Class 16: RNA-seq Analysis Mini-Project

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Section 1. Differential Expression Analysis

```
library(DESeq2)
```

```
## Loading required package: S4Vectors

## Loading required package: stats4

## Loading required package: BiocGenerics

##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##     IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     anyDuplicated, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind, colnames,
##     dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get, grep,
##     grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply, match, mget,
##     order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank,
##     rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort, table, tapply,
##     union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min

##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     expand.grid, I, unname

## Loading required package: IRanges

## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
```

```
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

## Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

## Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

## Loading required package: matrixStats

##
## Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##     colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
##     colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
##     colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
##     colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
##     colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
##     colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
##     colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
##     colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
##     rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
##     rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
##     rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
##     rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
##     rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
##     rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
##     rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars

## Loading required package: Biobase

## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##     Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##     'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##     'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.

##
## Attaching package: 'Biobase'

## The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
##
##     rowMedians

## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##     anyMissing, rowMedians
```

```r
metaFile <- "GSE37704_metadata.csv"
countFile <- "GSE37704_featurecounts.csv"

# Import metadata and take a peak
colData = read.csv(metaFile, row.names=1)
head(colData)
```

```
##               condition
## SRR493366 control_sirna
## SRR493367 control_sirna
## SRR493368 control_sirna
## SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
## SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
## SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

```
# Import countdata
countData = read.csv(countFile, row.names=1)
head(countData)
```

```
##                 length SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370
## ENSG00000186092    918         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279928    718         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279457   1982        23        28        29        29        28
## ENSG00000278566    939         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000273547    939         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000187634   3214       124       123       205       207       212
##                 SRR493371
## ENSG00000186092         0
## ENSG00000279928         0
## ENSG00000279457        46
## ENSG00000278566         0
## ENSG00000273547         0
## ENSG00000187634       258
```

Q1. Complete the code below to remove the troublesome first column from countData

```
# Note we need to remove the odd first $length col
countData <- as.matrix(countData[,-1])
head(countData)
```

```
##                 SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370 SRR493371
## ENSG00000186092         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279928         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279457        23        28        29        29        28        46
## ENSG00000278566         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000273547         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000187634       124       123       205       207       212       258
```

Q2. Complete the code below to filter countData to exclude genes (i.e. rows) where we have 0 read count across all samples (i.e. columns). Tip: What will rowSums() of countData return and how could you use it in this context?

```
# Filter count data where you have 0 read count across all samples.
zero.vals <- rowSums(countData) != 0
head(zero.vals)
```

```
## ENSG00000186092 ENSG00000279928 ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000278566 ENSG00000273547
##           FALSE           FALSE            TRUE           FALSE           FALSE
## ENSG00000187634
##            TRUE
```

```
countData = countData[zero.vals, ]
head(countData)
```

```
##                 SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370 SRR493371
## ENSG00000279457        23        28        29        29        28        46
## ENSG00000187634       124       123       205       207       212       258
## ENSG00000188976      1637      1831      2383      1226      1326      1504
## ENSG00000187961       120       153       180       236       255       357
## ENSG00000187583        24        48        65        44        48        64
## ENSG00000187642         4         9        16        14        16        16
```

Running DESeq2

```
dds = DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=countData,
                             colData=colData,
                             design=~condition)
```

```
## Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in
## design formula are characters, converting to factors
```

```
dds = DESeq(dds)
```

```
## estimating size factors

## estimating dispersions

## gene-wise dispersion estimates

## mean-dispersion relationship

## final dispersion estimates

## fitting model and testing
```

```
dds
```

```
## class: DESeqDataSet
## dim: 15975 6
## metadata(1): version
## assays(4): counts mu H cooks
## rownames(15975): ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000187634 ... ENSG00000276345
##   ENSG00000271254
## rowData names(22): baseMean baseVar ... deviance maxCooks
## colnames(6): SRR493366 SRR493367 ... SRR493370 SRR493371
## colData names(2): condition sizeFactor
```

```
res = results(dds, contrast=c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))
```

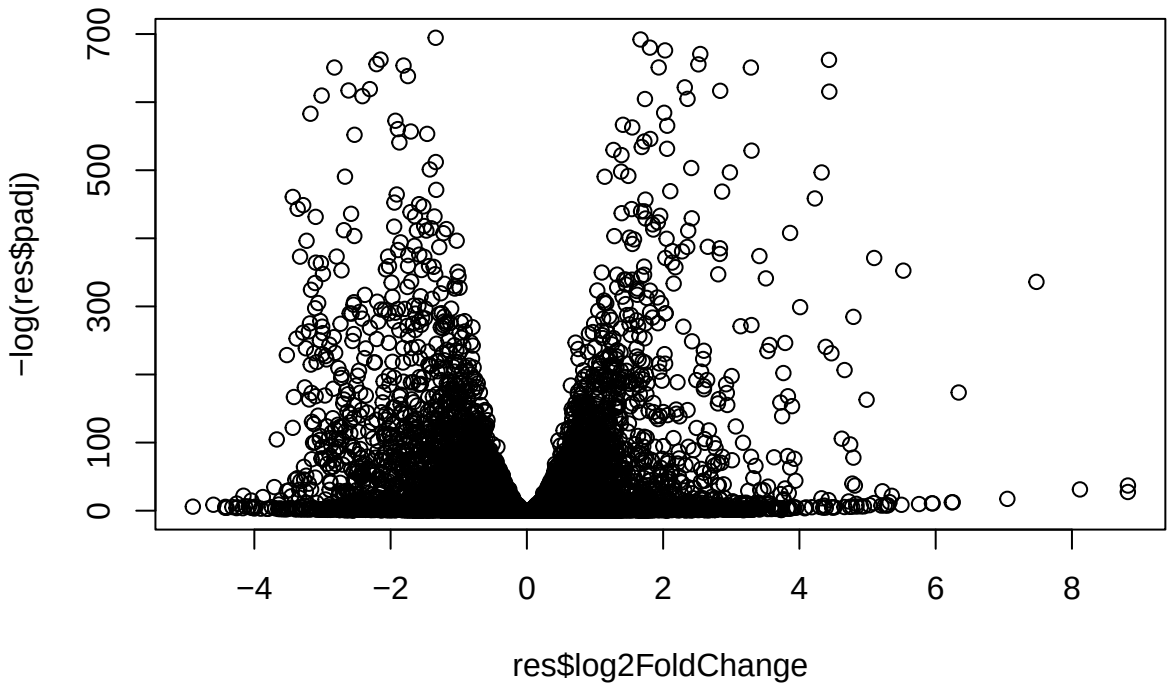
Q3. Call the summary() function on your results to get a sense of how many genes are up or down-regulated at the default 0.1 p-value cutoff.

```
summary(res)
```

```
##
## out of 15975 with nonzero total read count
## adjusted p-value < 0.1
## LFC > 0 (up)       : 4349, 27%
## LFC < 0 (down)     : 4396, 28%
## outliers [1]       : 0, 0%
## low counts [2]     : 1237, 7.7%
## (mean count < 0)
## [1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results
## [2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results
```

Volcano Plot

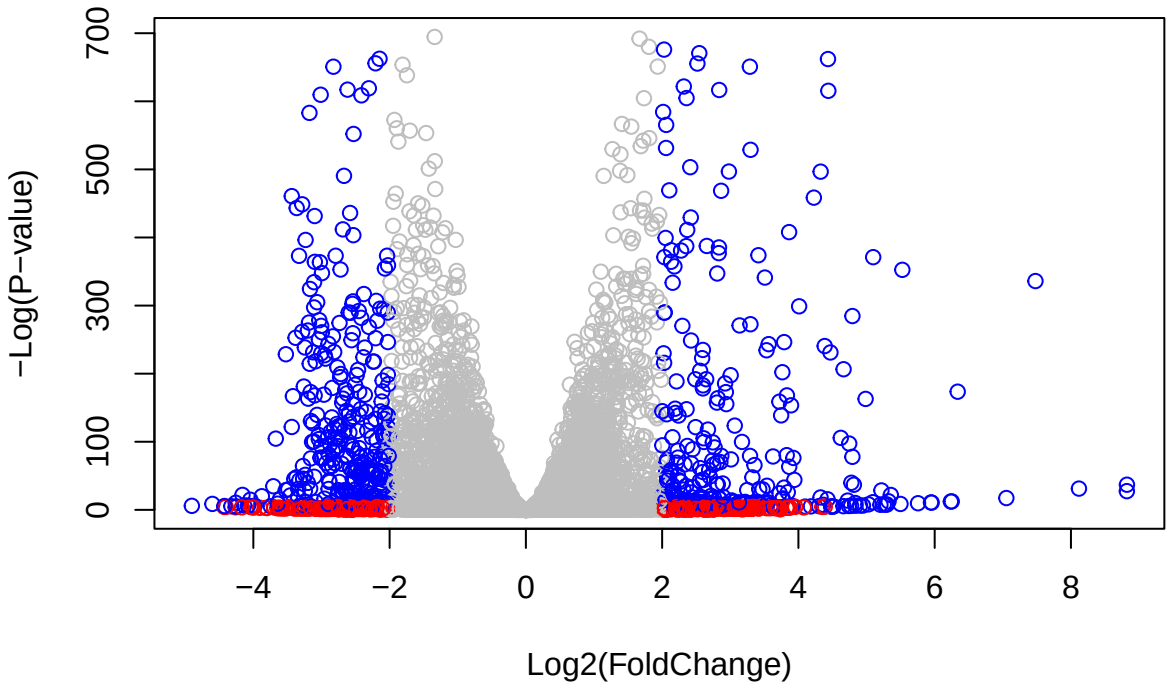
```
plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj) )
```



Q4. Improve this plot by completing the below code, which adds color and axis labels

```
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res) )

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "red"
```

```
# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01
#  and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols, xlab="Log2(FoldChange)", ylab="-Log(P-value)" )
```



Adding gene annotation

Q5. Use the mapIDs() function multiple times to add SYMBOL, ENTREZID and GENENAME annotation to our results by completing the code below.

```
library("AnnotationDbi")
```

```
## Warning: package 'AnnotationDbi' was built under R version 4.1.2
```

```
library("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

```
##
```

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
##  [1] "ACCNUM"       "ALIAS"        "ENSEMBL"      "ENSEMBLPROT"  "ENSEMBLTRANS"
##  [6] "ENTREZID"     "ENZYME"       "EVIDENCE"     "EVIDENCEALL"  "GENENAME"
## [11] "GENETYPE"     "GO"           "GOALL"        "IPI"          "MAP"
## [16] "OMIM"         "ONTOLOGY"     "ONTOLOGYALL"  "PATH"         "PFAM"
## [21] "PMID"         "PROSITE"      "REFSEQ"       "SYMBOL"       "UCSCKG"
## [26] "UNIPROT"
```

```
res$symbol = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                    keys=row.names(res),
                    keytype="ENSEMBL",
                    column="SYMBOL",
                    multiVals="first")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$entrez = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                    keys=row.names(res),
                    keytype="ENSEMBL",
                    column="ENTREZID",
                    multiVals="first")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$name =   mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                    keys=row.names(res),
                    keytype="ENSEMBL",
                    column="GENENAME",
                    multiVals="first")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
head(res, 10)
```

```
## log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1_kd vs control_sirna
## Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna
## DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns
##                    baseMean log2FoldChange     lfcSE       stat      pvalue
##                   <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric>  <numeric>   <numeric>
## ENSG00000279457   29.913579      0.1792571 0.3248216   0.551863 5.81042e-01
## ENSG00000187634  183.229650      0.4264571 0.1402658   3.040350 2.36304e-03
## ENSG00000188976 1651.188076     -0.6927205 0.0548465 -12.630158 1.43990e-36
## ENSG00000187961  209.637938      0.7297556 0.1318599   5.534326 3.12428e-08
## ENSG00000187583   47.255123      0.0405765 0.2718928   0.149237 8.81366e-01
## ENSG00000187642   11.979750      0.5428105 0.5215598   1.040744 2.97994e-01
## ENSG00000188290  108.922128      2.0570638 0.1969053  10.446970 1.51282e-25
## ENSG00000187608  350.716868      0.2573837 0.1027266   2.505522 1.22271e-02
## ENSG00000188157 9128.439422      0.3899088 0.0467163   8.346304 7.04321e-17
## ENSG00000237330    0.158192      0.7859552 4.0804729   0.192614 8.47261e-01
##                        padj      symbol      entrez                   name
##                   <numeric> <character> <character>            <character>
## ENSG00000279457 6.86555e-01      WASH9P   102723897 WAS protein family h..
```

```
## ENSG00000187634 5.15718e-03      SAMD11      148398 sterile alpha motif ..
## ENSG00000188976 1.76549e-35       NOC2L       26155 NOC2 like nucleolar ..
## ENSG00000187961 1.13413e-07      KLHL17      339451 kelch like family me..
## ENSG00000187583 9.19031e-01     PLEKHN1       84069 pleckstrin homology ..
## ENSG00000187642 4.03379e-01       PERM1       84808 PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..
## ENSG00000188290 1.30538e-24        HES4       57801 hes family bHLH tran..
## ENSG00000187608 2.37452e-02       ISG15        9636 ISG15 ubiquitin like..
## ENSG00000188157 4.21963e-16        AGRN      375790                  agrin
## ENSG00000237330          NA      RNF223      401934 ring finger protein ..
```

Q6. Finally for this section let's reorder these results by adjusted p-value and save them to a CSV file in your current project directory.

```
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]
write.csv(res, "deseq_results.csv")
```

Section 2. Pathway Analysis

```
library(pathview)
```

```
## ##############################################################################
## Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General
## Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at
## http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to
## formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications
## or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.
##
## The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG
## license agreement (details at http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html).
## ##############################################################################
```

```
library(gage)
```

```
##
```

```
library(gageData)

data(kegg.sets.hs)
data(sigmet.idx.hs)

# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only
kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]

# Examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
```

```
## $`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
## [1] "10"   "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
```

```
##
## $`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
##  [1] "10"     "1066"   "10720"  "10941"  "151531" "1548"   "1549"   "1551"
##  [9] "1553"   "1576"   "1577"   "1806"   "1807"   "1890"   "221223" "2990"
## [17] "3251"   "3614"   "3615"   "3704"   "51733"  "54490"  "54575"  "54576"
## [25] "54577"  "54578"  "54579"  "54600"  "54657"  "54658"  "54659"  "54963"
## [33] "574537" "64816"  "7083"   "7084"   "7172"   "7363"   "7364"   "7365"
## [41] "7366"   "7367"   "7371"   "7372"   "7378"   "7498"   "79799"  "83549"
## [49] "8824"   "8833"   "9"      "978"
##
## $`hsa00230 Purine metabolism`
##   [1] "100"    "10201"  "10606"  "10621"  "10622"  "10623"  "107"    "10714"
##   [9] "108"    "10846"  "109"    "111"    "11128"  "11164"  "112"    "113"
##  [17] "114"    "115"    "122481" "122622" "124583" "132"    "158"    "159"
##  [25] "1633"   "171568" "1716"   "196883" "203"    "204"    "205"    "221823"
##  [33] "2272"   "22978"  "23649"  "246721" "25885"  "2618"   "26289"  "270"
##  [41] "271"    "27115"  "272"    "2766"   "2977"   "2982"   "2983"   "2984"
##  [49] "2986"   "2987"   "29922"  "3000"   "30833"  "30834"  "318"    "3251"
##  [57] "353"    "3614"   "3615"   "3704"   "377841" "471"    "4830"   "4831"
##  [65] "4832"   "4833"   "4860"   "4881"   "4882"   "4907"   "50484"  "50940"
##  [73] "51082"  "51251"  "51292"  "5136"   "5137"   "5138"   "5139"   "5140"
##  [81] "5141"   "5142"   "5143"   "5144"   "5145"   "5146"   "5147"   "5148"
##  [89] "5149"   "5150"   "5151"   "5152"   "5153"   "5158"   "5167"   "5169"
##  [97] "51728"  "5198"   "5236"   "5313"   "5315"   "53343"  "54107"  "5422"
## [105] "5424"   "5425"   "5426"   "5427"   "5430"   "5431"   "5432"   "5433"
## [113] "5434"   "5435"   "5436"   "5437"   "5438"   "5439"   "5440"   "5441"
## [121] "5471"   "548644" "55276"  "5557"   "5558"   "55703"  "55811"  "55821"
## [129] "5631"   "5634"   "56655"  "56953"  "56985"  "57804"  "58497"  "6240"
## [137] "6241"   "64425"  "646625" "654364" "661"    "7498"   "8382"   "84172"
## [145] "84265"  "84284"  "84618"  "8622"   "8654"   "87178"  "8833"   "9060"
## [153] "9061"   "93034"  "953"    "9533"   "954"    "955"    "956"    "957"
## [161] "9583"   "9615"
```

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
##      1266     54855      1465     51232      2034      2317
## -2.422719  3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792
```

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

```
attributes(keggres)
```

```
## $names
## [1] "greater" "less"    "stats"
```

```
# Look at the first few down (less) pathways
head(keggres$less)
```

```
##                                      p.geomean stat.mean        p.val
```

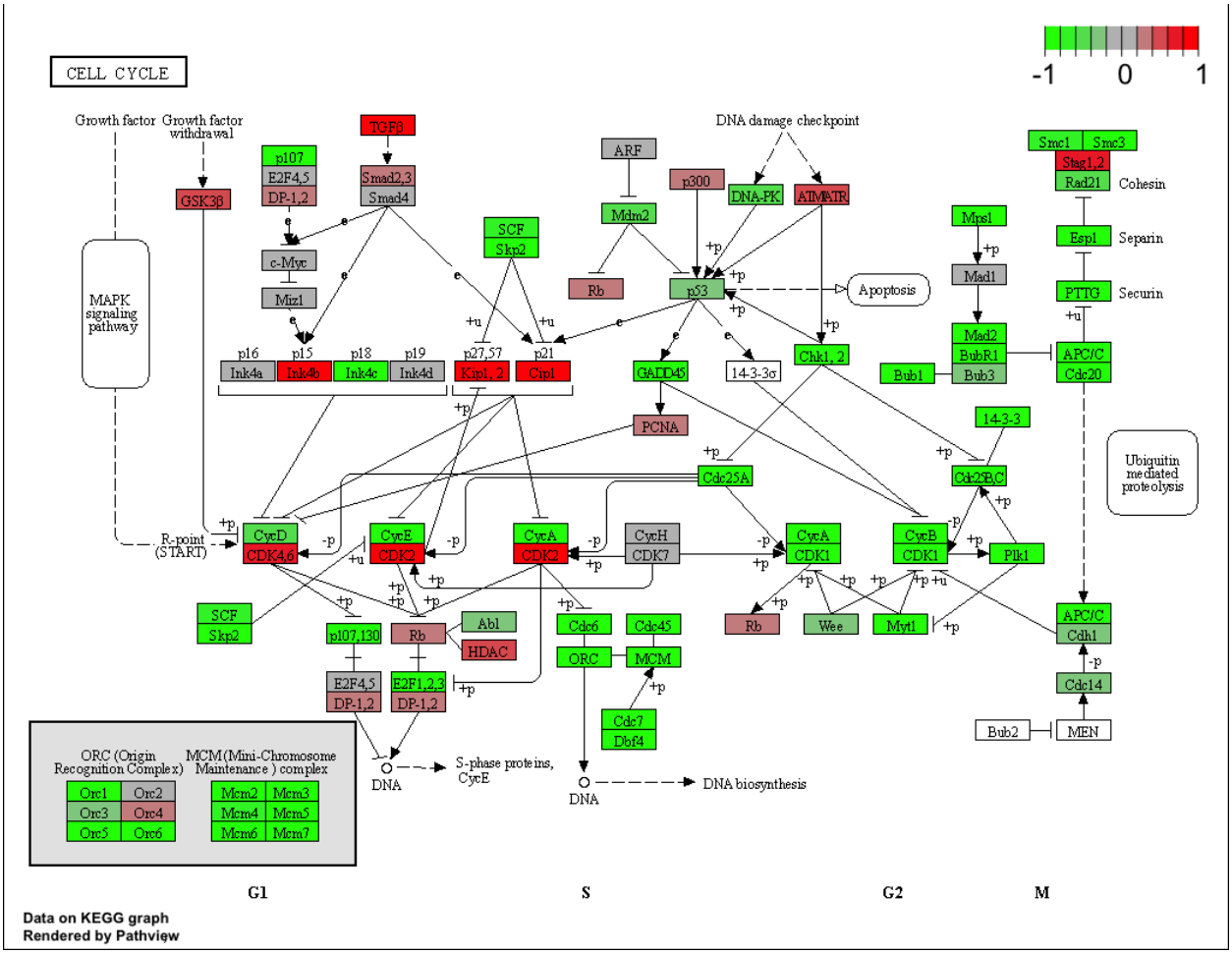
```
## hsa04110 Cell cycle                    8.995727e-06 -4.378644 8.995727e-06
## hsa03030 DNA replication               9.424076e-05 -3.951803 9.424076e-05
## hsa03013 RNA transport                 1.375901e-03 -3.028500 1.375901e-03
## hsa03440 Homologous recombination      3.066756e-03 -2.852899 3.066756e-03
## hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis                3.784520e-03 -2.698128 3.784520e-03
## hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis 8.961413e-03 -2.405398 8.961413e-03
##                                             q.val set.size         exp1
## hsa04110 Cell cycle                    0.001448312      121 8.995727e-06
## hsa03030 DNA replication               0.007586381       36 9.424076e-05
## hsa03013 RNA transport                 0.073840037      144 1.375901e-03
## hsa03440 Homologous recombination      0.121861535       28 3.066756e-03
## hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis                0.121861535      102 3.784520e-03
## hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis 0.212222694       53 8.961413e-03
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16
```

```
## Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png
```



```
# A different PDF based output of the same data
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110", kegg.native=FALSE)
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf
```

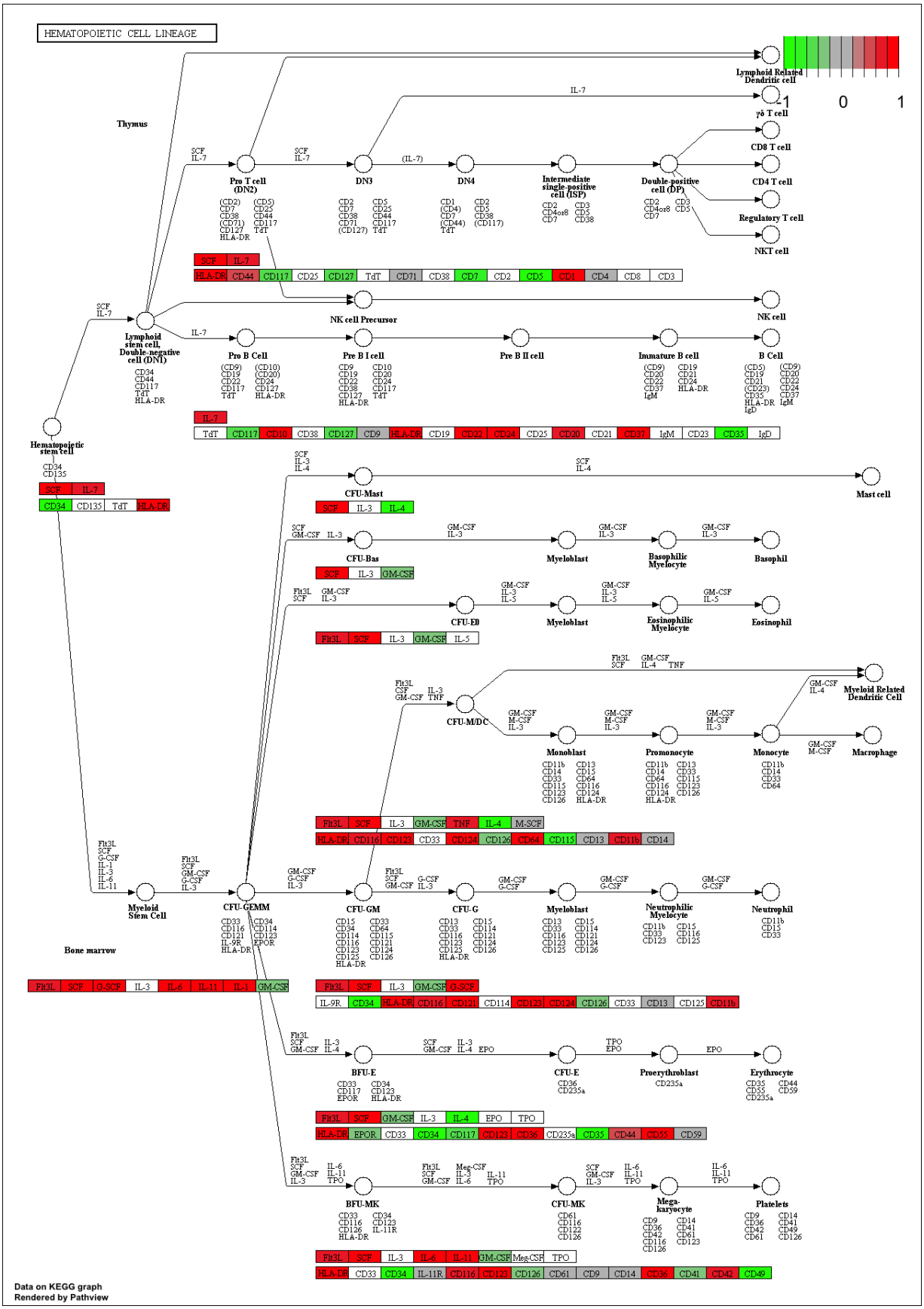
```
## Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways here for demo purposes only
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

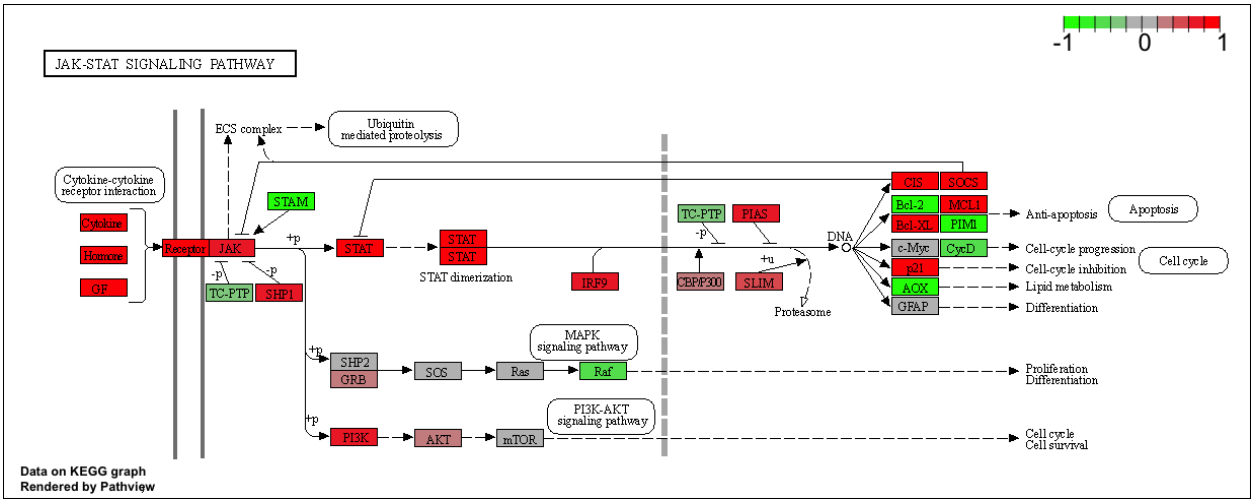
```
## [1] "hsa04640" "hsa04630" "hsa00140" "hsa04142" "hsa04330"
```

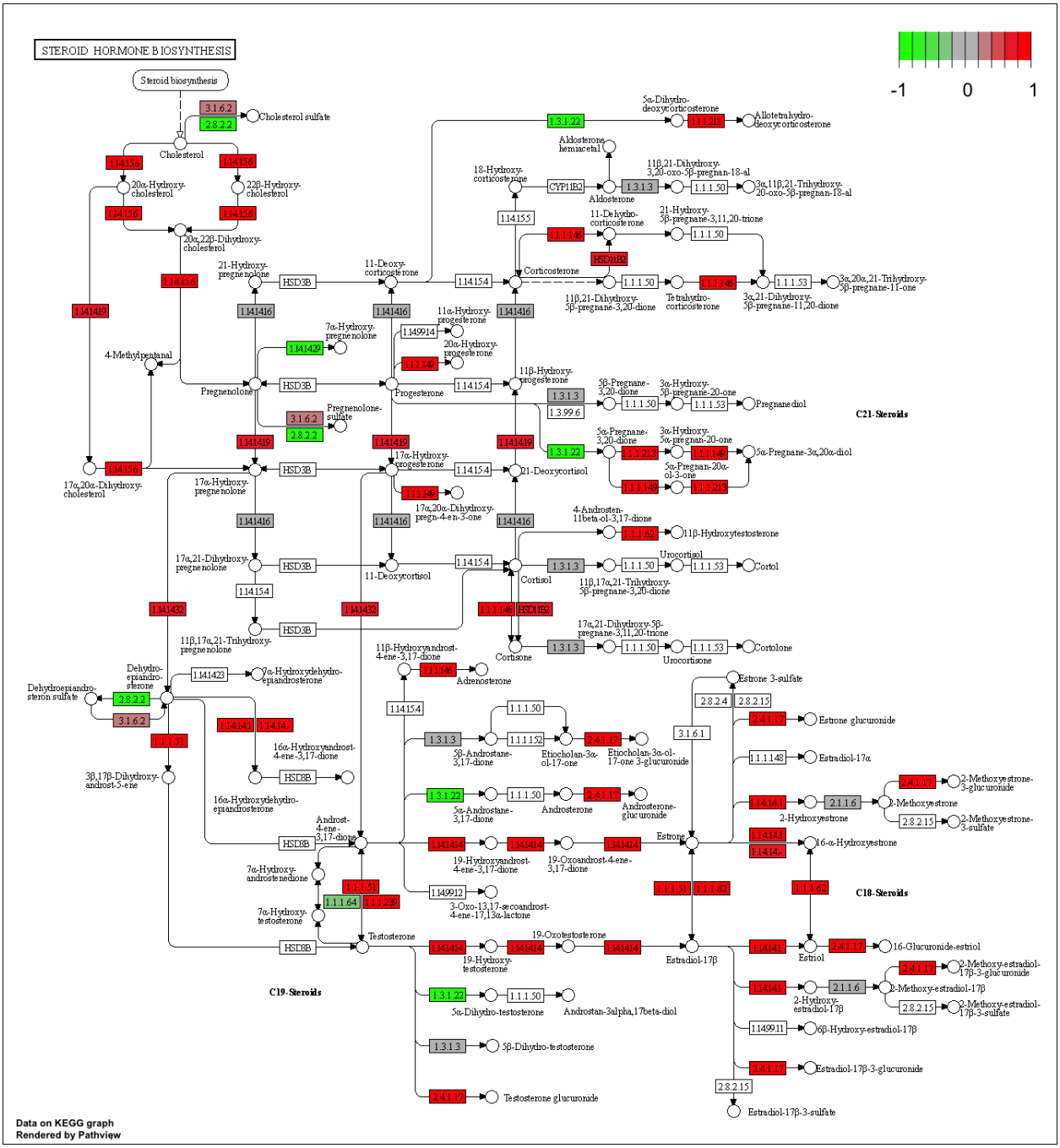
```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

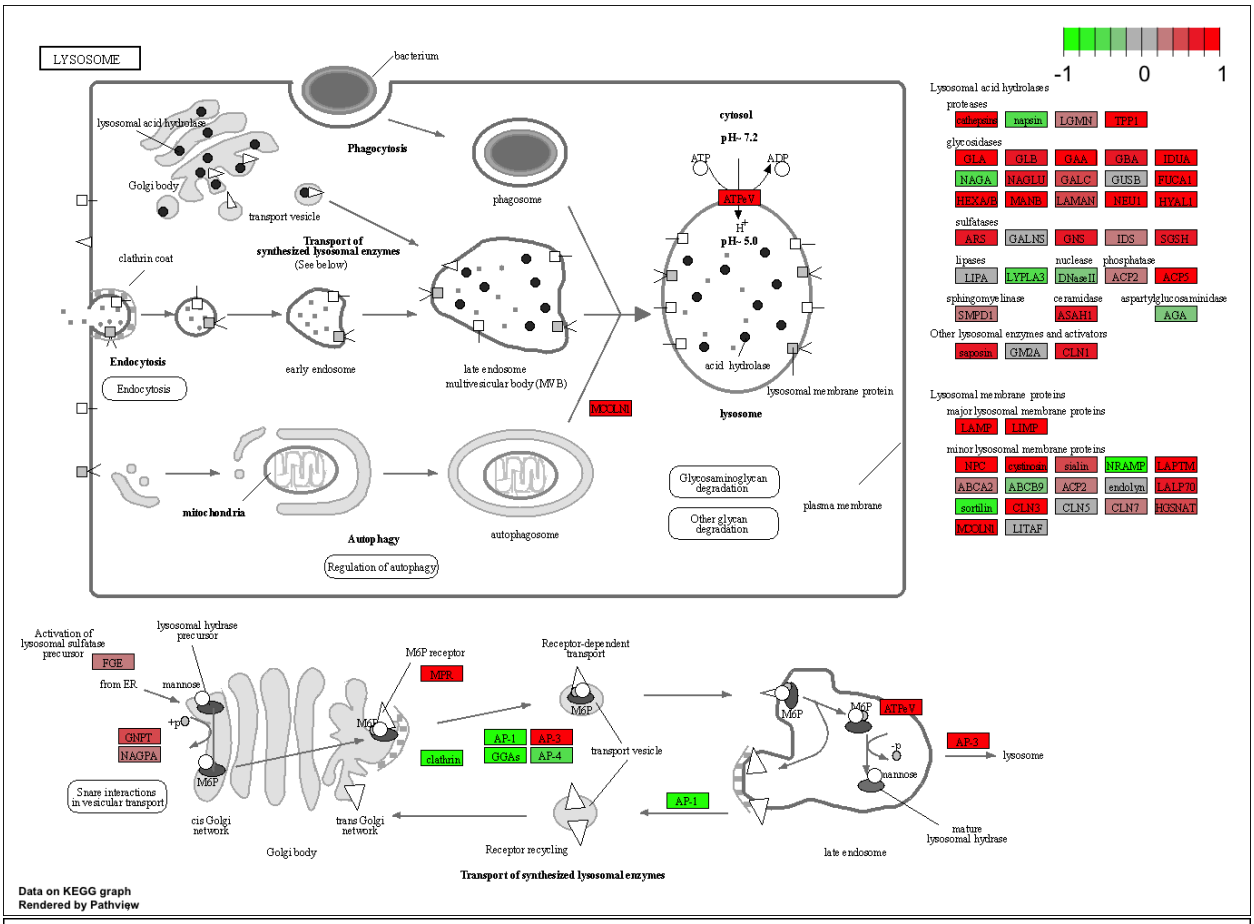
```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04640.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04630.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa00140.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04142.pathview.png

## Info: some node width is different from others, and hence adjusted!

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

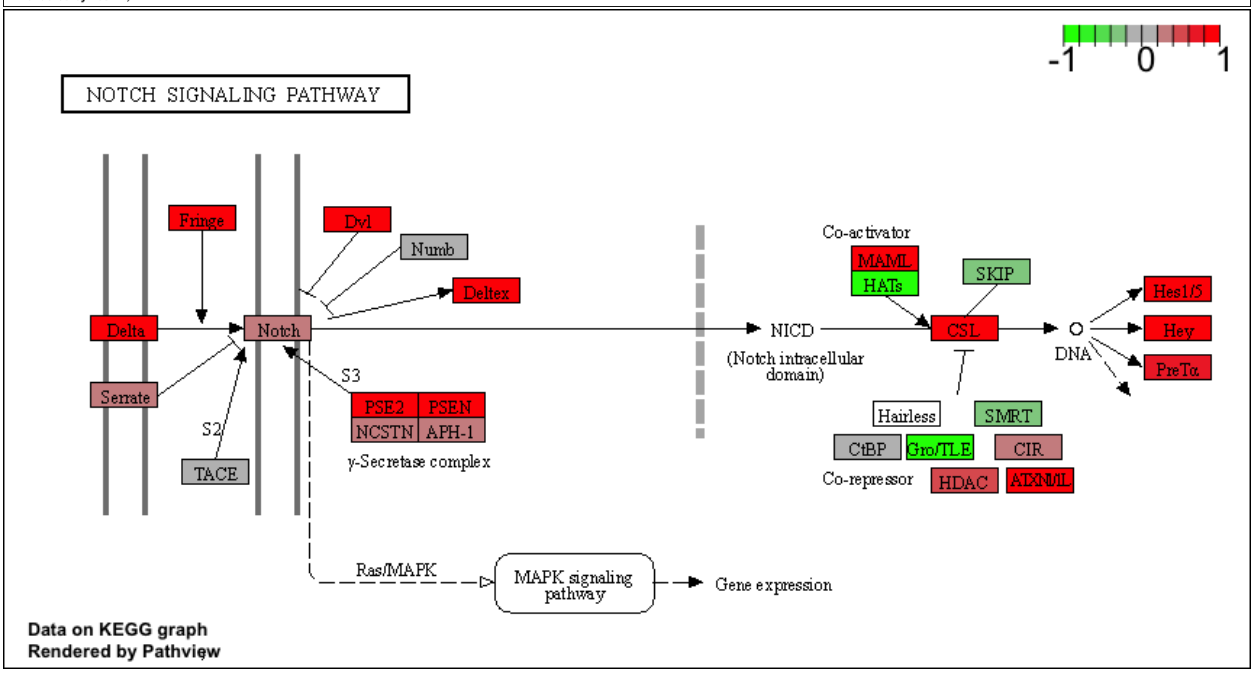
```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04330.pathview.png
```


HEMATOPOIETIC CELL LINEAGE
-1
0
1
Lymphoid Related Dendritic cell
γδ T cell
CD8 T cell
CD4 T cell
Regulatory T cell
NKT cell
NK cell
Thymus
Pro T cell (DN2)
DN3
DN4
Intermediate single-positive cell (ISP)
Double-positive cell (DP)
NK cell Precursor
Lymphoid stem cell, Double-negative cell (DN1)
Pro B Cell
Pre B I cell
Pre B II cell
Immature B cell
B Cell
Hematopoietic stem cell
CFU-Mast
Mast cell
CFU-Bas
Myeloblast
Basophilic Myelocyte
Basophil
CFU-Eo
Eosinophilic Myelocyte
Eosinophil
CFU-M/DC
Monoblast
Promonocyte
Monocyte
Myeloid Related Dendritic Cell
Macrophage
Myeloid Stem Cell
CFU-GEMM
CFU-GM
CFU-G
Neutrophilic Myelocyte
Neutrophil
Bone marrow
BFU-E
CFU-E
Proerythroblast
Erythrocyte
BFU-MK
CFU-MK
Mega-karyocyte
Platelets
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview


-1
0
1
JAK-STAT SIGNALING PATHWAY
ECS complex
Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis
Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
Cytokine
Hormone
GF
Receptor
JAK
STAM
+p
-p
TC-PTP
SHP1
STAT
STAT
STAT
STAT dimerization
IRF9
TC-PTP
PIAS
-p
+u
CBP/P300
SLIM
Proteasome
DNA
CIS
SOCS
Bcl-2
MCL1
Bcl-XL
PIM1
c-Myc
CycD
p21
ACOX
GFAP
Anti-apoptosis
Apoptosis
Cell-cycle progression
Cell-cycle inhibition
Lipid metabolism
Differentiation
Cell cycle
MAPK signaling pathway
SHP2
GRB
SOS
Ras
Raf
Proliferation
Differentiation
PI3K-AKT signaling pathway
PI3K
AKT
mTOR
Cell cycle
Cell survival
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview


STEROID HORMONE BIOSYNTHESIS
-1
0
1
Steroid biosynthesis
Cholesterol
Cholesterol sulfate
20α-Hydroxy-cholesterol
22β-Hydroxy-cholesterol
20α,22β-Dihydroxy-cholesterol
21-Hydroxy-pregnenolone
11-Deoxy-corticosterone
Corticosterone
11β,21-Dihydroxy-5β-pregnane-3,20-dione
Tetrahydro-corticosterone
3α,20α,21-Trihydroxy-5β-pregnane-11-one
3α,21-Dihydroxy-5β-pregnane-11,20-dione
5α-Dihydro-deoxycorticosterone
Allotetrahydro-deoxycorticosterone
Aldosterone hemiacetal
18-Hydroxy-corticosterone
Aldosterone
11β,21-Dihydroxy-3,20-oxo-5β-pregnan-18-al
3α,11β,21-Trihydroxy-20-oxo-5β-pregnan-18-al
11-Dehydro-corticosterone
21-Hydroxy-5β-pregnane-3,11,20-trione
7α-Hydroxy-pregnenolone
11α-Hydroxy-progesterone
20α-Hydroxy-progesterone
4-Methylpentanal
Pregnenolone
Progesterone
11β-Hydroxy-progesterone
5β-Pregnane-3,20-dione
3α-Hydroxy-5β-pregnane-20-one
Pregnanediol
Pregnenolone-sulfate
5α-Pregnane-3,20-dione
3α-Hydroxy-5α-pregnan-20-one
5α-Pregnane-3α,20α-diol
5α-Pregnan-20α-ol-3-one
17α,20α-Dihydroxy-cholesterol
17α-Hydroxy-pregnenolone
17α-Hydroxy-progesterone
21-Deoxycortisol
17α,20α-Dihydroxy-pregn-4-en-3-one
4-Androsten-11beta-ol-3,17-dione
11β-Hydroxytestosterone
17α,21-Dihydroxy-pregnenolone
11-Deoxycortisol
Cortisol
Urocortisol
Cortol
11β,17α,21-Trihydroxy-5β-pregnane-3,20-dione
11β,17α,21-Trihydroxy-pregnenolone
17α,21-Dihydroxy-5β-pregnane-3,11,20-trione
Cortisone
Urocortisone
Cortolone
11β-Hydroxyandrost-4-ene-3,17-dione
Adrenosterone
Dehydroepiandro-sterone sulfate
Dehydro-epiandro-sterone
7α-Hydroxydehydro-epiandrosterone
16α-Hydroxyandrost-4-ene-3,17-dione
3β,17β-Dihydroxy-androst-5-ene
16α-Hydroxydehydro-epiandrosterone
5β-Androstane-3,17-dione
Etiocholan-3α-ol-17-one
Etiocholan-3α-ol-17-one 3-glucuronide
5α-Androstane-3,17-dione
Androsterone
Androsterone-glucuronide
Androst-4-ene-3,17-dione
19-Hydroxyandrost-4-ene-3,17-dione
19-Oxoandrost-4-ene-3,17-dione
Estrone
Estrone 3-sulfate
Estrone glucuronide
Estradiol-17α
2-Methoxyestrone-3-glucuronide
2-Hydroxyestrone
2-Methoxyestrone
2-Methoxyestrone-3-sulfate
16α-Hydroxyestrone
7α-Hydroxy-androstenedione
3-Oxo-13,17-secoandrost-4-ene-17,13α-lactone
7α-Hydroxy-testosterone
Testosterone
19-Oxotestosterone
19-Hydroxy-testosterone
Estradiol-17β
Estriol
16-Glucuronide-estriol
2-Methoxy-estradiol-17β-3-glucuronide
2-Methoxy-estradiol-17β
2-Hydroxy-estradiol-17β
2-Methoxy-estradiol-17β-3-sulfate
6β-Hydroxy-estradiol-17β
Estradiol-17β-3-glucuronide
Estradiol-17β-3-sulfate
5α-Dihydro-testosterone
Androstan-3alpha,17beta-diol
5β-Dihydro-testosterone
Testosterone glucuronide
C21-Steroids
C18-Steroids
C19-Steroids
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview





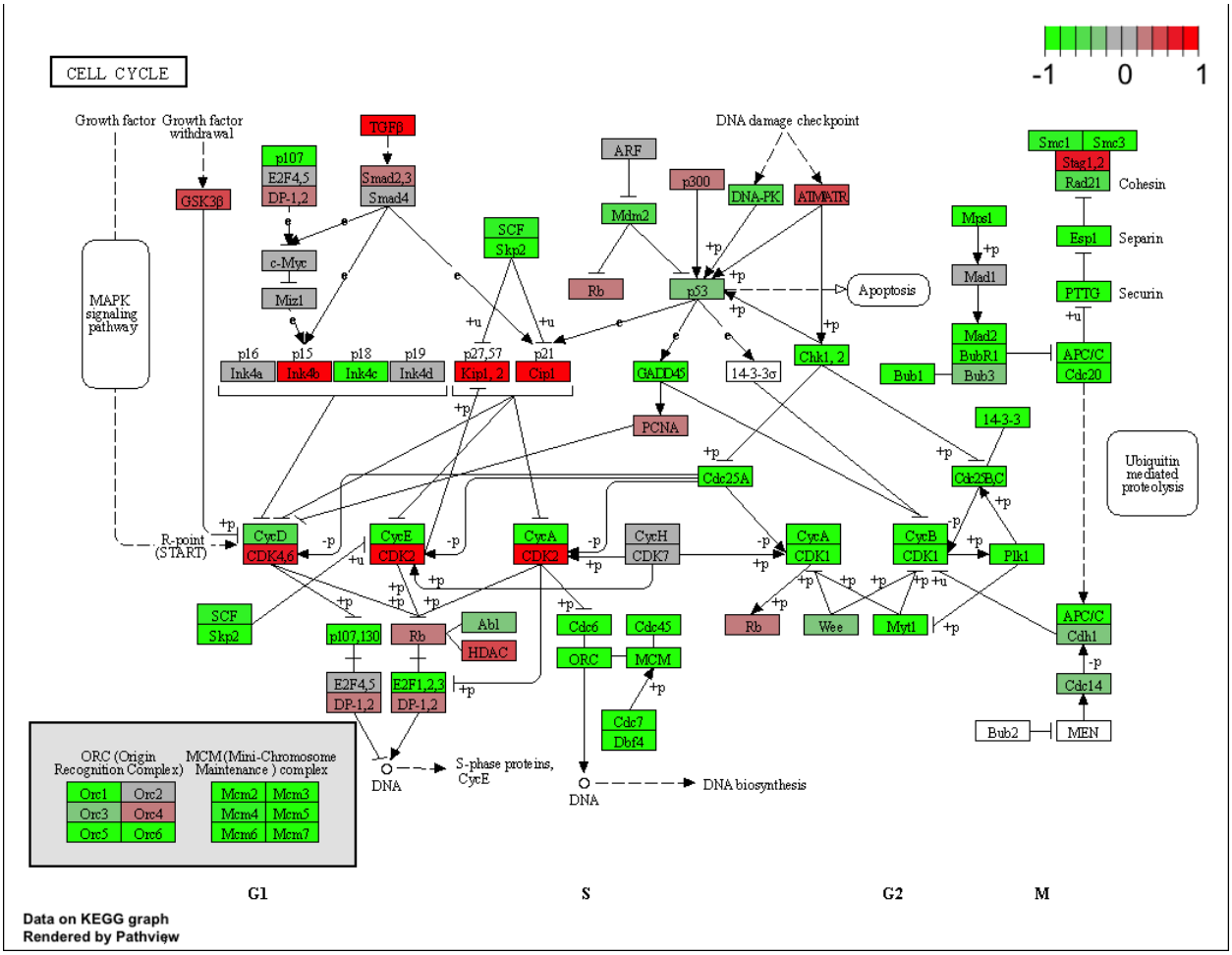
> Q7. Can you do the same procedure as above to plot the pathview figures for the top 5 down-reguled pathways?

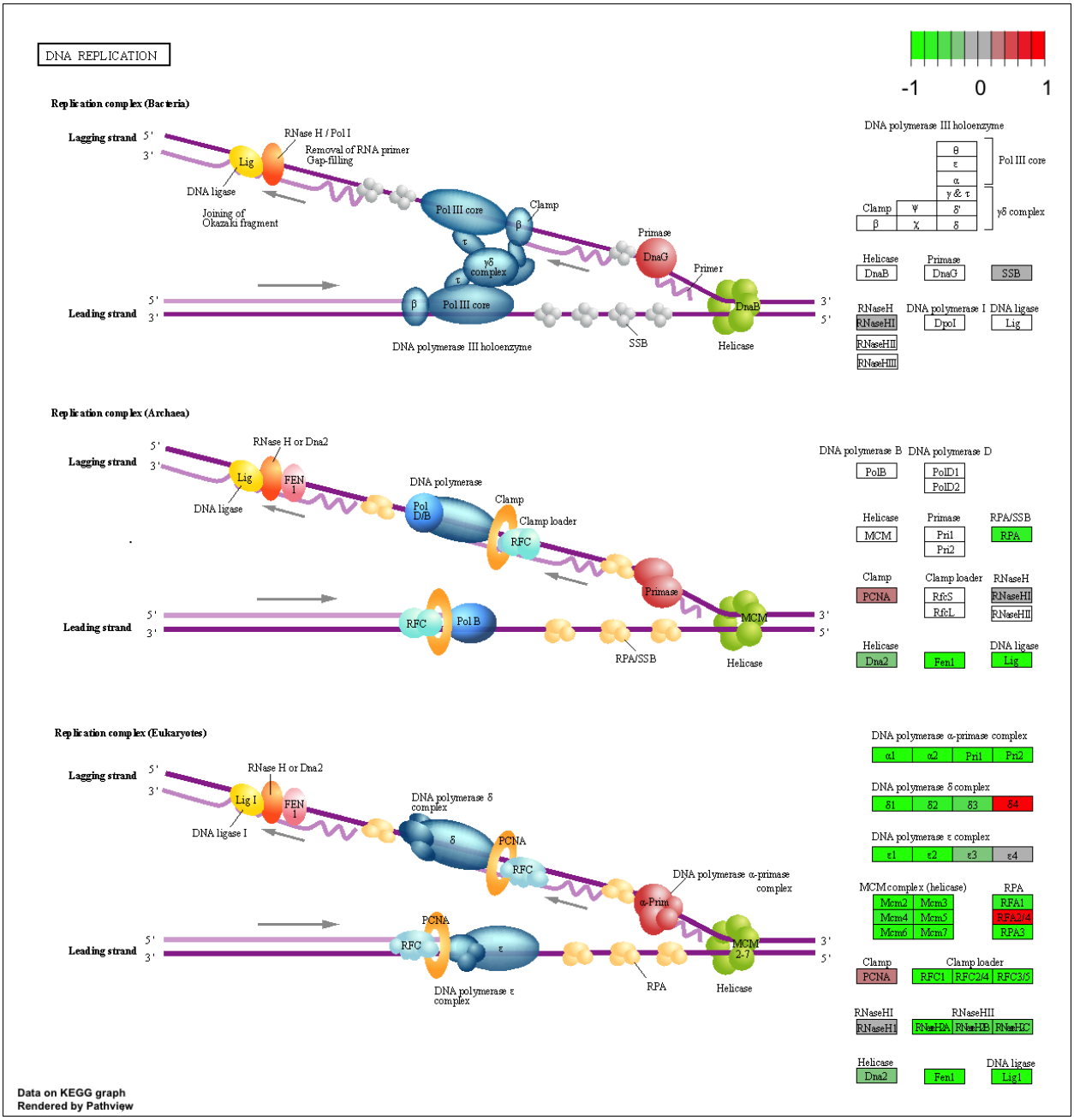
```
## Focus on top 5 downregulated pathways here for demo purposes only
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

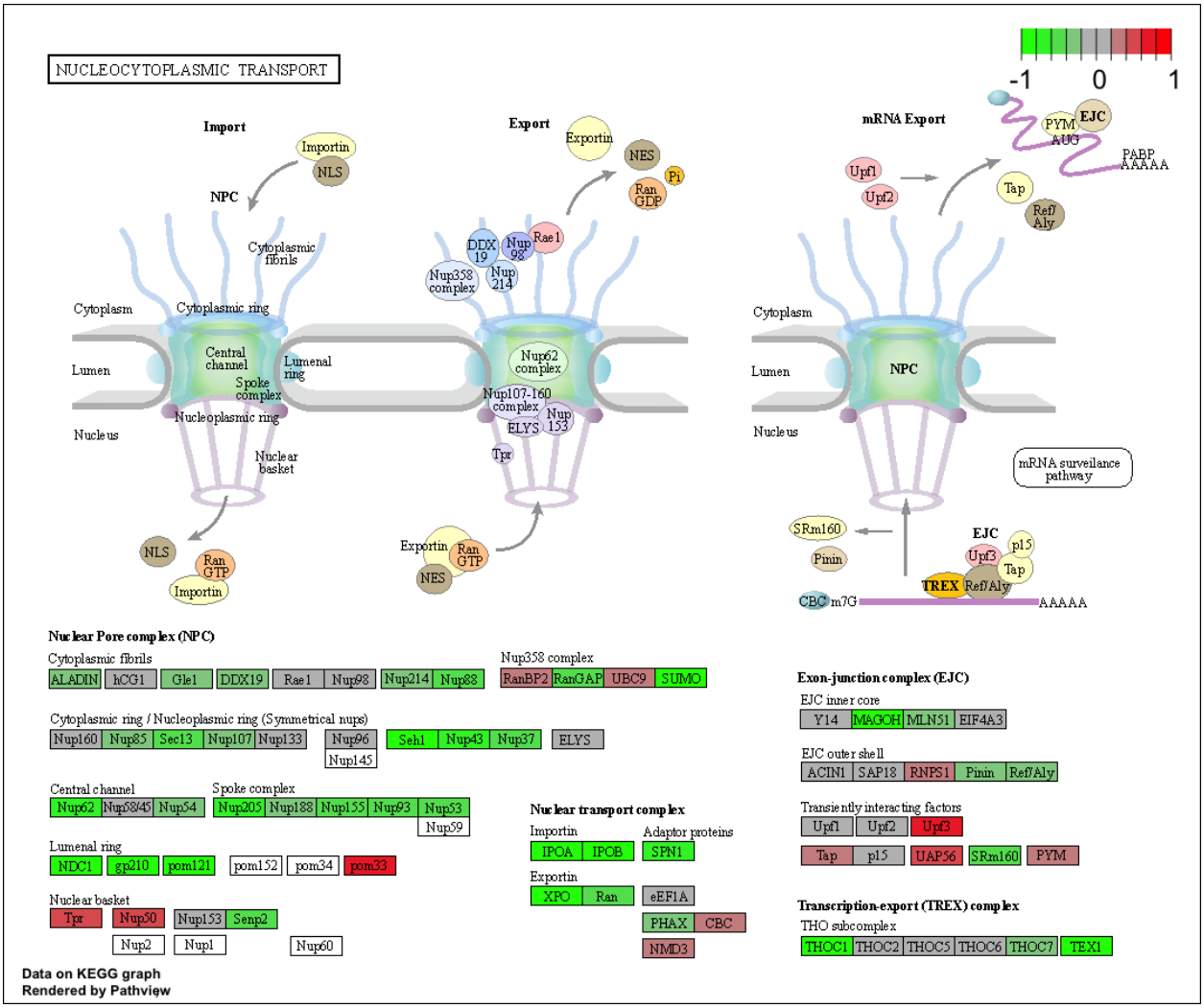
```
## [1] "hsa04110" "hsa03030" "hsa03013" "hsa03440" "hsa04114"
```

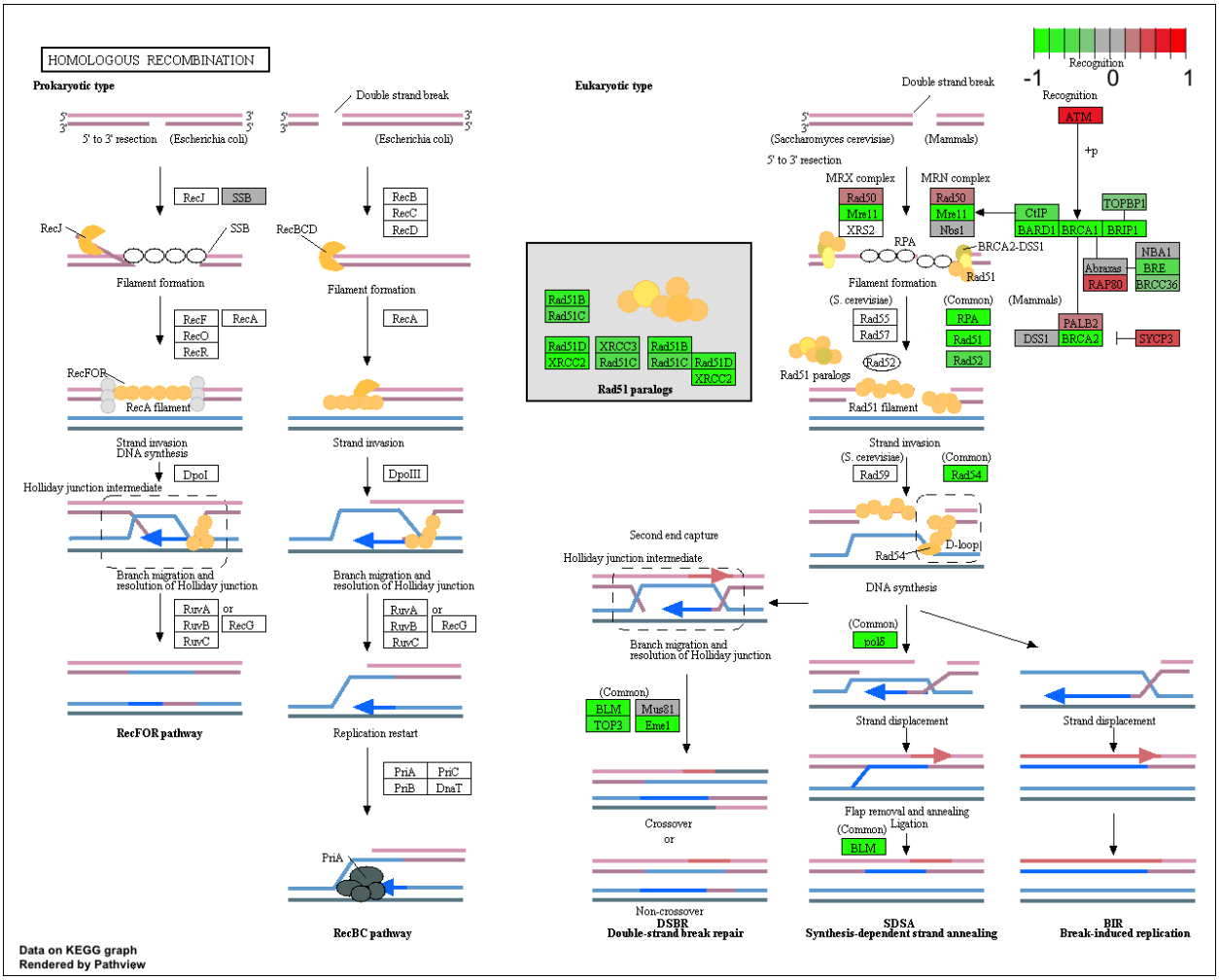
```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

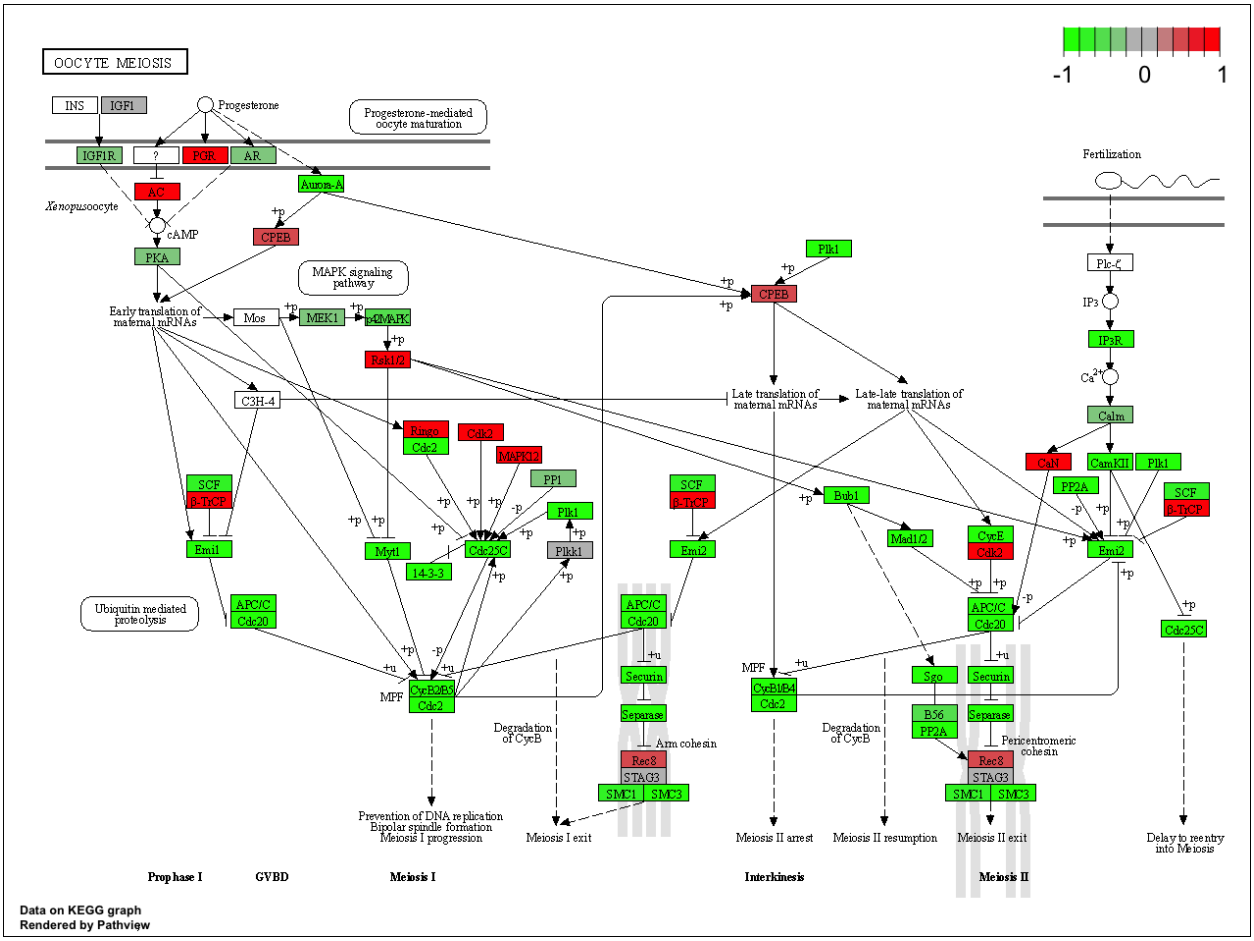
```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/katherinemwong/Desktop/bimm143/bimm143_github/class16

## Info: Writing image file hsa04114.pathview.png
```


CELL CYCLE
-1
0
1
Growth factor
Growth factor withdrawal
TGFβ
DNA damage checkpoint
ARF
p300
DNA-PK
ATM/ATR
Smc1
Smc3
Stag1,2
Rad21
Cohesin
p107
E2F4,5
DP-1,2
Smad2,3
Smad4
GSK3β
Mdm2
Mps1
Esp1
Separin
SCF
Skp2
c-Myc
Miz1
Rb
p53
Apoptosis
Mad1
PTTG
Securin
MAPK signaling pathway
p16
Ink4a
p15
Ink4b
p18
Ink4c
p19
Ink4d
p27,57
Kip1, 2
p21
Cip1
GADD45
14-3-3σ
Chk1, 2
Mad2
BubR1
Bub3
Bub1
APC/C
Cdc20
PCNA
14-3-3
Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis
Cdc25A
Cdc25B/C
R-point
(START)
CycD
CDK4,6
CycE
CDK2
CycA
CDK2
CycH
CDK7
CycA
CDK1
CycB
CDK1
Plk1
SCF
Skp2
p107,130
Rb
Abl
HDAC
Cdc6
Cdc45
ORC
MCM
Rb
Wee
Myt1
APC/C
Cdh1
Cdc14
E2F4,5
DP-1,2
E2F1,2,3
DP-1,2
Cdc7
Dbf4
Bub2
MEN
ORC (Origin Recognition Complex)
Orc1
Orc2
Orc3
Orc4
Orc5
Orc6
MCM (Mini-Chromosome Maintenance) complex
Mcm2
Mcm3
Mcm4
Mcm5
Mcm6
Mcm7
DNA
S-phase proteins, CycE
DNA
DNA biosynthesis
G1
S
G2
M
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview


DNA REPLICATION
-1
0
1
Replication complex (Bacteria)
Lagging strand
Leading strand
RNase H / Pol I
Removal of RNA primer
Gap-filling
Lig
DNA ligase
Joining of
Okazaki fragment
Pol III core
Clamp
β
τ
γδ
complex
Primase
DnaG
Primer
DnaB
SSB
Helicase
DNA polymerase III holoenzyme
DNA polymerase III holoenzyme
θ
ε
α
γ & τ
Pol III core
Clamp
ψ
δ'
γδ complex
β
χ
δ
Helicase
DnaB
Primase
DnaG
SSB
RNaseH
RNaseHII
RNaseHII
RNaseHIII
DNA polymerase I
DpoI
DNA ligase
Lig
Replication complex (Archaea)
RNase H or Dna2
Lig
FEN
1
DNA ligase
DNA polymerase
Pol
D/B
Clamp
Clamp loader
RFC
Primase
MCM
RFC
Pol B
RPA/SSB
Helicase
DNA polymerase B
DNA polymerase D
PolB
PolD1
PolD2
Helicase
MCM
Primase
Pri1
Pri2
RPA/SSB
RPA
Clamp
PCNA
Clamp loader
RfcS
RfcL
RNaseH
RNaseHI
RNaseHII
Helicase
Dna2
Fen1
DNA ligase
Lig
Replication complex (Eukaryotes)
RNase H or Dna2
Lig I
FEN
1
DNA ligase I
DNA polymerase δ
complex
δ
PCNA
RFC
DNA polymerase α-primase
complex
α-Prim
MCM
2-7
RFC
PCNA
ε
DNA polymerase ε
complex
RPA
Helicase
DNA polymerase α-primase complex
α1
α2
Pri1
Pri2
DNA polymerase δ complex
δ1
δ2
δ3
δ4
DNA polymerase ε complex
ε1
ε2
ε3
ε4
MCM complex (helicase)
Mcm2
Mcm3
Mcm4
Mcm5
Mcm6
Mcm7
RPA
RFA1
RFA2/4
RFA3
Clamp
PCNA
Clamp loader
RFC1
RFC2/4
RFC3/5
RNaseHI
RNaseHI
RNaseHII
RNaseHA
RNaseHB
RNaseHC
Helicase
Dna2
Fen1
DNA ligase
Lig1
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview


NUCLEOCYTOPLASMIC TRANSPORT
-1
0
1
Import
Importin
NLS
NPC
Cytoplasmic fibrils
Cytoplasm
Cytoplasmic ring
Central channel
Spoke complex
Lumenal ring
Lumen
Nucleoplasmic ring
Nucleus
Nuclear basket
NLS
Ran GTP
Importin
Export
Exportin
NES
Pi
Ran GDP
DDX 19
Nup 98
Rae1
Nup358 complex
Nup 214
Nup62 complex
Nup107-160 complex
ELYS
Nup 153
Tpr
Exportin
Ran GTP
NES
mRNA Export
EJC
PYM
AUG
PABP
AAAAA
Upf1
Upf2
Tap
Ref/ Aly
Cytoplasm
Lumen
NPC
Nucleus
mRNA surveilance pathway
SRm160
Pinin
EJC
Upf3
p15
Tap
TREX
Ref/Aly
CBC
m7G
AAAAA
Nuclear Pore complex (NPC)
Cytoplasmic fibrils
ALADIN
hCG1
Gle1
DDX19
Rae1
Nup98
Nup214
Nup88
Nup358 complex
RanBP2
RanGAP
UBC9
SUMO
Cytoplasmic ring / Nucleoplasmic ring (Symmetrical nups)
Nup160
Nup85
Sec13
Nup107
Nup133
Nup96
Nup145
Seh1
Nup43
Nup37
ELYS
Central channel
Nup62
Nup58/45
Nup54
Spoke complex
Nup205
Nup188
Nup155
Nup93
Nup53
Nup59
Lumenal ring
NDC1
gp210
pom121
pom152
pom34
pom33
Nuclear basket
Tpr
Nup50
Nup153
Senp2
Nup2
Nup1
Nup60
Nuclear transport complex
Importin
Adaptor proteins
IPOA
IPOB
SPN1
Exportin
XPO
Ran
eEF1A
PHAX
CBC
NMD3
Exon-junction complex (EJC)
EJC inner core
Y14
MAGOH
MLN51
EIF4A3
EJC outer shell
ACIN1
SAP18
RNPS1
Pinin
Ref/Aly
Transiently interacting factors
Upf1
Upf2
Upf3
Tap
p15
UAP56
SRm160
PYM
Transcription-export (TREX) complex
THO subcomplex
THOC1
THOC2
THOC5
THOC6
THOC7
TEX1
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview


HOMOLOGOUS RECOMBINATION
Prokaryotic type
5' to 3' resection
(Escherichia coli)
Double strand break
(Escherichia coli)
RecJ
SSB
RecJ
SSB
Filament formation
RecF
RecO
RecR
RecA
RecFOR
RecA filament
Strand invasion
DNA synthesis
DpoI
Holliday junction intermediate
Branch migration and
resolution of Holliday junction
RuvA
RuvB
RuvC
or
RecG
RecFOR pathway
RecB
RecC
RecD
RecBCD
Filament formation
RecA
Strand invasion
DpoIII
Branch migration and
resolution of Holliday junction
RuvA
RuvB
RuvC
or
RecG
Replication restart
PriA
PriB
PriC
DnaT
PriA
RecBC pathway
Eukaryotic type
Double strand break
(Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
(Mammals)
5' to 3' resection
Recognition
-1
0
1
Recognition
ATM
+p
MRX complex
MRN complex
Rad50
Mre11
XRS2
Rad50
Mre11
Nbs1
CtIP
BARD1
BRCA1
BRIP1
TOPBP1
RPA
BRCA2-DSS1
Rad51
Filament formation
NBA1
BRE
BRCC36
Abraxas
RAP80
(S. cerevisiae)
(Common)
(Mammals)
Rad55
Rad57
RPA
Rad51
Rad52
PALB2
BRCA2
DSS1
SYCP3
Rad51 paralogs
Rad51 filament
Rad51B
Rad51C
Rad51D
XRCC2
XRCC3
Rad51B
Rad51C
Rad51D
XRCC2
Rad51 paralogs
Strand invasion
(S. cerevisiae)
(Common)
Rad59
Rad54
D-loop
Rad54
DNA synthesis
Second end capture
Holliday junction intermediate
Branch migration and
resolution of Holliday junction
(Common)
pol δ
Strand displacement
Strand displacement
(Common)
BLM
Mus81
TOP3
Eme1
Crossover
or
Non-crossover
Flap removal and annealing
(Common)
Ligation
BLM
DSBR
Double-strand break repair
SDSA
Synthesis-dependent strand annealing
BIR
Break-induced replication
Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview



#Section 3 Gene Ontology (GO)

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

lapply(gobpres, head)
```

```
## $greater
##                                             p.geomean stat.mean        p.val
## GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion       8.519724e-05  3.824205 8.519724e-05
## GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium 1.396681e-04  3.653886 1.396681e-04
## GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis           1.432451e-04  3.643242 1.432451e-04
## GO:0007610 behavior                       2.195494e-04  3.530241 2.195494e-04
## GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis  5.932837e-04  3.261376 5.932837e-04
## GO:0035295 tube development               5.953254e-04  3.253665 5.953254e-04
##                                                q.val set.size         exp1
## GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion       0.1951953      113 8.519724e-05
## GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium 0.1951953      339 1.396681e-04
## GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis           0.1951953      424 1.432451e-04
```

```
## GO:0007610 behavior                          0.2243795      427 2.195494e-04
## GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis  0.3711390      257 5.932837e-04
## GO:0035295 tube development                0.3711390      391 5.953254e-04
##
## $less
##                                              p.geomean stat.mean        p.val
## GO:0048285 organelle fission             1.536227e-15 -8.063910 1.536227e-15
## GO:0000280 nuclear division              4.286961e-15 -7.939217 4.286961e-15
## GO:0007067 mitosis                       4.286961e-15 -7.939217 4.286961e-15
## GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle 1.169934e-14 -7.797496 1.169934e-14
## GO:0007059 chromosome segregation        2.028624e-11 -6.878340 2.028624e-11
## GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase          1.729553e-10 -6.695966 1.729553e-10
##                                                 q.val set.size         exp1
## GO:0048285 organelle fission             5.841698e-12      376 1.536227e-15
## GO:0000280 nuclear division              5.841698e-12      352 4.286961e-15
## GO:0007067 mitosis                       5.841698e-12      352 4.286961e-15
## GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle 1.195672e-11      362 1.169934e-14
## GO:0007059 chromosome segregation        1.658603e-08      142 2.028624e-11
## GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase          1.178402e-07       84 1.729553e-10
##
## $stats
##                                           stat.mean     exp1
## GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion        3.824205 3.824205
## GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium  3.653886 3.653886
## GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis            3.643242 3.643242
## GO:0007610 behavior                        3.530241 3.530241
## GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis   3.261376 3.261376
## GO:0035295 tube development                3.253665 3.253665
```

Section 4. Reactome Analysis

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```

```
## [1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE)
```

> Q8: What pathway has the most significant "Entities p-value"? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two methods?

Endosomal/Vacuolar Pathway has the most significant "Entities p-value". The significant pathways listed do not match my previous KEGG results.The differences could be caused by how KEGG uses gene annotations from ENTREZ IDs, and Reactome Analysis looks for significant genes based on p-value.

Section 5 GO online (Optional)

> Q9: What pathway has the most significant "Entities p-value"? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two

methods?

platelet-derived growth factor receptor signaling pathway. Not similar to KEGG results. Not sure what could cause the difference.