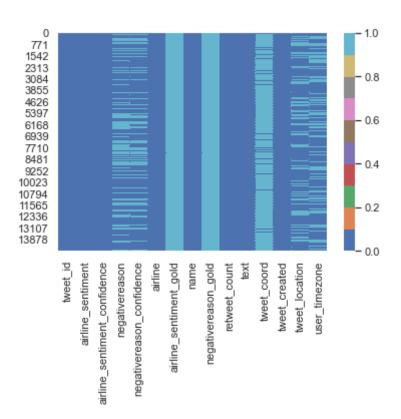
```
In [340...
    import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import seaborn as sns
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    %matplotlib inline
    import warnings
    warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
    from wordcloud import WordCloud

In [321...
    df =pd.read_csv('/Users/katierodeghiero/Downloads/Tweets.csv')
    df.head()
    df.shape
Out[321... (14640, 15)
```

# 1. Data Exploration

```
cols = df.columns[:15] # first 30 columns
colours = ['#000099', '#fffff00'] # specify the colours - yellow is missing. blue is not missing.
sns.heatmap(df[cols].isnull(), cmap=sns.color_palette())
Out[322... <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
for col in df.columns:
    pct_missing = np.mean(df[col].isnull())
    print('{} - {}%'.format(col, round(pct_missing*100)))

# https://towardsdatascience.com/data-cleaning-in-python-the-ultimate-guide-2020-c63b88bf0a0d
```

```
tweet_id - 0%
airline_sentiment - 0%
airline_sentiment_confidence - 0%
negativereason - 37%
negativereason_confidence - 28%
airline - 0%
airline_sentiment_gold - 100%
name - 0%
negativereason_gold - 100%
retweet_count - 0%
text - 0%
tweet_coord - 93%
tweet_created - 0%
tweet_location - 32%
user_timezone - 33%
```

- airline\_sentiment\_gold is all null (100%)
- negativereason\_gold is all null (100%)
- tweet\_coord is basically useless (93%)

```
In [324...
          df.dtypes
Out[324... tweet_id
                                              int64
                                             object
          airline sentiment
          airline sentiment confidence
                                            float64
          negativereason
                                             object
          negativereason confidence
                                            float64
          airline
                                             object
          airline_sentiment_gold
                                             object
                                             object
          name
                                             object
          negativereason_gold
                                              int64
          retweet count
                                             object
          text
                                             object
          tweet coord
          tweet created
                                             object
          tweet location
                                             object
          user_timezone
                                             object
          dtype: object
```

### 2. Edit Data

#### Factor airline and sentiment

• didn't need to do this but thought I would use in

```
In [326...
```

```
# factor airline sentiment and airline
def factor_sent(airline_sentiment):
    x = 2
    if airline_sentiment == 'positive':
        x = 1
    elif airline_sentiment == 'neutral':
        x = 0
    else:
        x = -1
    return x

new_list = []
for index, row in df.iterrows():
    y = factor_sent(row["airline_sentiment"])
    new_list.append(y)

df['sent_cat'] = new_list
```

```
In [327...
          df['airline'].unique()
          def factor_airline(airline):
              x = -1
              if airline == 'Virgin America':
                  x = 6
              elif airline == 'United':
                  x = 5
              elif airline == 'Southwest':
              elif airline == 'Delta':
                  x = 3
              elif airline == 'US Airways':
                  x = 2
              elif airline == 'American':
                  x = 1
              return x
          new list = []
          for index, row in df.iterrows():
              y = factor_airline(row["airline"])
              new list.append(y)
          df['airline cat'] = new list
```

## 3. Data Visualizations

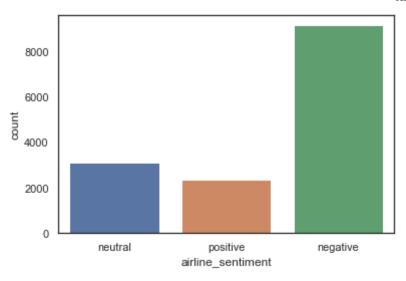
```
In [330...
# Word Cloud of the Negative Reasons

df_hold = df[df.negativereason != "Can't Tell"]
hold = df_hold['negativereason'].value_counts().to_dict()
wordcloud = WordCloud().generate_from_frequencies(hold)

def blue_color_func(word, font_size, position,orientation,random_state=None, **kwargs):
    return ("hsl(212, 29%, 59%)")
wordcloud = WordCloud(background_color="white", width=350, height=250, max_words=500).generate_from_frequencies
wordcloud.recolor(color_func = blue_color_func)
plt.figure(figsize=[15,10])
plt.axis("off")
plt.show()
```



Out[331... <AxesSubplot:xlabel='airline\_sentiment', ylabel='count'>



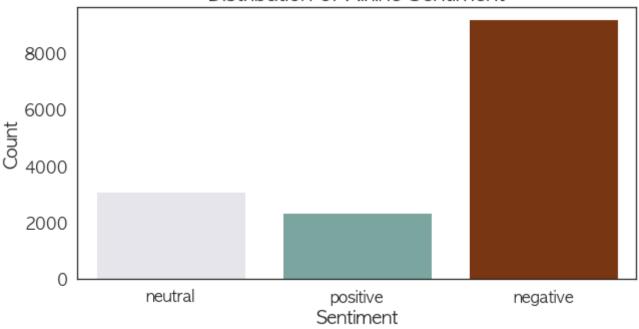
```
In [332... # nice visualization of of distribution of tweet sentiment

colors = ['#e4e4ec', '#74aca4', '#893101']

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,5))
sns.set_style('white')
ax=sns.countplot(x="airline_sentiment", data=df, palette=colors)

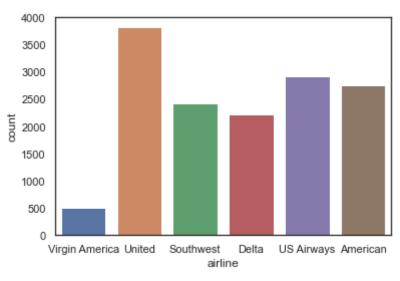
plt.title('Distribution of Airline Sentiment', fontsize=21, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.xlabel('Sentiment', fontsize = 18, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.xticks(fontsize=16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=18, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.yticks(fontsize=16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
ax.grid(False)
plt.show()
```

### Distribution of Airline Sentiment



```
In [333... # number of tweets per airline (didn't use)
sns.countplot(x="airline", data=df)
```

Out[333... <AxesSubplot:xlabel='airline', ylabel='count'>



```
In [334...
          # Was going to use this for a map visualization
          df['tweet_location'].value_counts().index.tolist()[:15]
Out[334... ['Boston, MA',
           'New York, NY',
           'Washington, DC',
           'New York',
           'USA',
           'Chicago',
           'Los Angeles, CA',
           'New York City',
           'NYC',
           'San Francisco, CA',
           'San Francisco',
           'Chicago, IL',
           'Brooklyn, NY',
           'Austin, TX',
           'Los Angeles']
In [335...
          # pie chart data
          df['airline'].value counts()
Out[335... United
                             3822
```

2913

2759

US Airways

American

Southwest 2420
Delta 2222
Virgin America 504
Name: airline, dtype: int64

In [336...

```
# pie chart of number of tweets per airline

y = np.array([3822, 2913, 2759, 2420, 2222, 504])

mylabels = ["United", "US Airways", "American", "Southwest", "Delta", "Virgin America "]

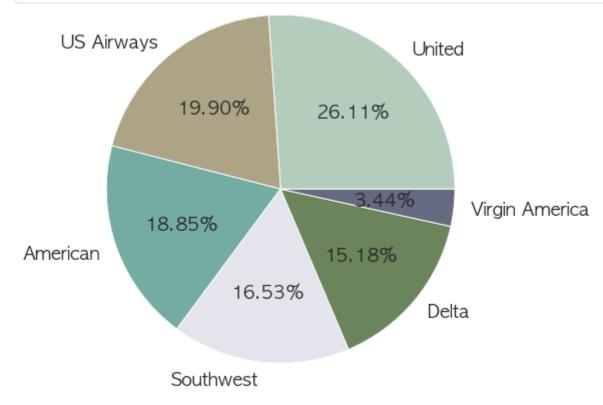
mycolors = ["#b4ccbc", "#aca484", "#74aca4", "#e4e4ec", "#6c845c", "#656a80"]

#textprops = {'fontname':'Gill Sans'}

textprops = {'fontname':'AppleGothic', 'fontsize':18}

plt.pie(y, labels = mylabels, colors = mycolors, autopct = "%0.2f%%", textprops = textprops, radius=2)

#plt.title("Percent of Tweets Recieved By Airline", fontsize=14);
plt.show()
```



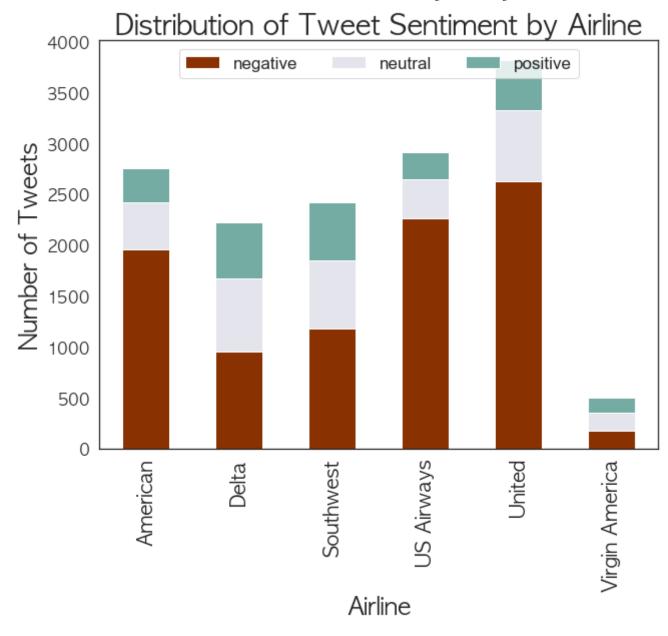
In [339... #Distribution of Twee

#Distribution of Tweet Sentiment by Airline

```
Out[339... (array([ 0., 500., 1000., 1500., 2000., 2500., 3000., 3500., 4000., 4500.]),

[Text(0, 0, ''),

Text(0, 0, '')]
```



```
In [343... # all airline negative reason counts

df['negativereason'].value_counts()
```

Out[343... Customer Service Issue

2910

```
Late Flight
                                         1665
         Can't Tell
                                         1190
         Cancelled Flight
                                          847
         Lost Luggage
                                          724
                                          580
          Bad Flight
         Flight Booking Problems
                                          529
         Flight Attendant Complaints
                                          481
          longlines
                                          178
                                           74
          Damaged Luggage
         Name: negativereason, dtype: int64
In [344...
          # negatie reason counts per airline
          d = df.loc[df['airline'] == 'Delta']
          d['negativereason'].value counts()
          s = df.loc[df['airline'] == 'Southwest']
          s['negativereason'].value counts()
          us = df.loc[df['airline'] == 'US Airways']
          us['negativereason'].value counts()
          u = df.loc[df['airline'] == 'United']
          u['negativereason'].value counts()
          va = df.loc[df['airline'] == 'Virgin America']
          va['negativereason'].value counts()
          a = df.loc[df['airline'] == 'American']
          a['negativereason'].value counts()
          u['negativereason'].value counts()
Out[344... Customer Service Issue
                                         681
         Late Flight
                                         525
         Can't Tell
                                         379
         Lost Luggage
                                         269
          Bad Flight
                                         216
         Cancelled Flight
                                         181
```

```
In [345...
```

Damaged Luggage

longlines

Flight Attendant Complaints

Name: negativereason, dtype: int64

Flight Booking Problems

168

144

48

22

```
# only the top five reasons to graph
hold = (df["negativereason"] == "Customer Service Issue") | (df["negativereason"] == "Late Flight") | (df["negativereason"] == "Late Flight") | (df["negativereason"] dataF.head()
```

Out[345		tweet_id	airline_sentiment	airline_sentiment_confidence	negativereason	negativereason_confidence	airline	
	3	570301031407624196	negative	1.0000	Bad Flight	0.7033	Virgin America	
	15	570282469121007616	negative	0.6842	Late Flight	0.3684	Virgin America	smartw
	17	570276917301137409	negative	1.0000	Bad Flight	1.0000	Virgin America	heat
	24	570256553502068736	negative	1.0000	Customer Service Issue	0.3557	Virgin America	a <sub>)</sub>
	25	570249102404923392	negative	1.0000	Customer Service Issue	1.0000	Virgin America	

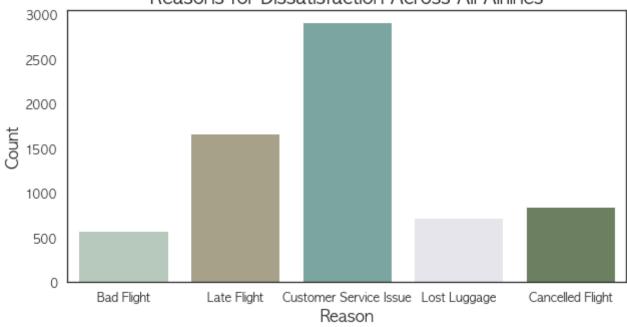
```
In [346... # reason for dissatisfaction across all airlines

colors = ["#b4ccbc", "#aca484", "#74aca4", "#e4e4ec", "#6c845c", "#656a80"]

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,5))
    sns.set_style('white')
    ax=sns.countplot(x="negativereason", data=dataF, palette=colors) # make pretty y='total_litres_of_pure_alcohol'

plt.title('Reasons for Dissatisfaction Across All Airlines', fontsize=19, fontname= "AppleGothic")
    plt.xlabel('Reason', fontsize = 16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
    plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
    plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
```



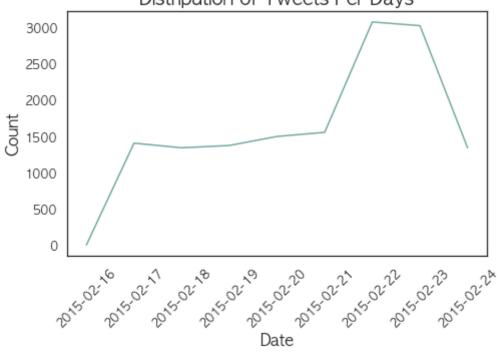


```
In [347... # Distribution of tweets per day

plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (7.5,4.5)
plt.plot(df_temp['Dates'], df_temp['Counts'], color='#74aca4')

plt.title('Distripution of Tweets Per Days', fontsize=19, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize = 16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.xticks(fontsize=12, fontname= "AppleGothic", rotation = 45)
plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=16, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.yticks(fontsize=12, fontname= "AppleGothic")
plt.show()
```





In [ ]: