

Pregunta	Query	Resultado	Notas
¿Qué país tiene más ciudades?	<pre>SELECT country, COUNT(city) AS number_of_cities FROM country AS c1 INNER JOIN city AS c2 ON c1.country_id = c2.country_id GROUP BY country ORDER BY COUNT(city) DESC LIMIT 1;</pre>	<pre>Country number_of_cities India 60</pre>	Here, I verified that no city or country is duplicated.
¿Cuántos actores se llaman TOM?	<pre>SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT actor_id) AS number_of_actors FROM actor WHERE first_name LIKE 'TOM';</pre>	<pre>number_of_actors 2</pre>	Here, I used wildcards to check for actors whose first_name could contain TOM.
¿Qué actor ha actuado en más películas?	<pre>--Here, I wrote two options --option 1 SELECT ac.actor_id, first_name, last_name, COUNT(DISTINCT film_id) FROM actor AS ac INNER JOIN film_actor AS fa ON ac.actor_id = fa.actor_id GROUP BY ac.actor_id, first_name, last_name ORDER BY COUNT(DISTINCT film_id) DESC LIMIT 1; --option 2 SELECT first_name, last_name, (SELECT COUNT(film_id) FROM film_actor WHERE actor.actor_id = film_actor.actor_id) AS many_films FROM actor ORDER BY many_films DESC LIMIT 1;</pre>	<pre>first_name last_name many_films GINA DEGENERES 42</pre>	<p>1. First we verify unique actors_id in both tables --SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT film_actor.actor_id) --FROM film_actor --INNER JOIN actor --ON film_actor.actor_id=actor.actor_id; --and other queries</p> <p>2. I am suppose actor_id corresponds to a just one actor even when the actor name duplicates</p>

¿En qué año se estrenaron más películas?	SELECT release_year, COUNT(*) AS number_of_films FROM film GROUP BY release_year;	release_year number_of_films 2006 1000	-- because the query just returned one value of release_year, I checked out the release_years of the table and the total amount of records such as: --SELECT COUNT(*) release_year --FROM film;
¿Cuál es el promedio de la duración de las películas PG-13?	SELECT ROUND(AVG(length),2) AS avg_duration FROM film WHERE rating = 'PG-13';	avg_duration 120.44	--To verify this value I computed the total of records under the given condition and the sum to the film's length to compute the average --SELECT COUNT(*), SUM(length), AVG(length) --FROM film --WHERE rating = 'PG-13';