```
a) N-mo: 3! 4: R5-> R3
 Dokouceu, ruo Bermopor {a,...,a, 3 113:

\begin{vmatrix}
1 & -1 & -3 & -5 & -2 \\
0 & -1 & -3 & 1 & -4 \\
-4 & 3 & 0 & 4 & 2 \\
2 & -2 & -3 & -2 & -3 \\
-4 & 4 & 2 & 1 & -3
\end{vmatrix}
\Rightarrow yob: 
\begin{vmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{vmatrix}

                                                                                                        rk=5=) bermona
                                                                                                       {01,...,05} AN3
 Snorum, {01,..., 05} odpanyom obenice R5
Comacho npeophonemus c union, beause um. omosp. 4: V > W
Ogne znarno onpeophonemen bennoponim 4(21),..., 4(2n)
  11 k1, -, en ) - dague & VII
  => 4: R5 > R' comognarno enpegereno u equinambano.
 Meners nouvejeur A (P, d, f): 1/01-doyur 1R5; f-emorg-doyur R3//
f= (F, f, f3)
 ] \psi(\alpha_1) = b_1; \psi(\alpha_2) = b_2; \psi(\alpha_3) = b_3; \psi(\alpha_4) = b_4; \psi(\alpha_5) = b_5 //b; depoin my yoursbury //
\Psi(Q_1) = \text{f.} \ \alpha_1; \ \Psi(Q_2) = \text{f.} \ \alpha_2; \ \Psi(Q_3) = \text{f.} \ \alpha_3; \ \Psi(Q_4) = \text{f.} \ \alpha_4; \ \Psi(Q_5) = \text{f.} \ \alpha_5
The engeneration manyways and emody. A(4, 0, f) undersity A = \begin{pmatrix} 64 & -53 & 10 & -27 & 39 \\ 51 & -47 & -5 & -8 & 31 \\ -105 & 86 & -19 & 47 & -64 \end{pmatrix}
       rooped. 4101) B Lague f
d) Blazur Ker (; Im 4
```

Kery= {x | Ax=0, x \in \mathbb{R}^{\infty}} => permu OCAY Ax=0

$$\begin{pmatrix}
64 & -53 & 10 & -27 & 39 \\
51 & -47 & -5 & -8 & 31 \\
-105 & 86 & -19 & 47 & -64 \\
Y_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5
\end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow 908:
\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & 147/61 & -169/61 & 38/61 \\
0 & 1 & 166/61 & -173/61 & 1/61 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
X_1 \\
X_2 \\
X_3 \\
X_4 \\
X_5
\end{pmatrix} =
\begin{pmatrix}
-147/61 \\
-166/61 \\
1 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$X_3 + \begin{pmatrix}
169/61 \\
173/61 \\
0 \\
1 \\
0 \\
0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$X_4 + \begin{pmatrix}
-38/61 \\
-1/61 \\
0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$X_5 - QOOP$$

$$0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0$$

$$0 \\
0 \\
0$$

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{1}, \mathcal{V}_{2}, \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -164/61 \end{cases} - \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{1} = \mathcal{V}_{2} \\ -17/61 \\ \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{4} \end{cases} - \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} -164/61 \\ -17/61 \\ -145/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{2} = \mathcal{U}_{2} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \\ -100/61 \end{cases} + \frac{1}{100} \begin{cases} \mathcal{V}_{3} = \mathcal{V}_{3} \\ -100/61 \\$$

N3.

$$V: \mathbb{R}^{5} \to \mathbb{R}^{5}$$
; $A(\Psi, \Psi, \Psi) = \begin{cases} 1 & 2 & -2 & -3 & 2 \\ 5 & 5 & -3 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 & 5 & -2 & 3 \\ -15 & -4 & -6 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 & 9 & -8 \end{cases}$
 $Y: \mathbb{R}^{5} \to \mathbb{R}^{5}$; $\ker \Psi = \operatorname{Im} \Psi \quad \text{u} \quad \operatorname{Im} \Psi = \ker \Psi$

Ψ: R5 → R5; Ker Ψ= Im Ψ

Remain OCAY
$$Ax=0$$
:
$$\begin{cases}
1 & 2 - 2 - 3 & 2 \\
5 & 5 - 3 & 1 - 1 \\
3 & - 2 & 5 - 2 & 3 \\
-15 - 4 - 6 - 1 - 2 \\
0 & 3 - 4 & 9 - 8
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
1 & 0 & 0 - 71 & 56 \\
\hline
0 & 1 & 0 & 127 & -1000 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
1 & 0 & 0 - 71 & 56 \\
\hline
0 & 1 & 0 & 127 & -1000 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
1 & 0 & 0 - 71 & 56 \\
\hline
0 & 1 & 0 & 127 & -1000 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
1 & 0 & 0 - 71 & 56 \\
\hline
0 & 1 & 0 & 127 & -1000 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{cases}$$

$$dOCP: \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 71 \\ -127 \\ -93 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_4 \\ + \begin{pmatrix} -56 \\ 100 \\ 73 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_5 \\ + 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 7_1 \\ 7_2 \\ + 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - dayle b | ker 4 = Im 4$$

Y1 1/2 x3 x4 x5

In $\ell=\langle d_1,...,a_5\rangle \Rightarrow$ Sazir In $\ell-$ mo Sazir chardyob mony. A

$$V_{4}, V_{2} \cup V_{3} - 2. \text{ Neurs} = 0$$

$$V_{4} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ -15 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad O_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -2 \\ -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad O_{3} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \\ 5 \\ -6 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} - \text{ fague } b \text{ Im } \Psi = \text{ ker } \Psi$$

Donoumun Soyue Kert go stayuea bono ny-bor
$$\mathbb{R}^5$$
:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & -2 \\
5 & 5 & -3 \\
3 & -2 & 5 \\
-15 & 7 & -6 \\
0 & 3 & -4
\end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{yos:}
\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{bayonien beautiful }
\begin{pmatrix}
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases}
0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{cases}$$

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\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
0 \\
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0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{cases}$$

$$\{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3\}$$
 - doyur Ker $\Psi \Rightarrow \Psi(\alpha_1) = \Psi(\alpha_2) = \Psi(\alpha_3) = \infty$

$$\{01, 02, 03\}$$
 - doyur ker $V \Rightarrow V(01) = V(02)$ -

 $\{01, 02, 03\}$ - doyur ker $V \Rightarrow V(01) = V(02)$ -

 $\{01, 02, 03\}$ - doyur ker $V \Rightarrow V(01) = V(02)$ -

 $\{01, 02, 03\}$ - doyur ker $V \Rightarrow V(01) = V(02)$ -

 $\{01, 02, 03\}$ - $\{00\}$ -

Try-za(*)

Umour, uullu:
$$A' \cdot (\alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3 \ f_1 \ f_2) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 71 & -56 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -127 & 100 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -93 & 73 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Phyononipyen a pennin CAY:

Umour,
$$A' = \begin{pmatrix} -183 & 327 & 239 & -1 & 2 \\ 198 & -359 & -259 & 2 & -1 \\ 86 & -159 & -113 & 2 & 1 \\ 71 & -127 & -93 & 1 & 0 \\ -56 & 100 & 73 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4:185 \rightarrow 18'; \ e = (\ell_1, \ell_2, \ell_3, \ell_4, \ell_5); \ f = (f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4)$$

$$A(4, \ell_1, f) = \begin{pmatrix} -27 & 15 & -46 & 51 & -8 \\ 26 & 24 & -26 & 30 & -32 \\ 15 & -10 & 32 & -34 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$
 flavoum slaguetor $18^5 u 18^7 b 18^7$

Physical Republication of the state of the

Opcip: $\begin{pmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \\ \chi_3 \\ \chi_4 \\ \chi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{12}{41} \\ -\frac{35}{41} \\ \frac{27}{41} \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \times_4 + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{10}{41} \\ \frac{46}{41} \\ \frac{2}{41} \\ \frac{2}{41} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \times_5 = > (\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2) - Gayer b \text{ Ker } \psi$

Denoume v_1 u v_2 go dazued bero M-ba R^5 beknopaum uz dazued R^5 exmopaum uz dazued R

roopg. e, b

A.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 24 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$
 - reapty. $\Psi(e_2)$ b dayince $\Psi(e_3) = 15f_1 + 24f_2 - 10f_3 + 10f_4$

Herein e_3 b dayince e_4

A. $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -26 \\ -26 \\ 32 \\ -39 \end{pmatrix}$ - reapty. $\Psi(e_3)$ b dayince f_4 $\Rightarrow \Psi(e_3) = -46f_1 - 26f_2 + 32f_3 - 39f_4$

Respired. We say the series programs become programs become

 $V = R[X]_{\leq 2}$; $(E_1, E_2, E_3) - \text{ Source My-box } V^*$, abovemb. It staying $-1 + x + x^2$, $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V; $(f_1, f_2, f_3) - \text{ shower Months of } V^*$, and $2 + x - 1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , $2 - 3x + x^2$, $-1 + 7x - 18x^2$ My-box V^* , V^* dayue (E, E2, E3) reographisment (2, -4, 1); un-ruen h+V uneem & Lague (f1, f2, f3) 2,-4,1). L(h)=? $\int f = \alpha x^{2} + bx + c. \text{ Morgon } \rho_{1}(f) = f(1) = \alpha + b + c ; \rho_{2}(f) = f'(-1) = -20(+b)$ $\rho_3(f) = \frac{3}{2} \int f(x) dx = \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\alpha}{3} \cdot 8 + \frac{\beta}{2} \cdot 4 + C \cdot 2 \right) = 400 + 3b + 3c$ P-dayue up-bor V*, ophowenh. quer dayuea fry-bar V=> no onjugurenum approxime douver $g_i(f_j) = \delta_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1, i=j \\ 0, i\neq j \end{cases}$ $\int_{3}^{2} (f_{1}) = 1 \qquad \begin{cases} \rho_{1}(f_{1}) = 1 \\ \rho_{2}(f_{1}) = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} \rho_{1} + \beta_{1} + c_{1} = 1 \\ -2\alpha_{1} + \beta_{1} = 0 \end{cases} \\ \rho_{3}(f_{1}) = 0 \qquad \begin{cases} \gamma_{1} + \beta_{2} + c_{3} = 1 \\ \gamma_{2} + \beta_{3} = 0 \end{cases} \\ \gamma_{3}(f_{1}) = 0 \qquad (\gamma_{1} + \beta_{2} + \beta_{3} + \beta_{4} = 0) \end{cases}$ f=01x2+ B1x+C1 Denum C19: $\begin{pmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow 9CB: \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 10 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 = -3 \\ b_7 - 6 \\ c_7 = 10 \end{pmatrix}$ $\int_{3}^{2} (f_{2}) = 0 \qquad \begin{cases} 0_{2} + b_{2} + c_{2} = 0 \\ -2a_{2} + b_{2} = 1 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} f_{2}(f_{2}) = 1 \\ -2a_{2} + b_{2} = 1 \\ 4a_{2} + 3b_{2} + 3c_{2} = 0 \end{cases}$ f2=02x2+ b2x+(2 Penner C19: $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1/0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow ycb: \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Figs.} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \rho_{1}(f_{3}) = 0 & \alpha_{3} + b_{3} + C_{3} = 0 \\ -2\alpha_{3} + b_{3} = 0 & f_{3} = \alpha_{3} x^{2} + b_{3} x + C_{3} \end{cases} \\ \rho_{2}(f_{3}) = 1 & \alpha_{3} + b_{3} + 3C_{3} = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Remun} \quad C_{1}(f_{3}) = 0 & \alpha_{3} + b_{3} + b_{3}(f_{3}) = 0 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 3b_{3} + 3C_{3} = 1) & \alpha_{3} = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Remun} \quad C_{1}(f_{3}) = 0 & \alpha_{3} + b_{3}(f_{3}) = 0 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 3b_{3} + 3C_{3} = 1) & \alpha_{3} = 1 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 1) + \alpha_{3} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha_{3} = \alpha_{3} x^{2} + b_{3}(f_{3}) + b_{3}(f_{3}) = 0 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 1) + \alpha_{3} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha_{3} = \alpha_{3} x^{2} + b_{3}(f_{3}) + b_{3}(f_{3}) = 0 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 1) + \alpha_{3} = 0 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 1) + \alpha_{3} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha_{3} = \alpha_{3} x^{2} + b_{3}(f_{3}) + b_{3}(f_{3}) = 0 \\ (\alpha_{3} + 1) + \alpha_{3} = 0$$

N= 2f,-4f2+f3 No yeurolouro => h=-6x2-12x+2x0-4x+4+x2+2x-3=-5x2-14x+21

Becnousyeurs anomon amonumum que nouces

$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathcal{E}_{i}(\ell_{i}) = \delta_{ij} = \begin{cases} \ell_{i} = j \\ \ell_{i} \neq j \end{cases} \\
& \mathcal{E}_{1}(\ell_{1}) = 1 \\
& \mathcal{E}_{2}(\ell_{1}) = 0 \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathcal{E}_{1}(\ell_{2}) = 0 \\
& \mathcal{E}_{2}(\ell_{2}) = 1 \\
& \mathcal{E}_{3}(\ell_{1}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathcal{E}_{1}(\ell_{3}) = 0 \\
& \mathcal{E}_{2}(\ell_{3}) = 0 \\
& \mathcal{E}_{3}(\ell_{3}) = 1
\end{aligned}$$

flowagen roopginonne bernopa h la dource &:

h = -442 l, -229 l2 -37 l3. No yembers d= 28,-482+83 =>

=> L(h)= 2E1(h) -4 E2(h) + E3(h) = 2E1(-442e1-229e2-37e3) -4E(-442e1-229e2-37e3)+ + (3/ -44261-22962-3763)= -442.2 E1(61)-229.2 E1(62)-37.2 E1(63)+442.4 E2(61)+229.4 E2(62)+ +37 E2 (03) - 442 E3 (81) -229 E3(82) -37 E3(83) = -884 +916 -37 = -5.

Imbon: -5.