Field Safety Plan

Field Site Location:	Russell Ranch (Russell Ranch Sustainable Ag, Facility, Russell Blvd and Kinsella Lane, Davis, CA, and nest boxes in Putah Creek Riparian Reserve (PCRR), Stevenson Bridge Road, Davis, CA)
Activity:	Monitoring nextboxes
Created for:	Daniel Karp and Katherine Lauck, Dept. WFCB
Date of Review:	

General Site Information:

If travelling more than 100 miles from campus, register your trip at ehs.ucop.edu/away for UC travel insurance documentation and location-specific trip alerts. For international work, the <a href="https://www.word.new.edu/word

Geographic Location:	Latitude: 38	3.5384087	Longitude:	-121,8686999	
Local Contact:	Katherine Lauck, ks 923-0228	slauck@ucdavis.edu, (540)	University Contact: Not on trip. Provide person a copy of this Field Safety Plan.	Daniel Karp, (530) 219-9868, dkarp@ucdavis.edu Frequency of check-ins: weekly	
Nearest Emergency Medical Services (EMS):	Call 911; or 530-758-3600 or 530-756-3400 (City of Davis emergencies)				
Nearest Emergency Department (ED):	Sutter Davis Hospital Emergency Department. 2000 Sutter PI, Davis CA 95616. Phone: (530)757-5111. Open 24 hrs, 7 days/wk.				
Go/No Go Criteria:	NO GO: Electrical storms, heavy rains or snow, flash flooding, high wind, extreme cold or heat, wildfires in vicinity and/or excessive smoke				
Directions to site	Rd 95A. Entrance to	o Russell Ranch will have U	C Davis sign. Drive down	nto Kinsella Lane, ~1 mile after intersection with Kinsella and turn right before gate. Continue to n left onto Stevenson bridge road at triangle	
Parking Areas:	Primary: Russell Ranch: Border of agricultural field near nest boxes. Secondary: PCRR: small parking area north of Putah Creek on east side of Stevenson Bridge Road				
Assembly Areas:	Primary: Same as parking areas				
Expected temperature/weather:	Secondary: 50 to 95 degrees	F, clear weather or some	wind and rain, possibl	le heat waves	
Drinking water availability:	If forecast exceeds 80°, Cal/OSHA requires access to at least one quart (4 cups) per person per hour for the entire shift, i.e., an 8 hour shift of strenuous work requires access to 2 gallons per person. Water must be fresh and suitably cool. □ Plumbed water available □ Water cooler with ice to be provided ■ Bottled water provided □ Other: □ Natural source and treatment methods (e.g. filtration, boiling, chemical disinfection):				
Access to Shade/Shelter:	If forecast exceeds 80°, shade must be provided by any natural or artificial means for rest breaks. Shade is not considered adequate when heat in the area does not allow the body to cool (e.g., sitting in a hot car). ■ Building structures □ Trees □ Temporary Canopy/Tarp ■ Vehicle with A/C □ Other:				
High Heat Procedures - Required when temperatures are expected to exceed 95° F	If possible limit strenuous tasks to morning or late afternoon hours. Rest breaks in shade must be provided at least 10 minutes every 2 hours (or more if needed). Effective means of communication, observation and monitoring for signs of heat illness are required at all times. Pre-shift meeting required. □ Direct supervision □ Buddy system □ Reliable cell or radio contact □ Other:				
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):	Required: Long pants, sturdy close-toed/heeled shoes Recommended: hats, insect repellant, sunscreen				
Out of Bounds Areas:	Active agricultural planting, private property (if not given permission to access), creek water (hazardous), flooded or very muddy areas				
Cell phone coverage:	Device carried? Type: Smartphor Coverage: Good Nearest location	I C Russell Ranch	Satellite phone/device:	Device carried? □yes ■no Type: Coverage: None Nearest location with coverage:	
Nearby services:	Gas and convenience store with restrooms: Arco, 705 Russell Blvd, Davis, CA 95616				
Access: Physical demands:	Easy Hiking				
Field Team/ Participants:	☐ Field Team/Part Is anyone working	alone? ■ Yes □ No	ining documentation 🗏 C	eld Team Leader: Katia Goldberg, 4439494675 Other attachment, e.g. course roster es; carry a sat device for remote locations.	

Field Safety Plan

First Aid Training	General first aid training included in Dept. of WFCB IIPP and EAP
	Location of group medical/first aid kit: In each field backpack and at Academic Surge
Immunizations or Medical Evaluation (if applicable)	
	Contact Occupational Health at least 6 weeks prior to your trip for travel-related immunizations, medical advice,
	required or recommended immunizations, and medical clearance related to your research protocol.

Safe Work Practices

List identified risks associated with the activity or the physical environment and appropriate measures to be taken to reduce the risks. Refer to relevant protocols, SOPs, etc. if applicable.

Complete training on 1) WFCB Injury Illness and Prevention Program, 2) WFCB Emergency Action Plan, 3) Heat Injury and Illness Prevention Online Training, and 4) Animal Care and Use 101 Online Training

- Ticks: Wear long pants, closed-toes shoes, hats, and long-sleeved shirts. Remove ticks promptly with tweezers by grabbing it close to skin and pulling it straight out.
- Heat: Drink water frequently, take breaks in shade as needed, wear sunscreen, hats, sunglasses
- Rattlesnakes: If a rattlesnake is seen, avoid walking near it and leave it alone. If bitten, seek emergency medical attention immediately.
- Lightning and flooding: If thunder is heard, leave the site and seek shelter. In case of flooding, do not approach the creek. If there is a storm. leave the site.
- Poison Oak: Wear long pants and long-sleeved shirts as well as closed-toed shoes. Wash clothes and body with soap and water after field work.
- Wasps: avoid wasps if they are active.

Additional Considerations

Contact Safety Services for guidance. Check all that apply.

- One or more of the following will be handled/transported: hazardous biological, chemical, or radioactive materials, pesticides, animals, or fireworks.
- ☐ Activities are to involve one of the following: ATVs, snow mobiles, tractors or other motorized vehicles; rigging, climbing, fall protection; shoring/trenching, digging/excavations, caves, other confined spaces or egress/access limitations; chainsaws, hand held power tools; explosives or fire arms; lasers, portable welding/soldering devices; other hazardous equipment or tools.
- Modes of transportation other than regularly scheduled commercial carriers (e.g. chartering a boat, plane) will be used.
- The campus auto policy & auto insurance article for university vehicles, personal vehicles, and rental vehicles has been reviewed.
- □ Visas, permits, finances, import/export controls, transportation of specialized equipment, and data security have been considered. (See <u>UC Global Operations</u> (ucgo.org) or contact UCD <u>Export Control</u> for guidance.)
- Personal safety risks during free time have been considered or discussed, e.g., alcohol or drug use, leaving the group, situational awareness, sexual harassment, or local crime/security concerns. You may use the <u>Worldcue Trip Planner</u> 'Location Intel' tab to generate a security brief.

Campus Contacts:

UCPD Emergency Number: (530) 752-1230

University Health Services

Faculty/Staff: Occupational Health Services; (530) 752-6051
Students: Student Health and Counseling Services (SHCS)
Office of Environment, Health & Safety (EH&S): Safety Services

Travel Insurance Emergency Number: (410) 453-6330 (United Healthcare - UC Travel Insurance)

Report injuries:

For Employees: Injury Reporting Procedure

For non-paid students: Submit an Incident Report or email it to Risk Management Services, rms@ucdavis.edu

Signs & Symptoms	Treatment	Response Action:
HEAT EXHAUSTION Dizziness, headache Rapid heart rate Pale, cool, clammy or flushed skin	Stop all exertion. Move to a cool shaded place. Hydrate with cool water.	Heat exhaustion is the most common type of heat illness. Initiate treatment. If no improvement, call 911 or seek medical help. Do not return to work in the sun.
 Nausea and/or vomiting Fatigue, thirst, muscle cramps 	,	Heat exhaustion can progress to heat stroke.
HEAT STROKE	1. Move (gently) to a cooler spot in	Call 911 or seek medical help immediately.
 Disoriented, irritable, combative, unconscious Hallucinations, seizures, poor balance Rapid heart rate Hot, dry and red skin Fever, body temperature above 104 °F 	shade. 2. Loosen clothing and spray clothes and exposed skin with water and fan. 3. Cool by placing ice or cold packs along neck, chest, armpits and groin (Do not place ice directly on skin)	Heat stroke is a life threatening medical emergency. A victim can die within minutes if not properly treated. Efforts to reduce body temperature must begin immediately!