

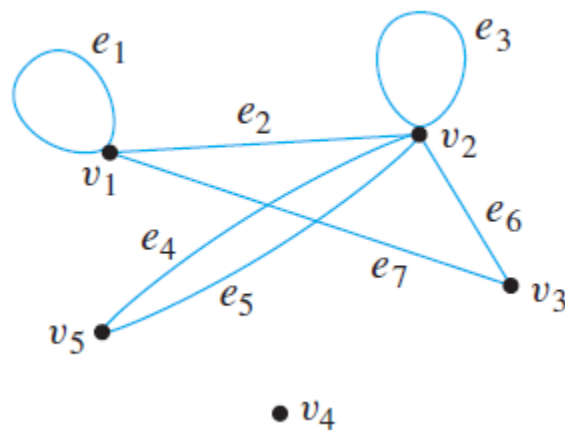
Assignment 7 – Due 8/13/2017

Part I. Exercise Set 10.1 [9, 27b, 44]

9 Q: For each of the graphs in 8 and 9:

- i) Find all edges that are incident on v_1
- ii) Find all vertices that are adjacent to v_3
- iii) Find all edges that are adjacent to e_1
- iv) Find all loops
- v) Find all parallel edges
- vi) Find all isolated vertices
- vii) Find the degree of v_3
- viii) Find the total degree of the graph

9.



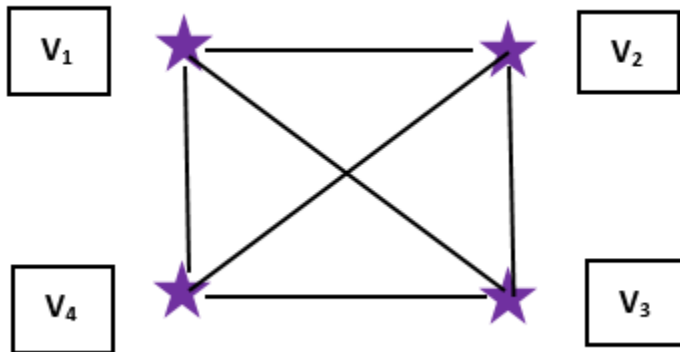
A:

- i) e_1, e_2, e_7
- ii) v_1, v_2
- iii) e_2, e_7
- iv) e_1, e_3
- v) e_4, e_5
- vi) v_4
- vii) 2
- viii) $\deg(v_1) + \deg(v_2) + \deg(v_3) + \deg(v_4) + \deg(v_5)$
 $= 4 + 6 + 2 + 0 + 2$
 $= 14$

27b Q: In a group of 4 people, is it possible for each person to have exactly 3 friends? Why?

A:

If we picture 4 vertices $v_1, v_2, v_3,$ and v_4 and positioned them as below:



Where v_1 is person 1, v_2 is person 2, v_3 is person 3, and v_4 is person 4.

By this arrangement, each vertex has a $\deg(v_i) = 3$ which means each person is connected to three others.

Therefore it is possible for 4 people to each have exactly three friends.

44Q:

a) In a simple graph, must every vertex have degree that is less than the number of vertices in the graph? Why?

b) Can there be a simple graph that has four vertices all of different degrees?

c) Can there be a simple graph that has n vertices all of different degrees?

A:

- a) By definition, a simple graph "... does not have any loops or parallel edges". This means that each vertex connects to another vertex by just one edge. If we have 2 vertices, they would be connected by 1 edge; 3 vertices are connected by 2 edges, and so forth. The number of edges in a simple graph is then $n - 1$ for n number of vertices.
- b) No. A simple graph can have at most $n-1$ degrees for n vertices. For $n = 4$ vertices, the maximum degree is 3. If each vertex must have different degrees, then there would be degrees 1, 2, and 3 among them. (0 would mean an isolated vertex which would not be connected to any other vertices by an edge).
- c) No. This is similar to the question in b). n vertices have a maximum of $n-1$ degrees, which is not enough for all vertices to connect to each other with different degrees. (0 isolates a vertex).