### Untitled10

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- 2 Tarea 2
- 3 Programación ACP

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import scipy.linalg as la
     from sklearn import preprocessing
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from math import sqrt
     class mynew PCA:
         def __init__(self, datos = pd.DataFrame()):
             # Se enlistan en orden según requerimiento
             self.__columnas = datos.columns
             self.__filas = datos.index
             self.__datos = self.__transformar(datos)
             self.__correlaciones = self.__correlaciones(self.datos)
             self.__varvec_propios = self.__varvec_propios(self.correlaciones)
             self.__componentes = self.__componentes(self.datos, self.varvec_propios)
             self.__calidades_ind = self.__calidades_ind(self.datos, self.
      →componentes) #Calidades individuos
             self.__coordenadas_var = self.__coordenadas_var(self.varvec_propios)
             self.__calidades_var = self.__calidades_var(self.varvec_propios)
             self.__inercias = self.__inercias(self.varvec_propios, self.datos.
      \rightarrowshape[1])
         @property
         def datos(self):
             return self.__datos
         @property
         def correlaciones(self):
             return self.__correlaciones
         @property
         def varvec_propios(self):
             return self.__varvec_propios
```

```
@property
  def componentes(self):
      return self.__componentes
  @property
  def calidades_ind(self):
      return self.__calidades_ind
  @property
  def coordenadas_var(self):
      return self.__coordenadas_var
  @property
  def calidades var(self):
      return self.__calidades_var
  @property
  def inercias(self):
      return self.__inercias
  def __transformar(self, datos):
      return preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit_transform(datos)
  def __correlaciones(self, datos):
      return pd.DataFrame((1/datos.shape[0])*np.mat(datos.T)*np.mat(datos),__
→index=self.__columnas) #Se utiliza
   # formula propuesta por el profesor, no da iqual que corr y cov.
  def __varvec_propios(self, correlaciones):
       valores_propios, vectores_propios = la.eig(correlaciones)
       valor_vector = [(np.abs(valores_propios[i]).real, vectores_propios[:
→,i]) for i in range(len(valores_propios))]
      valor_vector.sort(key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
      return valor vector
  def __componentes(self, datos, varvec_propios):
      df = pd.DataFrame()
       for x in range(len(varvec_propios)):
           df[x] = varvec_propios[x][1]
      return pd.DataFrame(np.dot(datos, df), index=self.__filas)
  def __calidades_ind(self, datos, componentes):
      datos 2 = datos ** 2
       componentes_2 = componentes ** 2
       df = pd.DataFrame(datos)
       for i in range(componentes_2.shape[0]):
           for j in range(componentes_2.shape[1]):
               fila_suma = sum(datos_2[i, :])
               df.iloc[i,j] = componentes_2.iloc[i,j] / fila_suma
      return df
  def __coordenadas_var(self, varvec_propios):
      df = pd.DataFrame()
       for x in range(len(varvec_propios)):
           df[x] = (varvec_propios[x][0] ** (0.5)) * varvec_propios[x][1]
       return df
  def __calidades_var(self, varvec_propios):
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame()
       for x in range(len(varvec_propios)):
           df[x] = varvec_propios[x][0] * (varvec_propios[x][1] ** 2)
       return df
   def __inercias(self, varvec_propios, m):
       arreglo = []
       for x in range(len(varvec_propios)):
           arreglo.append(100 * (varvec_propios[x][0] / m))
       return pd.DataFrame(np.matrix(arreglo))
   def plot_plano_principal(self, ejes = [0, 1], ind_labels = True, titulo =__
→'Plano Principal'):
       x = self.componentes[ejes[0]].values
       y = self.componentes[ejes[1]].values
       plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
       plt.scatter(x, y, color = 'gray')
       plt.title(titulo)
       plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       plt.axvline(x = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       inercia_x = round(self.inercias[ejes[0]], 2)
       inercia_y = round(self.inercias[ejes[1]], 2)
       plt.xlabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[0]) + ' (' + str(inercia_x) + '\%)')
       plt.ylabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[1]) + ' (' + str(inercia_y) + '%)')
       if ind_labels:
           for i, txt in enumerate(self.componentes.index):
               plt.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
   def plot_circulo(self, ejes = [0, 1], var_labels = True, titulo = 'Círculo⊔
→de Correlación'):
       cor = self.coordenadas_var.iloc[:, ejes].values
       plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
       c = plt.Circle((0, 0), radius = 1, color = 'steelblue', fill = False)
       plt.gca().add_patch(c)
       plt.axis('scaled')
       plt.title(titulo)
       plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       plt.axvline(x = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       inercia_x = round(self.inercias[ejes[0]], 2)
       inercia_y = round(self.inercias[ejes[1]], 2)
       plt.xlabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[0]) + ' (' + str(inercia_x) + '\%)')
       plt.ylabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[1]) + ' (' + str(inercia_y) + '%)')
       for i in range(cor.shape[0]):
           plt.arrow(0, 0, cor[i, 0] * 0.95, cor[i, 1] * 0.95, color = (0.95, 0.95, 0.95)
alpha = 0.5, head_width = 0.05, head_length = 0.05)
           if var labels:
               plt.text(cor[i, 0] * 1.05, cor[i, 1] * 1.05, self.correlaciones.
→index[i],
                        color = 'steelblue', ha = 'center', va = 'center')
```

```
def plot_sobreposicion(self, ejes = [0, 1], ind_labels = True,
                     var_labels = True, titulo = 'Sobreposición_
→Plano-Circulo'):
       x = self.componentes[ejes[0]].values
       y = self.componentes[ejes[1]].values
       cor = self.correlaciones.iloc[:, ejes]
       scale = min((max(x) - min(x)/(max(cor[ejes[0]]) - min(cor[ejes[0]]))),
                   (\max(y) - \min(y)/(\max(cor[ejes[1]]) - \min(cor[ejes[1]]))))_{\sqcup}
→* 0.7
       cor = self.coordenadas_var.iloc[:, ejes].values
       plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
       plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       plt.axvline(x = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       inercia_x = round(self.inercias[ejes[0]], 2)
       inercia_y = round(self.inercias[ejes[1]], 2)
       plt.xlabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[0]) + ' (' + str(inercia_x) + '\",)')
       plt.ylabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[1]) + ' (' + str(inercia_y) + '%)')
       plt.scatter(x, y, color = 'gray')
       if ind labels:
           for i, txt in enumerate(self.componentes.index):
               plt.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
       for i in range(cor.shape[0]):
           plt.arrow(0, 0, cor[i, 0] * scale, cor[i, 1] * scale, color =__
alpha = 0.5, head width = 0.05, head length = 0.05)
           if var_labels:
               plt.text(cor[i, 0] * scale * 1.15, cor[i, 1] * scale * 1.15,
                        self.correlaciones.index[i],
                        color = 'steelblue', ha = 'center', va = 'center')
```

# 4 Prueba Iris con ACP propia

```
[2]: iris = pd.read_csv('iris.csv', delimiter=';', decimal='.', header=0)
acp_iris = mynew_PCA(iris.iloc[:,0:4])
```

### 5 Matriz de Correlaciones

```
[3]: acp_iris.correlaciones

[3]: 0 1 2 3

s.largo 1.000000 -0.109369 0.871754 0.817954

s.ancho -0.109369 1.000000 -0.420516 -0.356544

p.largo 0.871754 -0.420516 1.000000 0.962757

p.ancho 0.817954 -0.356544 0.962757 1.000000
```

# 6 Valores y Vectores Propios

### 7 Matriz de Componentes

```
[6]: acp_iris.componentes
[6]:
                          1
                                              3
        -2.264542 -0.505704 -0.121943 0.023073
        -2.086426 0.655405 -0.227251
    1
                                       0.103208
    2
        -2.367950 0.318477 0.051480 0.027825
    3
        -2.304197 0.575368 0.098860 -0.066311
        -2.388777 -0.674767 0.021428 -0.037397
     . .
              •••
                      •••
                              •••
        1.870522 -0.382822 0.254532 0.388890
    146 1.558492 0.905314 -0.025382 0.221322
    147 1.520845 -0.266795 0.179277
                                       0.118903
    148 1.376391 -1.016362 0.931405 0.024146
    149 0.959299 0.022284 0.528794 -0.163676
    [150 rows x 4 columns]
```

#### 8 Calidades de Individuos

```
[7]: acp_iris.calidades_ind
[7]:
                                    2
                          1
    0
         0.949782
                   0.047365
                            0.002754
                                       0.000099
         0.898483
                   0.088659
                             0.010659
    1
                                       0.002199
    2
         0.981644
                   0.017757
                             0.000464
                                       0.000136
    3
         0.938948
                   0.058545
                             0.001728
                                       0.000778
    4
         0.925826 0.073873 0.000074 0.000227
     . .
    145 0.906103 0.037953 0.016778 0.039166
    146 0.736450 0.248503
                            0.000195 0.014852
```

```
147 0.951672 0.029287 0.013224 0.005817
148 0.499126 0.272159 0.228562 0.000154
149 0.749903 0.000405 0.227862 0.021831
[150 rows x 4 columns]
```

### 9 Coordenadas de las variables

```
[9]: acp_iris.coordenadas_var

[9]: 0 1 2 3
0 0.891224 -0.357352 -0.276774 0.037610
1 -0.449313 -0.888351 0.092908 -0.017820
2 0.991684 -0.020247 0.054084 -0.115009
3 0.964996 -0.062786 0.243295 0.075157
```

### 10 Calidad de Variables

```
[10]: acp_iris.calidades_var

[10]: 0 1 2 3

0 0.794281 0.127701 0.076604 0.001415

1 0.201882 0.789168 0.008632 0.000318

2 0.983438 0.000410 0.002925 0.013227

3 0.931217 0.003942 0.059192 0.005649
```

### 11 Inercias

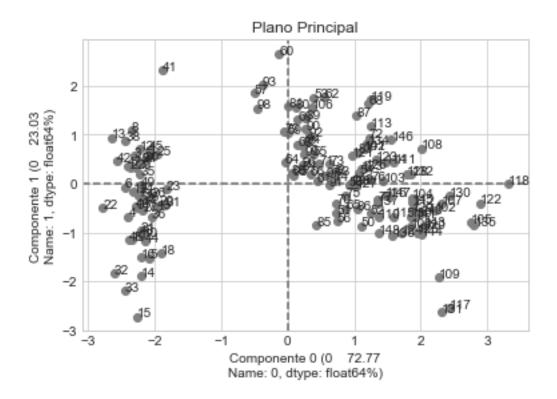
```
[11]: acp_iris.inercias
[11]: 0 1 2 3
```

0 72.770452 23.030523 3.683832 0.515193

### 12 Plots

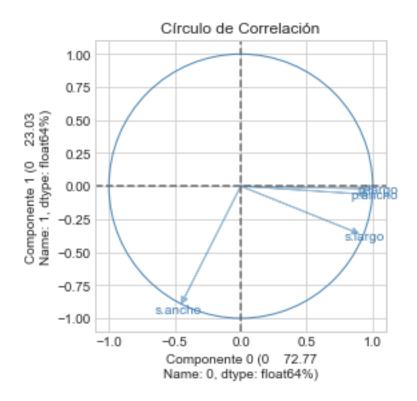
# 13 Plano principal

```
[12]: acp_iris.plot_plano_principal()
```



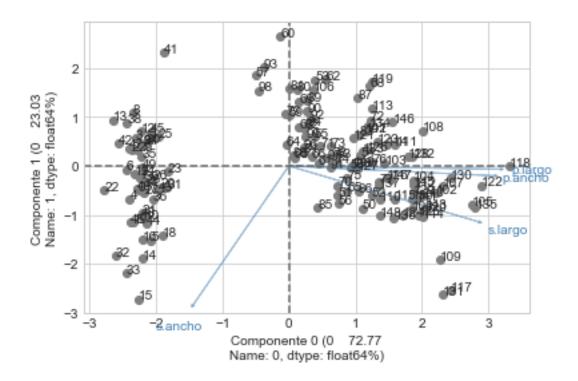
# 14 Circulo

[39]: acp\_iris.plot\_circulo() #Grafico invertido, segun el profesor es normal



# 15 Sobreposicion

[15]: acp\_iris.plot\_sobreposicion()



# 16 Prueba dataset Estudiantes con ACP propia

```
[16]: estudiantes = pd.read_csv('EjemploEstudiantes.csv', delimiter=';', decimal=',',u header=0, index_col=0)
acp_estudiantes = mynew_PCA(estudiantes)
```

### 17 Matriz de Correlaciones

```
[17]: acp_estudiantes.correlaciones

[17]: 0 1 2 3 4

Matematicas 1.000000 0.854079 0.384574 0.207194 -0.787163

Ciencias 0.854079 1.000000 -0.020052 -0.021539 -0.687721

Espanol 0.384574 -0.020052 1.000000 0.820916 -0.365543

Historia 0.207194 -0.021539 0.820916 1.000000 -0.508001

EdFisica -0.787163 -0.687721 -0.365543 -0.508001 1.000000
```

# 18 Valores y Vectores Propios

```
[18]: acp_estudiantes.varvec_propios
```

```
[18]: [(2.893249673417943,
	array([-0.52664397, -0.42493622, -0.35914704, -0.35269747, 0.53730181])),
	(1.6286504249773153,
	array([-0.2704963, -0.50807221, 0.56208159, 0.58648985, 0.09374599])),
	(0.3465960485145294,
	array([-0.43820071, -0.04049491, -0.56227583, 0.39418032, -0.57862603])),
	(0.12261245959725253,
	array([-0.26121779, 0.67362724, -0.07008647, 0.44664495, 0.52305619])),
	(0.008891393492955155,
	array([-0.62387762, 0.32538951, 0.48374732, -0.42043348, -0.30679407]))]
```

### 19 Matriz de Componentes

```
[20]: acp_estudiantes.componentes
[20]:
                    0
                              1
     Lucia
            -0.323063 1.772525 -1.198801 -0.055015 -0.003633
            -0.665441 -1.638702 -0.145476 -0.023065 0.123377
            -1.002547 -0.515692 -0.628888 0.516444 -0.142876
     Ines
     Luis
             3.172095 -0.262782   0.381960   0.677777   0.062504
     Andres 0.488868 1.365402 0.835236 -0.155792 -0.123367
     Ana
            -1.708633 -1.021700 0.127077 0.066833 -0.025292
     Carlos -0.067586 1.462336 0.506240 -0.117928 -0.013124
     Jose
            -2.011855 -1.275865 0.542150 -0.197787 -0.017434
             3.042030 -1.254881 -0.448829 -0.639999 -0.037885
     Maria -0.923869 1.369359 0.029330 -0.071467 0.177730
```

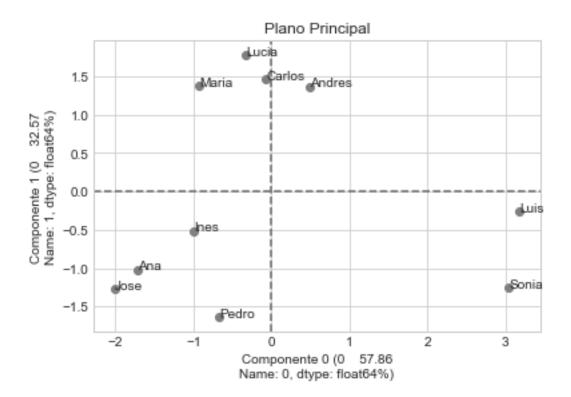
#### 20 Calidades individuos

```
[21]: acp_estudiantes.calidades_ind
[21]:
              0
                                 2
                                          3
                        1
     0 0.022271
                0.670421 0.306660
                                   0.000646 0.000003
     1 0.139906 0.848431 0.006687
                                   0.000168 0.004809
     2 0.514469 0.136123 0.202440 0.136520 0.010449
     3 0.936852 0.006429 0.013584 0.042771 0.000364
     4 0.084140 0.656354 0.245604 0.008545 0.005358
     5 0.732686 0.261980 0.004053 0.001121 0.000161
     6 0.001893 0.886081 0.106192 0.005763 0.000071
     7 0.673612 0.270910 0.048917 0.006510 0.000051
     8 0.808830 0.137637 0.017607 0.035800 0.000125
     9 0.308554 0.677869 0.000311 0.001846 0.011419
```

### 21 Coordenadas variables

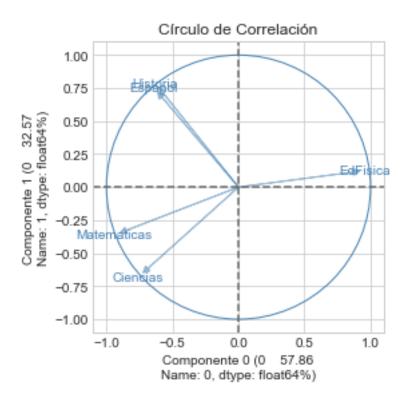
[28]: acp\_estudiantes.plot\_plano\_principal()

```
[22]: acp_estudiantes.coordenadas_var
[22]:
                                  2
                                            3
     0 -0.895798 -0.345204 -0.257979 -0.091468 -0.058828
     1 -0.722798 -0.648395 -0.023840
                                     0.235878
     2 -0.610893  0.717321 -0.331025 -0.024542  0.045615
     3 -0.599923 0.748470 0.232063 0.156397 -0.039644
     4 0.913926 0.119637 -0.340651 0.183154 -0.028929
          Calidades variables
     22
[24]: acp_estudiantes.calidades_var
[24]:
                         1
                                  2
                                            3
     0 0.802454
                 0.119166
                           0.066553
                                     0.008366
                                              0.003461
     1 0.522436 0.420416
                           0.000568
                                     0.055638
                                              0.000941
     2 0.373190 0.514549 0.109578
                                     0.000602
                                              0.002081
     3 0.359907 0.560207 0.053853
                                     0.024460 0.001572
     4 0.835262 0.014313 0.116043 0.033545 0.000837
         Inercias
     23
[25]: acp_estudiantes.inercias
[25]:
     0 57.864993 32.573008 6.931921 2.452249 0.177828
     24
        Plots
          Plano Principal
     25
```



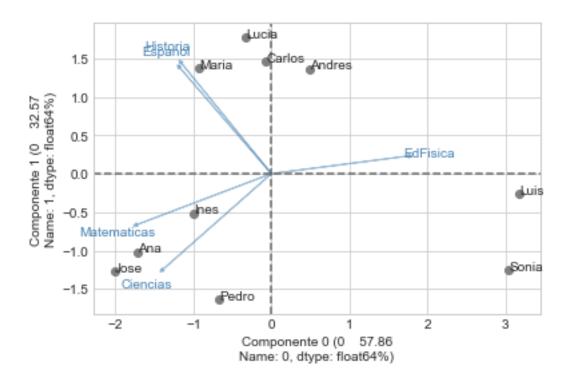
# 26 Circulo

[29]: acp\_estudiantes.plot\_circulo()



# 27 Sobreposicion

[31]: acp\_estudiantes.plot\_sobreposicion()



### 28 Carga Modelo PCA con Prince

```
[34]: from prince import PCA
      class ACP:
          def __init__(self, datos, n_componentes = 5):
              self.__datos = datos
              self.__modelo = PCA(n_components = n_componentes).fit(self.__datos)
              self.__correlacion_var = self.__modelo.column_correlations(datos)
              self.__coordenadas_ind = self.__modelo.row_coordinates(datos)
              self.__contribucion_ind = self.__modelo.row_contributions(datos)
              self.__cos2_ind = self.__modelo.row_cosine_similarities(datos)
              self.__var_explicada = [x * 100 for x in self.__modelo.
       →explained_inertia_]
          @property
          def datos(self):
              return self.__datos
          @datos.setter
          def datos(self, datos):
              self.__datos = datos
          @property
          def modelo(self):
              return self.__modelo
```

```
@property
   def correlacion_var(self):
       return self.__correlacion_var
   @property
   def coordenadas_ind(self):
       return self.__coordenadas_ind
   @property
   def contribucion_ind(self):
       return self. contribucion ind
   @property
   def cos2 ind(self):
       return self.__cos2_ind
   @property
   def var_explicada(self):
       return self.__var_explicada
       self.__var_explicada = var_explicada
   def plot_plano_principal(self, ejes = [0, 1], ind_labels = True, titulo = ___
→'Plano Principal'):
       x = self.coordenadas_ind[ejes[0]].values
       y = self.coordenadas_ind[ejes[1]].values
       plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
       plt.scatter(x, y, color = 'gray')
       plt.title(titulo)
       plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       plt.axvline(x = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       inercia_x = round(self.var_explicada[ejes[0]], 2)
       inercia_y = round(self.var_explicada[ejes[1]], 2)
       plt.xlabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[0]) + ' (' + str(inercia_x) + '%)')
       plt.ylabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[1]) + ' (' + str(inercia_y) + '%)')
       if ind labels:
           for i, txt in enumerate(self.coordenadas_ind.index):
               plt.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
   def plot_circulo(self, ejes = [0, 1], var_labels = True, titulo = 'Circulou
→de Correlación'):
       cor = self.correlacion_var.iloc[:, ejes].values
       plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
       c = plt.Circle((0, 0), radius = 1, color = 'steelblue', fill = False)
       plt.gca().add_patch(c)
       plt.axis('scaled')
       plt.title(titulo)
       plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       plt.axvline(x = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       inercia_x = round(self.var_explicada[ejes[0]], 2)
       inercia_y = round(self.var_explicada[ejes[1]], 2)
       plt.xlabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[0]) + ' (' + str(inercia_x) + '%)')
       plt.ylabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[1]) + ' (' + str(inercia_y) + '%)')
       for i in range(cor.shape[0]):
```

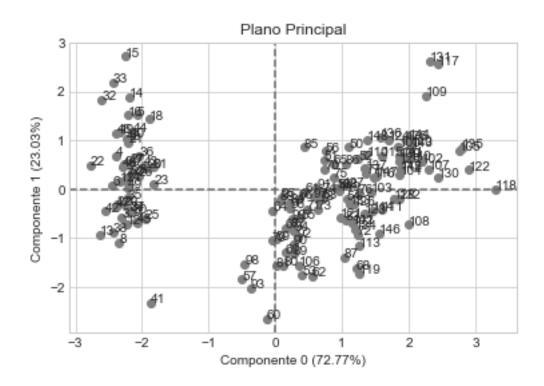
```
plt.arrow(0, 0, cor[i, 0] * 0.95, cor[i, 1] * 0.95, color = (0.95, 0.95, 0.95)
alpha = 0.5, head_width = 0.05, head_length = 0.05)
           if var labels:
               plt.text(cor[i, 0] * 1.05, cor[i, 1] * 1.05, self.

→correlacion var.index[i],
                        color = 'steelblue', ha = 'center', va = 'center')
   def plot_sobreposicion(self, ejes = [0, 1], ind_labels = True,
                     var_labels = True, titulo = 'Sobreposición⊔
→Plano-Circulo'):
       x = self.coordenadas_ind[ejes[0]].values
       y = self.coordenadas_ind[ejes[1]].values
       cor = self.correlacion_var.iloc[:, ejes]
       scale = min((max(x) - min(x)/(max(cor[ejes[0]]) - min(cor[ejes[0]]))),
                   (\max(y) - \min(y)/(\max(cor[ejes[1]]) - \min(cor[ejes[1]]))))_{\sqcup}
→* 0.7
       cor = self.correlacion_var.iloc[:, ejes].values
       plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
       plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       plt.axvline(x = 0, color = 'dimgrey', linestyle = '--')
       inercia_x = round(self.var_explicada[ejes[0]], 2)
       inercia_y = round(self.var_explicada[ejes[1]], 2)
       plt.xlabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[0]) + ' (' + str(inercia_x) + '%)')
       plt.ylabel('Componente ' + str(ejes[1]) + ' (' + str(inercia_y) + '%)')
       plt.scatter(x, y, color = 'gray')
       if ind_labels:
           for i, txt in enumerate(self.coordenadas_ind.index):
               plt.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
       for i in range(cor.shape[0]):
           plt.arrow(0, 0, cor[i, 0] * scale, cor[i, 1] * scale, color = \Box
alpha = 0.5, head_width = 0.05, head_length = 0.05)
           if var labels:
               plt.text(cor[i, 0] * scale * 1.15, cor[i, 1] * scale * 1.15,
                        self.correlacion_var.index[i],
                        color = 'steelblue', ha = 'center', va = 'center')
```

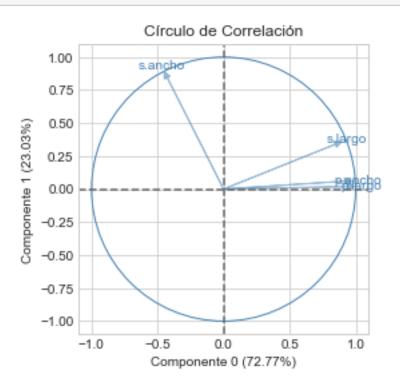
# 29 Plots de comparacion

#### 30 Iris

```
[36]: acp_prince_iris = ACP(iris.iloc[:, 0:4])
acp_prince_iris.plot_plano_principal()
```

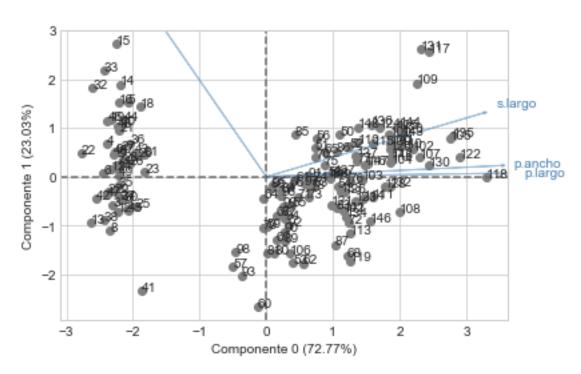


# [37]: acp\_prince\_iris.plot\_circulo()



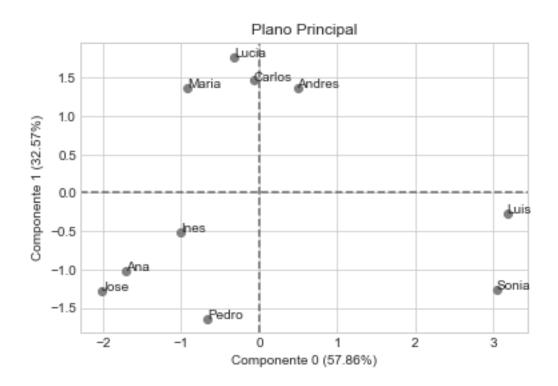
### [38]: acp\_prince\_iris.plot\_sobreposicion()



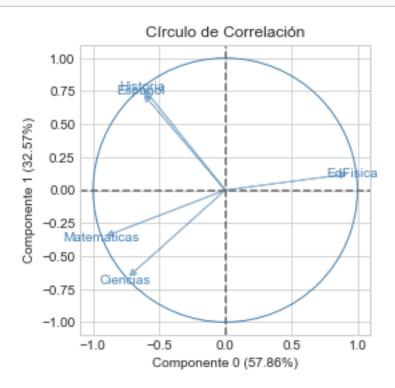


## 31 Plots de Estudiantes

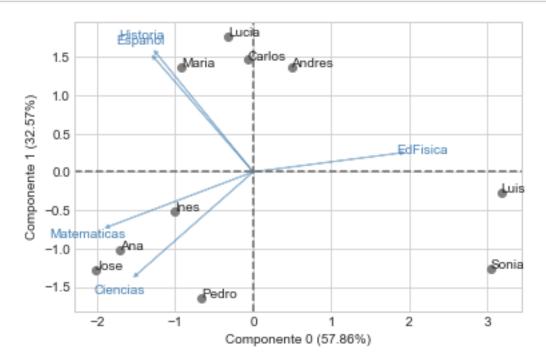
[40]: acp\_prince\_estudiantes = ACP(estudiantes) acp\_prince\_estudiantes.plot\_plano\_principal()



## [41]: acp\_prince\_estudiantes.plot\_circulo()



[42]: acp\_prince\_estudiantes.plot\_sobreposicion()



# 32 — FINAL —

[]: