## Listea 11- Pargina 1

(1) L [sen(t)]

$$f(t) = \sin(t) :: f'(t) = \cos(t) :: f''(t) = -\sin(t)$$

$$L[f''(t)] = \frac{1}{2} = 0 \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{0}^{b} f''(t) e^{-st} dt = 0 \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{0}^{b} f''(t) e^{-st} dt = 0 \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{0}^{b} f''(t) e^{-st} dt = 0 \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{0}^{b} f''(t) e^{-st} dt = 0 \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{0}^{b} f'(t) e^{-st} dt = 0$$

Lista 11 - Pagina 2

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} (at)e^{-st}dt = 0$$

$$M = cos(at) \quad dv = e^{-st}dt$$

$$du = -and(at)dt \quad v = -\frac{1}{5}e^{-st} - 0$$

=> 
$$\int xim(atc)e^{-st}dt$$
 =>  $\int xim(atc) = \int xim(atc)e^{-st}dt$  =>  $\int x$ 

$$= \frac{-\cos(\cot)e^{-st}}{s} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \frac{\alpha}{s} \Big[ -\frac{\sin(\cot)e^{-st}}{s} + \frac{\alpha}{s} \Big] \cos(\cot)e^{-st} dx \Big]$$

$$= -\frac{\cos(\omega t)e^{-st}}{s}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \frac{\alpha}{s}\Big[ -\frac{\sin(\alpha t)e^{-st}}{s}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \frac{\alpha}{s} \cdot L\left[\cos(\alpha t)\right]\Big]$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\cos(\alpha(\infty))}{s}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\alpha(\infty))}{s}} + \left[ -\frac{\alpha}{s} \left[ -\frac{\sin(\alpha(\infty))}{s} - \left( -\frac{\sin(\alpha(\infty))}{s} \right) \right] - \frac{\cos(\alpha(\infty))}{s} \right] = \sqrt{\frac{1}{s}} = \sqrt{\frac$$

$$= \frac{1}{S} - \frac{\alpha}{S} \left[ 0 + \frac{\alpha}{S} \cdot L \left[ \cos(\alpha t) \right] \right] = \frac{1}{S} - \frac{\alpha^2}{S^2} L \left[ \cos(\alpha t) \right]$$

$$= \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \left[ \cos(\alpha t) \right] = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\alpha^2}{s^2} \left[ \cos(\alpha t) \right] = \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \left[ \cos(\alpha t) \right] \left( 1 + \frac{\alpha^2}{s^2} \right) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$= \sum_{1+\frac{\alpha^2}{3}} \left[ \frac{1}{s^2 + \alpha^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 + \alpha^2} \right] = \frac{1}{s^2 + \alpha^2} = \frac{1}$$

Lista 11- Pargima 3 3) [3+3+2+2++] 3.[[t3]+2.[[t]+L[t]  $[[t] = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-st} dt = \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} M = t \qquad dw = e^{-st} dt \qquad \Rightarrow s - \frac{t}{s} e^{-st} dt$   $[[t] = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-st} dt = \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} M = t \qquad dw = e^{-st} dt \qquad \Rightarrow s - \frac{t}{s} e^{-st} dt$  $-5 - \frac{t}{s}e^{-st} + \frac{1}{s}\left(-\frac{1}{s}e^{-st}\right) = 5 - \frac{t}{s}e^{-st} - \frac{1}{s^2}e^{-st}$  $\frac{1}{5} - \frac{(0)e^{-5/10}}{5} - \frac{1}{5}e^{-5/10} + \frac{(0)e^{-5/10}}{5} + \frac{1}{5^2}e^{-5/10} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{5^2}}$  $-\infty L[t^2] = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} dt - \infty u = t^2 dv = e^{-st} dt - \infty - \frac{1}{5}e^{-st} + \frac{1}{5}\int_0^\infty e^{-st} dt$  $\frac{30}{S} - \frac{1}{S} = \frac{1}{S} + \frac{2}{S} \left[ -\frac{1}{S} = \frac{1}{S} = \frac{1}{S} = \frac{1}{S} = \frac{2t}{S} - \frac{2t}{S} = \frac{2}{S} \right] (e^{-St})$  $= 5\left(-\frac{(0)^{2}}{5} - \frac{2(0)}{5^{2}} - \frac{2}{5^{2}}\right) \left(e^{5(0)}\right) + \left(\frac{(0)^{4}}{5} + \frac{2(0)^{4}}{5^{2}} + \frac{2}{5^{2}}\right)\left(e^{5(0)}\right)^{2} = \frac{2}{63}$ 

~ [[t] = 23

Lister III - Bargina 4

Continuação da 3

$$L[t^3] = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{of } s = 0 \\ 0 & \text{on } s = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$L[t^3] = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{otherwise} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$L[t^3] = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{otherwise} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$L[t^3] = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{otherwise} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$-5 - \frac{13}{5}e^{-5t} + \frac{3}{5}\left[t^2e^{-5t}dt - 5 - \frac{13}{5}t^3 - \frac{13}{5}e^{-5t} - \frac{1}{5}e^{-5t} - \frac{1}{5}e^{-5t}\right]$$

$$\frac{-5}{5} = \frac{5}{5} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3$$

$$\frac{-5(6)(6)^{\frac{3}{3}}}{5} = \frac{3(6)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{-5(6)}}{5^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{(60)e^{-5(6)}}{5^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{(6-5)(6)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(6)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{-5(6)}}{5^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(6)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{-5(6)}}{5^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots$$

$$= \frac{69^{2}}{5^{4}} = \frac{6}{5^{4}} = \frac{1}{5^{4}} = \frac{6}{5^{4}}$$

$$3L[t^{3}] + 2L[t^{3}] + L[t] = 3(\frac{6}{54}) + 2(\frac{2}{53}) + (\frac{1}{53}) = \frac{18}{54} + \frac{4}{53} + \frac{1}{52}$$

$$L[3t^{3} + 2t^{3} + 1] = \frac{18}{54} + \frac{4}{53} + \frac{1}{52}$$

Lister 11 - Posegmon 5

9 [ 
$$5e^{4t}$$
 ] =  $5.$   $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{4t} \cdot e^{-5t} dt$  =

$$L[3] = \int_{3e^{-5}}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{dx} = \int_{3e^{-5}}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{dx} = -\frac{3}{5} \int_{c}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{dx}$$

Limboundo que: 
$$L[t] = -\frac{1}{5}e^{st} - \frac{1}{5^2}e^{-st}$$

$$L[t^2] = -\frac{1}{5^2}e^{-st} - \frac{2}{5^2}e^{-st} - \frac{2}{5^2}e^{-st}$$

Então: 5. 
$$\left[ (e^{st}) \left( -\frac{t^2}{5} - \frac{2t}{5^2} - \frac{2}{5^3} \right) \right]_0^{\infty} - 4 \left[ (e^{st}) \left( -\frac{t}{5} - \frac{1}{5^3} \right) \right]_0^{\infty} + \left( \frac{3}{5} \right)$$

Jutto 11 - Rágina 6

(continuocas da 5

$$L[5t^2] = \frac{10}{33}$$
 $-4L[t] = -4\left[est(-t-1)\right]^{0} = -4\left[es(0)(-(\omega)-1)+es(0)(0)+\frac{1}{3}\right]$ 
 $-4.(\frac{1}{3}) = 5L[-4t] = -\frac{4}{33}$ 

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \left[ f'''(t) e^{st} dt \right] = \int_{0}^{\infty} f'''(t) e^{st} dt = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} f''(t) e^{st} dt = \int_{0}^{\infty} f''(t) e^{st} dt =$$

$$-5 L[f'''(t)] = SF(S) - f''(0) - \frac{f'(0)}{S} - f(0)$$

Luta 11- Raigna 7

7) [[estrem(t)]

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \sin(t) e^{(s-s)t} dt = 0$$

$$\frac{N + (t)}{2-s} e^{(2-s)t} \int_{0}^{\infty} (cos(t)) e^{(2-s)t} dt = 0$$

$$M = cos(t)$$

$$dw = e^{t(2-s)} dt$$

$$dw = -N + (t) dt$$

$$v = \frac{1}{2-s} e^{(2-s)t}$$

$$= 1 > 1 + 1 = 1 > 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2-5} \frac{N m(\infty)}{2-5} = \frac{N m(0)}{2-5} = \frac{N m(0)}{2$$

$$\Rightarrow -\left[-\frac{1}{2-S} + \frac{F(S)}{2-S}\right] \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2-S} - \frac{F(S)}{2-S} \Rightarrow \left[L\left[e^{2t} \text{sen}(t)\right] = \frac{1-F(S)}{2-S}\right]$$

8 L[疑(3et)]

Lista 11- Parojina 8 (9) [[/kn/4+]] + [[cos(2+)]  $L[sm(4t)] = \int_{0}^{\infty} sln(4t)e^{st}dt \quad \Rightarrow \int_{0}^{\infty} u = sln(4t) \quad du = e^{st}dt \quad \Rightarrow \int_{0}^{\infty} -\frac{sln(4t)}{s}e^{st}dt \quad \Rightarrow$ = - Mulut) e-st de + 4 s scor(4t) est de = 0 U= cor(4t) do = e-st de = 0 du= -4 xun(4t) de v= -1 e-st or = 0 = - 10 + 4 - cos(4t) = st - 4 (1) = st - 4 (  $=5-\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$   $=\frac{10}{5}$ 0 + 0 - 0=  $-0+\frac{4}{5^2}-\frac{16}{5^2}f(s)=f(s)=5$ => 4 = F(S) + 42 F(S) => 4 = S2 F(S) + 42 F(S) => F(S)(S2+42) = 4 =  $\frac{4}{\text{S}^2+42}$  ~ De forma amáloga:  $L[\text{Nen(at)}] = \frac{a}{\text{S}^2+a^2}$ L[cos(at)]=> [cos(at)ēstour => M=cos(at) dv=ēstur=> du=-2xm(at)our v=-lēst=>  $= \frac{\cos(2t)}{S} e^{-st} - \frac{2}{S} \int_{0}^{\infty} (3t) e^{-st} dt = 0$   $M = \lambda m(2t)$   $dw = e^{-st} dt$   $dw = 2\cos(2t) dt$   $v = -\frac{1}{2}e^{-st}$ -15 - (25)(2t) e-st | 0 - 2 | - 16m(2t) e-st | + 2 (cos(2t) e-st dt -15) -17 - (cos(2t) est | 0 + 2 mm(2t) est | 0 - 22 F(S) = F(S) = 17 25 (-0)+(=) + (0)-(0) - 2 + (5)=+(5) = 5 + (5) = +(5)

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3+4^2} + \frac{5}{3+2^2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-st} dt = D \prod_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{+(2-s)} dt = s \qquad \lim_{z \to s} e^{+(2-s)} = s \qquad \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{u} \cdot \frac{du}{2-s} = s \qquad \lim_{z \to s} e^{+(2-s)} = s \qquad \lim_{z \to s} concluçãos$$

$$L[e^{2t}] = \frac{1}{5-2}$$

## 5) L[H'(+)]

$$-DL[9t^{2}] = 9.\left(\frac{2}{5^{3}}\right) = \frac{18}{5^{3}} + L[4t] = 4\left(\frac{1}{5^{2}}\right) = \frac{4}{5^{2}} + L[1] = \frac{1}{5}$$

## Liter 11-Raigina 10

Subendo que: 
$$sen^2(t) = 1 - \omega_3(2t) = 5$$
  $\left[\frac{1 - \omega_3(2t)}{2}\right] + 5 = \frac{1}{2}\left(1 - \omega_3(2t)\right) = 5$ 

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{A} \left[ \frac{a^{A}}{s^{3} + a^{2}s} \right] \Rightarrow \sum_{A} \left[ sha^{2}(t) \right] = \frac{2}{s^{3} + a^{2}s}$$

Substanction give: 
$$\cos^2(t) = \frac{1 + \cos(2t)}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \cos(2t) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left[ \left[ 1 \right] + \left[ \left[ \cos(2t) \right] \right] \right]$$

$$L[\omega^{2}(t)] = \frac{S^{2} + 2}{S^{3} + 2^{2}S}$$

Liston II- Voigna II

10 [[ln(++1)]

$$= 5 \frac{1}{5} \left[ \int_{0}^{\infty} \ln(u) e^{-u} du - \int_{0}^{\infty} \ln(s) e^{-u} du \right] = 5 \frac{1}{5} \left[ (-8) - (-e^{-5}) \right]_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$3 = \frac{1}{S} \left[ (-\delta) + (-\ln(S)) \right] = -\frac{8 - \ln(S)}{S} = \frac{1}{S} \left[ \ln(t) \right] = -\frac{8 + \ln(S)}{S}$$

= 
$$S = \frac{1}{S} = \frac{1}{S}$$

Litron 11 - Pargima 12

$$L\left[\frac{d}{dt}\left(e^{t}-1\right)\right] = L\left[e^{t}\right] = \int_{e^{t}}^{e^{t}(1-s)}dt \xrightarrow{ds} \frac{u=t(1-s)}{dt=\frac{du}{1-s}} \xrightarrow{1-s} \int_{e^{u}}^{e^{u}}du = s$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1-s} e^{+(1-s)} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} \text{ Condição} : S>1 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{1-s} e^{-+(1-s)} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} \Rightarrow$$

$$-15 = \frac{1}{1-5} = \frac{1}{1-5} = \frac{1}{1-5} = \frac{1}{1-5}$$

$$SF(S) = \frac{1}{1-S} = F(S) = \frac{1}{S-S^2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{t(a-s)} dt = \prod_{0}^{\infty} e^{t(a-s)} dt = \lim_{0 \to \infty} u = t(a-s) = \lim_{0 \to \infty} \frac{\pi}{a-s} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{u} du =$$

$$\frac{1}{2-s} = \frac{t(2s)}{s} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} = 0 \quad \text{Comolição} : \frac{3}{2} = 0 - \frac{\pi}{2-s} = \frac{t(2s)}{s} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} = 0$$

$$= 5 - \frac{11}{2-8} e^{(\omega)(2-3)} + \frac{11}{2-8} e^{(\omega)(2-3)} = 5 \left[ \frac{1}{2-8} \left[ \frac{1}{2-8} \right] + \frac{1}{2-8} \right]$$

$$-50 - \frac{80}{4-5} = \frac{1}{6} = 0... =$$

## Lista 11 - Racofma 13

$$= \sum_{(-1-s)^3} \left[ \alpha^2 e^{\alpha} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} - 2 \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{\alpha} d\alpha \right] = \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} dc = d\alpha \quad v = e^{\alpha}$$

$$\frac{1}{(-1-s)^{2}}\left[\alpha^{2}e^{-\alpha}|_{0}^{\infty}-2\left[\alpha^{2}e^{-\alpha}|_{0}^{\infty}-\beta^{2}d\alpha\right]\right] \Rightarrow \frac{1}{(-1-s)^{2}}\left[\alpha^{2}e^{-\alpha}|_{0}^{\infty}-2\left(\alpha^{2}e^{-\alpha}|_{0}^{\infty}-e^{-\alpha}|_{0}^{\infty}\right)\right]$$

$$\frac{\alpha^{2}e^{\alpha}}{(-1-s)^{3}}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \frac{2\alpha e^{\alpha}}{(-1-s)^{3}}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} + \frac{2e^{\alpha}}{(-1-3)^{3}}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} = Substitutindo \alpha = t(-1-s)$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 \frac{(+(-1-5))^{2} e^{(+)(-1-5)}}{(-1-5)^{3}} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} + \frac{2e^{(+)(-1-5)}}{(-1-5)^{3}} \Big|_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$\frac{-\infty ((+)(-1-s)^{2}e^{-(+)(-1-s)})^{2}e^{-(+)(-1-s)}}{(-1-s)^{3}}\Big|_{0}^{\infty} + \frac{2(+)(-1-s)e^{-(+)(-1-s)}}{(-1-s)^{3}} + \frac{2e^{-(+)(-1-s)}}{(-1-s)^{3}}\Big|_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$= [(0) - (0)] + [(0) - (0)] + 2e^{-(0)(-1-98)} - 2e^{-(0)(-1-98)} = D L[t^2e^{-t}] = 2e^{-(-1-5)^3}$$

rta 11 - Raspina 14

1) L[senh (3t)

$$= \sum \lfloor e^{\alpha t} \rfloor = \frac{1}{s-\alpha} + 2 \lfloor e^{\alpha t} \rfloor = \frac{1}{s+\alpha} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s-\alpha} - \frac{1}{s+\alpha} \end{pmatrix} = \sum \frac{1}{s} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+\alpha+s+\alpha}{s-\alpha} \end{pmatrix}$$
Show  $s-\alpha$ 

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2a}{s^2 - a^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left[ \frac{2a}{s + a^2} \right] = \frac{a}{s^2 - a^2} \right] = \frac{3}{s^2 - 3^2}$$

$$S+01$$
 S-a

L[Nmh(3t)] =  $\frac{3}{S^2-3^2}$ 

[(+c)/kev]](16)

$$= \sum_{n} Cosh(0t) = \underbrace{\frac{e^{nt} + e^{nt}}{2}}_{2} = \sum_{n} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left( \lfloor \frac{e^{nt}}{2} \rfloor + \lfloor \frac{e^{nt}}{2} \rfloor \right) = \sum_{n} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{s_{n}} + \frac{1}{s_{n}} \right)$$
Start S-a

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S + \alpha + S - \alpha}{S^{2} - \alpha^{2}} \right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2S}{S^{2} - \alpha^{2}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \left[ \cosh(2t) \right] = \frac{S}{S^{2} - \alpha^{2}} \right] = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \left[ \cosh(2t) \right] = \frac{S}{S^{2} - \alpha^{2}} \right]$$

25) | [cosh2(+)]

$$\cosh^{2}(t) = \underbrace{1 + \omega \circ h(2t)}_{2} = \underbrace{1}_{2} \cdot \underbrace{\left[ \left[ \left[ 1 \right] + \left[ \left[ \omega \circ h(2t) \right] \right] \right]}_{2} = \underbrace{1}_{2} \left( \underbrace{\frac{1}{5} + \frac{5}{5}}_{5-2} \right) = \underbrace{1}_{2} \left( \underbrace{\frac{5}{5^{2} + 5}}_{5^{2} - 2} \right)$$

$$-m\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2s-\frac{2}{5}}{5^{2}-2^{2}}\right) = m\frac{5-\frac{2}{5}}{5^{2}-2^{2}} \times (5) = m\frac{5^{2}-2}{5^{2}(5^{2}-2^{2})} = \frac{5^{2}-2}{5^{2}-2^{2}} = \left[ \left[ \cosh^{2}(t) \right] \right]$$

24) [ [senh2(+)]

$$\lambda hh^{2}(t) = \cosh^{2}(-1) = \sum_{s=2}^{2} \frac{1}{s^{2}} = \frac{8^{2}-2-8^{2}+2^{2}}{s^{2}-2s} = \frac{1}{s^{2}-2s} = \frac{8^{2}-2-8^{2}+2^{2}}{s^{2}-2s}$$