



Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

## <<Assignment 1>>

Database System and Data Driven Application (IT3031)  
2020

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# Assignment 1

1.

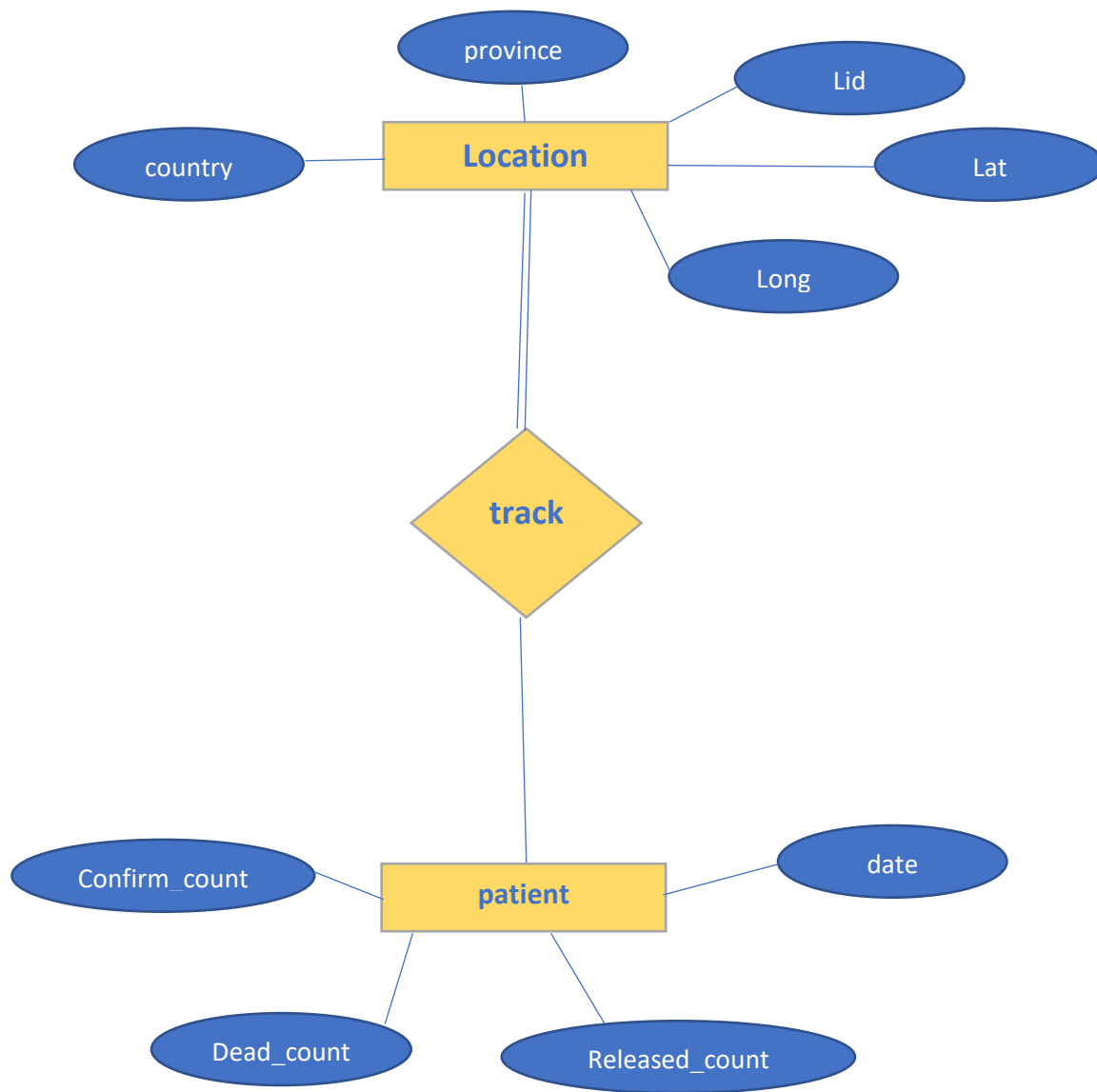
- Province wise hospitalized cases report- in this report focusing on the count of patients who are still in hospitals in each province in relevant date. For that, we can deduct death cases from confirmed cases in the relevant date and province.

eg:

Province/State	Country/Region	Lat	Long	2/1/2020	2/2/2020	2/3/2020	2/4/2020	2/5/2020	2/6/2020	2/7/2020	2/8/2020	2/9/2020
British Columbia	Canada	49.2827	-123.121	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	4	4

- Country wise death people count per day- (this is useful when the decision makers who predict about how much we can lost in next days)
- Country wise confirm cases per day –(this is useful when predicting how many people can infected per day)
- Country wise recovered cases per day
- Country name and their death counts which having more than 100 deaths.

2.



3.firstly I create all tables and types as login by system.

```
SQL> create type location_t as object(
  2 lid number(4),
  3 name varchar2(50),
  4 province varchar2(50),
  5 lat number(8,4),
  6 longtiude number(8,4)
  7 )
  8 /
```

Type created.

```
SQL> create type patient_t as object(
  2 cid ref location_t,
  3 day DATE,
  4 number_confirmed number(6),
  5 number_deths number(6),
  6 number_recovered number(6)
  7 )
  8 /
```

Type created.

But it gives some errors in creating further procedures.

So I login as sysdba and create a user with my name and give the privileges to that account.

```
SQL> conn as sysdba
Enter user-name: sysdba
Enter password:
Connected.
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE DIRECTORY MY_DIR AS 'C:\dsda\';

Directory created.

SQL> create user kaushi identified by 1234
  2 /
create user kaushi identified by 1234
      *
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-65096: invalid common user or role name
```

Error 1 - the compiler didn't give permission to create user

Solution 1-

```
SQL> alter session set "_ORACLE_SCRIPT"=true;
Session altered.

SQL> create user kaushi identified by 1234;
User created.

SQL> .grant create session to kaushi;
SP2-0734: unknown command beginning ".grant cre..." - rest of line ignored.
SQL> grant create session to kaushi;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> GRANT READ, WRITE ON DIRECTORY MY_DIR TO kaushi;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> GRANT EXECUTE ON SYS.UTL_FILE TO kaushi;

Grant succeeded.
```

Error 2 and solution-( after creating a user kaushi, I try to create table types but I couldn't do it. Because it doesn't give access. So I goto sysdba again and grant permission to kaushi account)

```
SQL> conn as kaushi
SP2-0306: Invalid option.
Usage: CONN[ECT] [{logon|/|proxy} [AS {SYSDBA|SYSOPER|SYSASM|SYSBACKUP|SYSDG|SYSKM|SYSRAC}] [edition=value]]
where <logon> ::= <username>[/<password>][@<connect_identifier>]
      <proxy> ::= <proxyuser>[<username>][/<password>][@<connect_identifier>]
SQL> connect kaushi/1234
Connected.
SQL> create type location_t as object(
  2  lid number(4),
  3  name varchar2(50),
  4  province varchar2(50),
  5  lat number(8,4),
  6  longtiude number(8,4)
  7  )
  8  /
create type location_t as object(
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01031: insufficient privileges

SQL> conn as sysdba
Enter user-name: sysdba
Enter password:
Connected.
SQL> grant create table to kaushi;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> grant create type to kaushi;

Grant succeeded.
```

```

SQL> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES TO kaushi;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> connect kaushi/1234
Connected.
SQL> create type location_t as object(
  2  lid number(4),
  3  name varchar2(50),
  4  province varchar2(50),
  5  lat number(8,4),
  6  longtiude number(8,4)
  7  )
  8  /

Type created.

SQL> create type patient_t as object(
  2  cid ref location_t,
  3  day DATE,
  4  number_confirmed number(6),
  5  number_deths number(6),
  6  number_recovered number(6)
  7  )
  8  /

Type created.

```

Then I want to add some constraint to my tables.

```

SQL> create table covidPatients of patient_t(
  2  CONSTRAINT tblprimary_keyval PRIMARY KEY (day,cid)
  3  ) ;
CONSTRAINT tblprimary_keyval PRIMARY KEY (day,cid)
*
ERROR at line 2:
ORA-02329: column of datatype REF cannot be unique or a primary key

SQL> create table covidPatients of patient_t(
  2  CONSTRAINT tblprimary_keyval PRIMARY KEY (day)
  3  ) ;

Table created.

SQL> create table location of location_t (
  2  lid primary key
  3  )
  4  /

Table created.

```

Then I want auto increment id in my location table.so I create a trigger for that.

```
____AUTOINCREAMENT____  
CREATE SEQUENCE test_sequence  
START WITH 1  
INCREMENT BY 1;
```

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER locationId_trigger  
2 BEFORE INSERT  
3 ON location  
4 REFERENCING NEW AS NEW  
5 FOR EACH ROW  
6 BEGIN  
7 SELECT test_sequence.nextval INTO :NEW.lid FROM dual;  
8 END;  
9 /
```

Trigger created.

SQL>

5.Then I create procedures to read date from the csv file and load the data to relevant table. And also read the dates and store in the database.

```

SQL> DECLARE
  2     F UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
  3     WF UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
  4     V_LINE VARCHAR2 (1000);
  5     V_date VARCHAR2(50);
  6
  7
  8     i number(5);
  9     BEGIN
10         F := UTL_FILE.FOPEN ('MY_DIR', 'C:\dsda\time_series_19-covid-Confirmed.CSV', 'R');
11         WF := UTL_FILE.FOPEN ('MY_DIR', 'C:\dsda\dates.CSV', 'W');
12
13         IF UTL_FILE.IS_OPEN(F) THEN
14             LOOP
15                 BEGIN
16
17                     UTL_FILE.GET_LINE(F, V_LINE, 1000);
18                     IF V_LINE IS NULL THEN
19                         EXIT;
20                     END IF;
21                     i :=5;
22                 LOOP
23                     BEGIN
24
25                         V_date := replace(REGEXP_SUBSTR(V_LINE, '("[^"]*)"|[,]+', 1, i), '"', '');
26                         UTL_FILE.PUT_LINE(WF,V_date);
27
28                         COMMIT;
29                         i:=i+1;
30                         IF V_date IS NULL THEN
31                             EXIT;
32                         END IF;
33                     END;
34                 END LOOP;
35                 EXIT;
36
37                 EXCEPTION
38                     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
39                         EXIT;
40                     END;
41                 END LOOP;
42             END IF;
43             UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(WF);
44             UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F);
45         END;
46     /

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

When load the data it comes few errors and I have to find solution them too.



```

SQL> DECLARE
2      F1 UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
3      F2 UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
4      F3 UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
5      WF UTL_FILE.FILE_TYPE;
6      V_LINE_C VARCHAR2 (2000);
7      V_LINE_D VARCHAR2 (2000);
8      V_LINE_R VARCHAR2 (2000);
9      V_LINE2 VARCHAR2 (2000);
10     V_date VARCHAR2(50);
11     V_Confirmed NUMBER(7);
12     V_Deaths NUMBER(7);
13     V_Recoverd NUMBER(7);
14
15     i number(5);
16     row number(5);
17     BEGIN
18
19         F1 := UTL_FILE.FOPEN ('MY_DIR', 'C:\dsda\time_series_19-covid-Confirmed.CSV', 'R');
20         F2 := UTL_FILE.FOPEN ('MY_DIR', 'C:\dsda\time_series_19-covid-Deaths.CSV', 'R');
21         F3 := UTL_FILE.FOPEN ('MY_DIR', 'C:\dsda\time_series_19-covid-Recovered.CSV', 'R');
22
23
24     i:=0;
25     row:=0;
26
27
28     IF UTL_FILE.IS_OPEN(F1) AND UTL_FILE.IS_OPEN(F2) AND UTL_FILE.IS_OPEN(F3) THEN
29         LOOP
30             BEGIN
31                 i:=i+1;
32                 UTL_FILE.GET_LINE(F1, V_LINE_C, 2000);
33                 UTL_FILE.GET_LINE(F2, V_LINE_D, 2000);
34                 UTL_FILE.GET_LINE(F3, V_LINE_R, 2000);
35                 IF i =1 THEN
36                     CONTINUE;
37                 END IF;
38
39                 IF V_LINE_C IS NULL THEN
40
41                     EXIT;
42                 END IF;
43                 i :=5;
44
45                 row :=row+1;
46                 WF := UTL_FILE.FOPEN ('MY_DIR', 'C:\dsda\dates.CSV', 'R');
47                 IF UTL_FILE.IS_OPEN(WF) THEN
48
49

```

```

49
50 LOOP
51 BEGIN
52     UTL_FILE.GET_LINE(WF, V_LINE2, 100);
53 IF V_LINE2 IS NULL THEN
54     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(WF);
55 EXIT;
56 END IF;
57     V_date := REGEXP_SUBSTR(V_LINE2, '("[^"]*)"|[,]+', 1, 1);
58     V_Confirmed := REGEXP_SUBSTR(V_LINE_C, '("[^"]*)"|[,]+', 1, i);
59     V_Deaths := REGEXP_SUBSTR(V_LINE_D, '("[^"]*)"|[,]+', 1, i);
60     V_Recoverd := REGEXP_SUBSTR(V_LINE_R, '("[^"]*)"|[,]+', 1, i);
61
62     INSERT INTO location values( (select ref(t) from location t where t.lid=row),V_date , V_Confirmed,V_Deaths ,V_Recoverd );
63 COMMIT;
64     i:=i+1;
65
66
67 END;
68 END LOOP;
69
70     END IF;
71
72
73 EXCEPTION
74     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
75         EXIT;
76     END;
77     END LOOP;
78     END IF;
79 IF UTL_FILE.is_open(WF) THEN
80     UTL_FILE.fclose(WF);
81     END IF;
82
83
84     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F1);
85     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F2);
86     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F3);
87 END;
88 /
    INSERT INTO location values( (select ref(t) from location t where t.lid=row),V_date , V_Confirmed,V_Deaths ,V_Recoverd );
    *
ERROR at line 62:
ORA-06550: line 62, column 10:
L/SQL: ORA-00932: inconsistent datatypes: expected NUMBER got REF
AUSHI.LOCATION_T
ORA-06550: line 62, column 10:
L/SQL: SQL Statement ignored

```

Error 1- I choose wrong table. So I correct it.

```

61
62     INSERT INTO covidPatients values( (select ref(t) from location t where t.lid=row),V_date , V_Confirmed,V_Deaths ,V_Recoverd );
63 COMMIT;
64     i:=i+1;
65
66
67 END;
68 END LOOP;
69
70     END IF;
71
72
73 EXCEPTION
74     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
75         EXIT;
76     END;
77     END LOOP;
78     END IF;
79 IF UTL_FILE.is_open(WF) THEN
80     UTL_FILE.fclose(WF);
81     END IF;
82
83
84     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F1);
85     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F2);
86     UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F3);
87 END;
88 /
DECLARE
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01843: not a valid month
ORA-06512: at line 62

```

Error 2- it gives the error regarding to date

```
SQL> ALTER SESSION SET NLS_DATE_FORMAT = 'MM/DD/YYYY';  
Session altered.
```

```
61  
62      INSERT INTO covidPatients values( (select ref(t) from location t where t.lid=row),V_date , V_Confirmed,V_Deaths ,V_Recoverd );  
63      COMMIT;  
64      i:=i+1;  
65  
66  
67  END;  
68  END LOOP;  
69  
70      END IF;  
71  
72  
73  EXCEPTION  
74      WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN  
75          EXIT;  
76      END;  
77      END LOOP;  
78      END IF;  
79  IF UTL_FILE.is_open(WF) THEN  
80      UTL_FILE.fclose(WF);  
81      END IF;  
82  
83  
84      UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F1);  
85      UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F2);  
86      UTL_FILE.FCLOSE(F3);  
87  END;  
88  /  
DECLARE  
*  
ERROR at line 1:  
ORA-00001: unique constraint (KAUSHI.TBLPRIMARY_KEYVAL) violated  
ORA-06512: at line 62
```

Error 3- it gives the error regarding constraints. So I drop the table and remove the constraints. So It works great.

```

SQL> drop table covidPatients
2 /

Table dropped.

SQL> create table covidPatients of patient_t(
2 ) ;
)
*
ERROR at line 2:
ORA-00904: : invalid identifier

SQL> create table covidPtients of patient_t(
2 )
3 /
)
*
ERROR at line 2:
ORA-00904: : invalid identifier

SQL> create thable covidPatients of patient_t
2 /
create thable covidPatients of patient_t
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-00901: invalid CREATE command

SQL> create table covidPtients of patient_t
2 /

Table created.

```

Procedure run successfully.

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

Then I check whether the data is loaded, from select \* statement from both tables.

```

      LID NAME
-----
PROVINCE                                LAT  LONGTIUDE
-----
      407 Canada
Manitoba                                53.7609  -98.8139

      408 Canada
Saskatchewan                            52.9399  -106.4509

482 rows selected.

```

```

CID
-----
DAY      NUMBER_CONFIRMED  NUMBER_DETHS  NUMBER_RECOVERED
-----
00002202081ECE586ECED24511822BD755F9FB3F38CB40BEEADEA841E18D538386877559FB
27-JAN-20                0                0                0

00002202081ECE586ECED24511822BD755F9FB3F38CB40BEEADEA841E18D538386877559FB
28-JAN-20                0                0                0

00002202081ECE586ECED24511822BD755F9FB3F38CB40BEEADEA841E18D538386877559FB
29-JAN-20                0                0                0

28920 rows selected.

```

### Important -:

Before I load the data, I put my all raw files into C:\dsda path and also the empty records of province field I replace as null otherwise it gives errors in the procedures. And also, I insert records to the table by procedure. All the scripts are attached with the document.

- there are 3 member methods that I created first is for view the number of hospitalized patients, view the percentage of death cases, view the percentage of recovered cases.

```
SQL> ALTER TYPE patient_t
  2      ADD MEMBER FUNCTION numberOfhospitalizedPatients
  3      RETURN NUMBER CASCADE;
```

Type altered.

```
SQL> ALTER TYPE patient_t ADD MEMBER FUNCTION
  2  deathRate
  3  RETURN NUMBER CASCADE;
```

Type altered.

```
SQL> ALTER TYPE patient_t ADD MEMBER FUNCTION
  2  recoverRate
  3  RETURN NUMBER CASCADE;
```

Type altered.

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE BODY patient_t
  2  AS MEMBER FUNCTION
  3  numberOfhospitalizedPatients
  4  RETURN NUMBER IS
  5  BEGIN
  6    RETURN SELF.number_confirmed -SELF.number_deths-SELF.number_recovered;
  7  END numberOfhospitalizedPatients;
  8
  9  MEMBER FUNCTION deathRate
 10  RETURN NUMBER IS
 11  BEGIN
 12
 13  RETURN (self.number_deths/self.number_confirmed)*100;
 14
 15  END deathRate;
 16
 17  MEMBER FUNCTION recoverRate
 18      RETURN NUMBER IS
 19
 20  BEGIN
 21
 22  RETURN (self.number_recovered/self.number_confirmed)*100;
 23
 24  END recoverRate;
 25
 26
 27  END;
 28  /
```

Type body created.

7.

Report of hospitalized people count

DAY	C.NUMBEROFHOSPITALIZEDPATIENTS()
02/25/2020	0
02/26/2020	0
02/27/2020	0
02/28/2020	0
02/29/2020	0
03/01/2020	0
03/02/2020	1
03/03/2020	2
03/04/2020	2
03/05/2020	2
03/06/2020	2

DAY	C.NUMBEROFHOSPITALIZEDPATIENTS()
03/07/2020	2
03/08/2020	2
03/09/2020	2
03/10/2020	0
03/11/2020	0
03/12/2020	0
03/13/2020	0
03/14/2020	0
03/15/2020	0
03/16/2020	0
03/17/2020	0

DAY	C.NUMBEROFHOSPITALIZEDPATIENTS()
-----	----------------------------------

- For the easiness, I use SQL DEVELOPER to make the reports further.

## Report of country wise dead count per day

Worksheet Query Builder

```
select distinct c.cid.name,c.day,sum(c.number_deths)
from covidPtients c
group by c.cid.name,c.day
/
```

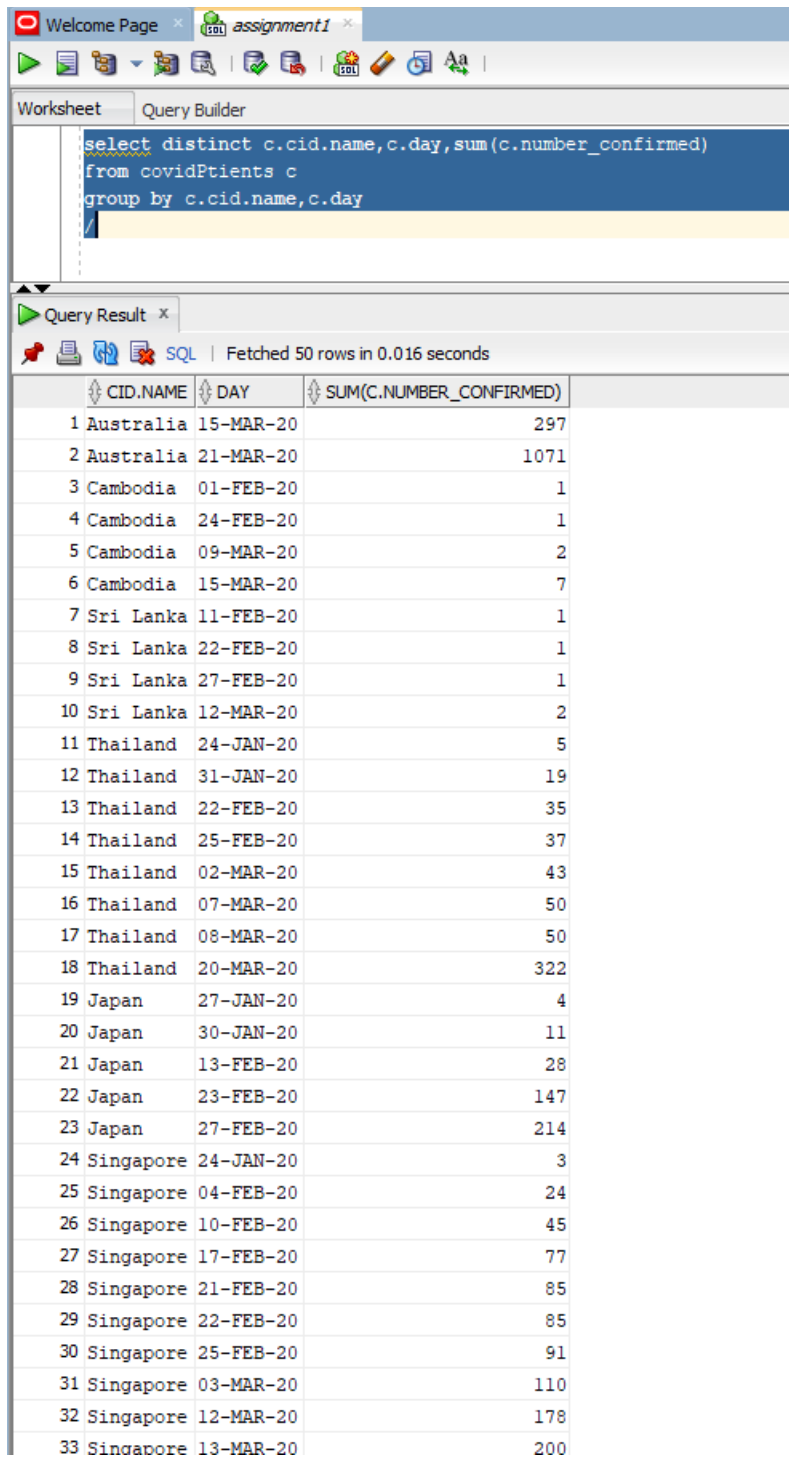
Query Result x

SQL | Fetched 50 rows in 0.013 seconds

	CID.NAME	DAY	SUM(C.NUMBER_DETHS)
1	Australia	15-MAR-20	3
2	Australia	21-MAR-20	7
3	Cambodia	01-FEB-20	0
4	Cambodia	24-FEB-20	0
5	Cambodia	09-MAR-20	0
6	Cambodia	15-MAR-20	0
7	Sri Lanka	11-FEB-20	0
8	Sri Lanka	22-FEB-20	0
9	Sri Lanka	27-FEB-20	0
10	Sri Lanka	12-MAR-20	0
11	Thailand	24-JAN-20	0
12	Thailand	31-JAN-20	0
13	Thailand	22-FEB-20	0
14	Thailand	25-FEB-20	0
15	Thailand	02-MAR-20	1
16	Thailand	07-MAR-20	1
17	Thailand	08-MAR-20	1
18	Thailand	20-MAR-20	1
19	Japan	27-JAN-20	0
20	Japan	30-JAN-20	0
21	Japan	13-FEB-20	1
22	Japan	23-FEB-20	1
23	Japan	27-FEB-20	4
24	Singapore	24-JAN-20	0
25	Singapore	04-FEB-20	0
26	Singapore	10-FEB-20	0
27	Singapore	17-FEB-20	0
28	Singapore	21-FEB-20	0
29	Singapore	22-FEB-20	0
30	Singapore	25-FEB-20	0
31	Singapore	03-MAR-20	0
32	Singapore	12-MAR-20	0



## Report of country wise confirmed Cases count per day



The screenshot shows a database query tool interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Welcome Page' and 'assignment1'. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons. The main area is divided into two sections: 'Worksheet' and 'Query Builder'. The 'Query Builder' section contains a SQL query:   
`select distinct c.cid.name,c.day,sum(c.number_confirmed)  
from covidPtients c  
group by c.cid.name,c.day`  
Below the query, there is a 'Query Result' section. It shows a table with 33 rows and 3 columns: 'CID.NAME', 'DAY', and 'SUM(C.NUMBER\_CONFIRMED)'. The table lists confirmed cases for various countries including Australia, Cambodia, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Japan, and Singapore, grouped by day.

	CID.NAME	DAY	SUM(C.NUMBER_CONFIRMED)
1	Australia	15-MAR-20	297
2	Australia	21-MAR-20	1071
3	Cambodia	01-FEB-20	1
4	Cambodia	24-FEB-20	1
5	Cambodia	09-MAR-20	2
6	Cambodia	15-MAR-20	7
7	Sri Lanka	11-FEB-20	1
8	Sri Lanka	22-FEB-20	1
9	Sri Lanka	27-FEB-20	1
10	Sri Lanka	12-MAR-20	2
11	Thailand	24-JAN-20	5
12	Thailand	31-JAN-20	19
13	Thailand	22-FEB-20	35
14	Thailand	25-FEB-20	37
15	Thailand	02-MAR-20	43
16	Thailand	07-MAR-20	50
17	Thailand	08-MAR-20	50
18	Thailand	20-MAR-20	322
19	Japan	27-JAN-20	4
20	Japan	30-JAN-20	11
21	Japan	13-FEB-20	28
22	Japan	23-FEB-20	147
23	Japan	27-FEB-20	214
24	Singapore	24-JAN-20	3
25	Singapore	04-FEB-20	24
26	Singapore	10-FEB-20	45
27	Singapore	17-FEB-20	77
28	Singapore	21-FEB-20	85
29	Singapore	22-FEB-20	85
30	Singapore	25-FEB-20	91
31	Singapore	03-MAR-20	110
32	Singapore	12-MAR-20	178
33	Singapore	13-MAR-20	200

## Report of country wise recovered cases count per day

Welcome Page assignment1

Worksheet Query Builder

```
select distinct c.cid.name,c.day,sum(c.number_recovered)
from covidPtients c
group by c.cid.name,c.day
/
```

Query Result x

SQL | Fetched 50 rows in 0.017 seconds

CID.NAME	DAY	SUM(C.NUMBER_RECOVERED)
1 Australia	15-MAR-20	23
2 Australia	21-MAR-20	26
3 Cambodia	01-FEB-20	0
4 Cambodia	24-FEB-20	1
5 Cambodia	09-MAR-20	1
6 Cambodia	15-MAR-20	1
7 Sri Lanka	11-FEB-20	1
8 Sri Lanka	22-FEB-20	1
9 Sri Lanka	27-FEB-20	1
10 Sri Lanka	12-MAR-20	1
11 Thailand	24-JAN-20	0
12 Thailand	31-JAN-20	5
13 Thailand	22-FEB-20	17
14 Thailand	25-FEB-20	22
15 Thailand	02-MAR-20	31
16 Thailand	07-MAR-20	31
17 Thailand	08-MAR-20	31
18 Thailand	20-MAR-20	42
19 Japan	27-JAN-20	1
20 Japan	30-JAN-20	1
21 Japan	13-FEB-20	9
22 Japan	23-FEB-20	22
23 Japan	27-FEB-20	22
24 Singapore	24-JAN-20	0
25 Singapore	04-FEB-20	0
26 Singapore	10-FEB-20	2
27 Singapore	17-FEB-20	24
28 Singapore	21-FEB-20	37
29 Singapore	22-FEB-20	37
30 Singapore	25-FEB-20	53
31 Singapore	03-MAR-20	78
32 Singapore	12-MAR-20	96

Country names which having more than 100 deaths

The screenshot shows a database query tool interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Welcome Page' and 'assignment1'. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons. The main area is divided into two sections: 'Worksheet' and 'Query Builder'. The 'Query Builder' section contains the following SQL query:

```
select distinct c.cid.name,sum(c.number_deths)
from covidPtients c
group by c.cid.name
having sum(c.number_deths)>100
```

Below the query, there is a 'Query Result' section. It shows a table with two columns: 'CID.NAME' and 'SUM(C.NUMBER\_DETHS)'. The table contains 17 rows of data, sorted by the sum of deaths in descending order. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'All Rows Fetched: 17 in 0.014 seconds'.

CID.NAME	SUM(C.NUMBER_DETHS)
1 Indonesia	140
2 Japan	372
3 Iraq	154
4 Italy	28483
5 Spain	5573
6 Iran	11439
7 Netherlands	510
8 Germany	301
9 France	2185
10 Cruise Ship	173
11 US	1442
12 "Korea, South"	1335
13 Philippines	162
14 Belgium	171
15 China	112873
16 Switzerland	295
17 United Kingdom	818