ID#: X.500: Name:

CSCI 2021: Practice Exam 1

Spring 2023 University of Minnesota

Exam period: 20 minutes

Points available: 50

Problem 1 (15 pts): Nearby is a small C pro- POSITION A gram which makes use of arrays, pointers, and function calls. Fill in the tables associated with the approximate memory layout of the running program at each position indicated. Assume the stack grows to lower memory addresses and that the sizes of C variable types correspond to common 64-bit systems.

1 #include <stdio.h> 2 void flub(double *ap, double *bp){ int c = 7; $if(*ap < c){$ *ap = bp[1];} // POSITION B 8 return; 9 } 10 int main(){ double x = 4.5; 11 double arr $[2] = \{3.5, 5.5\};$ 12 double *ptr = arr+1; 13 // POSITION A 14 flub(&x, arr); 15 printf("%.1f\n",x); 16 for(int i=0; i<2; i++){ 17 printf("%.1f\n",arr[i]); 18 19 return 0; 20 21 }

| | + | Address | + |
|---------------------------------|---|---------|-----------------------------|
| Frame | Symbol | | Value |
| main() | x arr[1] arr[0] ptr i | | ? |

POSITION B

| Frame | + Symbol | Address | Value |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|
| main() | x arr[1] arr[0] ptr i | #3064 #3056 | ? |
| flub() | + | | 7 |

Problem 2 (10 pts): Fill in the following table of equivalent ways to write these 8 bit quantities. There are a total of 9 blanks to fill in and the first column indicates which blanks occur in which lines. Assume two's complement encoding for the signed decimal column.

| | + Binary | Hex | | Unsigned Decimal | _ |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|
| #1 #2 #3 | 0001 1011 | | 0033 | | |
| #4 #5 #6 | | 0xA5 | 0245 | | |
| #7 #8 #9 | + | 0xC7 | , | , | -57 |

Backgound: Write a short C code fragment (1-5 lines) using a C I/O function call to accomplish the stated task. Assume in each case there is a variable FILE *fh which has been opened appropriately for the I/O operation. Also assume that any variables mentioned have already been declared.

Problem 3 (5 pts): Read three text floating point values from fh formatted as standard decimal point values into double variables r,u,t. Check if the read fails due to reaching the end of file; if so print the message None left.

Problem 4 (5 pts): Write 8 characters from the beginning of array str to fh in binary format.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Struct to count positive/negative
// numbers in arrays.
typedef struct {
 int poss, negs;
} pn_t;
pn_t *get_pn(int *arr, int len);
// Allocates a pn_t and initializes
// its field to zero. Then scans array
// arr increment poss for every 0 or
// positive value and negs for every
// negative value. Returns the pn_t
// with poss/negs fields set. If arr
// is NULL or len is less than 0,
// returns NULL.
int main(){
 int arr1[5] = \{3, 0, -1, 7, -4\};
 pn_t *pn1 = get_pn(arr1, 5);
 // pn1: {.poss=3, .negs=2}
 free(pn1);
 int arr2[3] = \{-1, -2, -4\};
 pn_t *pn2 = get_pn(arr2, 3);
 // pn2: {.poss=0, .negs=3}
 free(pn2);
 int *arr3 = NULL:
 pn_t *pn3 = get_pn(arr3, -1);
 // pn3: NULL
 return 0;
```

Problem 5 (15 pts): Nearby is a main() function demonstrating the use of the function get_pn(). Implement this function according to the documentation given. My solution is about 12 lines plus some closing curly braces.