```

```
1.0
0.1
1.0
10000.0
10.0
1.0
```

DOMAIN NODES-----

```
[ 5.  10.  15.  20.  25.  30.  35.  40.  45.  50.  55.  60.  65.  70.
 75.  80.  85.  90.  95. 100.]
```

In [4]: # STEP 4: Define vectors to store output data

```
t_out = []
Cmax_out = []
sigma3x_out = []
sigma3y_out = []
```

STEP 5: Write for loop to iterate over model domain

```
for x in domain:
```

STEP 6: Apply functions for a, b, and c for each iteration and store values

t = time2node(x,Rt,Vw) # calculate value

t_out.append(t) # store value

Cmax = peakC(t,C0,A,Dx,Dy)

Cmax_out.append(Cmax)

sigma3x = plumeDim(t,Dx)

sigma3x_out.append(sigma3x)

sigma3y = plumeDim(t,Dy)

sigma3y_out.append(sigma3y)

```
print('OUTPUT: t')
```

```
print(t_out)
```

```
print('\nOUTPUT: Cmax')
```

```
print(Cmax_out)
```

```
print('\nPLUME DIMENSIONS:----')
```

```
print('\nsigma3x')
```

```
print(sigma3x_out)
```

```
print('\nsigma3y')
```

```
print(sigma3y_out)
```

OUTPUT: t

```
[5.0, 10.0, 15.0, 20.0, 25.0, 30.0, 35.0, 40.0, 45.0, 50.0, 55.0, 60.0, 65.0, 70.0, 75.0, 80.0,
```

OUTPUT: Cmax

```
[5032.921210448703, 2516.4606052243516, 1677.6404034829013, 1258.2303026121758, 1006.58424208974
```

PLUME DIMENSIONS:----

sigma3x

[9.486832980505138, 13.416407864998739, 16.431676725154983, 18.973665961010276, 21.2132034355964

sigma3y

[3.0, 4.242640687119286, 5.196152422706632, 6.0, 6.708203932499369, 7.348469228349534, 7.9372539

```
In [5]: # STEP 9: write output file
```

```
f_out = open('pulse2D_output.txt','w')
#f_out.write('t\tCmax\tsigma3x\tsigma3y\n')
f_out.write('{:12}'.format('t')+'\t' \
            +'{:12}'.format('Cmax')+'\t' \
            +'{:12}'.format('sigma3x')+'\t' \
            +'{:12}'.format('sigma3y')+'\n')
for i in range(len(domain)):
    # convert all numbers to floats with 14 sig fig
    t = '{:04.10f}'.format(t_out[i])
    Cmax = '{:04.10f}'.format(Cmax_out[i])
    sigma3x = '{:04.10f}'.format(sigma3x_out[i])
    sigma3y = '{:04.10f}'.format(sigma3y_out[i])

    # convert to string for writing, format string width to 12 characters so that cols a
    t = '{:.12}'.format(str(t))
    Cmax = '{:.12}'.format(str(Cmax))
    sigma3x = '{:.12}'.format(str(sigma3x))
    sigma3y = '{:.12}'.format(str(sigma3y))
    strng = t + '\t' + Cmax + '\t' + sigma3x + '\t' + sigma3y + '\n'
    f_out.write(strng)

f_out.close()
```

```
In [6]: # STEP 8: Plot data
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```
plt.figure(1)
plt.plot(t_out,'r', linewidth=4)
plt.xlabel('Distance from leak (m)')
plt.ylabel('Plume travel time (days)')
plt.show()

plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(Cmax_out,'g', linewidth=4)
plt.xlabel('Distance from leak (m)')
plt.ylabel('Peak Concentration (mg/L)')
plt.show()

plt.figure(3)
plt.plot(sigma3x_out,'b', linewidth=4)
plt.xlabel('Distance from leak (m)')
```

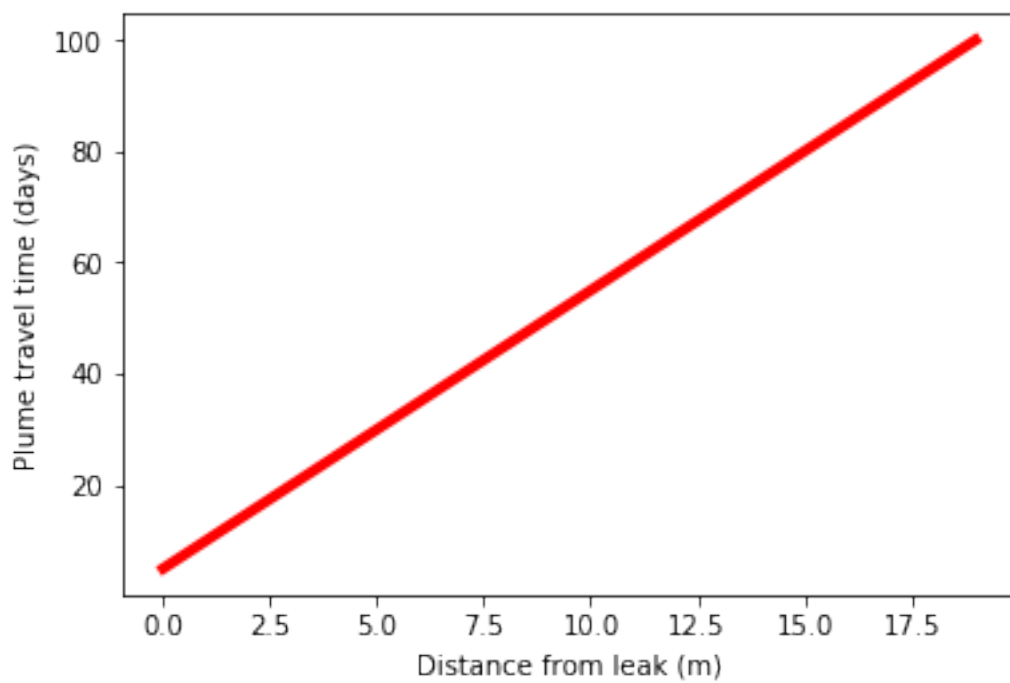
```

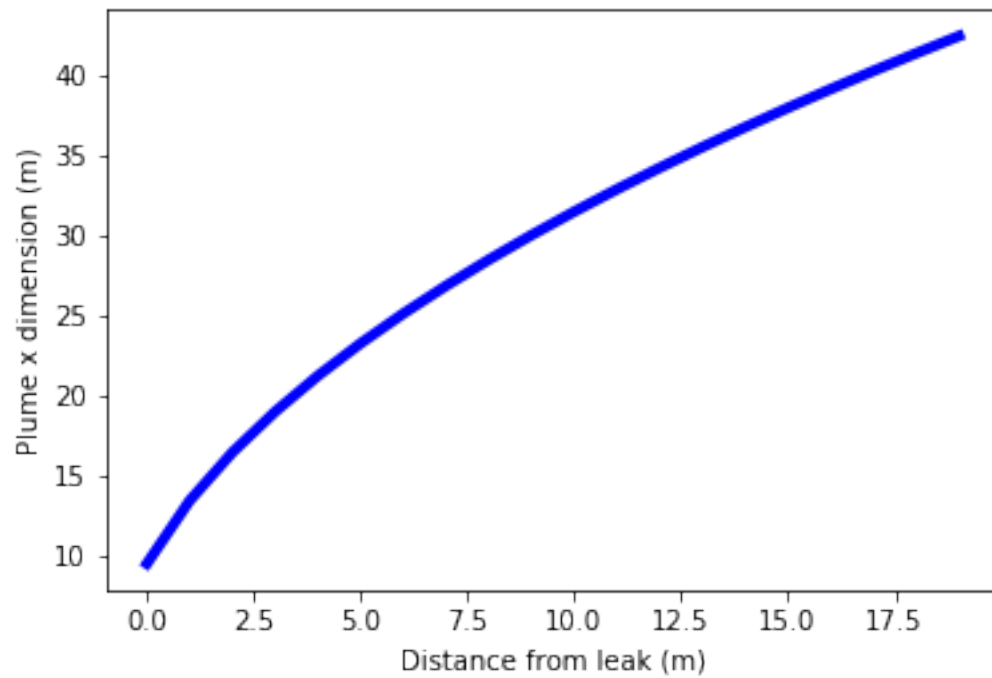
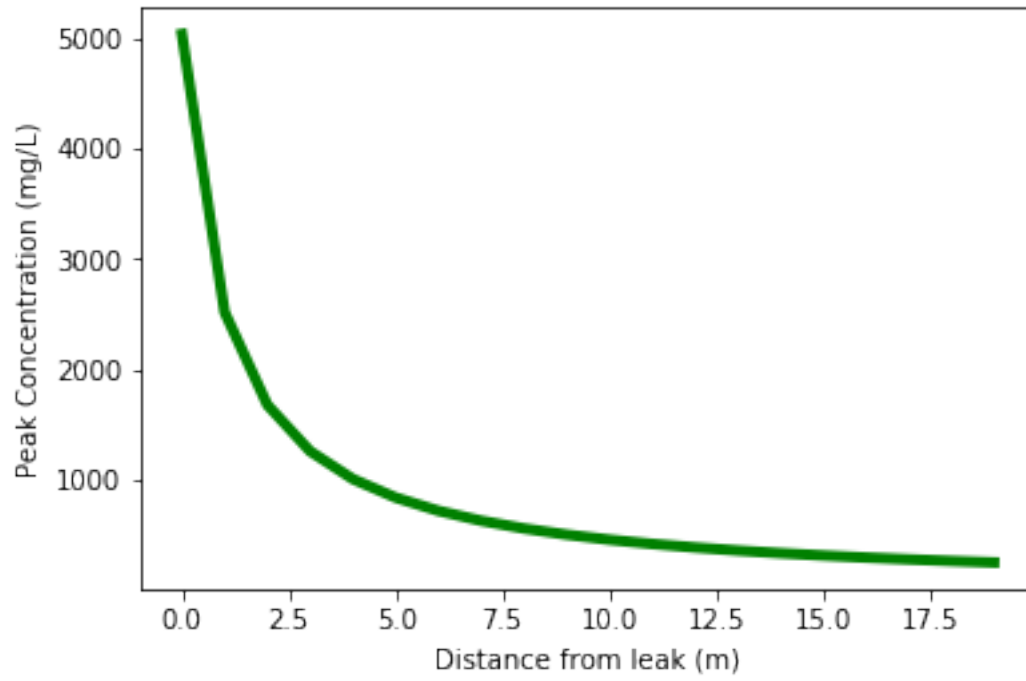
plt.ylabel('Plume x dimension (m)')
plt.show()

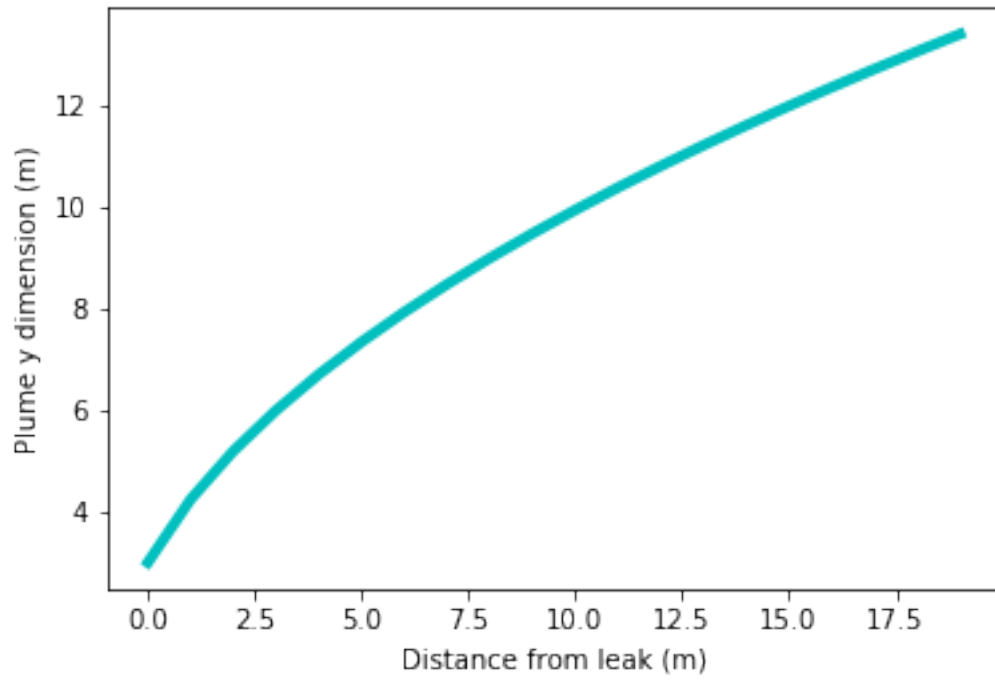
plt.figure(4)
plt.plot(sigma3y_out, 'c', linewidth=4)
plt.xlabel('Distance from leak (m)')
plt.ylabel('Plume y dimension (m)')
plt.show()

```

C:\Users\kathe\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\font_manager.py:1238: UserWarning: findfont (prop.get_family(), self.defaultFamily[fonttext]))







In []: