

# CMSC216: Bonus Review 3A

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## Bonus Review Rules

- ▶ 3 Questions will be shown with about 5min per question, 15min total, time limit enforced on Gradescope Quiz
- ▶ Individual student bonus dots will be calculated as  
$$\text{BonusDots} = \text{floor}(\log_2(\text{TotalCorrectSectionAnswers}) - \text{YourIncorrectAnswers})$$
- ▶ Cooperation is allowed and encouraged within your discussion section: the more correct answers in the section, the more bonus points for all
- ▶ Staff will try to facilitate discussion but will not comment on correct/incorrect answers during the quiz
- ▶ Scores will posted after all sections have taken the done the bonus review, likely the following day
- ▶ Student in the Discussion Section with the highest `TotalCorrectSectionAnswers` will get +2 BonusDots
- ▶ Bonus Review is Open Resource just like the exam:  
<https://www.cs.umd.edu/~profk/216/exam-rules.pdf>

# Staging

- ▶ Open up the Gradescope Bonus Review Quiz for the day
- ▶ Once started, the quiz closes after 15min
- ▶ Get your resources set for the quiz

Okay...



## Question 1

Which of the following is NOT information that is tracked by the operating system about a running process?

- ▶ (A) Open files and positions within them for read/write operations
- ▶ (B) Valid virtual memory address ranges
- ▶ (C) Physical locations corresponding to virtual memory address ranges
- ▶ (D) Direct child processes created by the process
- ▶ (E) Parent process that created this process
- ▶ (F) Heap memory blocks that are available and in-use

## Question 2

Threads and processes have much overlap with one another in modern computing systems but have some distinct difference from one another. Select ALL of the TRUE STATEMENTS below:

- ▶ (A) Within a process tree, changes made to values in memory by one child process will be “seen” by all other child processes
- ▶ (B) Within a process, changes made to values in memory by one thread will be “seen” by other threads in the process
- ▶ (C) All parent / child processes share registers so must coordinate their use manually as the OS does not save/restore registers when switching between processes
- ▶ (D) Within a process, all threads share registers so must coordinate their use manually as the OS does not save/restore registers when switching between threads
- ▶ (E) The standard system calls we studied which create processes and threads all take a parameter for the function the new process/thread will execute when scheduled to run

## Question 3

Nearby is part of an implementation of `job_update_status()` from P4's Shellac. Select the option that best describes this implementation.

```
1 int job_update_status(job_t *job){  
2     int ret, status;  
3     int options = WNOHANG;  
4     ret = waitpid(job->pid, &status, options);  
5     if(!job->is_background){  
6         while(ret==0){  
7             ret = waitpid(job->pid, &status, options);  
8         }  
9     }  
10    if(ret == -1){  
11        perror("ERROR: -1 from waitpid()");  
12        exit(1);  
13    }  
14    if(ret != job->pid){  
15        return 0;  
16    }  
17    // remaining code to handle normal and  
18    // abnormal exits is correct but omitted  
19    // ...  
20    return 1;  
21 }  
22 }
```

- ▶ (A) The code is functionally CORRECT but inefficient as it exhibits polling behavior
- ▶ (B) The code is functionally CORRECT but is not accounting for some system call failures so will fail test cases
- ▶ (C) The code is functionally INCORRECT because it creates concurrency problems between processes and will fail test cases
- ▶ (D) The code is functionally INCORRECT because the chosen parameters will cause system calls to fail and leading to test case failures