

$$1-A) 4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 24$$

$$B) 5! - 6! = 120 - 720 = -600$$

$$C) \frac{9!}{6!} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot \cancel{6!}}{\cancel{6!}} = 504$$

$$D) \frac{98!}{100!} = \frac{\cancel{98!}}{100 \cdot 99 \cdot \cancel{98!}} = \frac{1}{9900}$$

$$2- \frac{1}{n!} - \frac{1}{(n+1)!} = 0$$

$$\frac{(n+1)! - n!}{(n+1)!} = \frac{(n+1) \cdot \cancel{n!} - n!}{(n+1)!} = \frac{1}{(n+1)!} \quad \text{Alternativa A}$$

$$3- \frac{(n!)^2 - (n-1)! \cdot n!}{(n-1)! \cdot n!} = \frac{n! - (n-1)!}{(n-1)!} = \frac{n \cdot \cancel{(n-1)!} - (n-1)!}{(n-1)!} = \frac{n-1}{n-1} = 1$$

Alternativa A

$$4- \frac{(n+2)! \cdot (n-2)!}{(n+1)! \cdot (n-1)!} = 4 = \frac{(n+2) \cdot \cancel{(n+1)!} \cdot \cancel{(n-2)!}}{\cancel{(n+1)!} \cdot (n-1) \cdot \cancel{(n-2)!}} = \frac{n+2}{n-1} = 4$$

$$n = 6 \Rightarrow 2 \quad \text{Alternativa A}$$

Par

$$5 - \frac{(n+1) \cdot n!}{(n+1) \cdot n!} - \frac{n!}{n!} = 7 - \frac{n!}{n!} = 1 \quad n=7$$

Alternativa D.

6- $n \in \mathbb{N}, n \geq 1$

$$(n-1)! [(n+1)! - n!] = ?$$

$$(n-1)! [(n+1)n! - n!]$$

$$n \cdot (n-1)! \cdot n!$$

$$n! \cdot n! = (n!)^2$$

Alternativa D.

7- $n! + (n-1)! = 6, n=?$

$$(n+1)! - n! = 25$$

$$\frac{(n-1)! (n+1)}{n! (n+1-1)} = \frac{6}{25} \quad \frac{(n-1)! (n+1)}{n \cdot (n-1)! \cdot n} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$n+1=6$ Alternativa
 $n=5$ C

8- $21! - 221$

$\rightarrow 21: 5, 15$
 $\rightarrow 21: 10, 20$

... 0 1 0 1 0

$$\begin{array}{r} 221 \\ \underline{779} \end{array}$$

7 Degenas
 Alternativa
 D