

Final analysis code

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Load packages and setup

```
rm(list = ls())
library(xlsx)
library(dplyr)
library(stringr)
library(haven)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse)
library(data.table)
library(viridis)
library(kableExtra)
library(qualtRics)
library(car)
library(blockrand)
library(rtf)
library(stargazer)
library(xtable)

theme_new <- function(base_size = 16, base_family = "Helvetica"){
  theme_bw(base_size = base_size, base_family = base_family) %+replace%
```

```

theme(
  panel.grid = element_blank(),
  panel.border = element_rect(fill = NA, colour = "black", size=1),
  panel.background = element_rect(fill = "white", colour = "black"),
  strip.background = element_rect(fill = NA),
  axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black"),
  axis.text.y = element_text(color = "black")
)
}

code_agg_scales <- function(data, prefix_string,
                             verbose = FALSE,
                             FUN){

  ## get all columns with that prefix
  cols_withprefix = grep(sprintf("~%s", prefix_string),
                          colnames(data),
                          value = TRUE)

  if(verbose) print(sprintf("Coding scale based on: %s", paste(cols_withprefix,
                                                                collapse = ";")))

  ## apply coding function to all columns with that pattern
  data[, cols_withprefix] = apply(data[, cols_withprefix], 2, FUN)

  ## sum those columns and average by the number of columns considered
  ### rj note-- right now, if respondent leaves an item blank (NA) it's
  ### still summing the rest and just dividing by a different denom
  ### can change that by doing na.rm = FALSE and changing
  ### answer code- if respondent answers none, putting them as NA
  sum_across_answered = rowSums(data[, cols_withprefix], na.rm = TRUE)

  ### get number of non-NA responses for that respondent for that scale
  total_items_answered = rowSums(!is.na(data[, cols_withprefix]))
  avg_across = ifelse(total_items_answered > 0,
                      (1/total_items_answered) * sum_across_answered,
                      NA_real_)

  # return the vector of averages
  return(avg_across)
}

```

Load and clean data

Load and merge qualtrics to prolific attributes

```

# Load qualtrics data
raw_data_init = read_survey("../data/Beliefs about funding models _finalv_January 6, 2021_17.21.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:

```

```

## cols(
##   .default = col_character(),
##   StartDate = col_datetime(format = ""),
##   EndDate = col_datetime(format = ""),
##   Progress = col_double(),
##   `Duration (in seconds)` = col_double(),
##   Finished = col_logical(),
##   RecordedDate = col_datetime(format = ""),
##   RecipientLastName = col_logical(),
##   RecipientFirstName = col_logical(),
##   RecipientEmail = col_logical(),
##   ExternalReference = col_logical(),
##   LocationLatitude = col_double(),
##   LocationLongitude = col_double(),
##   Q_RecaptchaScore = col_double(),
##   w_rankfair_1 = col_double(),
##   w_rankfair_2 = col_double(),
##   w_rankfair_3 = col_double(),
##   m_rankfair_1 = col_double(),
##   m_rankfair_2 = col_double(),
##   m_rankfair_3 = col_double(),
##   `Create New Field or Choose From Dropdown...` = col_logical()
## )

## See spec(...) for full column specifications.

# From raw data, filter out ones that occurred pre-launch as part
# of testing
raw_data <- raw_data_init %>%
  filter(StartDate > as.Date("2020-12-27"))

stopifnot(all(raw_data$StartDate > as.Date("2020-12-27")))

# Load prolific dem
prol_dem = read.csv("../data/prolific_export_5fd1326bfc1d530abecbcd16.csv")

print(sprintf("Out of %s unique ids in prolific df, %s are found in qualtrics df",
  length(unique(prol_dem$participant_id)),
  length(intersect(unique(prol_dem$participant_id),
    unique(raw_data$prol_id)))))

## [1] "Out of 1271 unique ids in prolific df, 1221 are found in qualtrics df"

## look at join errors of two types
### people in prolific demographics but not found in qualtrics
prol_notfound = setdiff(prol_dem$participant_id,
  raw_data$prol_id)

### people in qualtrics but not found in prolific dem
insurvey_notprol = setdiff(raw_data$prol_id_clean,
  prol_dem$participant_id)

### clean up prol id in qualtrics to try to match with prol dem
raw_data = raw_data %>%
  mutate(prol_id_clean =
    gsub("^'-|@email.prolific.co|\\s+", "", tolower(prol_id)))

```

```

sprintf("Before cleaning, %s prol dem overlapped with qualtrics, after cleaning %s overlap",
        length(unique(intersect(raw_data$prol_id, prol_dem$participant_id_prolific))),
        length(unique(intersect(raw_data$prol_id_clean, prol_dem$participant_id_prolific))))

## [1] "Before cleaning, 0 prol dem overlapped with qualtrics, after cleaning 0 overlap"
## rename prolific cols to distinguish b/t qualtrics cols
colnames(prol_dem) = sprintf("%s_prolific",
                             colnames(prol_dem))

## rj note -- for now, just left as is and didnt try to fuzzy matching or str distance for entry errors
## we could try to do

## left join prolific cols onto raw data
## so that all respondents in raw data are preserved regardless of prolific status
raw_data_wp = merge(raw_data,
                    prol_dem,
                    by.x = "prol_id_clean",
                    by.y = "participant_id_prolific",
                    all.x = TRUE) %>%

    # first, construct indicator for non-matches that are due to
    # wrong prolific id length (should capture the testing, dartmouth, etc)
    mutate(is_prolid_wronglength = ifelse(nchar(prol_id_clean) != 24, TRUE,
                                           FALSE),
           is_failmerge_prol = ifelse(!prol_id_clean %in% prol_dem$participant_id_prolific,
                                      TRUE, FALSE))

### look at ones that fail merge-- see that they're either missing prolific
### id entry, wrong length, testing/dartmouth, etc.- going to use wrong length
### and fail merge later as exclusion criteria
#View(raw_data_wp %>% filter(is_failmerge_prol))

## clean up colnames
## make colnames lowercase and remove spaces/punctuation
colnames(raw_data_wp) = gsub("\\s+|\\(|\\)",
                             "",
                             tolower(colnames(raw_data_wp)))

# Inspect the unmerged observations with no match in the prolific data
# Results in 22 observations that don't merge
table(raw_data_wp$is_failmerge_prol, useNA = "always")

##
## FALSE TRUE <NA>
## 1225 22 0

raw_data_wp_unmatched = raw_data_wp %>%
  filter(is_failmerge_prol)

table(raw_data_wp_unmatched$is_prolid_wronglength, useNA = "always")

##

```

```
## FALSE  TRUE  <NA>
##      4      9      9
```

Clean and construct variables

```
## construct combined timing variables
### get all time var (distributed based on what their ranking was)
time_var = grep("\\_time$",
                colnames(raw_data_wp),
                value = TRUE)

### code NA to blank
raw_data_wp[, time_var][is.na(raw_data_wp[,
                                time_var])] <- ""
raw_data_wp$timetrad_raw = apply(raw_data_wp[, time_var],
                                1,
                                function(x) paste(x, collapse = ""))

## construct label for all choice combos
fr_cols = grep("fr\\_1$", colnames(raw_data_wp),
               value = TRUE)
raw_data_wp$choice = gsub("\\_fr_1",
                          "",
                          names(raw_data_wp[, fr_cols])[max.col(!is.na(raw_data_wp[, fr_cols]), "first"))])

# Create flags and code vars
## from looking at labels:
### [w/m]_rankfair_1 == lottery
### [w/m]_rankfair_2 == fcfs
### [w/m]_rankfair_3 == points
### and then values within are ranking
raw_data_wp_intermed = raw_data_wp %>%
  ### renaming attention check item in jw scale
  ### so that it's actually the attention and doesnt get aggregated
  rename(attention_check_q = jw_scale_6,
         political_ideology = q34,
         political_affil = q35,
         what_researchers_want = q37)

raw_data_wp_cleanvar = raw_data_wp_intermed %>%
  ### various screening
  mutate(is_failattention = case_when(is.na(attention_check_q) ~ NA,
                                     !grepl("Strong agreement", attention_check_q) ~ TRUE,
                                     TRUE ~ FALSE),
         is_wrong_distype = case_when(distributionchannel != "anonymous" ~ TRUE,
                                     TRUE ~ FALSE),
         is_cons_revok = ifelse(grepl("REVOKE", sex_prolific),
                                TRUE, FALSE),
         is_non100_progress = ifelse(progress != 100, TRUE, FALSE),

  ### for main tx, some are marked as finished == false and are missing condition
  is_any_barriers = case_when(cond %in% c("Wom", "Min") ~ TRUE,
                              cond == "No_info" ~ FALSE,
```

```

TRUE ~ NA),

## for rankings, combine ranking across randomization to
## w or m points system (Wom cond = w, M cond = m,
## no info cond = evenly split)
points_rank= case_when(
  !is.na(w_rankfair_3) ~ w_rankfair_3,
  !is.na(m_rankfair_3) ~ m_rankfair_3),
lottery_rank = case_when(
  !is.na(w_rankfair_1) ~ w_rankfair_1,
  !is.na(m_rankfair_1) ~ m_rankfair_1),
fcfs_rank = case_when(
  !is.na(w_rankfair_2) ~ w_rankfair_2,
  !is.na(m_rankfair_2) ~ m_rankfair_2),

## additional screen
is_missing_DV = ifelse(is.na(points_rank),
  TRUE, FALSE),

## reverse code points so that same direction as binary
## where positive coef on treatment = more favorable
points_rank_rev = 3-points_rank,
is_points_first = case_when(points_rank == 1 ~ TRUE,
  points_rank %in% c(2, 3) ~ FALSE,
  TRUE ~ NA),

## code categorical time into continuous # of weeks
timetrad_weeks =
  case_when(grepl("as quickly", timetrad_raw) ~ 0,
    grepl("2 weeks", timetrad_raw) ~ 2,
    grepl("1 month", timetrad_raw) ~ 4,
    grepl("6 weeks", timetrad_raw) ~ 6,
    grepl("2 months", timetrad_raw) ~ 8),

## just world scale with non attention check items
### rj note- as noted in function, if people skip some
### items but complete others, coded using num/denom
### with remaining items
### gives warning since codes to NA for those missing all items
jw_combined = code_agg_scales(raw_data_wp_intermed,
  prefix_string = "jw_scale",
  FUN = function(x){
    case_when(grepl("disagreement", x) ~ 1,
      grepl("agreement", x) ~ 6,
      TRUE ~ as.numeric(x))}),

### create numeric version of political ideology scale
### with NA for "prefer not to say" and "not sure"
### not using numeric analytically just for descriptive
### higher = more conservative
political_ideology_numeric = case_when(grepl("Very Conserv", political_ideology) ~ 5,
  grepl("Conserv", political_ideology) ~ 4,
  grepl("Mod", political_ideology) ~ 3,

```



```
## i NAs introduced by coercion
## i Input `jw_combined` is `code_agg_scales(...)`.
```

Review flags

```
table(raw_data_wp_intermed$political_affil, useNA = "always")
```

```
##
##      Democrat      Independent      No preference      Other party
##      611          282          51          23
## Prefer not to say      Republican      <NA>
##      4          257          19
```

```
table(raw_data_wp_cleanvar$political_affil_buckets, useNA = "always")
```

```
##
##      Democrat Independent      Other Republican      <NA>
##      611      282          97      257          0
```

```
temp <- raw_data_wp_cleanvar %>%
  select(contains("jw"))
```

Load free responses answers and reviewer-confirmed nonsensical

```
fr_coded_z = read.csv("../data/frcoding_finalsurvey - Xinzhe.csv")
fr_coded_k = read.csv("../data/frcoding_finalsurvey - K to code.csv") %>%
  rename(`Considers.relevant.appropriate.factors` =
    `Considers.relevant.appropriate.factors...the.preferred.method.DOES.this..and.or.the.method.the`)

fr_coded_both = rbind.data.frame(fr_coded_z,
                                 fr_coded_k)

## read in final nonsensical codes based on review
nonsense_codes = read.csv("../data/frcoding_finalsurvey - flag_nonsensical.csv")

### get prolific ids of ones flagged as yes nonsensical reviewer agree
nonsens_prol = nonsense_codes %>%
  filter(`reviewer_agree..1...yes..0...no.` == 1) %>%
  pull(prol_id)

## create flag in analytic df and exclude from analyses
raw_data_wp_cleanvar = raw_data_wp_cleanvar %>%
  mutate(is_nonsens_answer = ifelse(prol_id_clean %in% nonsens_prol, TRUE, FALSE))

## some checks
stopifnot(sum(raw_data_wp_cleanvar$is_points_first,
              na.rm = TRUE) ==
  nrow(raw_data_wp_cleanvar %>% filter(points_rank == 1)))

# Identify any additional exact duplicates
exact_duplicates = fr_coded_both %>%
  group_by(fr_why_first_over_second) %>%
  filter(n() > 1)

# 3 additional observations that are duplicates that were not flagged by RA review
```



```
exact_duplicates$prol_id[!exact_duplicates$prol_id %in% nonsens_prol]
```

```
## [1] 5fd3e04162a6810ed9ab4041 5fd63da4d997394f28dfdd2e
## [3] 5fe273c2247470e5d698e061
## 1128 Levels: 546e3778fdf99b2bc7ebcff6 ... 5feaa1772178d1ae84391de6
```

There were 3 additional observations that were duplicates that were not flagged by RA review.

Summarize descriptive stats

Use two versions of the data

1. Same version as above
2. model_df: meets all inclusion criteria

Randomization checks (just with main data; not analytic)

```
# Distribution of duration across conditions
## median duration is 6 minutes
## slightly lower for the people who read about historical barriers
quantile(raw_data_wp_cleanvar$durationinseconds)
```

```
##      0%      25%      50%      75%     100%
##      7.0    326.5    463.0    681.5   7565.0
```

```
raw_data_wp_cleanvar %>%
  group_by(is_any_barriers) %>%
  summarise(quant = paste(quantile(durationinseconds),
                           collapse = "; "))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##   is_any_barriers quant
## * <lgl>          <chr>
## 1 FALSE          97; 315; 452; 662.5; 3418
## 2 TRUE           82; 338; 469; 694; 7565
## 3 NA             7; 41; 107; 733; 4253
```

```
# N per condition- nas still from noncompleters
table(raw_data_wp_cleanvar$cond, useNA = "always")
```

```
##
##      Min No_info      Wom      <NA>
##      410      411      411      15
```

```
# Check that free response options were displayed correctly
rank_cols = grep("\\_rank$", colnames(raw_data_wp_cleanvar),
                  value = TRUE)
check_logic <- function(one_fr){

  ## first filter to those who filled out the fr
  fill_resp = raw_data_wp_cleanvar %>%
    filter(!is.na(!sym(one_fr)))

  ## then, what the first choice should be
```

```

choices = unlist(strsplit(gsub("\\_fr\\_1", "", one_fr),
                          split = ""))
first = choices[1]
second = choices[2]

## make sure rank matches choices
### first
if((first == "p" & all(fill_resp$points_rank == 1)) |
   (first == "f" & all(fill_resp$fcfs_rank == 1)) |
   (first == "l" & all(fill_resp$lottery_rank == 1))){
  print(sprintf("passed first choice for: %s",
                one_fr))
} else{
  print(sprintf("failed first choice for: %s",
                one_fr))
}

### second
if((second == "p" & all(fill_resp$points_rank == 2)) |
   (second == "f" & all(fill_resp$fcfs_rank == 2)) |
   (second == "l" & all(fill_resp$lottery_rank == 2))){
  print(sprintf("passed second choice for: %s",
                one_fr))
} else{
  print(sprintf("failed second choice for: %s",
                one_fr))
}
return(NULL)
}

checking <- lapply(fr_cols, check_logic)

```

```

## [1] "passed first choice for: pf_fr_1"
## [1] "passed second choice for: pf_fr_1"
## [1] "passed first choice for: pl_fr_1"
## [1] "passed second choice for: pl_fr_1"
## [1] "passed first choice for: lp_fr_1"
## [1] "passed second choice for: lp_fr_1"
## [1] "passed first choice for: lf_fr_1"
## [1] "passed second choice for: lf_fr_1"
## [1] "passed first choice for: fl_fr_1"
## [1] "passed second choice for: fl_fr_1"
## [1] "passed first choice for: fp_fr_1"
## [1] "passed second choice for: fp_fr_1"

```

Demographics/attitudes

```

# Demographics
dem_vars = c("sex_prolific",
             "raceeth",
             "political_affil",

```

```

    "political_ideology",
    "political_ideology_numeric",
    "is_woman",
    "is_minority",
    "what_researchers_want",
    "political_affil_buckets")

## filter to modeling df
## that passes checks:
## (1) sensical FR,
## (2) non-missing DV
## (3) didnt revoke consent
## (4) passes attention check embedded in JW scale
## (5) comes from correct distribution channel and
## (6) linkable to their prolific attributes (so entered
## code correctly)
model_df = raw_data_wp_cleanvar %>%
  filter(!is_nonsens_answer & !is_cons_revok &
    !is_missing_DV &
    (!(is_failattention | is.na(is_failattention))) &
    !is_wrong_distype &
    !is_failmerge_prol &
    (!(is_prolid_wronglength | is.na(is_prolid_wronglength))) &
    !is_non100_progress)

## print n fail each filter (n filtered out is < sum due to overlap)
lapply(raw_data_wp_cleanvar[, c("is_nonsens_answer",
    "is_cons_revok",
    "is_missing_DV",
    "is_failattention",
    "is_wrong_distype",
    "is_failmerge_prol",
    "is_prolid_wronglength",
    "is_non100_progress")],
  function(x) table(x, useNA = "always"))

## $is_nonsens_answer
## x
## FALSE TRUE <NA>
## 1220 27 0
##
## $is_cons_revok
## x
## FALSE TRUE <NA>
## 1222 25 0
##
## $is_missing_DV
## x
## FALSE TRUE <NA>
## 1147 100 0
##
## $is_failattention
## x
## FALSE TRUE <NA>

```

```

## 1178    52    17
##
## $is_wrong_distype
## x
## FALSE  TRUE  <NA>
## 1246    1    0
##
## $is_failmerge_prol
## x
## FALSE  TRUE  <NA>
## 1225    22    0
##
## $is_prolid_wronglength
## x
## FALSE  TRUE  <NA>
## 1229     9    9
##
## $is_non100_progress
## x
## FALSE  TRUE  <NA>
## 1210    37    0

sprintf("Once we filter, goes from %s to %s",
        nrow(raw_data_wp_cleanvar),
        nrow(model_df))

## [1] "Once we filter, goes from 1247 to 1052"

## dem breakdowns pre filter
lapply(raw_data_wp_cleanvar[, dem_vars],
        function(x) table(x))

## $sex_prolific
## x
## CONSENT REVOKED      Female      Male
##              25          614          586
##
## $raceeth
## x
##
## American Indian or Alaska Native
## 3
## Asian
## 71
## Black or African American
## 154
## Black or African American,Asian,American Indian or Alaska Native
## 1
## Black or African American,Asian,Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander
## 1
## Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish
## 40
## Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Asian
## 2
## Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American
## 4
## Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American,American Indian or Alaska Native

```

```

##
##
## Middle Eastern or North African 1
##
## 2
## Prefer not to say
## 5
## Some other race, ethnicity, or origin
## 3
## White
## 881
## White,American Indian or Alaska Native
## 8
## White,Asian
## 11
## White,Black or African American
## 4
## White,Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish
## 32
## White,Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American
## 1
## White,Middle Eastern or North African
## 4
## White,Prefer not to say
## 2
## White,Some other race, ethnicity, or origin
## 2
##
## $political_affil
## x
## Democrat Independent No preference Other party
## 611 282 51 23
## Prefer not to say Republican
## 4 257
##
## $political_ideology
## x
## Conservative Liberal Moderate Not Sure
## 206 407 303 13
## Prefer not to say Very Conservative Very Liberal
## 9 99 195
##
## $political_ideology_numeric
## x
## 1 2 3 4 5
## 195 407 303 206 99
##
## $is_woman
## x
## FALSE TRUE
## 586 614
##
## $is_minority
## x
## FALSE TRUE
## 886 346

```

```

##
## $what_researchers_want
## x
##           I don't think the researcher cared which method I said was the m
##
##           The researcher definitely wanted me to say first-come first-served was the m
##
##           The researcher definitely wanted me to say lottery was the m
##
##           The researcher definitely wanted me to say points was the m
##
##           The researcher might have wanted me to say first-come first-served was the m
##
##           The researcher might have wanted me to say lottery was the m
##
##           The researcher might have wanted me to say points was the m
##
## The researcher probably wanted me to say one method was the most fair, but I don't know which method
##
##
## $political_affil_buckets
## x
##      Democrat Independent      Other  Republican
##          611      282          97          257
##
## dem breakdowns post filter
lapply(model_df[, dem_vars],
        function(x) table(x))

## $sex_prolific
## x
## CONSENT REVOKED      Female      Male
##           0          554          498
##
## $raceeth
## x
##           American Indian or Alaska Native
##                                   2
##           Asian
##                                   63
##           Black or African American
##                                   134
##           Black or African American,Asian,American Indian or Alaska Native
##                                   1
##           Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish
##                                   31
##           Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Asian
##                                   2
##           Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American
##                                   4
##           Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American,American Indian or Alaska Native
##                                   1
##           Middle Eastern or North African
##                                   2
##           Prefer not to say

```

```
##                                     4
##                                     Some other race, ethnicity, or origin
##                                     2
##                                     White
##                                     746
##                                     White,American Indian or Alaska Native
##                                     7
##                                     White,Asian
##                                     11
##                                     White,Black or African American
##                                     4
##                                     White,Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish
##                                     30
##                                     White,Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American
##                                     1
##                                     White,Middle Eastern or North African
##                                     4
##                                     White,Prefer not to say
##                                     1
##                                     White,Some other race, ethnicity, or origin
##                                     2
## $political_affil
## x
## Democrat Independent No preference Other party
## 525 240 42 23
## Prefer not to say Republican
## 2 216
## $political_ideology
## x
## Conservative Liberal Moderate Not Sure
## 169 365 260 11
## Prefer not to say Very Conservative Very Liberal
## 6 70 171
## $political_ideology_numeric
## x
## 1 2 3 4 5
## 171 365 260 169 70
## $is_woman
## x
## FALSE TRUE
## 498 554
## $is_minority
## x
## FALSE TRUE
## 750 302
## $what_researchers_want
## x
## I don't think the researcher cared which method I
```

```

##
##           The researcher definitely wanted me to say first-come first-served was the m
##
##           The researcher definitely wanted me to say lottery was the m
##
##           The researcher definitely wanted me to say points was the m
##
##           The researcher might have wanted me to say first-come first-served was the m
##
##           The researcher might have wanted me to say lottery was the m
##
##           The researcher might have wanted me to say points was the m
##
## The researcher probably wanted me to say one method was the most fair, but I don't know which method
##
##
## $political_affil_buckets
## x
##      Democrat Independent      Other  Republican
##          525         240          71          216
lapply(model_df[, dem_vars],
        function(x) prop.table(table(x)))

## $sex_prolific
## x
## CONSENT REVOKED      Female      Male
##          0.000000      0.526616      0.473384
##
## $raceeth
## x
##
##                               American Indian or Alaska Native
##                               0.0019011407
##                               Asian
##                               0.0598859316
##                               Black or African American
##                               0.1273764259
##                               Black or African American,Asian,American Indian or Alaska Native
##                               0.0009505703
##                               Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish
##                               0.0294676806
##                               Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Asian
##                               0.0019011407
##                               Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American
##                               0.0038022814
## Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American,American Indian or Alaska Native
##                               0.0009505703
##                               Middle Eastern or North African
##                               0.0019011407
##                               Prefer not to say
##                               0.0038022814
##                               Some other race, ethnicity, or origin
##                               0.0019011407
##                               White
##                               0.7091254753

```



```

##                                White,American Indian or Alaska Native
##                                0.0066539924
##                                White,Asian
##                                0.0104562738
##                                White,Black or African American
##                                0.0038022814
##                                White,Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish
##                                0.0285171103
##                                White,Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish,Black or African American
##                                0.0009505703
##                                White,Middle Eastern or North African
##                                0.0038022814
##                                White,Prefer not to say
##                                0.0009505703
##                                White,Some other race, ethnicity, or origin
##                                0.0019011407
##

```

```
## $political_affil
```

```
## x
```

```

##          Democrat      Independent      No preference      Other party
##          0.500954198      0.229007634      0.040076336      0.021946565
## Prefer not to say      Republican
##          0.001908397      0.206106870
##

```

```
## $political_ideology
```

```
## x
```

```

##          Conservative      Liberal      Moderate      Not Sure
##          0.160646388      0.346958175      0.247148289      0.010456274
## Prefer not to say Very Conservative      Very Liberal
##          0.005703422      0.066539924      0.162547529
##

```

```
## $political_ideology_numeric
```

```
## x
```

```

##          1          2          3          4          5
## 0.16521739 0.35265700 0.25120773 0.16328502 0.06763285
##

```

```
## $is_woman
```

```
## x
```

```

##          FALSE      TRUE
## 0.473384 0.526616
##

```

```
## $is_minority
```

```
## x
```

```

##          FALSE      TRUE
## 0.7129278 0.2870722
##

```

```
## $what_researchers_want
```

```
## x
```

```

##                                I don't think the researcher cared which method I said was the m
##                                (
##                                The researcher definitely wanted me to say first-come first-served was the m
##                                (
##                                The researcher definitely wanted me to say lottery was the m
##                                (

```

```
## The researcher definitely wanted me to say points was the m
##
## The researcher might have wanted me to say first-come first-served was the m
##
## The researcher might have wanted me to say lottery was the m
##
## The researcher might have wanted me to say points was the m
##
## The researcher probably wanted me to say one method was the most fair, but I don't know which method
##
##
## $political_affil_buckets
## x
## Democrat Independent Other Republican
## 0.49904943 0.22813688 0.06749049 0.20532319

## n per conditions
table(model_df$cond) ### still about even, slightly lower in minorities

##
## Min No_info Wom
## 340 352 360
table(model_df$is_any_barriers)

##
## FALSE TRUE
## 352 700
```

Descriptives on outcome

```
# add descriptive condition
model_df = model_df %>%
  mutate(cond_4graph = case_when(cond == "Min" ~ "Barriers\nminorities",
                                cond == "Wom" ~ "Barriers\nwomen",
                                cond == "No_info" ~ "No barriers\ntreatment"),
         barriers_4graph = case_when(is_any_barriers ~ "Either barriers\ntreatment",
                                TRUE ~ "No barriers\ntreatment"))

## color map - can change if we change
# https://www.color-hex.com/color-palette/103796
col_map_detailed = c("Barriers\nminorities" = "#09382f",
                    "Barriers\nwomen" = "#c99910",
                    "No barriers\ntreatment" = "wheat4")
col_map_coarse = c("Either barriers\ntreatment" = "#be3d3d",
                  "No barriers\ntreatment" = "wheat4")

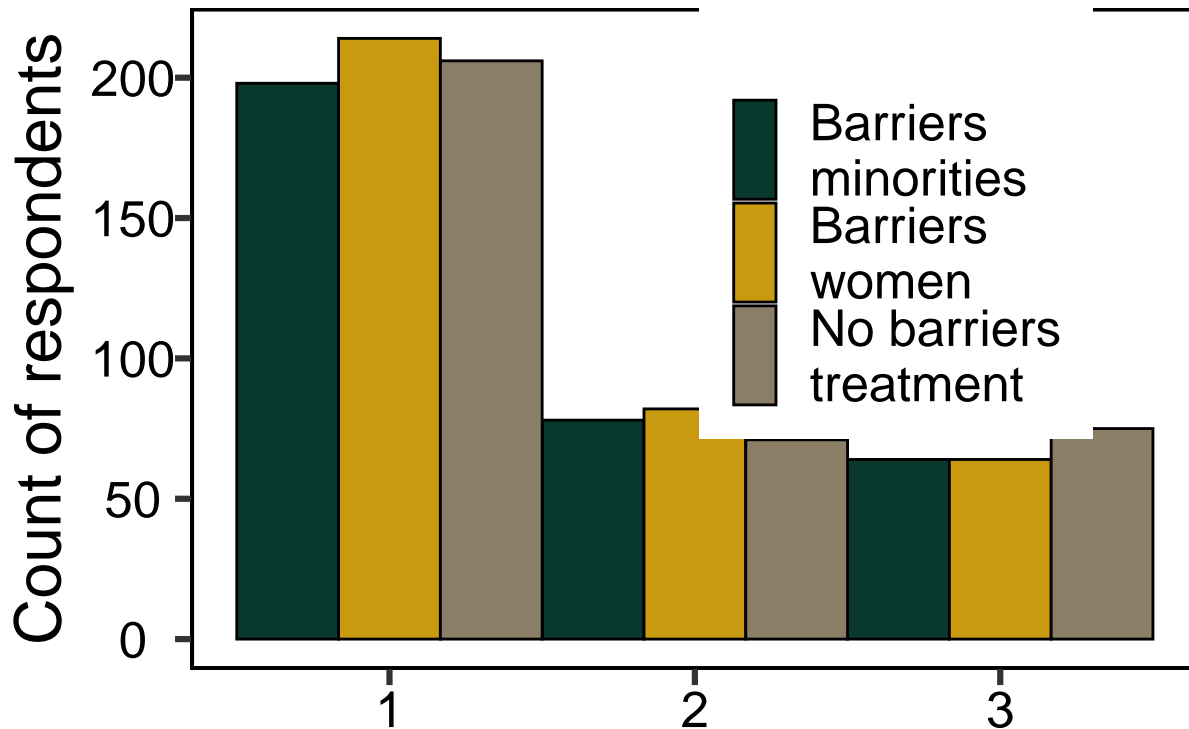
## first, show raw distribution of ranks across three groups
dist_rank_plot <- ggplot(model_df, aes(x = points_rank,
                                     group = cond_4graph,
                                     fill = cond_4graph)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 3, position = "dodge", color = "black") +
  theme_new(base_size = 24) +
```

```

xlab("Ranking of points system (1 = first; 3 = last)") +
theme(legend.position = c(0.7, 0.7)) +
labs(fill = "") +
ylab("Count of respondents") +
scale_fill_manual(values = col_map_detailed)

```

dist_rank_plot



Ranking of points system (1 = first; 3 = last)

```

ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/rankings_count_3groups.png",
plot = dist_rank_plot,
width = 12,
height = 8)

```

```

## proportions choose: barriers versus not
## since uneven counts between any barriers and
## no barriers, get proportions
prop_choose = model_df %>%
  group_by(points_rank, barriers_4graph) %>%
  summarise(num = n()) %>%
  left_join(model_df %>%
    group_by(barriers_4graph) %>%
    summarise(denom = n())) %>%
  mutate(prop_choose = num/denom) %>%
  ungroup()

```

```

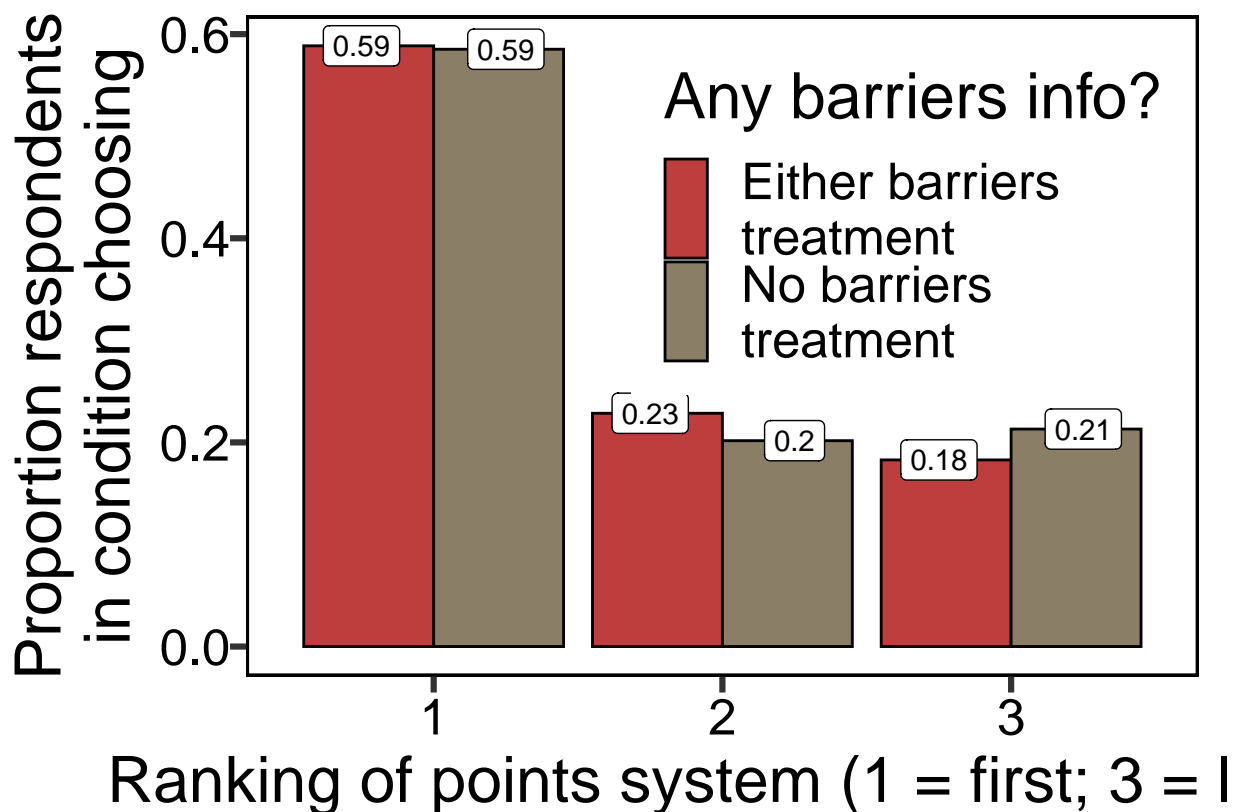
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'points_rank'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Joining, by = "barriers_4graph"

```

```
prop_choose_plot <- ggplot(prop_choose, aes(x = points_rank,
      y = prop_choose,
      group = barriers_4graph,
      fill = barriers_4graph)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",
    position = "dodge", col = "black") +
  theme_new(base_size = 24) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = col_map_coarse) +
  xlab("Ranking of points system (1 = first; 3 = last)") +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.7, 0.7)) +
  labs(fill = "Any barriers info?") +
  geom_label(aes(x = points_rank, y = prop_choose,
    group = barriers_4graph,

    label = round(prop_choose, 2)),
    position = position_dodge(width = 1),
    fill = "white") +
  ylab("Proportion respondents\nin condition choosing")
```

prop_choose_plot



```
ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/rankings_prop_2groups.png",
  plot = prop_choose_plot,
  width = 12,
  height = 8)
```

repeat but for the more detailed barriers condition

```
prop_choose_detail = model_df %>%
  group_by(points_rank, cond_4graph) %>%
  summarise(num = n()) %>%
  left_join(model_df %>%
    group_by(cond_4graph) %>%
    summarise(denom = n())) %>%
  mutate(prop_choose = num/denom) %>%
  ungroup()
```

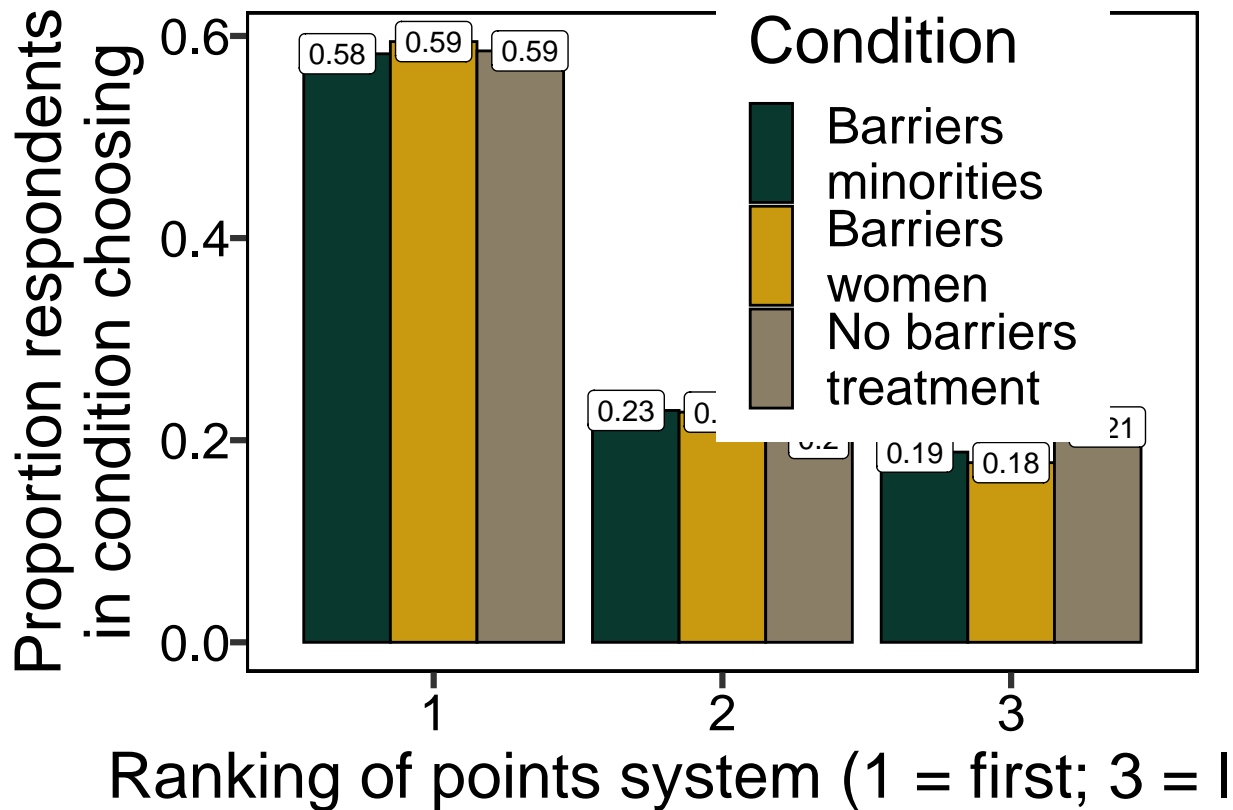
`summarise()` has grouped output by 'points_rank'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

Joining, by = "cond_4graph"

```
prop_choose_plot_detail <- ggplot(prop_choose_detail, aes(x = points_rank,
  y = prop_choose,
  group = cond_4graph,
  fill = cond_4graph)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",
    position = "dodge", col = "black") +
  theme_new(base_size = 24) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = col_map_detailed) +
  xlab("Ranking of points system (1 = first; 3 = last)") +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.7, 0.7)) +
  labs(fill = "Condition") +
  geom_label(aes(x = points_rank, y = prop_choose,
    group = cond_4graph,

    label = round(prop_choose, 2)),
    position = position_dodge(width = 1),
    fill = "white") +
  ylab("Proportion respondents\nin condition choosing")

prop_choose_plot_detail
```



```
ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/rankings_prop_3groups.png",
        plot = prop_choose_plot_detail,
        width = 12,
        height = 8)

## do figure on raw rates by political affiliation
prop_choose_detail_waffil = model_df %>%
  group_by(points_rank, cond_4graph, political_affil_buckets) %>%
  summarise(num = n()) %>%
  left_join(model_df %>%
    group_by(cond_4graph, political_affil_buckets) %>%
    summarise(denom = n())) %>%
  mutate(prop_choose = num/denom) %>%
  ungroup()

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'points_rank', 'cond_4graph'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'cond_4graph'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Joining, by = c("cond_4graph", "political_affil_buckets")
prop_choose_plot_detail_waffil <- ggplot(prop_choose_detail_waffil, aes(x = points_rank,
  y = prop_choose,
  group = cond_4graph,
  fill = cond_4graph)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",
    position = "dodge", col = "black") +
  theme_new(base_size = 24) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = col_map_detailed) +
  xlab("Ranking of points system (1 = first; 3 = last)") +
```

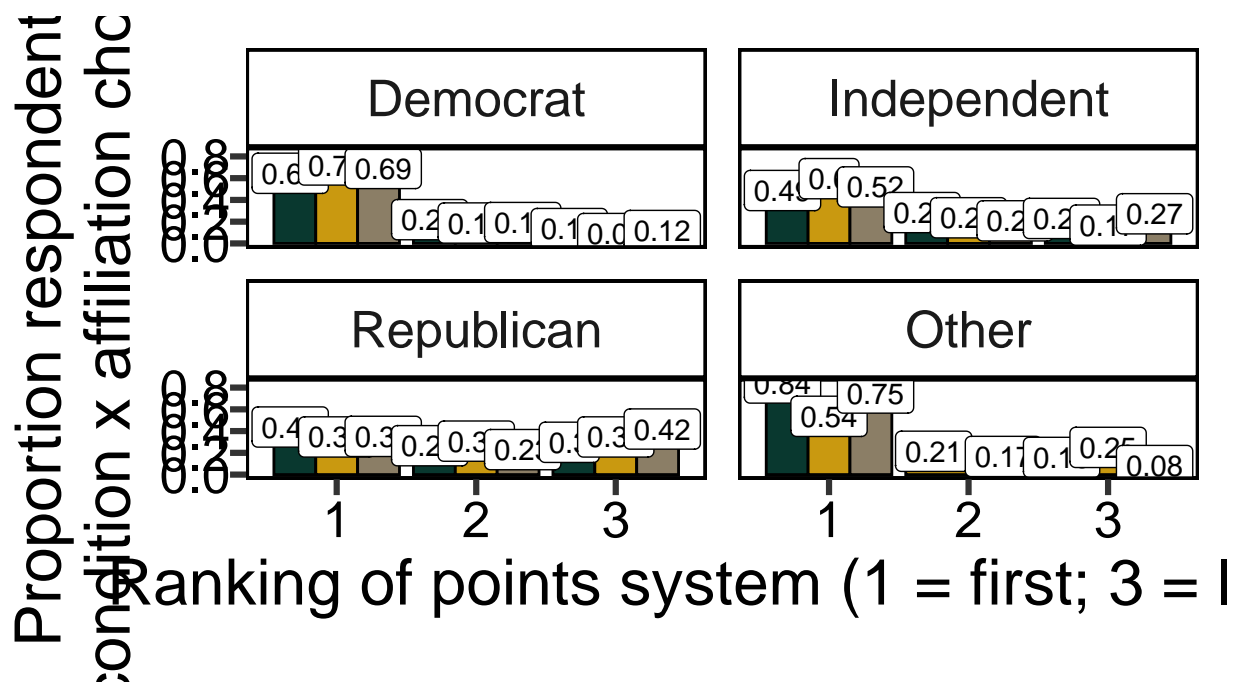
```

theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
labs(fill = "Condition") +
geom_label(aes(x = points_rank, y = prop_choose,
              group = cond_4graph,

              label = round(prop_choose, 2),
              position = position_dodge(width = 1),
              fill = "white") +
ylab("Proportion respondents\nin condition x affiliation choosing") +
facet_wrap(~factor(political_affil_buckets,
                  levels = c("Democrat", "Independent",
                             "Republican", "Other"),
                  ordered = TRUE), ncol = 2)

```

prop_choose_plot_detail_waffil



Condition

- Barriers minorities
- Barriers women
- No barriers

```

ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/rankings_prop_3groups_wpoliticalaffil.png",
        plot = prop_choose_plot_detail_waffil,
        width = 12,
        height = 8)

prop_choose_plot_detail_waffil_excludeother <- ggplot(prop_choose_detail_waffil %>%
  filter(political_affil_buckets != "Other"), aes(x = points_rank,
  y = prop_choose,
  group = cond_4graph,
  fill = cond_4graph)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity",
  position = "dodge", col = "black") +

```

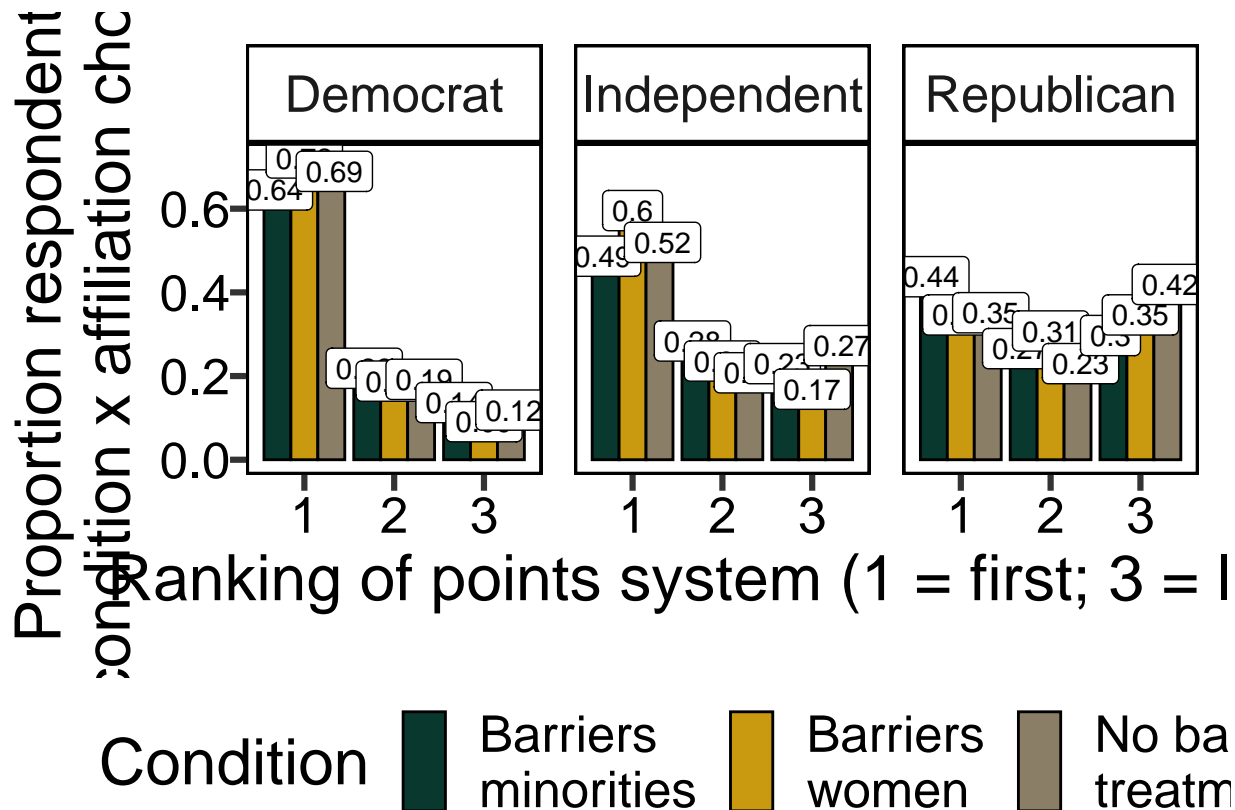
```

theme_new(base_size = 24) +
scale_fill_manual(values = col_map_detailed) +
xlab("Ranking of points system (1 = first; 3 = last)") +
theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
labs(fill = "Condition") +
geom_label(aes(x = points_rank, y = prop_choose,
              group = cond_4graph,

              label = round(prop_choose, 2)),
          position = position_dodge(width = 1),
          fill = "white") +
ylab("Proportion respondents\nin condition x affiliation choosing") +
facet_wrap(~factor(political_affil_buckets,
                  levels = c("Democrat", "Independent",
                             "Republican"),
                  ordered = TRUE), ncol = 3)

```

prop_choose_plot_detail_waffil_excldeother



```

ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/rankings_prop_3groups_wpoliticalaffil_excldeother.png",
        plot = prop_choose_plot_detail_waffil_excldeother,
        width = 12,
        height = 8)

## For those who chose points, how many weeks are they willing to wait
## one missing
time_plot <- ggplot(model_df %>%
                  filter(is_points_first &

```

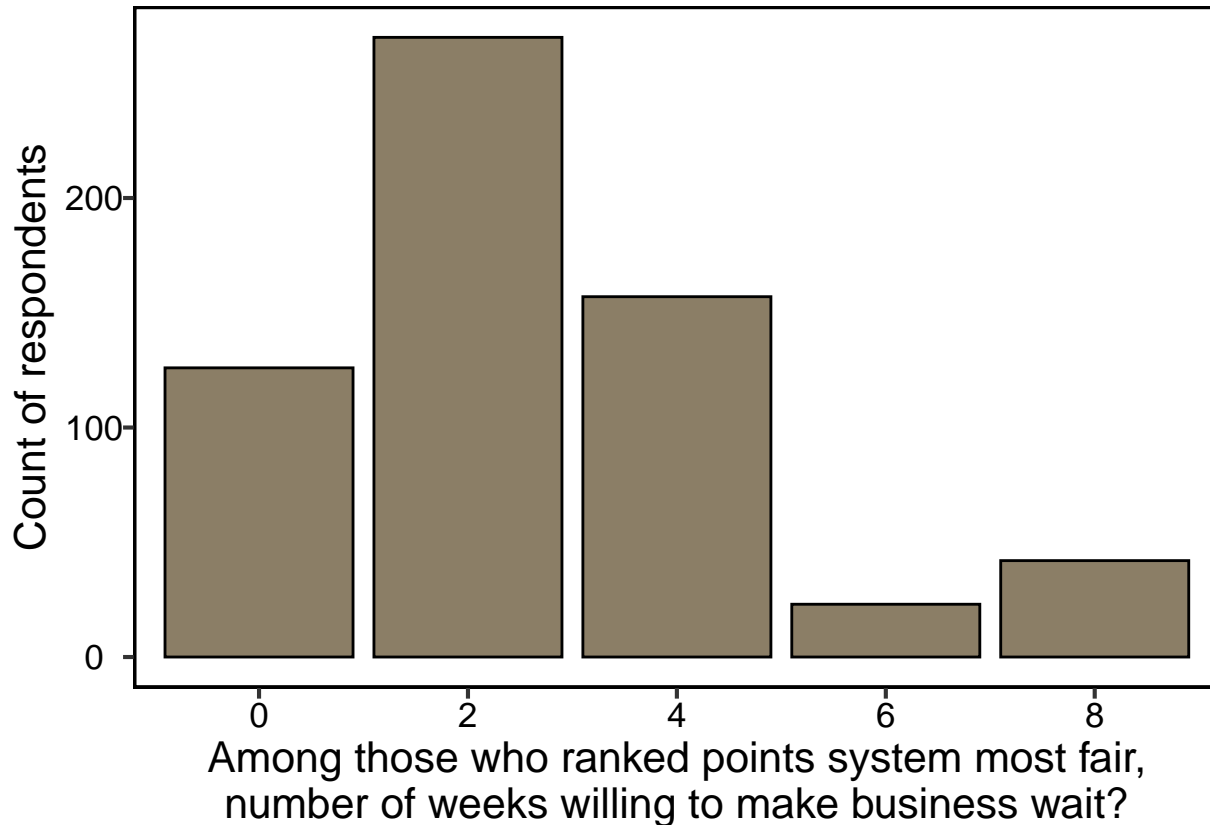


```

!is.na(timetrad_weeks)), aes(x = factor(timetrad_weeks))) +
geom_bar(stat = "count", fill = "wheat4", col = "black") +
xlab("Among those who ranked points system most fair,\nnnumber of weeks willing to make business wait?")
theme_new() +
ylab("Count of respondents")

```

time_plot



```

ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/among_points_timedist.png",
plot = time_plot,
width = 12,
height = 8)

```

Analytic

Hyp 1: barriers tx causes (1) higher ranking of points system (lower rank) and (2) higher likelihood of ranking points first

```

## continuous regressing rank of points
## reverse coded so that pos coef = rank higher
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers,
data = model_df))

```

```

##
## Call:

```

```
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers, data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.4057 -0.4057  0.5943  0.5943  0.6278
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.37216    0.04216  32.545  <2e-16 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE 0.03356    0.05169   0.649    0.516
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.791 on 1050 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0004012, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.0005508
## F-statistic: 0.4215 on 1 and 1050 DF, p-value: 0.5164
```

```
## binary regressing points as first
## use lpm
summary(lm(is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers,
            data = model_df))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers, data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5886 -0.5886  0.4114  0.4114  0.4148
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      0.585227    0.026264  22.282  <2e-16 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE 0.003344    0.032197   0.104    0.917
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4928 on 1050 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  1.027e-05, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.0009421
## F-statistic: 0.01079 on 1 and 1050 DF, p-value: 0.9173
```

```
## save
stargazer(lm(points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers,
              data = model_df),
           lm(is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers,
              data = model_df),
           type = "html",
           out = "../output/jap_paper/tables/maineffect_regs.doc")
```

```
##
## <table style="text-align:center"><tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr>
## <tr><td></td><td colspan="2" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>points_rank_rev</td><td>is_points_first</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>(1)</td><td>(2)</td></tr>
## <tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr><tr><td style="text-align:left">
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>(0.052)</td><td>(0.032)</td></tr>
```

```
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td></td><td></td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left">Constant</td><td>1.372<sup>***</sup></td><td>0.585<sup>***</sup></td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>(0.042)</td><td>(0.026)</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td></td><td></td></tr>
## <tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr><tr><td style="text-align:left">
## <tr><td style="text-align:left">R<sup>2</sup></td><td>0.0004</td><td>0.00001</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left">Adjusted R<sup>2</sup></td><td>-0.001</td><td>-0.001</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left">Residual Std. Error (df = 1050)</td><td>0.791</td><td>0.493</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left">F Statistic (df = 1; 1050)</td><td>0.421</td><td>0.011</td></tr>
## <tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr><tr><td style="text-align:left">
## </table>
```

Hyp 2: barriers tx causes respondents to rate it more important to prioritize that group

RJ note: programming issue so cant use (or can only use for female condition) since issue w/ parallel q structure across W and M

```
## notes on importance ratings
# The first asks respondents whether it is important for a method toprioritize [women/minor
# that underserved group got no advantage) to 0 (not sure) to 3 (very importantthat underserved group g
```

Hyp 3: differences in tx effect between minority barriers treatment and women's barrier treatment

1. Filter to respondents randomized to those two
2. Reg is comparing those two

```
## filter to some barrier randomization
barriers_r = model_df %>%
  filter(cond != "No_info")

## when women is the tx, slightly more likely
## to rank points higher/first than when minority is tx
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ cond,
  data = barriers_r))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ cond, data = barriers_r)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.4167 -0.4167  0.5833  0.6059  0.6059
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   1.39412    0.04230   32.956  <2e-16 ***
## condWom       0.02255    0.05899    0.382   0.702
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.78 on 698 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0002093, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.001223
## F-statistic: 0.1461 on 1 and 698 DF,  p-value: 0.7024
```

```
summary(lm(is_points_first ~ cond,
            data = barriers_r))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = is_points_first ~ cond, data = barriers_r)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5944 -0.5824  0.4056  0.4177  0.4177
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.58235     0.02672   21.792  <2e-16 ***
## condWom      0.01209     0.03726    0.324    0.746
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4928 on 698 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0001508, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.001282
## F-statistic: 0.1053 on 1 and 698 DF,  p-value: 0.7457
```

```
## save
stargazer(lm(points_rank_rev ~ cond,
              data = barriers_r),
           lm(is_points_first ~ cond,
              data = barriers_r),
           type = "html",
           out = "../output/jap_paper/tables/womenvmob_barriers_regs.doc")
```

```
##
## <table style="text-align:center"><tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr>
## <tr><td></td><td colspan="2" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>points_rank_rev</td><td>is_points_first</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>(1)</td><td>(2)</td></tr>
## <tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr><tr><td style="text-align:left">
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>(0.059)</td><td>(0.037)</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td></td><td></td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left">Constant</td><td>1.394<sup>***</sup></td><td>0.582<sup>***</sup></td>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>(0.042)</td><td>(0.027)</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td></td><td></td></tr>
## <tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr><tr><td style="text-align:left">
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>0.0002</td><td>0.0002</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>Adjusted R<sup>2</sup></td><td>-0.001</td><td>-0.001</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>Residual Std. Error (df = 698)</td><td>0.780</td><td>0.493</td></tr>
## <tr><td style="text-align:left"></td><td>F Statistic (df = 1; 698)</td><td>0.146</td><td>0.105</td></tr>
## <tr><td colspan="3" style="border-bottom: 1px solid black"></td></tr><tr><td style="text-align:left">
```

Hyp 4: interaction between treatment and respondent's status in underserved group

Similar to above, filters to those randomized to one of the barrier conditions

```
## women
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ cond*is_woman,
            data = barriers_r))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ cond * is_woman, data = barriers_r)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.4591 -0.4162  0.5409  0.6169  0.6287
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.37126    0.06040   22.704 <2e-16 ***
## condWom           0.08786    0.08648    1.016  0.310
## is_womanTRUE      0.04493    0.08467    0.531  0.596
## condWom:is_womanTRUE -0.12096    0.11846   -1.021  0.308
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7805 on 696 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.001821, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.002481
## F-statistic: 0.4233 on 3 and 696 DF, p-value: 0.7363

## minority
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ relevel(factor(cond),
                                     ref = "Wom")*is_minority,
            data = barriers_r))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom") *
##     is_minority, data = barriers_r)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.4845 -0.3985  0.5254  0.6015  0.6420
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)      1.39847    0.04827
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min -0.04044    0.06952
## is_minorityTRUE  0.06618    0.09205
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min:is_minorityTRUE 0.06033    0.13132
##              t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      28.972 <2e-16 ***
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min      -0.582    0.561
## is_minorityTRUE      0.719    0.472
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min:is_minorityTRUE  0.459    0.646
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7798 on 696 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.003561,    Adjusted R-squared:  -0.0007335
## F-statistic: 0.8292 on 3 and 696 DF,  p-value: 0.478

## minority (any black or Hispanic)
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ relevel(factor(cond),
                                     ref = "Wom")*is_minority_sec,
                                     data = barriers_r))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom") *
##     is_minority_sec, data = barriers_r)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.5147 -0.4027  0.5224  0.5973  0.6360
##
## Coefficients:
##                                     Estimate
## (Intercept)                        1.40273
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min -0.03876
## is_minority_secTRUE                 0.07488
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min:is_minority_secTRUE 0.07585
##                                     Std. Error
## (Intercept)                        0.04555
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min 0.06565
## is_minority_secTRUE                 0.10559
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min:is_minority_secTRUE 0.14942
##                                     t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                       30.794   <2e-16
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min -0.590    0.555
## is_minority_secTRUE                 0.709    0.478
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min:is_minority_secTRUE 0.508    0.612
##
## (Intercept)                        ***
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min
## is_minority_secTRUE
## relevel(factor(cond), ref = "Wom")Min:is_minority_secTRUE
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7797 on 696 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.003839,    Adjusted R-squared:  -0.0004548
## F-statistic: 0.8941 on 3 and 696 DF,  p-value: 0.4438

## maybe viz
```

Hyp 5: interaction b/t other respondent demographics and treatment

Uses all respondents and pools the barriers treatment into single treatment

Just world

```
## first, just world
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers*jw_combined,
           data = model_df))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers * jw_combined,
##     data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.8755 -0.4649  0.4013  0.5756  1.3391
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      2.11847    0.12925  16.391 < 2e-16 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE -0.30754    0.15860  -1.939  0.0528 .
## jw_combined      -0.24293    0.03989  -6.090 1.58e-09 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE:jw_combined 0.10837    0.04929   2.199  0.0281 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7705 on 1048 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.05341,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.0507
## F-statistic: 19.71 on 3 and 1048 DF,  p-value: 1.96e-12

## binary regressing points as first
## use lpm
summary(lm(is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers*jw_combined,
           data = model_df))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers * jw_combined,
##     data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.8909 -0.5220  0.2763  0.3968  0.8467
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.03847    0.08035  12.924 < 2e-16 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE -0.16464    0.09860  -1.670  0.0953 .
## jw_combined      -0.14753    0.02480  -5.949 3.67e-09 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE:jw_combined 0.05281    0.03064   1.723  0.0851 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.479 on 1048 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.05679,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.05409
## F-statistic: 21.03 on 3 and 1048 DF,  p-value: 3.102e-13
```

```

### store ranking obj and do predict- predict ACTUAL RANK
### and not reverse rank to avoid confusion
points_rank_lm_jw = lm(points_rank ~ is_any_barriers*jw_combined,
                        data = model_df)

predict_jw_df = data.frame(is_any_barriers = rep(c(TRUE, FALSE),
                                                each = 100),
                           jw_combined = rep(seq(from = min(model_df$jw_combined),
                                                  to = max(model_df$jw_combined),
                                                  length.out = 100),
                                              2))

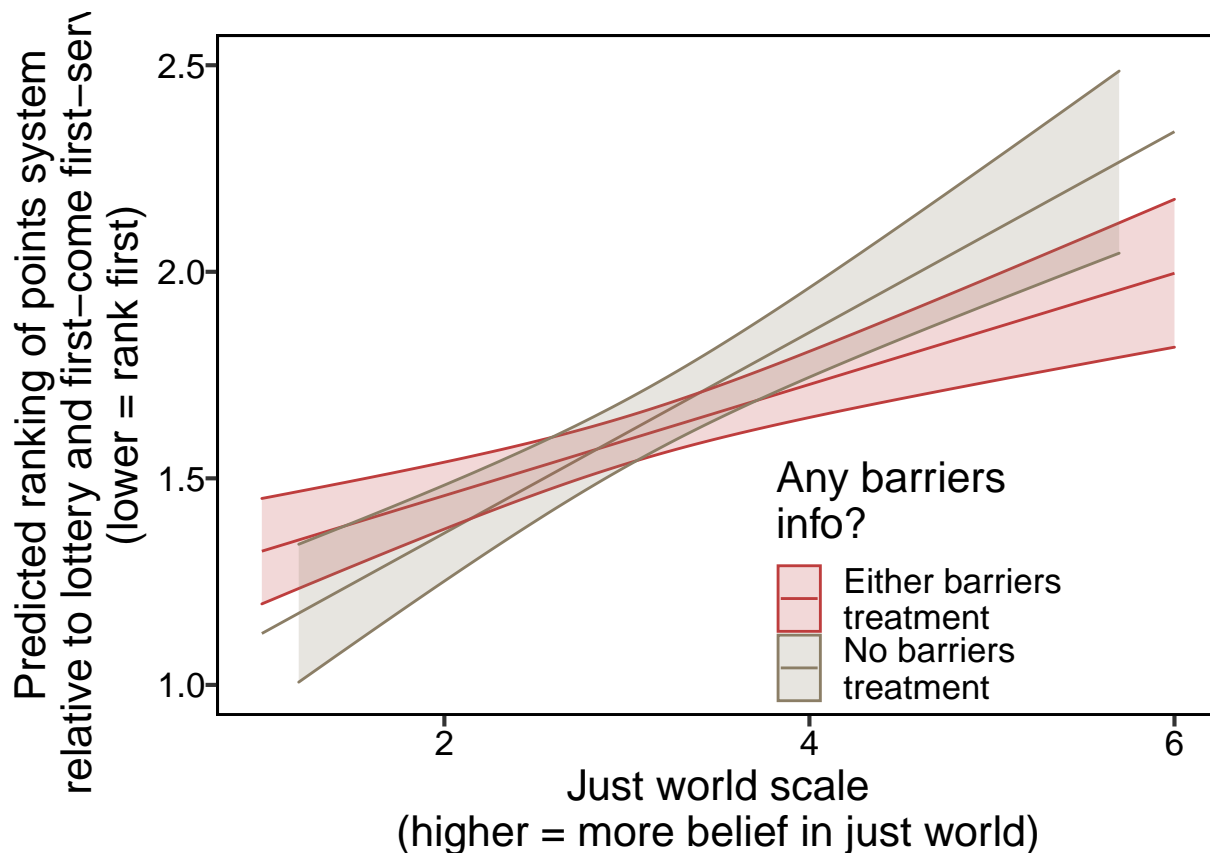
## predict across all values of jw
predicted_rank = predict(points_rank_lm_jw,
                         newdata = predict_jw_df,
                         se.fit = TRUE)

predicted_rank_4graph = cbind(predict_jw_df,
                              data.frame(estimate = predicted_rank$fit,
                                           se = predicted_rank$se.fit)) %>%
  mutate(lower = estimate - 1.96 * se,
         upper = estimate + 1.96 * se,
         barriers_4graph = case_when(is_any_barriers ~ "Either barriers\ntreatment",
                                     TRUE ~ "No barriers\ntreatment"))

jw_prediction_graph = ggplot(predicted_rank_4graph, aes(x = jw_combined, y = estimate,
                                                         group = barriers_4graph,
                                                         color = barriers_4graph)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_ribbon(aes(ymin = lower, ymax = upper, fill = barriers_4graph),
            alpha = 0.2) +
  theme_new() +
  scale_color_manual(values = col_map_coarse) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = col_map_coarse) +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.7, 0.2),
        legend.background = element_blank()) +
  xlab("Just world scale\n(higher = more belief in just world)") +
  ylab("Predicted ranking of points system\nrelative to lottery and first-come first-served\n(lower = r")
  ylim(1, 2.5) +
  labs(fill = "Any barriers\ninfo?",
       color = "Any barriers\ninfo?")

jw_prediction_graph

```

```
ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/jw_prediction.png",
  plot = jw_prediction_graph,
  width = 12,
  height = 8)
```

Political affiliation

```
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers*relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets),
  ref = "Democrat"),
  data = model_df))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers * relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets),
##   ref = "Democrat"), data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.6667 -0.5661  0.4294  0.4339  1.0676
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)                                Estimate
## is_any_barriersTRUE                        -0.00453
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent -0.32387
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other      0.09605
```

```

## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican -0.63819
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.10747
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other -0.21533
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.13548
## Std. Error
## (Intercept) 0.05728
## is_any_barriersTRUE 0.07035
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.10403
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other 0.16576
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.10549
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.12671
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other 0.20372
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.12995
## t value
## (Intercept) 27.421
## is_any_barriersTRUE -0.064
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent -3.113
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other 0.579
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican -6.050
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.848
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other -1.057
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 1.043
## Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) < 2e-16
## is_any_barriersTRUE 0.9487
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.0019
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other 0.5624
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 2.02e-09
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.3965
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other 0.2908
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.2974
##
## (Intercept) ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent **
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.762 on 1044 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.07762, Adjusted R-squared:  0.07144
## F-statistic: 12.55 on 7 and 1044 DF, p-value: 1.617e-15

## binary regressing points as first
summary(lm(is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers*relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets),
ref = "Democrat"),
data = model_df))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers * relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets),

```

```

##       ref = "Democrat"), data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.7500 -0.5195  0.3107  0.3190  0.6486
##
## Coefficients:
##                                     Estimate
## (Intercept)                       0.689266
## is_any_barriersTRUE                -0.008231
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent -0.169785
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other        0.060734
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican    -0.337914
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.034763
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other    -0.082194
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.044204
##                                     Std. Error
## (Intercept)                       0.035944
## is_any_barriersTRUE                0.044149
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.065283
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other        0.104021
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican    0.066199
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.079511
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other    0.127841
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.081547
##                                     t value
## (Intercept)                       19.176
## is_any_barriersTRUE                -0.186
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent -2.601
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other        0.584
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican    -5.105
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.437
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other    -0.643
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.542
##                                     Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                       < 2e-16
## is_any_barriersTRUE                0.85214
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.00943
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other        0.55944
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican    3.94e-07
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent 0.66205
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other    0.52040
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican 0.58789
##
## (Intercept)                       ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent **
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other
## relevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Independent
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Other
## is_any_barriersTRUE:relelevel(factor(political_affil_buckets), ref = "Democrat")Republican
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

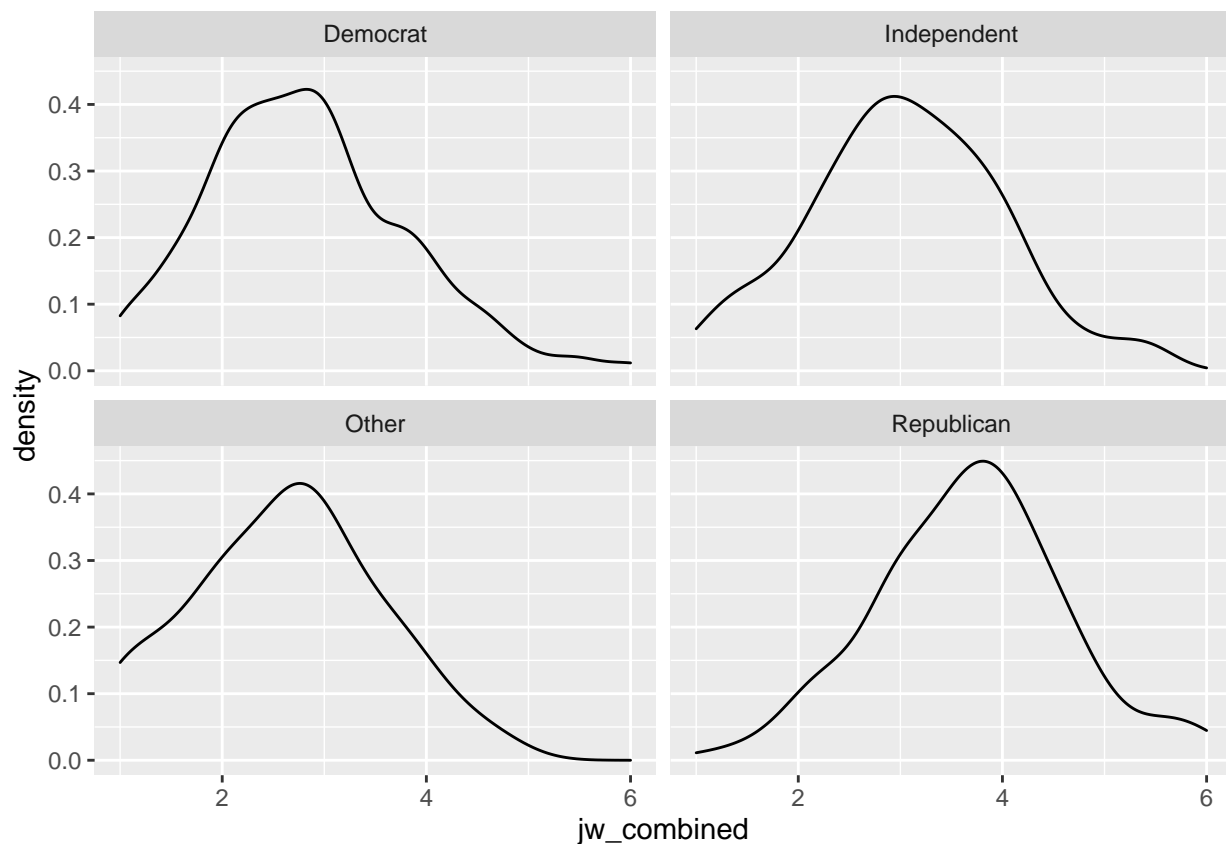
```
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4782 on 1044 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.06358,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.0573
## F-statistic: 10.13 on 7 and 1044 DF,  p-value: 2.654e-12
```

What's relationship between political affiliation, just world scale, and pol ideology?

Republicans more evenly distributed throughout ranking distribution and have higher mean just world scale

Independents between dems and r on ideology scale

```
ggplot(model_df, aes(x = jw_combined)) +
  geom_density() +
  facet_wrap(~political_affil_buckets)
```



```
model_df %>%
  group_by(political_affil_buckets) %>%
  summarise(mean_jw = mean(jw_combined),
            mean_ideology_higher_conserv = mean(political_ideology_numeric,
                                                  na.rm = TRUE)) # remove na since coded prefer not/etc t
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##   political_affil_buckets mean_jw mean_ideology_higher_conserv
## * <chr>                <dbl>                <dbl>
## 1 Democrat              2.81                1.94
## 2 Independent            3.05                2.81
## 3 Other                  2.62                2.55
## 4 Republican             3.68                4.05
```

Political ideology

Coded as numeric where 1 = very conservative, 5 = very liberal

```
summary(lm(points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers*political_ideology_numeric,
           data = model_df))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = points_rank_rev ~ is_any_barriers * political_ideology_numeric,
##     data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.7540 -0.5358  0.2611  0.4869  1.1645
##
## Coefficients:
##                                Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)                   1.964799    0.101733
## is_any_barriersTRUE             0.007342    0.124351
## political_ideology_numeric     -0.225851    0.035681
## is_any_barriersTRUE:political_ideology_numeric  0.007665    0.043599
##                                t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                   19.313 < 2e-16 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE             0.059    0.953
## political_ideology_numeric     -6.330 3.66e-10 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE:political_ideology_numeric  0.176    0.860
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.752 on 1031 degrees of freedom
## (17 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1013, Adjusted R-squared:  0.09869
## F-statistic: 38.74 on 3 and 1031 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

## binary regressing points as first
summary(lm(is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers*political_ideology_numeric,
           data = model_df))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = is_points_first ~ is_any_barriers * political_ideology_numeric,
##     data = model_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.7903 -0.5380  0.2117  0.3366  0.7143
##
## Coefficients:
##                                Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)                   0.916459    0.063881
## is_any_barriersTRUE           -0.003209    0.078084
## political_ideology_numeric     -0.126156    0.022405
## is_any_barriersTRUE:political_ideology_numeric  0.001210    0.027377
##                                t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```

## (Intercept)                                14.346 < 2e-16 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE                        -0.041    0.967
## political_ideology_numeric                 -5.631 2.31e-08 ***
## is_any_barriersTRUE:political_ideology_numeric  0.044    0.965
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4722 on 1031 degrees of freedom
## (17 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.08419,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.08152
## F-statistic: 31.59 on 3 and 1031 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

## generate pred using real rank
points_rank_lm_polid = lm(points_rank ~ is_any_barriers*political_ideology_numeric,
                           data = model_df)

predict_polid_df = data.frame(is_any_barriers = rep(c(TRUE, FALSE),
                                                    each = 5),
                              political_ideology_numeric = rep(seq(from = 1,
                                                                    to = 5),
                                                                2))

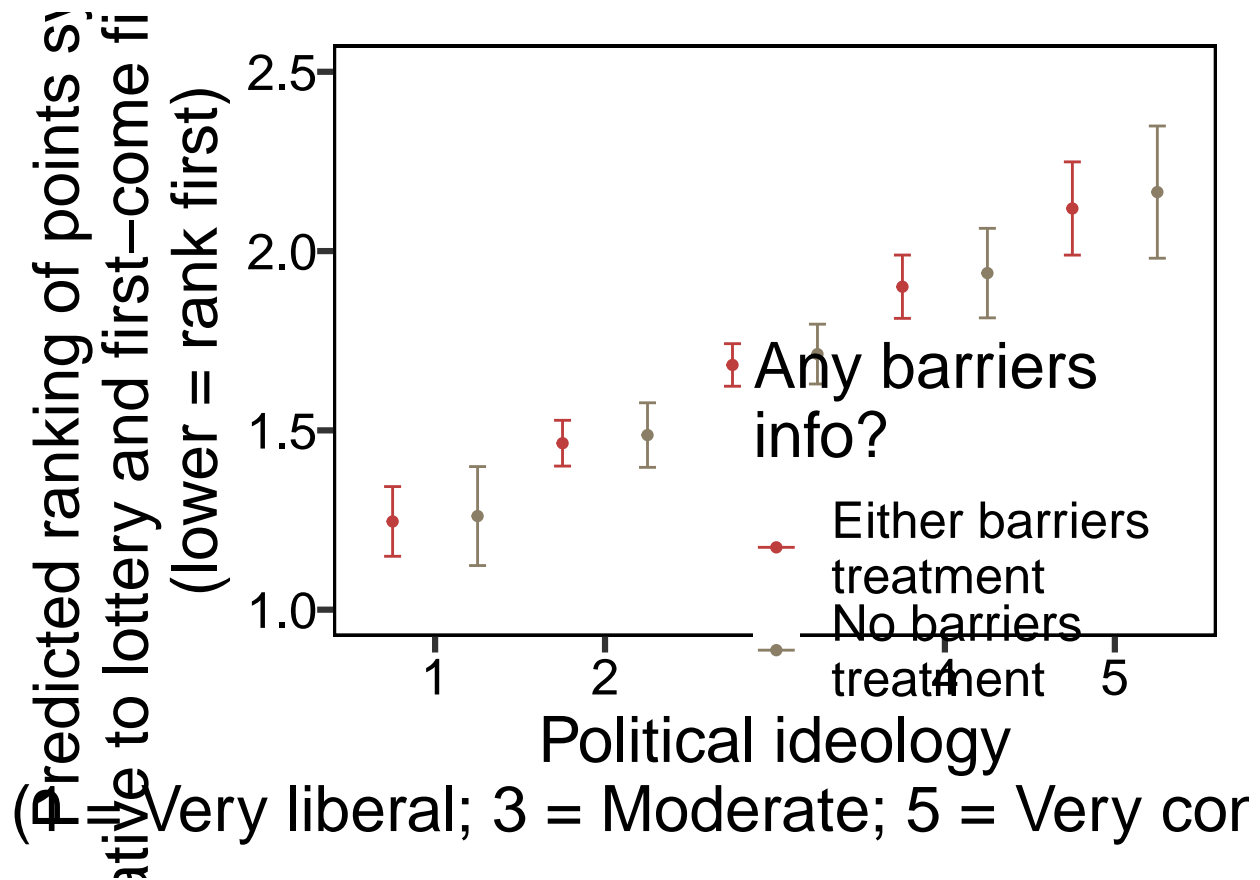
## predict across all values of jw
predicted_rank_pol = predict(points_rank_lm_polid,
                             newdata = predict_polid_df,
                             se.fit = TRUE)

predicted_rank_4graph_pol = cbind(predict_polid_df,
                                   data.frame(estimate = predicted_rank_pol$fit,
                                                se = predicted_rank_pol$se.fit)) %>%
  mutate(lower = estimate - 1.96 * se,
         upper = estimate + 1.96 * se,
         barriers_4graph = case_when(is_any_barriers ~ "Either barriers\ntreatment",
                                     TRUE ~ "No barriers\ntreatment"))

pol_prediction_graph = ggplot(predicted_rank_4graph_pol, aes(x = factor(political_ideology_numeric), y =
                                                                group = barriers_4graph,
                                                                color = barriers_4graph)) +
  geom_point(position = position_dodge(width = 1)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lower, ymax = upper, color = barriers_4graph),
               width = 0.2,
               position = position_dodge(width = 1)) +
  theme_new(base_size = 24) +
  scale_color_manual(values = col_map_coarse) +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.7, 0.2),
        legend.background = element_blank()) +
  xlab("Political ideology\n(1 = Very liberal; 3 = Moderate; 5 = Very conservative)") +
  ylab("Predicted ranking of points system\nrelative to lottery and first-come first-served\n(lower = r
  ylim(1, 2.5) +
  labs(color = "Any barriers\ninfo?")

pol_prediction_graph

```



```
ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/pol_prediction.png",
        plot = pol_prediction_graph,
        width = 12,
        height = 8)
```

could relabel with actual values

Merge free responses

Table summarizing coding

```
## first, left join fr onto: (1) analytic sample (so not looking at proportions for those excluded
## and (2) limited to treatment and demographics
## joining by prol_id rather than prol_id_clean since
## we didn't do id cleaning before writing for coding
colnames(fr_coded_both) = gsub("\\.+", "_", colnames(fr_coded_both))

fr_thematic_cols = setdiff(colnames(fr_coded_both),
                           c("prol_id", "choice",
                             "fr_why_first_over_second",
                             "fr_why_second_over_third",
                             "coder",
                             "Nonsensical_1_yes_0_no_"))
```

```

        "Other_reasons",
        "Comments_on_other_reasons"))

model_df_wresp= model_df %>%
  select(prol_id, prol_id_clean,
         cond, points_rank,
         is_woman, raceeth,
         is_minority,
         political_affil,
         political_affil_buckets,
         political_ideology,
         jw_combined) %>%
  left_join(fr_coded_both, by = "prol_id") %>%
  mutate(is_matched_tofr = ifelse(prol_id %in% fr_coded_both$prol_id,
                                  TRUE, FALSE)) %>%
  filter(is_matched_tofr) # one not matched due to not filling out fr but having non-missing

## there are 9ish that have NA due to being initially coded as nonsensical
## but that heather reversed codes for--- judgment was that they didnt fit theme so code
## their thematic cols to 0
model_df_wresp[, fr_thematic_cols][is.na(model_df_wresp[, fr_thematic_cols])] <- 0

## find overall proportions
prop_themes_all = data.frame(proportion_resp = colMeans(model_df_wresp[, fr_thematic_cols])) %>%
  arrange(desc(proportion_resp))
prop_themes_all$theme = rownames(prop_themes_all)
write.table(prop_themes_all,
            file = "../output/jap_paper/tables/overall_fr_themes.txt",
            sep = ",", quote = FALSE, row.names = F)
write.csv(prop_themes_all,
          file = "../output/jap_paper/tables/overall_fr_themes.csv",
          quote = FALSE, row.names = F)

## proportions by condition
prop_by_cond = model_df_wresp %>%
  group_by(cond) %>%
  summarise_at(.vars = fr_thematic_cols, mean) # for this, among no_info, since half randomized
# about women or minorities, those mention that
write.table(prop_by_cond,
            file = "../output/jap_paper/tables/themes_by_treatcondition.txt",
            sep = ",", quote = FALSE, row.names = F)
write.csv(prop_by_cond,
          file = "../output/jap_paper/tables/themes_by_treatcondition.csv",
          quote = FALSE, row.names = F)

## proportions by rank for points system
prop_by_rank = model_df_wresp %>%
  group_by(points_rank) %>%
  summarise_at(.vars = fr_thematic_cols, mean) # for this, among no_info, since half randomized
# about women or minorities, those mention that
write.table(prop_by_rank,
            file = "../output/jap_paper/tables/themes_by_pointsranking.txt",

```



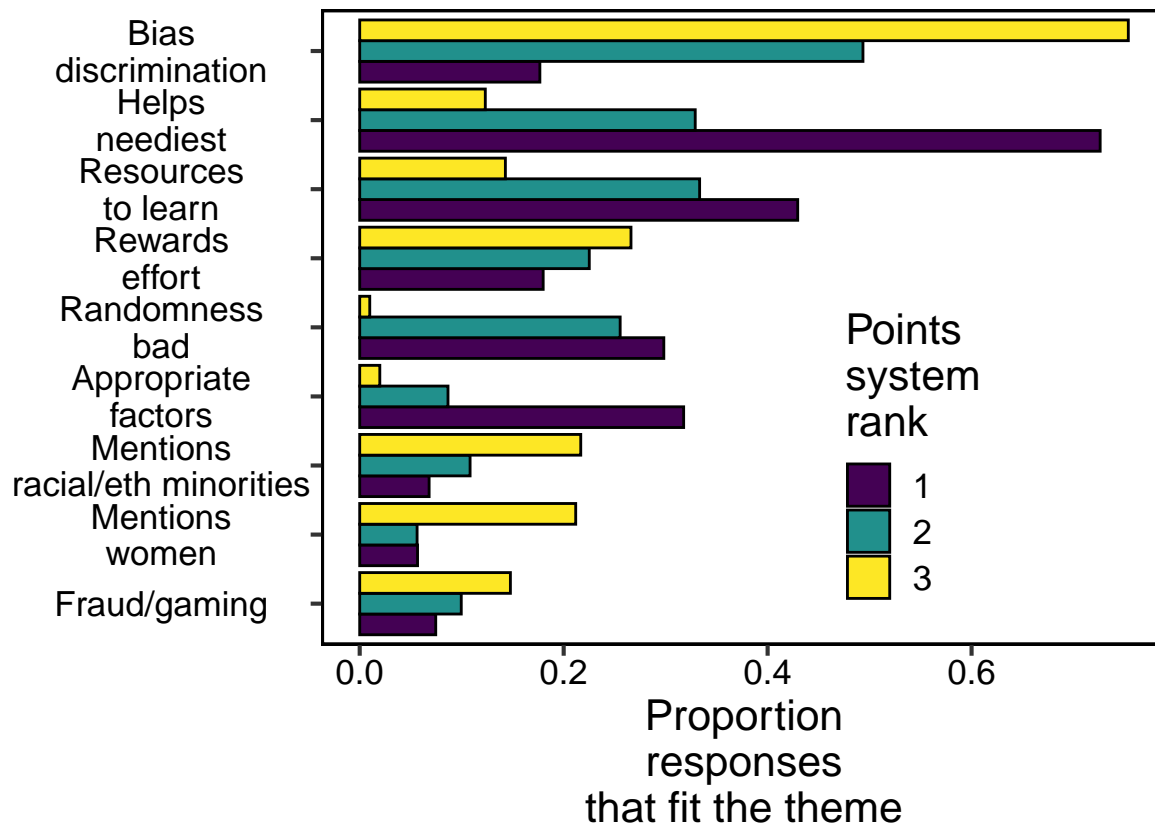
```

sep = ",", quote = FALSE, row.names = F)
write.csv(prop_by_rank,
  file = "../output/jap_paper/tables/themes_by_pointsranking.csv",
  quote = FALSE, row.names = F)

## visualize using shorthand
prop_by_rank_long = reshape2::melt(prop_by_rank, id.var = "points_rank") %>%
  mutate(theme_short =
    case_when(grepl("^Propensity", variable) ~ "Fraud/gaming",
              grepl("^Ability", variable) ~ "Helps\\neediest",
              grepl("personal_resources", variable) ~ "Resources\\nto learn",
              grepl("bias_discrimination", variable) ~ "Bias\\ndiscrimination",
              grepl("reward_applicant", variable) ~ "Rewards\\neffort",
              grepl("randomness", variable) ~ "Randomness\\nbad",
              grepl("appropriate", variable) ~ "Appropriate\\nfactors",
              grepl("^Women", variable) ~ "Mentions\\nwomen",
              grepl("^Racial", variable) ~ "Mentions\\nracial/eth minorities"))

ggplot(prop_by_rank_long, aes(x = reorder(factor(theme_short), value), y = value,
                             group = factor(points_rank),
                             fill = factor(points_rank))) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge",
          color = "black") +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_new() +
  scale_fill_viridis(discrete = TRUE) +
  ylab("Proportion\\nresponses\\nthat fit the theme") +
  xlab("") +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.7, 0.3)) +
  labs(fill = "Points\\nsystem\\nrank")

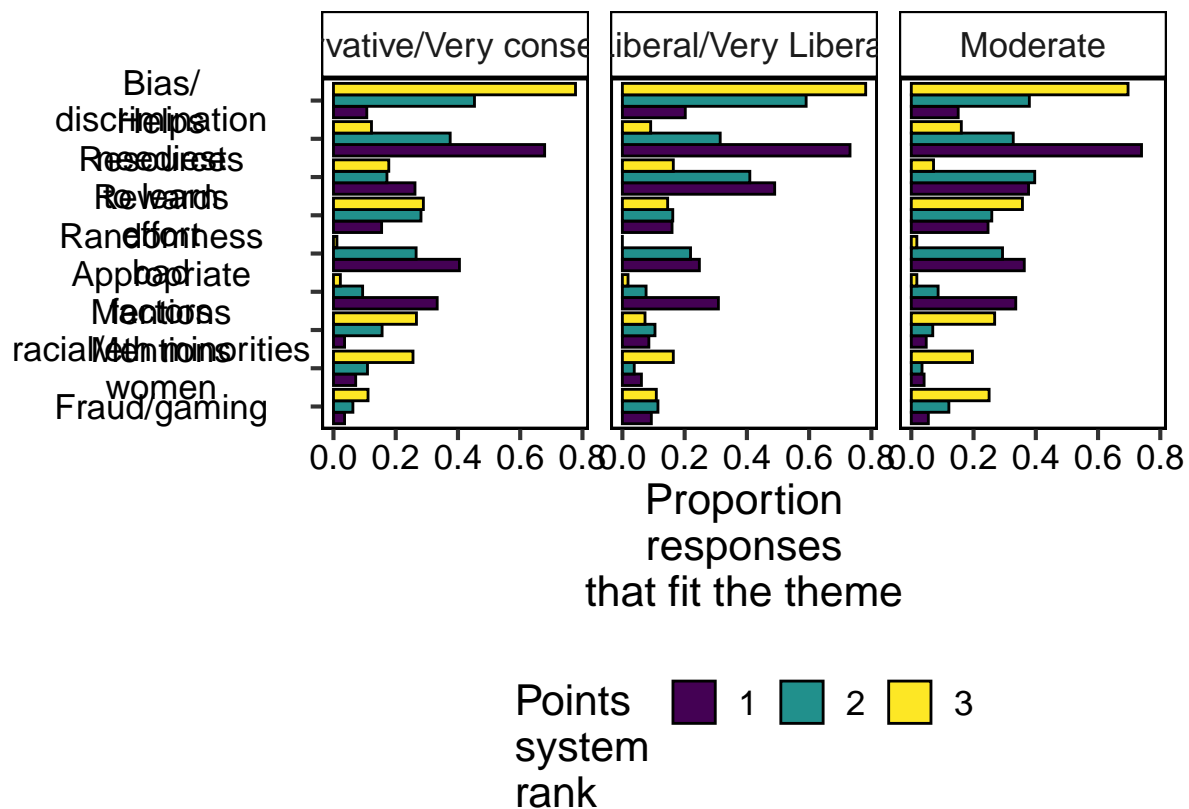
```



```
ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/prop_frthemes_byrank.png",
        plot = last_plot(),
        width = 12,
        height = 8)

## breakdown by political ideology
prop_by_rank_byideol = reshape2::melt(model_df_wresp %>%
  mutate(ideology_broad = case_when(
    grepl("Conservative", political_ideology) ~
      "Conservative/Very conservative",
    grepl("Liberal", political_ideology) ~ "Liberal/Very Liberal",
    grepl("Moderate", political_ideology) ~ "Moderate",
    TRUE ~ "Other"
  )) %>%
  filter(ideology_broad != "Other") %>%
  group_by(ideology_broad, points_rank) %>%
  summarise_at(.vars = fr_thematic_cols, mean),
  id.vars = c("ideology_broad", "points_rank")) %>%
  mutate(theme_short =
    case_when(grepl("^Propensity", variable) ~ "Fraud/gaming",
              grepl("^Ability", variable) ~ "Helps\\neediest",
              grepl("personal_resources", variable) ~ "Resources\\nto learn",
              grepl("bias_discrimination", variable) ~ "Bias\\/ndiscrimination",
              grepl("reward_applicant", variable) ~ "Rewards\\neffort",
              grepl("randomness", variable) ~ "Randomness\\nbad",
              grepl("appropriate", variable) ~ "Appropriate\\nfactors",
              grepl("^Women", variable) ~ "Mentions\\nwomen",
              grepl("^Racial", variable) ~ "Mentions\\nracial/eth minorities")))
```

```
ggplot(prop_by_rank_byideol, aes(x = reorder(factor(theme_short), value), y = value,
                                group = factor(points_rank),
                                fill = factor(points_rank))) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge",
          color = "black") +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_new() +
  scale_fill_viridis(discrete = TRUE) +
  ylab("Proportion\nresponses\nthat fit the theme") +
  xlab("") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(fill = "Points\nsystem\nrank") +
  facet_wrap(~ideology_broad, ncol = 3)
```



```
ggsave("../output/jap_paper/figs/prop_frthemes_byrank_byideology.png",
        plot = last_plot(),
        width = 12,
        height = 8)
```

Sheet to upload

```
write.csv(model_df_wresp %>%
  arrange(desc(points_rank),
            political_affil_buckets),
  "../output/fr_forquotes.csv",
  row.names = FALSE)
```

Bivariate corr

```
## add later; since some are not continuous etc
```