

## Tabela Básica

$$1. \frac{3!}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{4^2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3!}{2!} = \frac{6^{1/2}}{10} = \frac{3}{5} \quad (B)$$

$$2. 3 \rightarrow \{(2,1), (1,2)\} = 2N(A) \quad 6 \rightarrow \{(5,1), (1,5), (4,2), (2,4), (3,3)\} = 5N(B)$$

$$A \cap B = 0 \quad \frac{2}{36} + \frac{5}{36} - \frac{0}{36} = \frac{7}{36} \quad (C)$$

$$3. P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$1 = 0,95 + 0,08 - P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = 1,03 - 1$$

$$P(A \cap B) = 0,03 = 3\%$$

$$4. 900n$$

$$450 p. / 180 m. 5 / 90 m. 10$$

↓

360 ã termina com 0

90 termina em 5

multípls por

$$6 \rightarrow 0,4\%$$

$$\frac{36}{90} = 0,4\%$$

$$0,1$$

$$0,4 \cdot 0,8 + 0,1 \cdot 0,5 + 0,4 \cdot 0,9 = 0,73 = 73\%$$

$$5. \frac{7!}{10!} \cdot \frac{4!}{3628800} = \frac{1}{30} \quad (C)$$

$$6. P_{\text{Grupo 1}} = 1/8, P_{\text{Grupo 2}} = 3/8, P_{\text{Grupo 3}} = 3/8, P_{\text{Grupo 4}} = 1/8$$

$$P_{\text{Grupo 1}} \cdot P_{\text{Grupo 1}} = (1/8) \cdot (1/8) = 1/64$$

$$P_{\text{Grupo 2}} \cdot P_{\text{Grupo 2}} = (3/8) \cdot (3/8) = 9/64$$

$$P_{\text{Grupo 3}} \cdot P_{\text{Grupo 3}} = (3/8) \cdot (3/8) = 9/64$$

$$P_{\text{Grupo 4}} \cdot P_{\text{Grupo}} = (1/8) \cdot (1/8) = 1/64$$

$$1/64 + 9/64 + 9/64 + 1/64 = (1+9+9+1)/64 = 20/64 = 5/16$$

(D)

7. dia 5: 6, 7, 11, 12 ou 14 - 5 casos;

dia 10: 11, 12 ou 14 - 3 casos;

dia 13: 14 - 1 caso

$$T = 5 + 3 + 1 = 9$$

$$P = \frac{9}{45} = \frac{1}{5} \quad (C)$$

8. apenas os números que somam  $\rightarrow \frac{2}{9}$   
 Total de retornos  $\rightarrow 9$  (D)

9.

$$T_A = C(6, 3) = 20$$

$$p = \frac{12}{20} - \frac{6}{10} - \frac{3}{5} \quad (C)$$