1/13/2020 jupyterlabintro

Jupyter Lab Intro

1/8/20

PH211

Katherine Skovborg

Lab Partners: Walker Davis, Casey Heiskell

When dealing with areas of study that require collecting and plotting data, calculating large numbers, and performing complex mathematical operations, it can be extremely tedious and time consuming. The purpose of this lab is to learn how to use tools and technology that make these tasks more efficient and improve accuracy. Learning to use different programming languages serves as a great tool that will play a key role in the advancement of science and engineering.

The Pythagorean Theorem represents the relationship between each of the three sides of a right triangle. Here's the formula:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

it can also be written as:

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

The Quadratic Formula provides the solutions to a quadratic equation. Here's the formula:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

1/13/2020 jupyterlabintro

```
In [24]: print("Some basic math operations:")
    print()
    print("((7 x 6)/5 x (12 x 30))/2 =")
    print((((7*6)/5)*(12*30))/2)
    print()
    print("(5^2 + 2^8)/2^2 =")
    print((5**2+2**8)/2**2)
    print()
    print("The square root of 152680 =")
    import math
    print(math.sqrt(152680))
```

Some basic math operations:

```
((7 \times 6)/5 \times (12 \times 30))/2 = 1512.0

(5^2 + 2^8)/2^2 = 70.25

The square root of 152680 = 390.74288221284337
```

1/13/2020 jupyterlabintro

```
In [44]: print("Finding side lengths of a right triangle using the Pythagorean Th
         eorem:")
         print()
         import math
         print("Side a = 35")
         print("Side b = 7329")
         a = 35
         b = 7329
         hypotenuse = str(math.sqrt(a**2 + b**2))
         print("The hypotenuse = " + hypotenuse)
         print()
         print("Side b = 36")
         print("Hypotenuse = 52")
         b = 36
         c = 52
         a = str(math.sqrt(c**2 - b**2))
         print("Side a = "+ a)
         print()
         print("Side a = 6472")
         print("Hypotenuse = 734502")
         a = 6472
         c = 734502
         b = str(math.sqrt(c**2 - a**2))
         print("Side b = "+ b)
```

Finding side lengths of a right triangle using the Pythagorean Theorem:

```
Side a = 35

Side b = 7329

The hypotenuse = 7329.0835716343145

Side b = 36

Hypotenuse = 52

Side a = 37.52332607858744

Side a = 6472

Hypotenuse = 734502

Side b = 734473.4857161285
```