# **TUSB1210**Standalone USB Transceiver Chip Silicon

# **Data Manual**



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Literature Number: SLLSE09F November 2009–Revised August 2012



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# **Standalone USB Transceiver Chip Silicon**

Check for Samples: TUSB1210

#### 1 Features

- USB2.0 PHY Transceiver Chip, Designed to Interface With a USB Controller via a ULPI Interface, Fully Compliant With:
  - Universal Serial Bus Specification Rev. 2.0
  - On-The-Go Supplement to the USB 2.0 Specification Rev. 1.3
  - UTMI+ Low Pin Interface (ULPI) Specification Rev. 1.1
  - ULPI 12-pin SDR Interface
- DP/DM Line External Component Compensation (TI Patent Pending)
- Interfaces to Host, Peripheral and OTG Device Cores; Optimized for Portable Devices or System ASICs with Built-in USB OTG Device Core
- Complete USB OTG Physical Front-End that Supports Host Negotiation Protocol (HNP) and Session Request Protocol (SRP)
- V<sub>BUS</sub> Overvoltage Protection Circuitry Protects
   V<sub>BUS</sub> Pin in Range –2 V to 20 V
- Internal 5 V Short-Circuit Protection of DP, DM, and ID Pins for Cable Shorting to V<sub>BUS</sub> Pin
- ULPI Interface:
  - I/O Interface (1.8V) Optimized for Non-Terminated 50 Ω Line Impedance
  - ULPI CLOCK Pin (60 MHz) Supports Both Input and Output Clock Configurations
  - Fully Programmable ULPI-Compliant Register Set
- Full Industrial Grade Operating Temperature Range from -40°C to 85°C
- Available in a 32-Pin Quad Flat No Lead [QFN (RHB)] Package
- Can Be Interfaced to Peripheral, Host or OTG Controller Devices via ULPI. Suited to Portable Devices or System ASICs with Built-In

### Controller Core.

- Complete HS-USB Physical Front-End:
  - Supports High Speed (480 Mbit/s), Full Speed (12 Mbit/s) and Low Speed (1.5 Mbit/s)
  - Integrated Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)
     Supporting 2 Clock Frequencies 19.2 MHz/26
     MHz
  - Integrated 45 Ω ±10% High-Speed Termination Resistors, 1.5 kΩ Full-Speed Device Pull-up Resistor, 15 kΩ Host Termination Resistors
  - Integrated Transmit and Receive Paths for Parallel-to-Serial and Serial-to-Parallel Data Conversion
  - USB Data Recovery to Allow Recovery of USB Data up to ±500 ppm Frequency Drift
  - Bit-Stuffing Insertion During Transmit and Removal During Receive
  - Non-Return-to-Zero Inverted (NRZI) Encoding and Decoding
  - Supports Bus Reset, Suspend, Resume and High-Speed Detection Handshake (Chirp)
  - HS USB DP/DM Impedance Programmability for External Component Compensation
- OTG Ver1.3:
  - Control of External V<sub>BUS</sub> Switch or Charge Pump
  - Both Session Request Protocol (SRP)
     Methods Supported: Data Pulsing and V<sub>BUS</sub>
     Pulsing
  - Integrated V<sub>BUS</sub> Detectors and Cable Detection (ID)
- Internal Power-On Reset (POR) Circuit
- Flexible System Integration and Very Low Current Consumption, Optimized for Portable Devices



### 2 Description

The TUSB1210 is a USB2.0 transceiver chip, designed to interface with a USB controller via a ULPI interface. It supports all USB2.0 data rates (High-Speed 480Mbps, Full-Speed 12 Mbps and Low-Speed 1.5Mbps), and is compliant to both Host and Peripheral modes. It additionally supports a UART mode and legacy ULPI serial modes.

TUSB1210 also supports the OTG (Ver1.3) optional addendum to the USB 2.0 Specification, including Host Negotiation Protocol (HNP) and Session Request Protocol (SRP).

TUSB1210 is optimized to be interfaced through a 12-pin SDR UTMI Low Pin Interface (ULPI), supporting both input clock and output clock modes, with 1.8 V interface supply voltage.

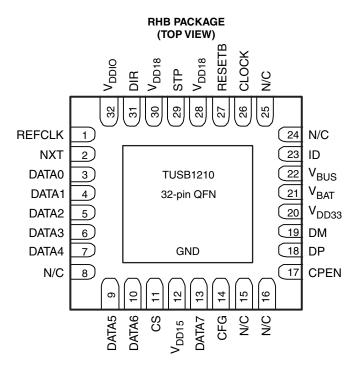
TUSB1210 integrates a 3.3 V LDO, which makes it flexible to work with either battery operated systems or pure 3.3 V supplied systems. Both the main supply and the 3.3 V power domain can be supplied through an external switched-mode converter for optimized power efficiency.

TUSB1210 includes a POR circuit to detect supply presence on  $V_{BAT}$  and  $V_{DDIO}$  pins. TUSB1210 can be disabled or configured in low power mode for energy saving.

TUSB1210 is protected against accidental shorts to 5 V or ground on its exposed interface (DP/DM/ID). It is also protected against up to 20 V surges on  $V_{BUS}$ .

TUSB1210 integrates a high-performance low-jitter 480 MHz PLL and supports two clock configurations. Depending on the required link configuration, TUSB1210 supports both ULPI input and output clock mode: input clock mode, in which case a square-wave 60 MHz clock is provided to TUSB1210 at the ULPI interface CLOCK pin; and output clock mode in which case TUSB1210 can accept a square-wave reference clock at REFCLK of either 19.2 MHz, 26 MHz. Frequency is indicated to TUSB1210 via the configuration pin CFG. This can be useful if a reference clock is already available in the system.

### 2.1 Terminal Description





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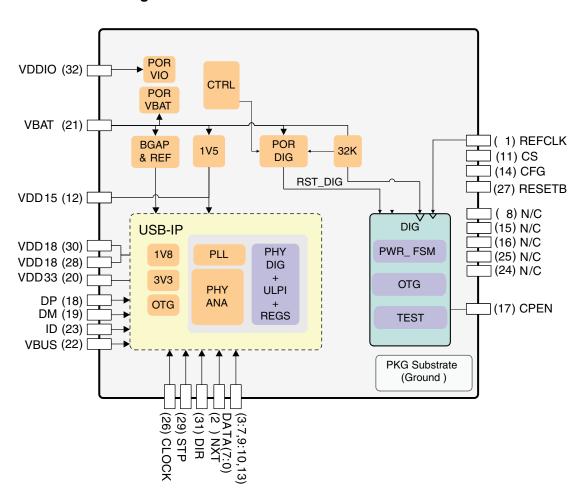


# **Table 2-1. Terminal Functions**

TERMINAL		4/5	TVD=	DE 1.5751	DECODIFICAL	
NO.	NAME	A/D	TYPE	LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	
1	REFCLK	A	I	3.3 V	V <sub>DD33</sub> Reference clock input (square-wave only). Tie to GND when pin 26 (CLOCK) is required to be Input mode. Connect to square-wave reference clock of amplitude in the range of 3 V to 3.6 V when Pin 26 (CLOCK) is required to be Output mode. See pin 14 (CFG) description for REFCLK input frequency settings.	
2	NXT	D	0	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI NXT output signal	
3	DATA0	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 0 synchronized to CLOCK	
4	DATA1	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 1 synchronized to CLOCK	
5	DATA2	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 2 synchronized to CLOCK	
6	DATA3	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 3 synchronized to CLOCK	
7	DATA4	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 4 synchronized to CLOCK	
8	N/C	_	-	$V_{DDIO}$	No connect	
9	DATA5	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 5 synchronized to CLOCK	
10	DATA6	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 6 synchronized to CLOCK	
11	cs	D	I	$V_{DDIO}$	Active-high chip select pin. When low the IC is in power down and ULPI bus is tri-stated. When high normal operation. Tie to V <sub>DDIO</sub> if unused.	
12	VDD15	Α	power		1.5-V internal LDO output. Connect to external filtering capacitor.	
13	DATA7	D	I/O	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DATA input/output signal 7 synchronized to CLOCK	
14	CFG	D	I	$V_{DDIO}$	REFCLK clock frequency configuration pin. Two frequencies are supported: 19.2 MHz when 0, or 26 MHz when 1.	
15	N/C	_	-	_	No connect	
16	N/C	_	_	_	No connect	
17	CPEN	D	0	$V_{DD33}$	CMOS active-high digital output control of external 5V VBUS supply	
18	DP	Α	I/O	$V_{DD33}$	DP pin of the USB connector	
19	DM	А	I/O	V <sub>DD33</sub>	DM pin of the USB connector	
20	$V_{DD33}$	Α	power	$V_{DD33}$	3.3-V internal LDO output. Connect to external filtering capacitor.	
21	V <sub>BAT</sub>	Α	power	V <sub>BAT</sub>	Input supply voltage or battery source	
22	V <sub>BUS</sub>	Α	power	V <sub>BUS</sub>	V <sub>BUS</sub> pin of the USB connector	
23	ID	Α	I/O	$V_{DD33}$	Identification (ID) pin of the USB connector	
24	N/C	_	_	_	No connect	
25	N/C	_	_	_	No connect	
					ULPI 60 MHz clock on which ULPI data is synchronized.	
					Two modes are possible:	
26	CLOCK	D	0	$V_{DDIO}$	Input Mode: CLOCK defaults as an input.	
					Output Mode: When an input clock is detected on REFCLK pin (after 4 rising edges) then CLOCK will change to an output.	
27	RESETB	D	I	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	When low, all digital logic (except 32 kHz logic required for power up sequencing) including registers are reset to their default values, and ULF bus is tri-stated. When high, normal USB operation.	
28	V <sub>DD18</sub>	Α	power	V <sub>DD18</sub>	External 1.8-V supply input. Connect to external filtering capacitor.	
29	STP	D	I	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI STP input signal	
30	V <sub>DD18</sub>	Α	power	V <sub>DD18</sub>	External 1.8-V supply input. Connect to external filtering capacitor.	
31	DIR	D	0	$V_{DDIO}$	ULPI DIR output signal	
32	$V_{DDIO}$	А	I	$V_{\rm DDIO}$	External 1.8V supply input for digital I/Os. Connect to external filtering capacitor.	



# 2.2 TUSB1210 Block Diagram





#### 3 Electrical Characteristics

### 3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Main battery supply voltage (2)		0	5	V
	Voltage on any input <sup>(3)</sup>	Where supply represents the voltage applied to the power supply pin associated with the input	-0.3	1 × V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
	V <sub>BUS</sub> input		-2	20	V
	ID, DP, DM inputs	Stress condition guaranteed 24h	-0.3	5.25	V
$V_{DDIO}$	IO supply voltage	Continuous		1.98	V
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		<b>-</b> 55	125	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature range		-40	85	°C
_	A selected to see a selection of the	Absolute maximum rating	-40	150	°C
$T_{J}$	Ambient temperature range	For parametric compliance	-40	125	30
	Ambient temperature for parametric compliance	With max 125°C as junction temperature	-40	85	°C
	DP, DM, ID high voltage short circuit	DP, DM or ID pins short circuited to V <sub>BUS</sub> supply, in any mode of TUSB1210 operation, continuously for 24 hours		5.25	V
	DP, DM, ID low voltage short circuit	DP, DM or ID pins short circuited to GND in any mode of TUSB1210 operation, continuously for 24 hours	0		V

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# 3.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>BAT</sub>	Battery supply voltage		2.7	3.6	4.8	V
$V_{BAT}$	Battery supply voltage for USB 2.0 compliancy (USB 2.0 certification)	When V <sub>DD33</sub> is supplied internally	3.15			V
CERT		When $V_{DD33}$ is shorted to $V_{BAT}$ externally	3.05			
$V_{DDIO}$	Digital IO pin supply		1.71		1.98	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature range		-40		85	°C

#### 3.3 ESD Electrical Parameters

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
CDM	Charged-Device Model stress voltage	All pads		500	V
HBM	Human-Body Model stress voltage	All pads		200	) V

<sup>(2)</sup> The product will have negligible reliability impact if voltage spikes of 5.5 V occur for a total (cumulative over lifetime) duration of 5 milliseconds.

<sup>(3)</sup> Except  $V_{BAT}$  input,  $V_{BUS}$ , ID, DP, and DM pads



# 4 Clock System

#### 4.1 USB PLL Reference Clock

The USB PLL block generates the clocks used to synchronize:

- the ULPI interface (60 MHz clock)
- the USB interface (depending on the USB data rate, 480 Mbps, 12 Mbps or 1.5 Mbps)

TUSB1210 requires an external reference clock which is used as an input to the 480 MHz USB PLL block. Depending on the clock configuration, this reference clock can be provided either at REFCLK pin or at CLOCK pin. By default CLK pin is configured as an input.

Two clock configurations are possible:

- Input clock configuration (see Section 4.2)
- Output clock configuration (see Section 4.3)

### 4.2 ULPI Input Clock Configuration

In this mode REFCLK must be externally tied to GND. CLOCK remains configured as an input.

When the ULPI interface is used in "input clock configuration", i.e., the 60 MHz ULPI clock is provided to TUSB1210 on Clock pin, then this is used as the reference clock for the 480 MHz USB PLL block.

Table 4-1. Electrical Characteristics: Clock Input

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Clock input duty cycle		40		60	%
f <sub>CLK</sub>	Clock nominal frequency			60		MHz
	Clock input rise/fall time	In % of clock period t <sub>CLK</sub> ( = 1/f <sub>CLK</sub> )			10	%
	Clock input frequency accuracy				250	ppm
	Clock input integrated jitter				600	ps rms

#### 4.3 ULPI Output Clock Configuration

In this mode a reference clock must be externally provided on REFCLK pin When an input clock is detected on REFCLK pin then CLK will automatically change to an output, i.e., 60 MHz ULPI clock is output by TUSB1210 on CLK pin.

Two reference clock input frequencies are supported. REFCLK input frequency is communicated to TUSB1210 via a configuration pin, CFG, see  $f_{REFCLK}$  in Table 8-1 for frequency correspondence. TUSB1210 supports square-wave reference clock input only. Reference clock input must be square-wave of amplitude in the range 3.0 V to 3.6 V.

Table 4-2. Electrical Characteristics: REFCLK

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	REFCLK input duty cycle		40		60	%
	DEECL K a principal fragment	When CFG pin is tied to GND		19.2		MII-
† <sub>REFCLK</sub>	REFCLK nominal frequency	When CFG pin is tied to V <sub>DDIO</sub>		26		MHz
	REFCLK input rise/fall time	In % of clock period $t_{REFCLK}$ ( = $1/f_{REFCLK}$ )			20	%
	REFCLK input frequency accuracy				250	ppm
	REFCLK input integrated jitter				600	ps rms

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Clock System



#### 4.4 Clock 32 kHz

An internal clock generator running at 32 kHz has been implemented to provide a low-speed, low-power clock to the system

Table 4-3. Performances

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output duty cycle	Input duty cycle 40–60%	48	50	52	%
Output frequency		23	32	38	kHz

### 4.5 Reset

All logic is reset if CS = 0 or  $V_{BAT}$  are not present.

All logic (except 32 kHz logic) is reset if  $V_{\text{DDIO}}$  is not present.

PHY logic is reset when any supplies are not present ( $V_{DDIO}$ ,  $V_{DD15}$ ,  $V_{DD18}$ ,  $V_{DD33}$ ) or if RESETB pin is low.

TUSB1210 may be reset manually by toggling the RESETB pin to GND for at lease 200 ns.

If manual reset via RESETB is not required then RESETB pin may be tied to  $V_{\text{DDIO}}$  permanently.



#### 5 Power Module

This chapter describes the electrical characteristics of the voltage regulators and timing characteristics of the supplies digitally controlled within the TUSB1210.

#### 5.1 Power Providers

Table 5-1. Summary of TUSB1210 Power Providers (1)

NAME	USAGE	TYPE	TYPICAL VOLTAGE (V)	MAXIMUM CURRENT (mA)
$V_{DD15}$	Internal	LDO	1.5	50
V <sub>DD18</sub>	External	LDO	1.8	30
V <sub>DD33</sub>	Internal	LDO	3.1	15

<sup>(1)</sup> V<sub>DD33</sub> may be supplied externally, or by shorting the V<sub>DD33</sub> pin to V<sub>BAT</sub> pin provided V<sub>BAT</sub> min is in range [3.2 V : 3.6 V]. Note that the V<sub>DD33</sub> LDO will always power-on when the chip is enabled, irrespective of whether V<sub>DD33</sub> is supplied externally or not. In the case the V<sub>DD33</sub> pin is not supplied externally in the application, the electrical specs for this LDO are provided below.

### 5.1.1 $V_{DD33}$ Regulator

The V<sub>DD33</sub> internal LDO regulator powers the USB PHY, charger detection, and OTG functions of the USB subchip inside TUSB1210. Table 5-2 describes the regulator characteristics.

 $V_{\text{DD33}}$  regulator takes its power from  $V_{\text{BAT}}$ .

Since the USB2.0 standard requires data lines to be biased with pullups biased from a supply greater than 3 V, and since  $V_{DD33}$  regulator has an inherent voltage drop from its input,  $V_{BAT}$ , to its regulated output, TUSB1210 will not meet USB 2.0 Standard if operated from a battery whose voltage is lower than 3.3 V.

Table 5-2. V<sub>DD33</sub> Internal LDO Regulator Characteristics

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{INVDD33}$	Input voltage	V <sub>BAT</sub> USB		$V_{VDD33}$ typ + 0.2	3.6	4.5	<b>V</b>
			VUSB3V3_VSEL = '000	2.4	2.5	2.6	
	Output voltage		VUSB3V3_VSEL = '001	2.65	2.75	2.85	
		ON mode,	VUSB3V3_VSEL = '010	2.9	3.0	3.1	
			VUSB3V3_VSEL = '011 (default)	3.0	3.1	3.2	V
$V_{VDD33}$			VUSB3V3_VSEL = '100	3.1	3.2	3.3	
			VUSB3V3_VSEL = '101	3.2	3.3	3.4	
			VUSB3V3_VSEL = '110	3.3	3.4	3.5	
			VUSB3V3_VSEL = '111	3.4	3.5	3.6	
	Potod output ourront	V LICE	Active mode			15	m ^
I <sub>VDD33</sub>	Rated output current	V <sub>BAT</sub> USB	Suspend/reset mode			1	mA

### **5.1.2 V**<sub>DD18</sub> **Supply**

The V<sub>DD18</sub> supply is powered externally at the V<sub>DD18</sub> pin. See Table 8-1 for external components.

### 5.1.3 $V_{DD15}$ Regulator

The  $V_{DD15}$  internal LDO regulator powers the USB subchip inside TUSB1210. Table 5-3 describes the regulator characteristics.



# Table 5-3. $V_{\text{DD15}}$ Internal LDO Regulator Characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN VDD15</sub>	Input voltage	On mode, V <sub>IN VDD15</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub>	2.7	3.6	4.5	V
$V_{VDD15}$	Output voltage	V <sub>INVDD15 min</sub> - V <sub>INVDD15 max</sub>	1.45	1.56	1.65	V
I <sub>VDD15</sub>	Rated output current	On mode			30	mA

### **5.2 Power Consumption**

Table 5-4 describes the power consumption depending on the use cases.

### **NOTE**

The typical power consumption is obtained in the nominal operating conditions and with the TUSB1210 standalone.

### **Table 5-4. Power Consumption**

MODE	CONDITIONS	SUPPLY	TYPICAL CONSUMPTION	UNIT
		I <sub>VBAT</sub>	8	
OFF Mode	V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>DD18</sub>	I <sub>VDDIO</sub>	3	^
OFF Wode	= 1.8 V, CS = 0 V	I <sub>VDD18</sub>	5	μΑ
		I <sub>TOTAL</sub>	16	
		$I_{VBAT}$	204	
Suspend Mode	V <sub>BUS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DDIO</sub> =	I <sub>VDDIO</sub>	3	
	1.8 V, No clock	I <sub>VDD18</sub>	3	μΑ
		I <sub>TOTAL</sub>	210	
		$I_{VBAT}$	24.6	
HS USB Operation	V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>DD18</sub>	I <sub>VDDIO</sub>	1.89	mΛ
(Synchronous Mode)	= 1.8 V, active USB transfer	VDDIO =	21.5	mA
		I <sub>TOTAL</sub>	48	
		$I_{VBAT}$	25.8	
FS USB Operation	V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.8 V, active	I <sub>VDDIO</sub>	1.81	mA
(Synchronous Mode)	USB transfer	I <sub>VDD18</sub>	4.06	MA
		I <sub>TOTAL</sub>	31.7	
		I <sub>VBAT</sub>	237	
Reset Mode	RESETB = 0 V, V <sub>BUS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>BAT</sub>	I <sub>VDDIO</sub>	3	
Reset Mode	= 3.6 V, V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.8 V, No clock	I <sub>VDD18</sub>	3	μΑ
		I <sub>TOTAL</sub>	243	



### 5.3 Power Management

### 5.3.1 Power On Sequence

### 5.3.1.1 Timing Diagram

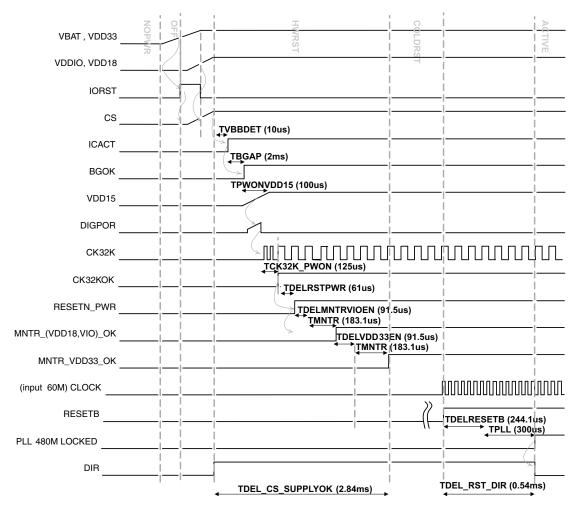


Figure 5-1. TUSB1210 Power-Up Timing (ULPI Clock Input Mode)



# 5.3.2 Timers and Debounce

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
T <sub>DEL_CS_SUPPLYOK</sub>	Chip-select-to-supplies OK delay			2.84	4.10	ms
T <sub>DEL_RST_DIR</sub>	RESETB to PHY PLL locked and DIR falling-edge delay			0.54	0.647	ms
T <sub>VBBDET</sub>	V <sub>BAT</sub> detection delay			10		us
T <sub>BGAP</sub>	Bandgap power-on delay			2		ms
T <sub>PWONVDD15</sub>	V <sub>DD15</sub> power-on delay			100		us
T <sub>PWONCK32K</sub>	32-KHz RC-OSC power-on delay			125		us
T <sub>DELRSTPWR</sub>	Power control reset delay			61		us
T <sub>DELMNTRVIOEN</sub>	Monitor enable delay			91.5		us
T <sub>MNTR</sub>	Supply monitoring debounce			183.1		us
T <sub>DELVDD33EN</sub>	V <sub>DD33</sub> LDO enable delay			93.75		us
T <sub>DELRESETB</sub>	RESETB internal delay		-	244.1		us
T <sub>PLL</sub>	PLL lock time			300		us



### 6 USB Connectivity

# **6.1 Timing Parameter Definitions**

The timing parameter symbols used in the timing requirement and switching characteristic tables are created in accordance with JEDEC Standard 100. To shorten the symbols, some pin names and other related terminologies have been abbreviated as shown in Table 6-1.

**Table 6-1. Timing Parameter Definitions** 

	LOWERCASE SUBSCRIPTS
SYMBOL	PARAMETER
С	Cycle time (period)
D	Delay time
Dis	Disable time
En	Enable time
Н	Hold time
Su	Setup time
START	Start bit
Т	Transition time
V	Valid time
W	Pulse duration (width)
X	Unknown, changing, or don't care level
Н	High
L	Low
V	Valid
IV	Invalid
AE	Active edge
FE	First edge
LE	Last edge
Z	High impedance

# 6.2 Interface Target Frequencies

Table Table 6-2 assumes testing over the recommended operating conditions.

Table 6-2. TUSB1210 Interface Target Frequencies

IO INTERFACE	INTERFACE	DESIGNATION	TARGET FREQUENCY 1.5 V
USB	Universal serial bus	High speed	480 Mbits/s
		Full speed	12 Mbits/s
		Low speed	1.5 Mbits/s

#### 6.3 USB Transceiver

The TUSB1210 device includes a universal serial bus (USB) on-the-go (OTG) transceiver that supports USB 480 Mb/s high-speed (HS), 12 Mb/s full-speed (FS), and USB 1.5 Mb/s low-speed (LS) through a 12-pin UTMI+ low pin interface (ULPI).



#### **NOTE**

LS device mode is not allowed by a USB2.0 HS capable PHY, therefore it is not supported by TUSB1210. This is clearly stated in USB2.0 standard Chapter 7, page 119, second paragraph: "A high-speed capable upstream facing transceiver must not support low-speed signaling mode.." There is also some related commentary in Chapter 7.1.2.3.

#### 6.3.1 TUSB1210 Modes vs ULPI Pin Status

Table 6-3, Table 6-4, and Table 6-5 show the status of each of the 12 ULPI pins including input/output direction and whether output pins are driven to '0' or to '1', or pulled up/pulled down via internal pullup/pulldown resistors.

Note that pullup/pulldown resistors are automatically replaced by driven '1'/'0' levels respectively once internal IORST is released, with the exception of the pullup on STP which is maintained in all modes.

Pin assignment changes in ULPI 3-pin serial mode, ULPI 6-pin serial mode, and UART mode. Unused pins are tied low in these modes as shown below.

Table 6-3. TUSB1210 Modes vs ULPI Pin Status:ULPI Synchronous Mode Power-Up

				ULPI SYN	CHRONOUS	S MODE POWE	R-UP		
		UNTIL IORS	T RELEASE	PLL O	FF	PLL ON +	STP HIGH	PLL ON +	STP LOW
PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DIR	PU/PD	DIR	PU/PD	DIR	PU/PD	DIR	PU/PD
26	CLOCK	Hiz	PD	I	PD	Ю	-	Ю	-
31	DIR	Hiz	PU	O, ('1')	-	O, ('0')	-	0	-
2	NXT	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	O, ('0')	-	0	-
29	STP	Hiz	PU	1	PU	I	PU	I	PU
3	DATA0	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
4	DATA1	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
5	DATA2	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
6	DATA3	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
7	DATA4	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
9	DATA5	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
10	DATA6	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-
13	DATA7	Hiz	PD	O, ('0')	-	I	PD	Ю	-

Table 6-4. TUSB1210 Modes vs ULPI Pin Status: USB Suspend Mode

		SUSPEN	D MODE	LINK / EXTERNAL RECOMMEND SETTING DURING SUSPEND MO	
PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DIR	PU/PD	DIR	PU/PD
26	CLOCK	I	-	0	-
31	DIR	O, ('1')	-	1	-
2	NXT	O, ('0')	-	1	-
29	STP	1	PU <sup>(1)</sup>	O, ('0')	-
3	DATA0	O, (LINESTATE0)	-	I	-
4	DATA1	O, (LINESTATE1)	-	I	-
5	DATA2	O, ('0')	-	I	-
6	DATA3	O, (INT)	-	I	-

(1) Can be disabled by software before entering Suspend Mode to reduce current consumption



Table 6-4. TUSB1210 Modes vs ULPI Pin Status: USB Suspend Mode (continued)

		SUSPEND MODE		LINK / EXTERNAL RECOMMENDE SETTING DURING SUSPEND MOD	
PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DIR	PU/PD	DIR	PU/PD
7	DATA4	O, ('0')	-	I	-
9	DATA5	O, ('0')	-	1	-
10	DATA6	O, ('0')	-	I	-
13	DATA7	O, ('0')	-	I	-

Table 6-5. TUSB1210 Modes vs ULPI Pin Status: ULPI 6-Pin Serial Mode and UART Mode

	ULPI 6-PII	N SERIAL	MODE	ULPI 3-PII	N SERIAL N	MODE	U	ART MODE	
PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DIR	PU/PD	PIN NAME	DIR	PU/PD	PIN NAME	DIR	PU/PD
26	CLOCK (1)	Ю	-	CLOCK (1)	Ю	-	CLOCK (1)	Ю	-
31	DIR	0	-	DIR	0	-	DIR	0	-
2	NXT	0	-	NXT	0	-	NXT	0	-
29	STP	I	PU	STP	1	PU	STP	1	PU
3	TX_ENABLE	I	-	TX_ENABLE	1	-	TXD	1	-
4	TX_DAT	I	-	DAT	Ю	-	RXD	Ю	-
5	TX_SE0	I	-	SE0	Ю	-	tie low	0	-
6	INT	0	-	INT	0	-	INT	0	-
7	RX_DP	0	-	tie low	0	-	tie low	0	-
9	RX_DM	0	-	tie low	0	-	tie low	0	-
10	RX_RCV	0	-	tie low	0	-	tie low	0	-
13	tie low	0	-	tie low	0	-	tie low	0	-

### 6.3.2 ULPI Interface Timing

**Table 6-6. ULPI Interface Timing** 

	PARAMETER		INPUT CLOCK		OUTPUT CLOCK	
	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$T_{SC},T_{SD}$	Set-up time (control in, 8-bit data in)		3		6	ns
$T_{SC}, T_{HD}$	Hold time (control in, 8-bit data in)	1.5		0		ns
$T_{DC}, T_{DD}$	Output delay (control out, 8-bit data out)		6		9	ns

#### 6.3.3 PHY Electrical Characteristics

The PHY is the physical signaling layer of the USB 2.0. It essentially contains all the drivers and receivers required for physical data and protocol signaling on the DP and DM lines.

The PHY interfaces to the USB controller through a standard 12-pin digital interface called UTMI+ low pin interface (ULPI).

The transmitters and receivers inside the PHY are classified into two main classes.

- The full-speed (FS) and low-speed (LS) transceivers. These are the legacy USB1.x transceivers.
- The HS (HS) transceivers

In order to bias the transistors and run the logic, the PHY also contains reference generation circuitry which consists of:

- A DPLL which does a frequency multiplication to achieve the 480-MHz low-jitter lock necessary for USB and also the clock required for the switched capacitor resistance block.
- A switched capacitor resistance block which is used to replicate an external resistor on chip.



Built-in pullup and pulldown resistors are used as part of the protocol signaling.

Apart from this, the PHY also contains circuitry which protects it from accidental 5-V short on the DP and DM lines.

### 6.3.3.1 LS/FS Single-Ended Receivers

In addition to the differential receiver, there is a single-ended receiver (SE-, SE+) for each of the two data lines D+/-. The main purpose of the single-ended receivers is to qualify the D+ and D- signals in the full-speed/low-speed modes of operation.

Table 6-7. LS/FS Single-Ended Receivers

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	USB single-ended receivers					
SK <sub>WVP_VM</sub>	Skew between VP and VM	Driver outputs unloaded	-2	0	2	ns
V <sub>SE_HYS</sub>	Single-ended hysteresis		50			mV
$V_{IH}$	High (driven)		2			V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low				0.8	V
$V_{TH}$	Switching threshold		0.8		2	V

#### 6.3.3.2 LS/FS Differential Receiver

A differential input receiver (Rx) retrieves the LS/FS differential data signaling. The differential voltage on the line is converted into digital data by a differential comparator on DP/DM. This data is then sent to a clock and data recovery circuit which recovers the clock from the data. An additional serial mode exists in which the differential data is directly output on the RXRCV pin.

Table 6-8. LS/FS Differential Receiver

PARAMETER		COMMENTS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
$V_{DI}$	Differential input sensitivity	Ref. USB2.0	200		mV
$V_{\text{CM}}$	Differential Common mode range	Ref. USB2.0	0.8	2.5	V

#### 6.3.3.3 LS/FS Transmitter

The USB transceiver (Tx) uses a differential output driver to drive the USB data signal D+/– onto the USB cable. The driver's outputs support 3-state operation to achieve bidirectional half-duplex transactions.

Table 6-9. LS Transmitter

	PARAMETER		COMMENTS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low		Ref. USB2.0	0	300	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	High (driven)		Ref. USB2.0	2.8	3.6	V
V <sub>CRS</sub>	Output signal crossover voltage		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	1.3	2	V
T <sub>FR</sub>	Rise time		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	75	300	ns
T <sub>FF</sub>	Fall time			75	300	ns
T <sub>FRFM</sub>	Differential rise and fall time m	atching		80	125	%
T <sub>FDRATE</sub>	Low-speed data rate		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	1.4775	1.5225	Mb/s
T <sub>DJ1</sub>	Source jitter total (including	To next transition	Ref. USB2.0, covered by	-25	25	ns
T <sub>DJ2</sub>	frequency tolerance)	For paired transitions	eye diagram	-10	10	
T <sub>FEOPT</sub>	Source SE0 interval of EOP		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	1.25	1.5	us



# Table 6-9. LS Transmitter (continued)

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Downstream eye diagram	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram				
VcM	Differential common mode range	Ref. USB2.0	0.8		2.5	V



#### Table 6-10. FS Transmitter

	PARAMETER		COMMENTS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low		Ref. USB2.0	0	300	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	High (driven)		Ref. USB2.0	2.8	3.6	V
VCRS	Output signal crossover voltage		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	1.3	2	V
t <sub>FR</sub>	Rise time		Ref. USB2.0	4	20	ns
t <sub>FF</sub>	Fall time		Ref. USB2.0	4	20	ns
t <sub>FRFM</sub>	Differential rise and fall time matching		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	90	111.1 1	%
Z <sub>DRV</sub>	Driver output resistance		Ref. USB2.0	28	44	Ω
TFDRATE	Full-speed data rate		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	11.97	12.03	Mb/s
T <sub>DJ1</sub>	Source jitter total (including	To next transition	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye	-2	2	ns
T <sub>DJ2</sub>	frequency tolerance)	For paired transitions	diagram	-1	1	
TFEOPT	Source SE0 interval of EOP		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	160	175	ns
	Downstream eye diagram		Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram			
	Upstream eye diagram					

#### 6.3.3.4 HS Differential Receiver

The HS receiver consists of the following blocks:

A differential input comparator to receive the serial data

- · A squelch detector to qualify the received data
- An oversampler-based clock data recovery scheme followed by a NRZI decoder, bit unstuffing, and serial-to-parallel converter to generate the ULPI DATAOUT

Table 6-11. HS Differential Receiver

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VHSSQ	High-speed squelch detection threshold (differential signal amplitude)	Ref. USB2.0	100		150	mV
VHSDSC	High-speed disconnect detection threshold (differential signal amplitude)	Ref. USB2.0	525		625	mV
	High-speed differential input signaling levels	Ref. USB2.0, specified by eye pattern templates				mV
VHSCM	High-speed data signaling common mode voltage range (guidelines for receiver)	Ref. USB2.0	-50		500	mV
	Receiver jitter tolerance	Ref. USB2.0, specified by eye pattern templates			150	ps

#### 6.3.3.5 HS Differential Transmitter

The HS transmitter is always operated via the ULPI parallel interface. The parallel data on the interface is serialized, bit stuffed, NRZI encoded, and transmitted as a dc output current on DP or DM depending on the data. Each line has an effective  $22.5-\Omega$  load to ground, which generates the voltage levels for signaling.

A disconnect detector is also part of the HS transmitter. A disconnect on the far end of the cable causes the impedance seen by the transmitter to double thereby doubling the differential amplitude seen on the DP/DM lines.



### Table 6-12. HS Transmitter

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V <sub>HSOI</sub>	High-speed idle level	Ref. USB2.0	-10	10	mV
V <sub>HSOH</sub>	High-speed data signaling high	Ref. USB2.0	360	440	mV
V <sub>HSOL</sub>	High-speed data signaling low	Ref. USB2.0	-10	10	mV
VCHIRPJ	Chirp J level (differential voltage)	Ref. USB2.0	700	1100	mV
VCHIRPK	Chirp K level (differential voltage)	Ref. USB2.0	-900	-500	mV
THSR	Rise Time (10% - 90%)	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	500		ps
THSR	Fall time (10% - 90%)	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	500		ps
ZHSDRV	Driver output resistance (which also serves as high-speed termination)	Ref. USB2.0	40.5	49.5	Ω
THSDRAT	High-speed data range	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram	479.76	480. 24	Mb/s
	Data source jitter	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram			
	Downstream eye diagram	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram			
	Upstream eye diagram	Ref. USB2.0, covered by eye diagram			

#### 6.3.3.6 UART Transceiver

In this mode, the ULPI data bus is redefined as a 2-pin UART interface, which exchanges data through a direct access to the FS/LS analog transmitter and receiver.

Table 6-13. USB UART Interface Timing Parameters

	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PH_DP_CON</sub>	Phone D+ connect time	100		ms
t <sub>PH_DISC_DET</sub>	Phone D+ disconnect time	150		ms
f <sub>UART DFLT</sub>	Default UART signaling rate (typical rate)		9600	bps

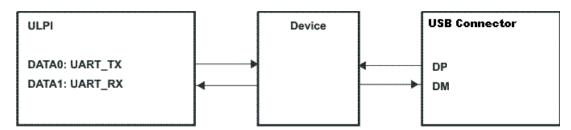


Figure 6-1. USB UART Data Flow

### Table 6-14. CEA-2011/UART Transceiver

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	UART Transmitter CEA-2011					
t <sub>PH_UART_EDGE</sub>	Phone UART edge rates	DP_PULLDOWN asserted			1	Ms
$V_{OH\_SER}$	Serial interface output high	ISOURCE = 4 mA	2.4	3.3	3.6	V
$V_{OL\_SER}$	Serial interface output low	ISINK = -4 mA	0	0.1	0.4	V
	UART Receiver CEA-2011					
$VI_{H\_SER}$	Serial interface input high	DP_PULLDOWN asserted	2			V
$V_{IL\_SER}$	Serial interface input low	DP_PULLDOWN asserted		·	0.8	V
V <sub>TH</sub>	Switching threshold		0.8		2	V

USB Connectivity



# Table 6-15. Pullup/Pulldown Resistors

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
RPUI	Bus pullup resistor on upstream port (idle bus)	Bus idle	0.9	1.1	1.575	kΩ
RPUA	Bus pullup resistor on upstream port (receiving)	Bus driven/driver's outputs unloaded	1.425	2.2	3.09	
VIHZ	High (floating)	Pullups/pulldowns on both DP and DM lines	2.7		3.6	V
VPH_DP_UP	Phone D+ pullup voltage	Driver's outputs unloaded	3	3.3	3.6	V
	Pulldown resistors					
RPH_DP_DWN	Phone D+/- pulldown	Driver's outputs unloaded	14.25	18	24.8	kΩ
RPH_DM_DWN						
VIHZ	High (floating)	Pullups/pulldowns on both DP and DM lines	2.7		3.6	V
	D+/- Data line					
CINUB	Upstream facing port	[1.0]		22	75	рF
VOTG_DATA_LK G	On-the-go device leakage	[2]			0.342	V
ZINP	Input impedance exclusive of pullup/pulldown	Driver's outputs unloaded	300			kΩ

### 6.3.4 OTG Electrical Characteristics

The on-the-go (OTG) block integrates three main functions:

- The USB plug detection function on V<sub>BUS</sub> and ID
- · The ID resistor detection
- The V<sub>BUS</sub> level detection

# Table 6-16. OTG $V_{\text{BUS}}$ Electrical

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>BUS</sub> Comparator	s					
VA_SESS_VLD	A-device session valid		0.8	1.4	2.0	V
VA_VBUS_VLD	A-device V <sub>BUS</sub> valid		4.4	4.5	4.625	>
VB_SESS_END	B-device session end		0.2	0.5	8.0	٧
VB_SESS_VLD	B-device session valid		2.1	2.4	2.7	V
V <sub>BUS</sub> Line						
RA_BUS_IN	A-device V <sub>BUS</sub> input impedance to ground	SRP (V <sub>BUS</sub> pulsing) capable A-device not driving V <sub>BUS</sub>	40	70	100	kΩ
RB_SRP_DWN	B-device V <sub>BUS</sub> SRP pulldown	5.25 V / 8 mA, Pullup voltage = 3 V	0.656	10		kΩ
RB_SRP_UP	B-device V <sub>BUS</sub> SRP pullup	(5.25 V - 3 V) / 8 mA, Pullup voltage = 3 V	0.281	1	2	kΩ
t <sub>RISE_SRP_UP_MAX</sub>	B-device V <sub>BUS</sub> SRP rise time maximum for OTG-A communication	0 to 2.1 V with < 13 μF load			TBD	ms
trise_srp_up_min	B-device V <sub>BUS</sub> SRP rise time minimum for standard host connection	0.8 to 2.0 V with > 97 μF load	TBD			ms



# Table 6-17. OTG ID Electrical

	PARAMETER	COMMENTS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
ID Compara	D Comparators — ID External Resistors Specifications							
R <sub>ID_GND</sub>	ID ground comparator	ID_GND interrupt	12	20	28	kΩ		
R <sub>ID_FLOAT</sub>	ID Float comparator	ID_FLOAT interrupt	200		500	kΩ		
	ID Line							
R <sub>PH_ID_UP</sub>	Phone ID pullup to VPH_ID_UP	ID unloaded (V <sub>RUSB</sub> )	70	90	286	kΩ		
$VP_{H\_ID\_UP}$	Phone ID pullup voltage	Connected to V <sub>RUSB</sub>	2.5		3.2	V		
	ID line maximum voltage				5.25	V		



### I/O Electrical Characteristics

#### 7.1 **Analog I/O Electrical Characteristics**

Table 7-1. Electrical Characteristics: Analog Output Pins

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CPEN Output Pin					
VOL <sub>CPEN</sub> CPEN low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3 mA			0.3	V
VOH <sub>CPEN</sub> CPEN high-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>DD33</sub> -0.3			V

**7.2 Digital I/O Electrical Characteristics** over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	<b>V<sub>OH</sub> (V)</b>	V <sub>IL</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH</sub> (V)			MAX LOAD MAX (pF) RISE TIME OUTPUT (ns)		
PIN NAME	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	MIN	MAX	MAX FREQ (MHz)		RISE TIME	MAX FALL TIME (ns)
CLOCK	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	$0.65\mathrm{V}_\mathrm{DDIO}$		60	10	1	1
STP	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DIR	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
NXT	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA0	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA1	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA2	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA3	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA4	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA5	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA6	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1
DATA7	0.45	V <sub>DDIO</sub> -0.45	0.35 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.65 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		30	10	1	1

#### **Electrical Characteristics: Digital IO Pins (Non-ULPI)** 7.3

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
CS, CFG, RESETB Input Pins							
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum low-level input voltage				0.35 * V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum high-level input voltage		0.65*V <sub>DDIO</sub>			V	
RESETB I	RESETB Input Pin Timing Spec						
t <sub>w(POR)</sub>	Internal power-on reset pulse width		0.2			μs	
$t_{w(RESET)}$	External RESETB pulse width	Applied to external RESETB pin when CLOCK is toggling.	8			CLOCK cycles	



# 8 External Components

Table 8-1. TUSB1210 External Components

FUNCTION	COMPONENT	REFERENCE	VALUE	NOTE	LINK
$V_{DDIO}$	Capacitor	CVDDIO	100 nF	Suggested value, application dependent	Figure 10-1
$V_{DD33}$	Capacitor	CVDD33	2.2 µF	Range: $[0.45 \ \mu F : 6.5 \ \mu F]$ , ESR = $[0 : 600 \ m\Omega]$ for f> 10 kHz	Figure 10-1
$V_{DD15}$	Capacitor	CVDD15	2.2 µF	Range: $[0.45 \ \mu\text{F} : 6.5 \ \mu\text{F}]$ , ESR = $[0 : 600 \ m\Omega]$ for f> 10 kHz	Figure 10-1
$V_{DD18}$	Capacitor	Ext 1.8V supply	100 nF	Suggested value, application	Figure 10-1
		CVDD18		dependent	
$V_{BAT}$	Capacitor	СВҮР	100 nF <sup>(1)</sup>	Range: $[0.45 \ \mu F : 6.5 \ \mu F]$ , ESR = $[0 : 600 \ m\Omega]$ for f> 10 kHz	Figure 10-1
V <sub>BUS</sub>	Capacitor	CVBUS	See table 1.2	Place close to USB connector	Figure 10-1

<sup>(1)</sup> Recommended value but 2.2 uF may be sufficient in some applications

# Table 8-2. TUSB1210 $V_{\text{BUS}}$ Capacitors

FUNCTION	COMPONENT	REFERENCE	VALUE	NOTE	LINK
VBUS - HOST	Capacitor	CVBUS	>120 µF		Figure 10-1
VBUS - DEVICE	Capacitor	CVBUS	4.7 µF	Range: 1.0 μF to 10.0 μF	Figure 10-1
VBUS - OTG	Capacitor	CVBUS	4.7 µF	Range: 1.0 μF to 6.5 μF	Figure 10-1



# 9 Register Map

# 9.1 TUSB1210 Product

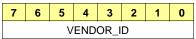
**Table 9-1. USB Register Summary** 

REGISTER NAME	TYPE	REGISTER WIDTH (BITS)	PHYSICAL ADDRESS
VENDOR_ID_LO	R	8	0x00
VENDOR_ID_HI	R	8	0x01
PRODUCT_ID_LO	R	8	0x02
PRODUCT_ID_HI	R	8	0x03
FUNC_CTRL	RW	8	0x04
FUNC_CTRL_SET	RW	8	0x05
FUNC_CTRL_CLR	RW	8	0x06
IFC_CTRL	RW	8	0x07
IFC_CTRL_SET	RW	8	0x08
IFC_CTRL_CLR	RW	8	0x09
OTG_CTRL	RW	8	0x0A
OTG_CTRL_SET	RW	8	0x0B
OTG_CTRL_CLR	RW	8	0x0C
USB_INT_EN_RISE	RW	8	0x0D
USB_INT_EN_RISE_SET	RW	8	0x0E
USB_INT_EN_RISE_CLR	RW	8	0x0F
USB_INT_EN_FALL	RW	8	0x10
USB_INT_EN_FALL_SET	RW	8	0x11
USB_INT_EN_FALL_CLR	RW	8	0x12
USB_INT_STS	R	8	0x13
USB_INT_LATCH	R	8	0x14
DEBUG	R	8	0x15
SCRATCH_REG	RW	8	0x16
SCRATCH_REG_SET	RW	8	0x17
SCRATCH_REG_CLR	RW	8	0x18
Reserved	R	8	0x19 0x2E
ACCESS_EXT_REG_SET	RW	8	0x2F
Reserved	R	8	0x30 0x3C
VENDOR_SPECIFIC1	RW	8	0x3D
VENDOR_SPECIFIC1_SET	RW	8	0x3E
VENDOR_SPECIFIC1_CLR	RW	8	0x3F
VENDOR_SPECIFIC2	RW	8	0x80
VENDOR_SPECIFIC2_SET	RW	8	0x81
VENDOR_SPECIFIC2_CLR	RW	8	0x82
VENDOR_SPECIFIC1_STS	R	8	0x83
VENDOR_SPECIFIC1_LATCH	R	8	0x84
VENDOR_SPECIFIC3	RW	8	0x85
VENDOR_SPECIFIC3_SET	RW	8	0x86
VENDOR_SPECIFIC3_CLR	RW	8	0x87



# 9.1.1 VENDOR\_ID\_LO

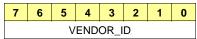
ADDRESS OFFSET	0x00					
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x00	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB			
DESCRIPTION	Lower byte of vendor ID s	Lower byte of vendor ID supplied by USB-IF (TI Vendor ID = 0x0451)				
TYPE	R					
WRITE LATENCY						



BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7:00	VENDOR_ID		R	0x51

# 9.1.2 VENDOR\_ID\_HI

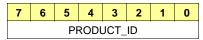
ADDRESS OFFSET	0x01				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x01	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Upper byte of vendor ID supplied by USB-IF (TI Vendor ID = 0x0451)				
TYPE	R				
WRITE LATENCY					



BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET	
7:00	VEN DOR_ID		R	0x04	

# 9.1.3 PRODUCT\_ID\_LO

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x02				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x02	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Lower byte of Product ID supplied by Vendor (TUSB1210 Product ID is 0x1507).				
TYPE	R				
WRITE LATENCY					



BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7:00	PRODUCT_ID		R	0x07



# 9.1.4 PRODUCT\_ID\_HI

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x03				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x03	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Upper byte of Product ID supplied by Vendor (TUSB1210 Product ID is 0x1507).				
TYPE	R				
WRITE LATENCY					

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	PRODUCT_ID							

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7:00	PRODU	PRODUCT_ID		0x15

# 9.1.5 FUNC\_CTRL

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x04		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x04	INSTAN CE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION	Controls UTMI function settings	of the PHY	
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	SUSPENDM	RESET	SUCME		TERMSELECT	TO3 1309/07	YOUNGELECT.

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	SUSPENDM	Active low PHY suspend. Put PHY into Low Power Mode. In Low Power Mode the PHY power down all blocks except the full speed receiver, OTG comparators, and the ULPI interface pins. The PHY automatically set this bit to '1' when Low Power Mode is exited.	RW	1
5	RESET	Active high transceiver reset. Does not reset the ULPI interface or ULPI register set.	RW	0
		Once set, the PHY asserts the DIR signal and reset the UTMI core. When the reset is completed, the PHY de-asserts DIR and clears this bit. After deasserting DIR, the PHY re-assert DIR and send an RX command update.		
		Note: This bit is auto-cleared, this explain why it can't be read at '1'.		
4:03	OPMODE	Select the required bit encoding style during transmit	RW	0x0
		0x0: Normal operation		
		0x1: Non-driving		
		0x2: Disable bit-stuff and NRZI encoding		
		0x3: Reserved (No SYNC and EOP generation feature not supported)		
2	TERMSELECT	Controls the internal 1.5Kohms pull-up resistor and 45ohms HS terminations. Control over bus resistors changes depending on XcvrSelect, OpMode, DpPulldown and DmPulldown.	RW	0



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BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
1:00	XCVRSELECT	Select the required transceiver speed.	RW	0x1
		0x0: Enable HS transceiver		
		0x1: Enable FS transceiver		
		0x2: Enable LS transceiver		
		0x3: Enable FS transceiver for LS packets		
		(FS preamble is automatically pre-pended)		

# 9.1.6 FUNC\_CTRL\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x05		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x05	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physi	cally exist.	
	It is the same as the fund set a particular bit, a write		e-only property (write '1' to
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	SUSPENDM	RESET			TERMSELECT	YCVPSEI ECT	AC V RSELECT

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	SUSPENDM		RW	1
5	RESET		RW	0
4:03	OPMODE		RW	0x0
2	TERMSELECT		RW	0
1:00	XCVRSELECT		RW	0x1

# 9.1.7 FUNC\_CTRL\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x06				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x06	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't phys	cally exist.			
	It is the same as the function clear a particular bit, a wri	_ctrl register with read/clea te '0' has no-action).	r-only property (write '1' to		
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	SUSPENDM	RESET			TERMSELECT	YOVPOE! ECT	2000

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BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	SUSPENDM		RW	1
5	RESET		RW	0
4:03	OPMODE		RW	0x0
2	TERMSELECT		RW	0
1:00	XCVRSELECT		RW	0x1

# 9.1.8 IFC\_CTRL

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x07				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x07	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Enables alternative interfa	Enables alternative interfaces and PHY features.			
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTERFACE_PROTECT_DISABLE	INDICATORPASSTHRU	INDICATORCOMPLEMENT	AUTORESUME	CLOCKSUSPENDM	CARKITMODE	FSLSSERIALMODE_3PIN	FSLSSERIALMODE_6PIN

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	INTERFACE_PROTECT _DISABLE	Controls circuitry built into the PHY for protecting the ULPI interface when the link tri-states stp and data.	RW	0
		0b: Enables the interface protect circuit		
		1b: Disables the interface protect circuit		
6	INDICATORPASSTHRU	Controls whether the complement output is qualified with the internal vbusvalid comparator before being used in the VBUS State in the RXCMD.	RW	0
		0b: Complement output signal is qualified with the internal VBUSVALID comparator.		
		1b: Complement output signal is not qualified with the internal VBUSVALID comparator.		
5	INDICATORCOMPLEM ENT	Tells the PHY to invert EXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR input signal, generating the complement output.	RW	0
		0b: PHY will not invert signal EXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR (default)		
		1b: PHY will invert signal EXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR		
4	AUTORESUME	Enables the PHY to automatically transmit resume signaling.	RW	1
		Refer to USB specification 7.1.7.7 and 7.9 for more details.		
		0 = AutoResume disabled		
		1 = AutoResume enabled (default)		
3	CLOCKSUSPENDM	Active low clock suspend. Valid only in Serial Modes. Powers down the internal clock circuitry only. Valid only when SuspendM = 1b. The PHY must ignore ClockSuspend when SuspendM = 0b. By default, the clock will not be powered in Serial and Carkit Modes.	RW	0
		0b : Clock will not be powered in Serial and UART Modes.		
		1b : Clock will be powered in Serial and UART Modes.		

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BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
2	CARKITMODE	Changes the ULPI interface to UART interface. The PHY automatically clear this field when UART mode is exited.		0
		0b: UART disabled.		
		1b: Enable serial UART mode.		
1	FSLSSERIALMODE_3PI	Changes the ULPI interface to 3-pin Serial.	RW	0
		The PHY must automatically clear this field when serial mode is exited.		
		0b: FS/LS packets are sent using parallel interface		
		1b: FS/LS packets are sent using 4-pin serial interface		
0	FSLSSERIALMODE_6PI	Changes the ULPI interface to 6-pin Serial.	RW	0
		The PHY must automatically clear this field when serial mode is exited.		
		0b: FS/LS packets are sent using parallel interface		
		1b: FS/LS packets are sent using 6-pin serial interface		

# 9.1.9 IFC\_CTRL\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x08					
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x08	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB			
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't phys	This register doesn't physically exist.				
		It is the same as the ifc_ctrl register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).				
TYPE	RW					
WRITE LATENCY						

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTERFACE_PROTECT_DISABLE	INDICATORPASSTHRU	INDICATORCOMPLEMENT	AUTORESUME	CLOCKSUSPENDM	CARKITMODE	FSLSSERIALMODE_3PIN	FSLSSERIALMODE_6PIN

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	INTERFACE_PROTECT_DISABLE		RW	0
6	INDICATORPASSTHRU		RW	0
5	INDICATORCOMPLEMENT		RW	0
4	AUTORESUME		RW	1
3	CLOCKSUSPENDM		RW	0
2	CARKITMODE		RW	0
1	FSLSSERIALMODE_3PIN		RW	0
0	FSLSSERIALMODE_6PIN	<u>-</u>	R	0



# 9.1.10 IFC\_CTRL\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x09					
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x09	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB			
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.					
		It is the same as the ifc_ctrl register with read/clear-only property (write '1' to clear a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).				
TYPE	RW					
WRITE LATENCY						

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTERFACE_PROTECT_DISABLE	IN DICATORPASSTHRU	INDICATORCOMPLEMENT	AUTORESUME	CLOCKSUSPENDM	CARKITMODE	FSLSSERIALMODE_3PIN	FSLSSERIALMODE_6PIN

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	INTERFACE_PROTECT_DISABLE		RW	0
6	INDICATORPASSTHRU		RW	0
5	INDICATORCOMPLEMENT		RW	0
4	AUTORESUME		RW	1
3	CLOCKSUSPENDM		RW	0
2	CARKITMODE		RW	0
1	FSLSSERIALMODE_3PIN		RW	0
0	FSLSSERIALMODE_6PIN		R	0

# 9.1.11 OTG\_CTRL

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x0A				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x0A	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Controls UTMI+ OTG fund	Controls UTMI+ OTG functions of the PHY.			
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					



7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
USEEXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR	DRVVBUSEXTERNAL	DRVVBUS	CHRGVBUS	DISCHRGVBUS	DMPULLDOWN	DPPULLDOWN	IDPULLUP

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	USEEXTERNALVBUSINDICA TOR	ERNALVBUSINDICA Tells the PHY to use an external VBUS over-current indicator.		0
		0b: Use the internal OTG comparator (VA_VBUS_VLD) or internal VBUS valid indicator (default)		
		1b: Use external VBUS valid indicator signal.		
6	DRVVBUSEXTERNAL	Selects between the internal and the external 5 V VBUS supply.	RW	0
		0b: Pin17 (CPEN) is disabled (output GND level). TUSB1210 does not support internal VBUS supply.		
		1b: Pin17 (CPEN) is set to '1' (output VDD33 voltage level) if DRVVBUS bit is '1', else Pin17 (CPEN) is disabled (output GND level) if DRVVBUS bit is '0'		
5	DRVVBUS	VBUS output control bit	RW	0
		0b : do not drive VBUS		
		1b : drive 5V on VBUS		
		Note: Both DRVVBUS and DRVVBUSEXTERNAL bits must be set to 1 in order to to set Pin17 (CPEN). CPEN pin can be used to enable an external VBUS supply		
4	CHRGVBUS	Charge VBUS through a resistor. Used for VBUS pulsing SRP. The Link must first check that VBUS has been discharged (see DischrgVbus register bit), and that both D+ and D- data lines have been low (SE0) for 2ms.	RW	0
		0b : do not charge VBUS		
		1b : charge VBUS		
3	DISCHRGVBUS	Discharge VBUS through a resistor. If the Link sets this bit to 1, it waits for an RX CMD indicating SessEnd has transitioned from 0 to 1, and then resets this bit to 0 to stop the discharge.	RW	0
		0b : do not discharge VBUS		
		1b : discharge VBUS		
2	DMPULLDOWN	Enables the 15k Ohm pull-down resistor on D	RW	1
		0b : Pull-down resistor not connected to D		
		1b : Pull-down resistor connected to D		
1	DPPULLDOWN	Enables the 15k Ohm pull-down resistor on D+.	RW	1
		0b : Pull-down resistor not connected to D+.		
		1b : Pull-down resistor connected to D+.		
0	IDPULLUP	Connects a pull-up to the ID line and enables sampling of the signal level.	RW	0
		0b : Disable sampling of ID line.		
		1b : Enable sampling of ID line.		



# 9.1.12 OTG\_CTRL\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x0B		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x0B	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.		
	It is the same as the otg_ctrl register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).		
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JSEEXTERNAL VBUSINDICATOR	DRVVBUSEXTERNAL	DRVVBUS	CHRGVBUS	DISCHRGVBUS	DMPULLDOWN	DPPULLDOWN	IDPULLUP

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	USEEXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR		RW	0
6	DRVVBUSEXTERNAL		RW	0
5	DRVVBUS		RW	0
4	CHRGVBUS		RW	0
3	DISCHRGVBUS		RW	0
2	DMPULLDOWN		RW	1
1	DPPULLDOWN		RW	1
0	IDPULLUP		RW	0

# 9.1.13 OTG\_CTRL\_CLR

	_		
ADDRESS OFFSET	0x0C		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x0C	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.		
	It is the same as the otg_ctrl register with read/Clear-only property (write '1' to clear a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).		
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			



7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JSEEXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR	DRVVBUSEXTERNAL	DRVVBUS	CHRGVBUS	DISCHRGVBUS	DMPULLDOWN	DPPULLDOWN	IDPULLUP

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	USEEXTERNALVBUSINDICATOR		RW	0
6	DRVVBUSEXTERNAL		RW	0
5	DRVVBUS		RW	0
4	CHRGVBUS		RW	0
3	DISCHRGVBUS		RW	0
2	DMPULLDOWN		RW	1
1	DPPULLDOWN		RW	1
0	IDPULLUP		RW	0

### 9.1.14 USB\_INT\_EN\_RISE

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x0D			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x0D INSTANCE USB_SCUSB			
DESCRIPTION	If set, the bits in this register cause an interrupt event notification to be generated when the corresponding PHY signal changes from low to high. By default, all transitions are enabled.			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATENCY				

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	IDGND_RISE	SESSEND_RISE	SESSVALID_RISE	VBUSVALID_RISE	HOSTDISCONNECT_RISE

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_RISE	Generate an interrupt event notification when IdGnd changes from low to high.	RW	1
		Event is automatically masked if IdPullup bit is clear to 0 and for 50ms after IdPullup is set to 1.		
3	SESSEND_RISE	Generate an interrupt event notification when SessEnd changes from low to high.	RW	1



BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
2	SESSVALID_RISE	Generate an interrupt event notification when SessValid changes from low to high. SessValid is the same as UTMI+ AValid.	RW	1
1	VBUSVALID_RISE	Generate an interrupt event notification when VbusValid changes from low to high.	RW	1
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_RISE	Generate an interrupt event notification when Hostdisconnect changes from low to high. Applicable only in host mode (DpPulldown and DmPulldown both set to 1b).	RW	1

## 9.1.15 USB\_INT\_EN\_RISE\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x0E				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x0E INSTANCE USB_SCUSB				
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.				
	It is the same as the usb_int_en_rise register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).				
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	IDGND_RISE	SESSEND_RISE	SESSVALID_RISE	VBUSVALID_RISE	HOSTDISCONNECT_RISE

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_RISE		RW	1
3	SESSEND_RISE		RW	1
2	SESSVALID_RISE		RW	1
1	VBUSVALID_RISE		RW	1
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_RIS E		RW	1

## 9.1.16 USB\_INT\_EN\_RISE\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x0F				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x0F INSTANCE USB_SCUSB				
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.				
	It is the same as the usb_int_en_rise register with read/clear-only property (write '1' to clear a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).				
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					





BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_RISE		RW	1
3	SESSEND_RISE		RW	1
2	SESSVALID_RISE		RW	1
1	VBUSVALID_RISE		RW	1
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_RISE		RW	1

### 9.1.17 USB\_INT\_EN\_FALL

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x10				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x10 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB				
DESCRIPTION	If set, the bits in this register cause an interrupt event notification to be generated when the corresponding PHY signal changes from low to high. By default, all transitions are enabled.				
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	IDGND_FALL	SESSEND_FALL	SESSVALID_FALL	VBUSVALID_FALL	HOSTDISCONNECT_FALL

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_FALL	Generate an interrupt event notification when IdGnd changes from high to low.	RW	1
		Event is automatically masked if IdPullup bit is clear to 0 and for 50ms after IdPullup is set to 1.		
3	SESSEND_FALL	Generate an interrupt event notification when SessEnd changes from high to low.	RW	1
2	SESSVALID_FALL	Generate an interrupt event notification when SessValid changes from high to low. SessValid is the same as UTMI+ AValid.	RW	1
1	VBUSVALID_FALL	Generate an interrupt event notification when VbusValid changes from high to low.	RW	1

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BITS	FIELD NAME	ME DESCRIPTION		RESET
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_FALL	Generate an interrupt event notification when Hostdisconnect changes from high to low. Applicable only in host mode (DpPulldown and DmPulldown both set to 1b).	RW	1

### 9.1.18 USB\_INT\_EN\_FALL\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x11			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x11 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB			
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.			
	It is the same as the usb_int_en_fall register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action)			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATENCY				

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	IDGND_FALL	SESSEND_FALL	SESSVALID_FALL	VBUSVALID_FALL	HOSTDISCONNECT_FALL

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_FALL		RW	1
3	SESSEND_FALL		RW	1
2	SESSVALID_FALL		RW	1
1	VBUSVALID_FALL		RW	1
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_FALL		RW	1

### 9.1.19 USB\_INT\_EN\_FALL\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x12			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x12	INSTANC E	USB_SCUSB	
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.			
	It is the same as the usb_int_en_fall register with read/clear-only property (write '1' to clear a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATENCY				





BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_FALL		RW	1
3	SESSEN D_FALL		RW	1
2	SESSVALID_FALL		RW	1
1	VBUSVALID_FALL		RW	1
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_FALL		RW	1

### 9.1.20 USB\_INT\_STS

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x13			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x13 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB			
DESCRIPTION	Indicates the current value of the interrupt source signal.			
TYPE	R			
WRITE LATENCY				

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	IDGND	SESSEND	SESSVALID	VBUSVALID	HOSTDISCONNECT



BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND	Current value of UTMI+ IdGnd output.	R	0
		This bit is not updated if IdPullup bit is reset to 0 and for 50 ms after IdPullup is set to 1.		
3	SESSEND	Current value of UTMI+ SessEnd output.	R	0
2	SESSVALID	Current value of UTMI+ SessValid output. SessValid is the same as UTMI+ AValid.	R	0
1	VBUSVALID	Current value of UTMI+ VbusValid output.	R	0
0	HOSTDISCONNECT	Current value of UTMI+ Hostdisconnect output.	R	0
		Applicable only in host mode.		
		Automatically reset to 0 when Low Power Mode is entered.		
		NOTE: Reset value is '0' when host is connected.		
		Reset value is '1' when host is disconnected.		

## 9.1.21 USB\_INT\_LATCH

	1			
ADDRESS OFFSET	0x14			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x14	INSTANC E	USB_SCUSB	
DESCRIPTION	These bits are set by the PHY when an unmasked change occurs on the corresponding internal signal. The PHY will automatically clear all bits when the Link reads this register, or when Low Power Mode is entered. The PHY also clears this register when Serial Mode or Carkit Mode is entered regardless of the value of ClockSuspendM.			
	The PHY follows the rules defined in Table 26 of the ULPI spec for setting any latch register bit. It is important to note that if register read data is returned to the Link in the same cycle that a USB Interrupt Latch bit is to be set, the interrupt condition is given immediately in the register read data and the Latch bit is not set.			
	Note that it is optional for the Link to read the USB Interrupt Latch register in Synchronous Mode because the RX CMD byte already indicates the interrupt source directly			
TYPE	R			
WRITE LATENCY				

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	IDGND_LATCH	SESSEND_LATCH	SESSVALID_LATCH	VBUSVALID_LATCH	HOSTDISCONNECT_LATCH

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	IDGND_LATCH	Set to 1 by the PHY when an unmasked event occurs on IdGnd. Cleared when this register is read.	R	0



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BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
3	SESSEND_LATCH	Set to 1 by the PHY when an unmasked event occurs on SessEnd. Cleared when this register is read.		0
2	SESSVALID_LATCH	Set to 1 by the PHY when an unmasked event occurs on SessValid. Cleared when this register is read. SessValid is the same as UTMI+ AValid.		0
1	VBUSVALID_LATCH	Set to 1 by the PHY when an unmasked event occurs on VbusValid.  Cleared when this register is read.		0
0	HOSTDISCONNECT_LAT CH	Set to 1 by the PHY when an unmasked event occurs on Hostdisconnect. Cleared when this register is read. Applicable only in host mode.	R	0
		NOTE: As this IT is enabled by default, the reset value depends on the host status		
		Reset value is '0' when host is connected.		
		Reset value is '1' when host is disconnected.		

### 9.1.22 **DEBUG**

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x15		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x15 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Indicates the current value of various signals useful for debugging.		
TYPE	R		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	JIVISJNI I	LINES A

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	Reserved		R	0
5	Reserved		R	0
4	Reserved		R	0
3	Reserved		R	0
2	Reserved		R	0
1:00	LINESTATE	These signals reflect the current state of the single ended receivers. They directly reflect the current state of the DP (LineState[0]) and DM (LineState[1]) signals.	R	0x0
		Read 0x0: SE0 (LS/FS), Squelch (HS/Chirp)		
		Read 0x1: LS: 'K' State,		
		FS: 'J' State,		
		HS: !Squelch,		
		Chirp: !Squelch & HS_Differential_Receiver_Output		
		Read 0x2: LS: 'J' State,		
		FS: 'K' State,		
		HS: Invalid,		
		Chirp: !Squelch & !HS_Differential_Receiver_Output		
		Read 0x3: SE1 (LS/FS), Invalid (HS/Chirp)		

### 9.1.23 SCRATCH\_REG



ADDRESS OFFSET	0x16			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x16	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB	
DESCRIPTION	Empty register byte for testing purposes. Software can read, write, set, and clear this register and the PHY functionality will not be affected.			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATENCY				

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 SCRATCH

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7:00	SCRATCH	Scratch data.	RW	0x00

### 9.1.24 SCRATCH\_REG\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x17			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x17	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB	
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.			
	It is the same as the scratch_reg register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATENCY				

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 SCRATCH

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET	
7:00	SCRATCH		RW	0x00	

### 9.1.25 SCRATCH\_REG\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x18			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x18	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB	
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.  It is the same as the scratch_reg with read/clear-only property (write '1' to clear			
	a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATENCY				

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 SCRATCH

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7:00	SCRATCH		RW	0x00



## 9.1.26 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC1

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x3D		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x3D	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION	Power Control register .	•	
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SPARE	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_EN	ID_FLOAT_EN	ID_RES_EN	BVALID_FALL	BVALID_RISE	SPARE	ABNORMALSTRESS_EN

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	SPARE	Reserved. The link must never write a 1b to this bit.	RW	0
6	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_EN	When set to 1, it enables RX CMDs for high to low or low to high transitions on MNTR_VUSBIN_OK. This bit is provided for debugging purposes.	RW	0
5	ID_FLOAT_EN	When set to 1, it enables RX CMDs for high to low or low to high transitions on ID_FLOAT. This bit is provided for debugging purposes.	RW	0
4	ID_RES_EN	When set to 1, it enables RX CMDs for high to low or low to high transitions on ID_RESA, ID_RESB and ID_RESC. This bit is provided for debugging purposes.	RW	0
3	BVALID_FALL	Enables RX CMDs for high to low transitions on BVALID. When BVALID changes from high to low, the USB TRANS will send an RX CMD to the link with the alt_int bit set to 1b.	RW	0
		This bit is optional and is not necessary for OTG devices. This bit is provided for debugging purposes. Disabled by default.		
2	BVALID_RISE	Enables RX CMDs for low to high transitions on BVALID. When BVALID changes from low to high, the USB Trans will send an RX CMD to the link with the alt_int bit set to 1b.	RW	0
		This bit is optional and is not necessary for OTG devices. This bit is provided for debugging purposes. Disabled by default.		
1	SPARE	Reserved. The link must never write a 1b to this bit.	RW	0
0	ABNORMALSTRESS_E N	When set to 1, it enables RX CMDs for low to high and high to low transitions on ABNORMALSTRESS. This bit is provided for debugging purposes.	RW	0

### 9.1.27 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC1\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x3E			
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x3E	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB	
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.			
	It is the same as the func_ctrl register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).			
TYPE	RW			
WRITE LATEN CY				





BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	SPARE		RW	0
6	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_EN		RW	0
5	ID_FLOAT_EN		RW	0
4	ID_RES_EN		RW	0
3	BVALID_FALL		RW	0
2	BVALID_RISE		RW	0
1	SPARE		RW	0
0	ABNORMALSTRESS_EN		RW	0

### 9.1.28 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC1\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x3F				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x3F INSTANCE USB_SCUSB				
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.				
	It is the same as the func_ctrl register with read/clear-only property (write '1' to clear a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).				
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					

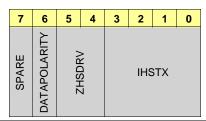
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SPARE	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_EN	ID_FLOAT_EN	ID_RES_EN	BVALID_FALL	BVALID_RISE	SPARE	ABNORMALSTRESS_EN

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	/PE	RESET
7	SPARE	F	RW	0
6	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_EN	F	RW	0
5	ID_FLOAT_EN	F	RW	0
4	ID_RES_EN	F	RW	0
3	BVALID_FALL	F	RW	0
2	BVALID_RISE	F	RW	0
1	SPARE	F	RW	0
0	ABNORMALSTRESS_EN	F	RW	0



## 9.1.29 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC2

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x80				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x80	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	Eye diagram programmab	Eye diagram programmability and DP/DM swap control .			
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					



BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	SPARE		RW	0
6	DATAPOLARITY	Control data polarity on dp/dm	RW	1
5:04	ZHSDRV	High speed output impedance configuration for eye diagram tuning :	RW	0x0
		00 45.455 Ω		
		01 43.779 Ω		
		10 42.793 Ω		
		11 42.411 Ω		
3:00	IHSTX	High speed output drive strength configuration for eye diagram tuning :	RW	0x1
		0000 17.928 mA		
		0001 18.117 mA		
		0010 18.306 mA		
		0011 18.495 mA		
		0100 18.683 mA		
		0101 18.872 mA		
		0110 19.061 mA		
		0111 19.249 mA		
		1000 19.438 mA		
		1001 19.627 mA		
		1010 19.816 mA		
		1011 20.004 mA		
		1100 20.193 mA		
		1101 20.382 mA		
		1110 20.570 mA		
		1111 20.759 mA		
		IHSTX[0] is also the AC BOOST enable		
		IHSTX[0] = 0 à AC BOOST is disabled		
		IHSTX[0] = 1 à AC BOOST is enabled		



### 9.1.30 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC2\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x81				
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x81	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB		
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physically exist.				
	It is the same as the VENDOR_SPECIFIC1 register with read/set-only property (write '1' to set a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).				
TYPE	RW				
WRITE LATENCY					

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SPARE	DATAPOLARITY	ZHCDDV	VA05012		IHS	ЗТХ	

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	SPARE		RW	0
6	DATAPOLARITY		RW	1
5:04	ZHSDRV		RW	0x0
3:00	IHSTX		RW	0x1

### 9.1.31 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC2\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x82					
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x82 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB					
DESCRIPTION	This register doesn't physi	This register doesn't physically exist.				
	It is the same as the VENDOR_SPECIFIC1 register with read/clear-only property (write '1' to clear a particular bit, a write '0' has no-action).					
TYPE	RW					
WRITE LATENCY						

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SPARE	DATAPOLARITY	ZUCDDV	VAUST2		IHS	STX	

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	SPARE		RW	0
6	DATAPOLARITY		RW	1
5:04	ZHSDRV		RW	0x0
3:00	IHSTX		RW	0x1



### 9.1.32 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC1\_STS

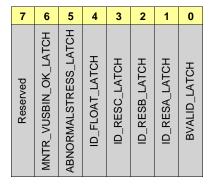
ADDRESS OFFSET	0x83					
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x83 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB					
DESCRIPTION	Indicates the current value	Indicates the current value of the interrupt source signal.				
TYPE	R					
WRITE LATEN CY						

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_STS	ABNORMALSTRESS_STS	ID_FLOAT_STS	ID_RESC_STS	ID_RESB_STS	ID_RESA_STS	BVALID_STS

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION		RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_STS	Current value of MNTR_VUSBIN_OK output	R	0
5	ABNORMALSTRESS_STS	Current value of ABNORMALSTRESS output	R	0
4	ID_FLOAT_STS	Current value of ID_FLOAT output	R	0
3	ID_RESC_STS	Current value of ID_RESC output	R	0
2	ID_RESB_STS	Current value of ID_RESB output	R	0
1	ID_RESA_STS	Current value of ID_RESA output	R	0
0	BVALID_STS	Current value of VB_SESS_VLD output	R	0

#### 9.1.33 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC1\_LATCH

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x84						
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x84	0x84 INSTANCE USB_SCUSB					
DESCRIPTION	corresponding internal sig the Link reads this registe also clears this register wh ClockSuspendM.	nal. The PHY will au r, or when Low Powe nen Serial mode is e	sked change occurs on the tomatically clear all bits when er Mode is entered. The PHY ntered regardless of the value of of the ULPI spec for setting any				
TYPE	R						
WRITE LATENCY							





BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		R	0
6	MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on MNTR_VUSBIN_OK_LATCH.  Clear on read register.	R	0
5	ABNORMALSTRESS_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on ABNORMALSTRESS. Clear on read register.	R	0
4	ID_FLOAT_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on ID_FLOAT. Clear on read register.	R	0
3	ID_RESC_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on ID_RESC. Clear on read register.	R	0
2	ID_RESB_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on ID_RESB. Clear on read register.	R	0
1	ID_RESA_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on ID_RESA. Clear on read register.	R	0
0	BVALID_LATCH	Set to 1 when an unmasked event occurs on VB_SESS_VLD. Clear on read register.	R	0

## 9.1.34 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC3

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x85		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x85	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION		•	•
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	SOF_EN	CPEN_OD	CPEN_ODOS	IDGND_DRV		VUSB3V3_VSEL	

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		RW	0
6	SOF_EN	0: HS USB SOF detector disabled.	RW	0
		1: Enable HS USB SOF detection when PHY is set in device mode.		
		SOF are output on CPEN pin. HS USB SOF (start-of-frame) output clock is available on CPEN pin when this bit is set. HS USB SOF packet rate is 8 kHz.		
		This bit is provided for debugging purpose only. It must never been write to '1' in functional mode		
5	CPEN_OD	This bit has no effect when CPEN_ODOS = '0', else :	RW	0
		0: CPEN pad is in OS (Open Source) mode.		
		In this case CPEN pin has an internal NMOS driver, and will be active LOW.		
		Externally there should be a pullup resistor on CPEN (min 1kohm) to a supply voltage (max 3.6V).		
		1: CPEN pad is in OD (Open Drain) mode		
		In this case CPEN pin has an internal PMOS driver, and will be active HIGH.		
		Externally there should be a pull-down resistor on CPEN (min 1 $\mbox{k}\Omega$ to GND.		



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4	CPEN_ODOS	Mode selection bit for CPEN pin.	RW	0
		0 : CPEN pad is in CMOS mode		
		1: CPEN pad is in OD (Open Drain) or OS (Open Source) mode (controlled by CPEN_OD bit)		
3	IDGND_DRV	Drives ID pin to ground	RW	0x0
2:00	VUSB3V3_VSEL	000 VRUSB3P1V = 2.5 V	RW	0x3
		001 VRUSB3P1V = 2.75 V		
		010 VRUSB3P1V = 3.0 V		
		011 VRUSB3P1V = 3.10 V (default)		
		100 VRUSB3P1V = 3.20 V		
		101 VRUSB3P1V = 3.30 V		
		110 VRUSB3P1V = 3.40 V		
		111 VRUSB3P1V = 3.50 V		

### 9.1.35 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC3\_SET

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x86		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x86	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION			
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	SOF_EN	CPEN_OD	CPEN_ODOS	IDGND_DRV		VUSB3V3_VSEL	

BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		RW	0
6	SOF_EN		RW	0
5	CPEN_OD		RW	0
4	CPEN _ODOS		RW	0
3	IDGND_DRV		RW	0x0
2:00	VUSB3V3_VSEL		RW	0x3

### 9.1.36 VENDOR\_SPECIFIC3\_CLR

ADDRESS OFFSET	0x87		
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	0x87	INSTANCE	USB_SCUSB
DESCRIPTION			
TYPE	RW		
WRITE LATENCY			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	SOF_EN	CPEN_OD	CPEN_ODOS	IDGND_DRV		VUSB3V3_VSEL	



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BITS	FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	RESET
7	Reserved		RW	0
6	SOF_EN		RW	0
5	CPEN_OD		RW	0
4	CPEN_ODOS		RW	0
3	IDGND_DRV		RW	0x0
2:00	VUSB3V3_VSEL		RW	0x3

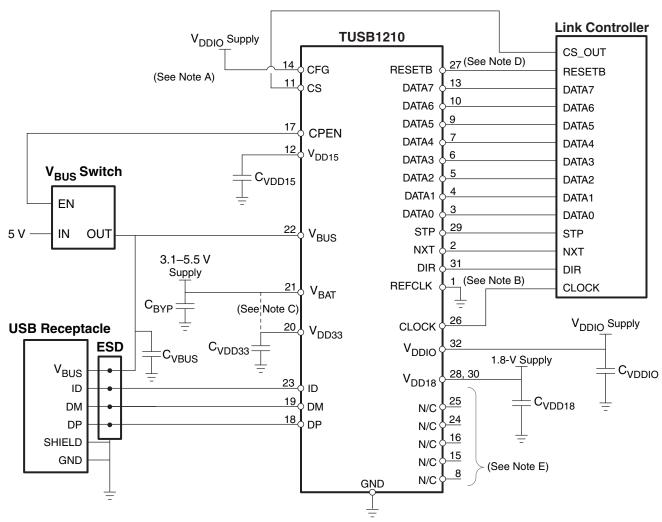
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### 10 Application Information

#### 10.1 Host or OTG, ULPI Input Clock Mode Application

Figure 10-1 shows a suggested application diagram for TUSB1210 in the case of ULPI input-clock mode (60 MHz ULPI clock is provided by link processor), in Host or OTG application. Note this is just one example, it is of course possible to operate as HOST or OTG while also in ULPI output-clock mode.



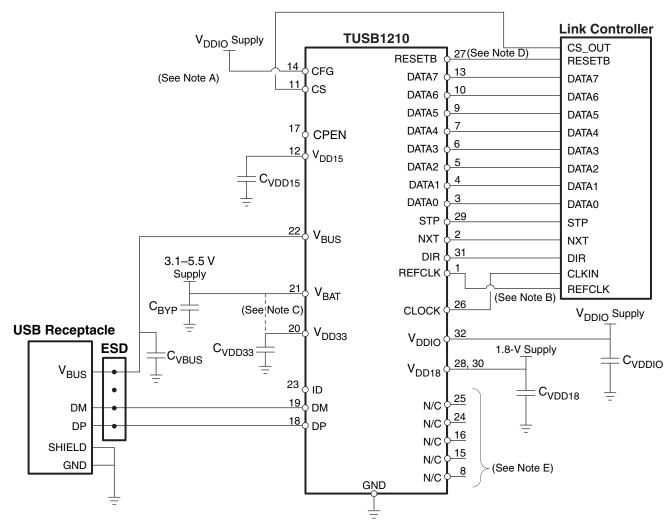
- A. Pin 11 (CS): can be tied high to VI<sub>O</sub> if CS\_OUT pin unavailable; Pin 14 (CFG): tie-high is Don't Care since ULPI clock is used in input mode
- B. Pin 1 (REFCLK): must be tied low
- C. Ext 3 V supply supported
- D. Pin 27 (RESETB) can be tied to  $V_{\text{DDIO}}$  if unused.
- E. Pins labeled N/C (no-connect) are truly no-connect, and can be tied or left floating.

Figure 10-1. Host or OTG, ULPI Input Clock Mode Application Diagram

#### 10.2 Device, ULPI Output Clock Mode Application

Figure 10-2 shows a suggested application diagram for TUSB1210 in the case of ULPI output clock mode (60 MHz ULPI clock is provided by TUSB1210, while link processor or another external circuit provides REFCLK), in Device mode application. Note this is just one example, it is of course possible to operate as Device while also in ULPI input-clock mode. Refer also to Figure 10-1.





- A. Pin 11 (CS) : can be tied high to  $V_{IO}$  if CS\_OUT pin unavailable; Pin 14 (CFG) : Tied to  $V_{DDIO}$  for 26MHz REFCLK mode here, tie to GND for 19.2MHz mode.
- B. Pin 1 (REFCLK): connect to external 3.3V square-wave reference clock
- C. Ext 3 V supply supported
- D. Pin 27 (RESETB) can be tied to  $\ensuremath{V_{\text{DDIO}}}$  if unused.
- E. Pins labeled N/C (no-connect) are truly no-connect, and can be tied or left floating.

Figure 10-2. Device, ULPI Output Clock Mode Application Diagram

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### 11 Glossary

**CMOS** Complimentary Metal Oxide Semiconductor

**DM** Data manual

DSP Digital signal processorESD Electrostatic discharge

**ESR** Equivalent series resistance

hiZ High-impedance

HS High speedHW Hardware

IC Integrated circuit

ID Identification

**IDDQ** Direct drain quiescent current

IF Interface
IO or I/O Input/output

JTAG Joint test action group, ieee 1149.1 standard

**LDO** Low dropout regulator

Low speedNA Not applicableOTG On the go

PBGA Plastic ball grid array

PCB Printed circuit board

**PD** Pulldown

PLL Phase locked loop

**POL** Polarity

**PSRR** Power supply rejection ratio

PU Pullup
RX Receive
SW Software



### SYNC/SYNCHRO Synchronization

SYS System

**TBD** To be defined

**TRM** Technical reference manual

TX Transmit

**UART** Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter

**ULPI** UTMI+ low pin interface

**USB** Universal serial bus

**UTMI** USB transceiver macrocell interface

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### 12 TUSB1210 Package

#### 12.1 TUSB1210 Standard Package Symbolization

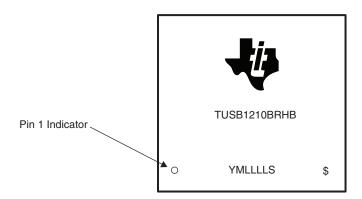


Figure 12-1. Printed Device Reference

Table 12-1. TUSB1210 Nomenclature Description

FIELDS	MEANING
Р	Marking used to note prototype (X), preproduction (P), or qualified/production device (Blank)(1)
Α	Mask set version descriptor (initial silicon = BLANK, first silicon revision = A, second silicon revision = B,)(2)
YM	Year month
LLLLS	Lot code
\$	Fab Planning Code

#### 12.2 Package Thermal Resistance Characteristics

Table 12-2 provides the thermal resistance characteristics for the recommended package type RHB (S-PQFP-N32) used for the TUSB1210 device. Refer to the application report *IC Package Thermal Metrics*, TI literature number SPRA953, further details concerning parameter definitions and usage.

Table 12-2. TUSB1210 Thermal Resistance Characteristics

	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT	MEASUREMENT METHOD
$\theta_{JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	34.72	°C/W	EIA/JESD 51-1
$\theta_{JC}$ top	Junction-to-case top thermal resistance <sup>(1)</sup>	37.3	°C/W	No current JEDEC specification (2)
$\theta_{JC} \\ bottom$	Junction-to-case bottom thermal resistance (3)	3.6	°C/W	No current JEDEC specification <sup>(2)</sup>
$\theta_{JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance or junction-to-pin thermal resistance	10.3	°C/W	EIA/ JESD 51-8.
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top of package (not a true thermal resistance)	0.5	°C/W	EIA/JESD 51-2
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board (not a true thermal resistance)	10.5	°C/W	EIA/JESD 51-6

<sup>(1)</sup> Top is surface of the package facing away from the PCB.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to measurement method in Chapter 2 of IC Package Thermal Metrics, TI literature number SPRA953.

<sup>(3)</sup> Bottom surface is the surface of the package facing towards the PCB.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

27-Jul-2013

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	Ū	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4/5)	
TUSB1210BRHBR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHB	32	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	T1210B	Samples
TUSB1210BRHBT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHB	32	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	T1210B	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TUSB1210BRHBR	VQFN	RHB	32	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TUSB1210BRHBT	VQFN	RHB	32	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TUSB1210BRHBR	VQFN	RHB	32	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TUSB1210BRHBT	VQFN	RHB	32	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

# RHB (S-PVQFN-N32)

### PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) Package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



## RHB (S-PVQFN-N32)

### PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

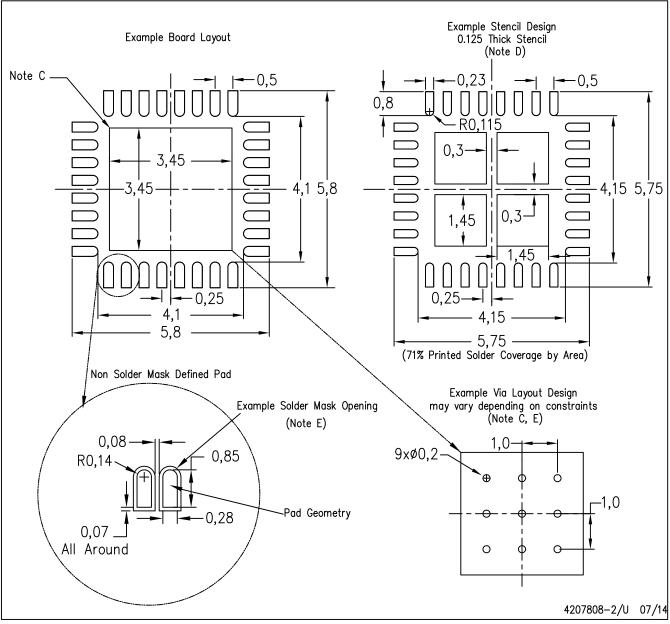


NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters



# RHB (S-PVQFN-N32)

# PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for any larger diameter vias placed in the thermal pad.



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