dsp-assignment-2

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1 Assigment 2

by Katon D. R. Wibowo (ID: 51934701) Importing required module

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from PIL import Image as Pimage
#from IPython.display import Image
```

1.1 Part 1: Huffman coding

1.1.1 a. Huffman coding function

Numpy was used to create frequency table. Pandas was used to manage array

```
[4]: def codebook_generator(data):
         #compute a probability table
         freq_table = np.array(np.unique(data, return_counts=True))
         freq_table = np.transpose(freq_table)
         freq_table = pd.DataFrame(freq_table)
         freq_table[1] = pd.to_numeric(freq_table[1])
         freq_table = freq_table.sort_values(by=1, ascending=False)
         #building huffman tree
         codebook = freq_table
         codebook = codebook.reset_index(drop=True)
         codebook[1] = ''
         keys = codebook[1]
         for i in range(0, len(keys)//2):
             b = i*2
             keys.loc[b:b+1] = keys.loc[b:b+1] + '0'
             keys.loc[b+2:] = keys.loc[b+2:] + '1'
             keys.loc[b] = keys.loc[b] + '0'
             keys.loc[b+1] = keys.loc[b+1] + '1'
         codebook[1] = keys
         codebook_list = codebook.values.tolist()
```

```
codebook = dict(codebook_list)
return codebook

def huffman_encoding(data, codebook):
    code = ''
    for i in data:
        code = code + codebook[i]
    return code
```

1.1.2 b. Huffman decoding function

```
[5]: def huffman_decoding(data, codebook):
    # flip codebook
    codebook = {value:key for key, value in codebook.items()}

# encode data

return data
```

1.1.3 c. Demonstration

```
[6]: # sample data
data = [114, 20, 114, 114, 110, 12, 117, 85, 114, 118, 114, 114, 114, 6, 70, 71, 93, 102, 72, 114, 114, 53, 117, 74, 117, 114, 114, 14, 102, 14, 117, 114]
data = np.array(data)

# generating codebook
codebook = codebook_generator(data)

# encoding data
encoded_data = huffman_encoding(data, codebook)

# decoding data
#decoded_data = huffman_decoding(encoded_data, codebook)
```

/home/katon/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py:670: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy self._setitem_with_indexer(indexer, value)

1.2 Part 2: Differential and RL coding

1.2.1 a. Differential coding:

1.2.2 encoding

```
[2]: def diff_encoding(data):
    return code

data = [114, 20, 114, 114, 110, 12, 117, 85, 114, 118, 114, 114, 114, 6, 70, □
    →71, 93, 102, 72, 114, 114, 53, 117, 74, 117, 114, 114, 14, 102, 14, 117, 114]

data = np.array(data)
    data

#new_text = diff_encoding(data)
#new_text
```

```
[2]: array([114, 20, 114, 114, 110, 12, 117, 85, 114, 118, 114, 114, 114, 6, 70, 71, 93, 102, 72, 114, 114, 53, 117, 74, 117, 114, 114, 14, 102, 14, 117, 114])
```

1.2.3 decoding

```
[8]: def diff_decoding(code):
    return data
```

1.2.4 b. Run-length coding:

1.2.5 encoding

```
[9]: def rl_encoding(data):
    return code
```

1.2.6 decoding

```
[10]: def rl_decoding(code): return data
```

1.2.7 c. Demonstration

1.2.8 Differential encoding + Huffman encoding

1.2.9 RLE + Huffman encoding

IndentationError: unexpected indent

```
[]: # run-length encoding
data_221 = rl_encoding(data)

# huffmann encoding
codebook_22 = codebook_generator(data_221)
data_222 = huffman_encoding(data_221, codebook_22)
```

1.2.10 Diffrential encoding + RLE + Huffman encoding

```
[]: # differential encoding
data_231 = diff_encoding(data)

# run-length encoding
data_232 = rl_encoding(data_231)

# huffman encoding
codebook_23 = codebook_generator(data_232)
data_233 = huffman_encoding(data_232, codebook_23)
```

2 Part 3: Image Coding

[181,

834],

```
[22]: # image
     #img = 'sample.pnq'
     img = 'Lhotse_Mountain_8-Bit_Grayscale.jpg'
     # reading image / convert to numpy array
     im = np.asarray(Pimage.open(img))
     im = im.flatten()
     # differential encoding
     #data_31 = diff_encoding(im)
     # run-length encoding
     #data 32 = rl encoding(data 31)
      # huffman encoding
     #codebook_3 = codebook_generator(data_32)
     #code_3 = huffman_encoding(data_32, codebook_3)
     freq_table = np.array(np.unique(im, return_counts=True))
     freq_table = np.transpose(freq_table)
     freq_table
      #im.shape
      #print(code_3.shape
[22]: array([[
                39,
                      180],
                40, 4215],
            115],
                41,
            52,
                      262],
            53, 32136],
            54,
                    151],
            72,
                    270],
            73, 5760],
            74,
                    236],
            521],
                77,
                78, 7365],
            79,
                     293],
            [ 109, 1339],
            [ 110, 25886],
            [ 111, 1164],
            [ 146,
                      795],
            [ 147, 16518],
            [ 148,
                      803],
            [ 179,
                      809],
            [ 180, 21597],
```