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PYTHON INTRODUCTION LAB (ASSIGNMENT 1)

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Create a program that asks users to enter their name and their age. Print out a message addressed to them that tells them the year that they will turn 100 years old.

Extras:

- 1. Add on to the previous program by asking the user for another number and printing out that many copies of the previous message.
- 2. Print out that many copies of the previous message on a separate line. (Hint: the string "/n is the same as pressing the ENTER button)

PSEUDOCODE:

```
import datetime
## Question1
def printName():
     name = input("Enter your name: \t")
     age = int(input("Enter your age: \t"))
      number = int(input("Enter the number of times you want to print the
message addressed that tells you the year that you will turn 100 years
old. \t"))
     age 100 = (datetime.datetime.now ().year) + (100-age)
       print("Hi! "+name+ ", and you will be turn 100 years old in "+
str(age 100) + "\n")
print("Printing Multiple Copies \n")
for i in range (number):
      print("Hi! "+name+", and you will be turn 100 years old in "+
str(age 100) + "\n")
printName()
```

PROGRAM SCREENSHOT:

```
import datetime
## Question1
def printName():
    name = input("Enter your name: \t")
    age = int(input("Enter your age: \t"))
    number = int(input("Enter the number of times you want to print the message addressed that tells you the year that you will turn 100
years old. \t\"))
    age_100 = (datetime.datetime.now().year) + (100-age)
    print("Hi! "+name+ ", and you will be turn 100 years old in "+ str(age_100)+"\n")

print("Printing Multiple Copies \n")
    for i in range(number):
        print("Hi! "+name+ ", and you will be turn 100 years old in "+ str(age_100)+"\n")

printName()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter your name: Damandeep Singh
Enter your age: 21
```

Enter the number of times you want to print the message addressed that tells you the year that you will turn 100 years old. 5

Hi! Damandeep Singh, and you will be turn 100 years old in 2100

Printing Multiple Copies

```
Hi! Damandeep Singh, and you will be turn 100 years old in 2100

Hi! Damandeep Singh, and you will be turn 100 years old in 2100

Hi! Damandeep Singh, and you will be turn 100 years old in 2100

Hi! Damandeep Singh, and you will be turn 100 years old in 2100

Hi! Damandeep Singh, and you will be turn 100 years old in 2100
```

Github Link of Jupyter Notebook:

https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1

https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1/blob/main/Question1.ipynb

Take a list, say for example this one:

a =[1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21,34,55,89] and write a program that prints out all the elements of the list that are less than 5.

Extras:

- 1. Instead of printing the elements one by one, make a new list that has all the elements less than 5 from this list in it and print out this new list.
- 2. Write this in one line of Python.
- 3. Ask the user for a number and return a list that contains only elements from the original list a that are smaller than that number given by the user.

PSEUDOCODE:

```
## Question 2
def printele(lst):
  # Printing Elements Less than 5
 new lst = []
 for i in 1st:
   if i<5:
     print(i)
      ##1. Appending in List
      new lst.append(i)
 print("New List is {}".format(new lst))
 ##2. Appending in one line
 new lst2 = [x for x in lst if x<5]
 print("New List in one line is{}".format(new lst2))
  ##3. Asking user and responding accordingly
 number = int(input("Enter the number to find ele smaller than the
number"))
 new lst3 = [x for x in lst if x<number]</pre>
 print("Elements smaller than {} are {}".format(number, new lst3))
a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89]
printele(a)
```

PROGRAM SCREENSHOT:

```
In [2]: ## Question 2
        def printele(lst):
          # Printing Elements Less than 5
          new 1st = []
          for i in 1st:
            if i<5:
              print(i)
              ##1. Appending in List
              new_lst.append(i)
           print("New List is {}".format(new lst))
          ##2. Appending in one line
           new_lst2 = [x for x in lst if x<5]
           print("New List in one line is{}".format(new_lst2))
          ##3. Asking user and responding accordingly
           number = int(input("Enter the number to find ele smaller than the number"))
           new lst3 = [x for x in lst if x<number]
           print("Elements smaller than {} are {}".format(number, new 1st3))
        a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89]
        printele(a)
```

OUTPUT:

```
1
2
3
New List is [1, 1, 2, 3]
New List in one line is[1, 1, 2, 3]
Enter the number to find ele smaller than the number8
Elements smaller than 8 are [1, 1, 2, 3, 5]
```

Github Link of Jupyter Notebook:

https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1 https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1/blob/main/Question2.ipynb

Write a program that asks the user how many Fibonacci numbers to generate and then generates them. Take this opportunity to think about how you can use functions. Make sure to ask the user to enter the number of numbers in the sequence to generate.(Hint: The Fibonacci sequence is a sequence of numbers where the next number in the sequence is the sum of the previous two numbers in the sequence. The sequence looks like this: 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, ...)

PSEUDOCODE:

```
## Question 3 Fibonacci series

def fibo(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return n
    else:
        return(fibo(n-1) + fibo(n-2))

nterms = int(input("Enter the number of numbers for seq."))
print("Fibonacci sequence:")
for i in range(nterms):
    print(fibo(i))</pre>
```

PROGRAM SCREENSHOT:

```
In [2]: ## Question 2
        def printele(lst):
          # Printing Elements Less than 5
          new lst = []
          for i in lst:
            if i<5:
              print(i)
              ##1. Appending in List
              new_lst.append(i)
          print("New List is {}".format(new lst))
          ##2. Appending in one line
          new lst2 = [x for x in lst if x<5]</pre>
          print("New List in one line is{}".format(new lst2))
          ##3. Asking user and responding accordingly
          number = int(input("Enter the number to find ele smaller than the number"))
          new lst3 = [x for x in lst if x<number]</pre>
          print("Elements smaller than {} are {}".format(number, new_lst3))
        a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89]
        printele(a)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number of numbers for seq.12
Fibonacci sequence:
0
1
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
34
55
89
```

Github Link of Jupyter Notebook:

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https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1/blob/main/Question3.ipynb

Write a program (function!) that takes a list and returns a new list that contains all the elements of the first list minus all the duplicates.

Extras: Write two different functions to do this - one using a loop and constructing a list, and another using sets.

PSEUDOCODE:

```
## Question 4
def lst unique(lst):
 unique = []
 for 1 in 1st:
   if l not in unique:
     unique.append(1)
 for x in unique:
   print(x)
def using set(lst):
 list set = set(lst)
 unique list = list(list set)
 for x in unique list:
   print(x)
a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 21, 89]
print("Without using Sets")
lst unique(a)
```

PROGRAM SCREENSHOT:

```
In [1]: ## Question 4
        def 1st unique(1st):
          unique = []
          for 1 in 1st:
            if 1 not in unique:
              unique.append(1)
          for x in unique:
            print(x)
         def using set(lst):
          list set = set(lst)
          unique list = list(list set)
          for x in unique list:
            print(x)
        a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 21, 89]
         print("Without using Sets")
         lst unique(a)
```

OUTPUT:

Github Link of Jupyter Notebook:

https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1/blob/main/Question4.ipynb

Ask the user for a number and determine whether the number is prime or not. (For those who have forgotten, a prime number is a number that has no divisors.). Use functions

PSEUDOCODE:

```
## Question 5
def prime_check():
    num = int(input("Enter Number you want to check \t"))
    flag = 1
    for i in range(2, int(num/2)):
        if(num%i == 0):
            flag = 0
            break
    if(flag==0):
        print("Number is not Prime")
    else:
        print("Number is Prime")
```

PROGRAM SCREENSHOT:

```
In [1]:
    ## Question 5
    def prime_check():
        num = int(input("Enter Number you want to check \t"))
        flag = 1
        for i in range(2, int(num/2)):
            if(num%i == 0):
                flag = 0
                break
        if(flag=0):
                print("Number is not Prime")
        else:
                print("Number is Prime")
```

OUTPUT:

Github Link of Jupyter Notebook:

 $https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1https://github.com/Daman-x/ML_Works/Pythonlabassignment1/blob/main/Question5.ipynb$