



# Strassen's Matrix Multiplication

Complete Course on Algorithm - Part II



# Matrix Addition

$$\frac{n \times n \Rightarrow n^2}{2 \times 2 = 1 \quad 2^2} \quad \text{DAX}$$

$$A = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} - & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} n \times n \\ \cancel{n \times n} \\ \cancel{2 \times 3} \end{matrix}$$

$$B = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} - & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} n \times n \\ \cancel{n \times n} \\ \cancel{2 \times 3} \end{matrix}$$

$$C = A + B$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} \textcircled{-} & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} n \times 2 \\ \cancel{n \times n} \\ \cancel{2 \times 3} \end{matrix}$$

for (i = 1 to n)

for (j = 1 to n)

$$C[i][j] = A[i][j] + B[i][j]$$

$\Rightarrow O(n^2)$

2x3 add

2x3  $\oplus$  1-add

2x3  $\oplus$  C

$\Rightarrow$  always  $\oplus$  C

$\Rightarrow$  always  $\oplus$  C



# Matrix multiplication

~~DAC~~

~~365~~

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ - & - & - \\ 2 & - & - \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ - & - & - \\ 3 & - & - \end{bmatrix}$$

~~2x3~~ ~~3x3~~

$$C = A \times B$$

~~2x3~~ ~~3x3~~

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ - & - & - \\ 2 & - & - \end{bmatrix}$$

~~maxp~~ ~~2x3~~  $O(mnp)$   $O(n^3)$  ✓

$$C_{11} = A_{11} \times B_{11} + A_{12} \times B_{21} + A_{13} \times B_{31}$$

C-contin - 2x3 - ele

- m x p - ele

m x p x n - mu



$$f(i=1 \text{ to } n) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$f(j=1 \text{ to } n) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$f(k=1,2,3 \text{ to } n) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$c[i][j] + = a[i][k] + b[k][j]$$

$$c[1][1] = 0 + a[1][1] + b[1][1] + a[1][2] + b[2][1]$$



With DAD  $\Rightarrow$  matrix multiplication

$2 \times 2$  (w)  $1 \times 1$  small problem

$A =$

$A_{11}$ 1 2	$A_{12}$ 2 3
3 4	4 5
$A_{21}$ 3 4	$A_{22}$ 7 8
5 6	9 10

$2 \times 2 = 4 \times 4 / 2$

$B =$

$B_{11}$ 11 21	$B_{12}$ 51 61
30 41	71 81
31 88	1 2
42 36	5 7

$B_{21}$   $B_{22}$   $4 \times 4 / 2$



$$C = A \otimes B$$

$\Downarrow$   $4 \times 4$   $4 \times 4$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$4 \times 4$

$C_{11} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_{12} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 10 \\ 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_{21} = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 14 \\ 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_{22} = \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 18 \\ 19 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$

$$C_{11} = A_{11} \otimes B_{11} + A_{12} \otimes B_{21}$$

$$C_{12} = A_{11} \otimes B_{12} + A_{12} \otimes B_{22}$$

$$C_{21} = A_{21} \otimes B_{11} + A_{22} \otimes B_{21}$$

$$C_{22} = A_{21} \otimes B_{12} + A_{22} \otimes B_{22}$$

$4 \times 4$

$2+2$



$$\text{1-mm} - 4 \times 4 \Rightarrow \text{8-mm} + \text{4-A}$$

$$2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 2$$

$$\text{1-mm} - 16 \times 16 \Rightarrow \text{8-mm} + \text{4-A}$$

$$8 \times 8 \quad 8 \times 8$$

$$\text{1-mm} - 10 \times 10 \Rightarrow \text{8-mm} + \text{4-A}$$

$$2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \quad 2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}$$



$T(n)$  = Time complexity of multiplying  
2-matrices of size  $n \times n$   
w/ DAD

RR

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{add} \\ \hline n \times n \Rightarrow n^2 \\ \hline 2 \times 2 \Rightarrow 2^2 \\ \hline n/2 \times n/2 \Rightarrow (n/2)^2 \end{array}$$

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(1) & \text{if } n \leq 2 \\ 8T(n/2) + 4(n/2)^2 & \text{if } n > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$T(n) = 8T(n/2) + n^2$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \underbrace{\log n}_{\text{Static space}} \implies \text{Static space} \\ & = n^{\log \frac{8}{2}} \implies \theta(n^3) \end{aligned}$$


---

According to Staller's

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(1) & \text{if } n \leq 2 \\ 7T(n/2) + 18\phi(n/2) & \text{if } n > 2 \end{cases}$$



$$= 2T(n/2) + 18 \times \frac{n^2}{4}$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + 4.5n^2$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n^2$$

$\downarrow$   
 $2n$

$$= n^2 \Rightarrow \Theta(n^{2.81})$$



2x3

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3x4

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

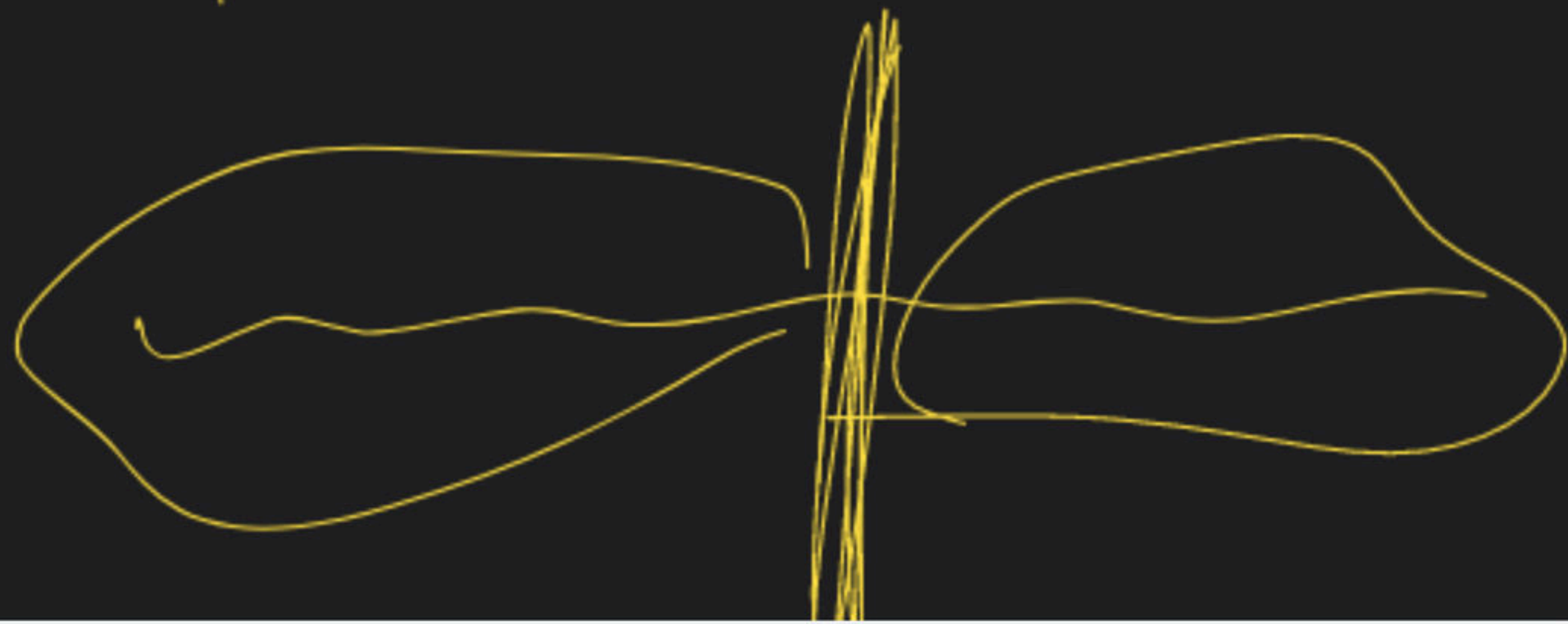


3x3  
~~↓~~

4x4

3x3  
~~↓~~

4x4





2-4

~~8-10~~  
~~10-12~~

EIS, SU